



# FR-F720P-0.75K to 110K FR-F740P-0.75K to 560K

Thank you for choosing this Mitsubishi Inverter.

This Instruction Manual (Basic) is intended for users who "just want to run the inverter".

| 1 | OUTLINE1                                      |   |
|---|---|---|
| 2 | INSTALLATION AND WIRING3                      |   |
| 3 | DRIVING THE IPM MOTOR <ipm>41</ipm>           |   |
| 4 | DRIVING THE MOTOR46                           | 2 |
| 5 | ADJUSTMENT71                                  |   |
| 6 | TROUBLESHOOTING116                            |   |
| 7 | PRECAUTIONS FOR MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION141 | 3 |
| 8 | SPECIFICATIONS                                |   |
|   |   | 4 |



# For the customers intending to use IPM motors ....... 41

This inverter is set for a general-purpose motor in the initial settings. For use with an IPM motor, refer to page 41.



# To obtain the Instruction Manual (Applied)

If you are going to utilize functions and performance, refer to the *Instruction* Manual (Applied) [IB-0600412ENG].

The Instruction Manual (Applied) is separately available from where you purchased the inverter or your Mitsubishi sales representative.

The PDF version of this manual is also available for download at "MELFANS Web," the Mitsubishi Electric FA network service on the world wide web (URL: http://www.MitsubishiElectric.co.jp/melfansweb)

6

This Instruction Manual (Basic) provides handling information and precautions for use of the equipment. Please forward this Instruction Manual (Basic) to the end user.

#### This section is specifically about safety matters

Do not attempt to install, operate, maintain or inspect the inverter until you have read through this Instruction Manual (Basic) and appended documents carefully and can use the equipment correctly. Do not use the inverter until you have a full knowledge of the equipment, safety information and instructions. In this Instruction Manual (Basic), the safety instruction levels are classified into "WARNING" and "CAUTION".

⚠WARNING Incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in death or severe injury.

⚠CAUTION Incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in medium or slight injury, or may cause only material damage.

The ACAUTION level may even lead to a serious consequence according to conditions. Both instruction levels must be followed because these are important to personal safety.

#### 1.Electric Shock Prevention

#### **AWARNING**

- While power is ON or when the inverter is running, do not open the front cover. Otherwise you may get an electric shock.
- Do not run the inverter with the front cover or wiring cover removed. Otherwise you may access the exposed high-voltage terminals or the charging part of the circuitry and get an electric shock.
- Even if power is OFF, do not remove the front cover except for wiring or periodic inspection. You may accidentally touch the charged inverter circuits and get an electric shock.
- Before wiring, inspection or switching EMC filter ON/OFF connector, power must be switched OFF. To confirm that, LED indication of the operation panel must be checked. (It must be OFF.) Any person who is involved in wiring, inspection or switching EMC filter ON/OFF connector shall wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched OFF and check that there are no residual voltage using a tester or the like. The capacitor is charged with high voltage for some time after power OFF, and it is dangerous.
- This inverter must be earthed (grounded). Earthing (grounding) must conform to the requirements of national and local safety regulations and electrical code (NEC section 250, IEC 536 class 1 and other applicable standards). A neutral-point earthed (grounded) power supply for 400V class inverter in compliance with EN standard must be used.
- Any person who is involved in wiring or inspection of this equipment shall be fully competent to do the work.
- The inverter must be installed before wiring. Otherwise you may get an electric shock or be injured.
- Setting dial and key operations must be performed with dry hands to prevent an electric shock. Otherwise you may get an electric shock
- Do not subject the cables to scratches, excessive stress, heavy loads or pinching. Otherwise you may get an electric shock.
- Do not replace the cooling fan while power is ON. It is dangerous to replace the cooling fan while power is ON.
- Do not touch the printed circuit board or handle the cables with wet hands. Otherwise you may get an electric shock.
- When measuring the main circuit capacitor capacity (Pr. 259 Main circuit capacitor life measuring = "1"), the DC voltage is applied to the motor for 1s at powering OFF. Never touch the motor terminal, etc. right after powering OFF to prevent an electric shock.
- IPM motor is a synchronous motor with high-performance magnets embedded in the rotor. Motor terminals hold highvoltage while the motor is running even after the inverter power is turned OFF. Before wiring or inspection, the motor must be confirmed to be stopped. When the motor is driven by the load in applications such as fan and blower, a low-voltage manual contactor must be connected at the inverter's output side, and wiring and inspection must be performed while the contactor is open. Otherwise you may get an electric shock.

#### **ACAUTION** 2. Fire Prevention

- Inverter must be installed on a nonflammable wall without holes (so that nobody touches the inverter heatsink on the rear side, etc.). Mounting it to or near flammable material can cause a fire.
- If the inverter has become faulty, the inverter power must be switched OFF. A continuous flow of large current could cause a
- Do not connect a resistor directly to the DC terminals P/+ and N/ -. Doing so could cause a fire.

#### 

- The voltage applied to each terminal must be the ones specified in the Instruction Manual. Otherwise burst, damage, etc. may occur
- The cables must be connected to the correct terminals. Otherwise burst, damage, etc. may occur.
- Polarity must be correct. Otherwise burst, damage, etc. may
- While power is ON or for some time after power-OFF, do not touch the inverter since the inverter will be extremely hot. Doing so can cause burns.

#### 4. Additional Instructions

Also the following points must be noted to prevent an accidental failure, injury, electric shock, etc.

#### (1) Transportation and installation

#### **ACAUTION**

- The product must be transported in correct method that corresponds to the weight. Failure to do so may lead to injuries.
- Do not stack the boxes containing inverters higher than the number recommended.
- The product must be installed to the position where withstands the weight of the product according to the information in the Instruction Manual.
- Do not install or operate the inverter if it is damaged or has parts missing. This can result in breakdowns.
- When carrying the inverter, do not hold it by the front cover or setting dial; it may fall off or fail.
- Do not stand or rest heavy objects on the product.
- The inverter mounting orientation must be correct.
- Foreign conductive objects must be prevented from entering the inverter. That includes screws and metal fragments or other flammable substance such as oil.
- As the inverter is a precision instrument, do not drop or subject it to impact.
- The inverter must be used under the following environment: Otherwise the inverter may be damaged.

| ent     | Surrounding air temperature | -10°C to +50°C (non-freezing)   |  |
|---------|-----------------------------|---|--|
|         | Ambient humidity            | 90% RH or less (non-condensing)   |  |
| Ĕ       | Storage temperature         | -20°C to +65°C *1   |  |
| Environ | Atmosphere                  | Indoors (free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt)                     |  |
|         |                             | Maximum 1000m above sea level for   |  |
|         | Altitude, vibration         | standard operation. 5.9m/s <sup>2</sup> *2 or less at 10 to 55Hz (directions of X, Y, Z axes) |  |

- \*1 Temperature applicable for a short time, e.g. in transit.
- \*2 2.9m/s<sup>2</sup> or less for the 185K or higher.

#### **ACAUTION** (2) Wiring

- Do not install a power factor correction capacitor, surge suppressor or capacitor type filter on the inverter output side. These devices on the inverter output side may be overheated or
- The connection orientation of the output cables U, V, W to the motor affects the rotation direction of the motor.
- IPM motor terminals (U, V, W) hold high-voltage while the IPM motor is running even after the power is turned OFF. Before wiring, the IPM motor must be confirmed to be stopped. Otherwise you may get an electric shock.
- Never connect an IPM motor to the commercial power supply. Applying the commercial power supply to input terminals (U,V W) of an IPM motor will burn the IPM motor. The IPM motor must be connected with the output terminals (U, V, W) of the inverter.

#### (3) Test operation and adjustment

#### **⚠CAUTION**

· Before starting operation, each parameter must be confirmed and adjusted. A failure to do so may cause some machines to make unexpected motions

#### **AWARNING** (4) Operation

- The IPM motor capacity must be same with the inverter capacity. (The 0.75K inverter can be used with a one-rank lower MM-EF motor.)
- · Do not use multiple IPM motors with one inverter.
- Any person must stay away from the equipment when the retry function is set as it will restart suddenly after trip.



Since pressing (STOP) key may not stop output depending on the

function setting status, separate circuit and switch that make an emergency stop (power OFF, mechanical brake operation for emergency stop, etc.) must be provided.

- OFF status of the start signal must be confirmed before resetting the inverter fault. Resetting inverter alarm with the start signal ON restarts the motor suddenly.
- Do not use an IPM motor in an application where a motor is driven by its load and runs at a speed higher than the maximum motor speed.
- A dedicated IPM motor must be used under IPM motor control. Do not use a synchronous motor, induction motor, or synchronous induction motor under IPM motor control.
- The inverter must be used for three-phase induction motors or the dedicated IPM motor.
  - Connection of any other electrical equipment to the inverter output may damage the equipment.
- Do not modify the equipment.
- Do not perform parts removal which is not instructed in this manual. Doing so may lead to fault or damage of the inverter

#### **⚠CAUTION**

- The electronic thermal relay function does not guarantee protection of the motor from overheating. It is recommended to install both an external thermal and PTC thermistor for overheat protection.
- Do not use a magnetic contactor on the inverter input for frequent starting/stopping of the inverter. Otherwise the life of the inverter decreases.
- The effect of electromagnetic interference must be reduced by using a noise filter or by other means. Otherwise nearby electronic equipment may be affected.
- Appropriate measures must be taken to suppress harmonics. Otherwise power supply harmonics from the inverter may heat/ damage the power factor correction capacitor and generator.
- When driving a 400V class motor by the inverter, the motor must be an insulation-enhanced motor or measures must be taken to suppress surge voltage. Surge voltage attributable to the wiring constants may occur at the motor terminals, deteriorating the insulation of the motor.
- When parameter clear or all parameter clear is performed, the required parameters must be set again before starting operations because all parameters return to the initial value.
- The inverter can be easily set for high-speed operation. Before changing its setting, the performances of the motor and machine must be fully examined.
- Stop status cannot be hold by the inverter's brake function. In addition to the inverter's brake function, a holding device must be installed to ensure safety.
- Before running an inverter which had been stored for a long period, inspection and test operation must be performed.
- For prevention of damage due to static electricity, nearby metal must be touched before touching this product to eliminate static electricity from your body.
- Do not connect an IPM motor under the general-purpose motor control settings (initial settings). Do not use a general-purpose motor under the IPM motor control settings. Doing so will cause
- In the system with an IPM motor, the inverter power must be turned ON before closing the contacts of the contactor at the output side.

#### **ACAUTION** (5) Emergency stop

- A safety backup such as an emergency brake must be provided to prevent hazardous condition to the machine and equipment in case of inverter failure.
- When the breaker on the inverter input side trips, the wiring must be checked for fault (short circuit), and internal parts of the inverter for a damage, etc. The cause of the trip must be identified and removed before turning ON the power of the breaker
- When any protective function is activated, appropriate corrective action must be taken, and the inverter must be reset before resuming operation.

#### (6) Maintenance, inspection and parts replacement **⚠CAUTION**

Do not carry out a megger (insulation resistance) test on the control circuit of the inverter. It will cause a failure

#### (7) Disposing of the inverter

#### **ACAUTION**

The inverter must be treated as industrial waste.

#### General instructions

Many of the diagrams and drawings in this Instruction Manual (Basic) show the inverter without a cover or partially open for explanation. Never operate the inverter in this manner. The cover must be always reinstalled and the instruction in this Instruction Manual (Basic) must be followed when operating the inverter. For more details on a dedicated IPM motor, refer to the Instruction Manual of the dedicated IPM motor.

# - CONTENTS -

| 1 OUTLINE  | 1  |
|--|----|
| 1.1 Product checking and parts identification  | 1  |
| 1.2 Step of operation  |    |
| 1.2 Step of operation  | 2  |
| 2 INSTALLATION AND WIRING  | 3  |
| 2.1 Peripheral devices   | 4  |
| 2.2 Method of removal and reinstallation of the front cover                                |    |
| 2.3 Installation of the inverter and instructions  |    |
| 2.4 Wiring   |    |
| 2.4.1 Terminal connection diagram  |    |
| 2.4.2 EMC filter   |    |
| 2.4.3 Specification of main circuit terminal   |    |
| 2.4.4 Terminal arrangement of the main circuit terminal, power supply and the motor wiring |    |
| 2.4.5 Control circuit terminals     2.4.6 Changing the control logic                       |    |
| 2.4.7 Wiring of control circuit  |    |
| 2.4.8 Mounting the operation panel (FR-DU07) on the enclosure surface                      |    |
| 2.4.9 RS-485 terminal block  | 27 |
| 2.4.10 Communication operation   | 27 |
| 2.5 Connection of stand-alone option units   | 28 |
| 2.5.1 Connection of the brake unit (FR-BU2)  |    |
| 2.5.2 Connection of the brake unit (FR-BU/MT-BU5)  |    |
| 2.5.3 Connection of the brake unit (BU type)   |    |
| 2.5.5 Connection of the power regeneration common converter (FR-CV) (55K or lower)         |    |
| 2.5.6 Connection of the power regeneration converter (MT-RC) (75K or higher)               |    |
| 2.5.7 Connection of the power factor improving DC reactor (FR-HEL)                         |    |
| 2.6 Power-OFF and magnetic contactor (MC)  | 37 |
| 2.7 Precautions for use of the inverter  |    |
| 2.8 Failsafe of the system which uses the inverter   |    |
| 3 DRIVING THE IPM MOTOR <ipm></ipm>  | 41 |
|  |    |
| 3.1 Setting procedure of IPM motor control <ipm></ipm>                                     | 41 |
| 3.2 Initializing the parameters required to drive an IPM motor (Pr.998) <ipm></ipm>        | 43 |
|  |    |
| 4 DRIVING THE MOTOR  | 46 |
|  |    |
| 4.1 Operation panel (FR-DU07)  | 46 |
| 4.1.1 Component of the operation panel (FR-DU07)   |    |
| 4.1.2 Basic operation (factory setting)  |    |
| 4.1.3 Easy operation mode setting (easy setting mode)                                      | 48 |

| 4.1.4 Operation lock (Press [MODE] for an extended time (2s))   |     |
|---|-----|
| 4.1.5 Monitoring of output current and output voltage   |     |
| 4.1.6 First priority monitor  |     |
| 4.1.8 Changing the parameter setting value  |     |
| 4.2 Overheat protection of the motor by the inverter (Pr. 9)  |     |
| 4.3 When the rated motor frequency is 50Hz (Pr. 3) <v f=""><s mfvc:<="" td=""><td></td></s></v>                               |     |
| 4.4 Start/stop from the operation panel (PU operation mode)   |     |
| 4.4.1 Setting the set frequency to operate (example: performing operation at 3  |     |
| 4.4.2 Using the setting dial like a potentiometer at the operation  |     |
| 4.4.3 Setting the frequency by switches (three-speed setting)   |     |
| 4.4.4 Setting the frequency by analog input (voltage input)   |     |
| 4.4.5 Setting the frequency by analog input (current input)   |     |
| 4.5 Start/stop using terminals (External operation)   |     |
| 4.5.1 Setting the frequency by the operation panel (Pr. 79 = 3)   |     |
| 4.5.2 Switching between the automatic operation and the manual operation (or speed setting and the operation panel) (Pr.79=3) |     |
| 4.5.3 Setting the frequency by switches (three-speed setting) (Pr. 4 to Pr. 6).   |     |
| 4.5.4 Setting the frequency by analog input (voltage input)   | 67  |
| 4.5.5 Changing the output frequency (60Hz, initial value) at the maximum voli   |     |
| input (5V, initial value)   |     |
| 4.5.7 Changing the output frequency (60Hz, initial value) at the maximum cur  |     |
| (at 20mA, initial value)  | 70  |
|   |     |
| 5 ADJUSTMENT  | 71  |
| 5.1 Simple mode parameter list  | 71  |
| 5.2 Increasing the starting torque (Pr. 0) <v f=""></v>   |     |
| 5.3 Limiting the maximum and minimum output frequency (Pr. 1, Pr.   |     |
|   | •   |
|   |     |
| 5.5 Energy saving operation (Pr. 60) <v f=""></v>   |     |
| 5.5.1 Energy saving operation (setting "4")   |     |
| 5.6 Selection of the start command and frequency command source   |     |
| 5.7 Parameter clear, all parameter clear  | , , |
| •   |     |
| 13  |     |
| 5.8.1 Parameter copy  |     |
| 5.9 Initial value change list   |     |
| 5.10 Parameter list   |     |
| 5.10.1 List of parameters classified by the purpose   |     |
| 5.10.1 List of parameters classified by the purpose   |     |
| 5.10.3 Parameter list   |     |
|   |     |
| 6 TROUBLESHOOTING   | 116 |

| 6.1                                     | Reset method of protective function                       | 116   |
|---|---|-------|
| 6.2                                     | List of fault or alarm display                            | 117   |
| 6.3                                     | Causes and corrective actions                             | 118   |
| 6.4                                     | Correspondences between digital and actual characters     | 131   |
| 6.5                                     | Check and clear of the faults history                     |       |
|   |   |       |
| 6.6                                     | Check first when you have a trouble                       |       |
| 6.6<br>6.6                              |   |       |
| 6.6                                     |   |       |
| 6.6                                     | •   |       |
| 6.6                                     | ·   |       |
| 6.6                                     | • •   |       |
| 6.6                                     | 6.7 Acceleration/deceleration is not smooth               | 137   |
| 6.6                                     | 1 5 1   |       |
| 6.6                                     |   |       |
|   | 6.10 Operation panel (FR-DU07) display is not operating   |       |
|   | 6.11 Motor current is too large                           |       |
|   | 5.12 Speed does not accelerate                            |       |
|   | 6.13 Unable to write parameter setting                    |       |
| 0.0                                     | 5.14 Fower lamp is not iit                                | 140   |
| 7                                       | DDECAUTIONS FOR MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION                | 4 4 4 |
| 7                                       | PRECAUTIONS FOR MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION                | 141   |
|   |   |       |
| 7.1                                     | Inspection item   | 141   |
| 7.1                                     | 1.1 Daily inspection                                      | 141   |
| 7.1                                     | '   |       |
|   | 1.3 Daily and periodic inspection                         |       |
| 7.1                                     | '   |       |
|   | 1.5 Cleaning  |       |
| 7.1                                     | 1.6 Replacement of parts                                  |       |
| 7.                                      | 1.7 Inverter replacement                                  | 149   |
| 8                                       | SPECIFICATIONS  | 150   |
| 0                                       | SPECIFICATIONS  | 150   |
|   |   |       |
| 8.1                                     | Rating  | 150   |
| 8.2                                     | Common specifications                                     | 152   |
| 8.3                                     | Outline dimension drawings                                | 154   |
| 8.3                                     | 3.1 Inverter outline dimension drawings                   | 154   |
| 8.4                                     | Specification of premium high-efficiency IPM motor        |       |
| • | [MM-EFS (1500r/min) series]                               | 163   |
| 8.5                                     | Specification of high-efficiency IPM motor                |       |
|   | [MM-EF (1800r/min) series]                                | 164   |
| 8.6                                     | Heatsink protrusion attachment procedure                  |       |
| 8.6                                     | ·   |       |
|   | 6.2 Protrusion of heatsink of the FR-F740P-185K or higher |       |
|   | · ·   |       |

APPENDICES 167

| Appendix 1   | For customers who are replacing the conventional model  |       |
|--------------|---|-------|
|              | with this inverter                                      | 167   |
| Appendix 1-  | Replacement of the FR-F500 series                       | . 167 |
| Appendix 1-2 | Replacement of the FR-A100 <excelent> series</excelent> | . 168 |
| Appendix 2   | SERIAL number check                                     | 168   |
| Appendix 3   | Instructions for UL and cUL compliance                  | 169   |
| Appendix 4   | Instructions for compliance with the EU Directives      | 171   |
| Appendix 5   | Compliance with the Radio Waves Act (South Korea)       | 173   |

#### <Abbreviations>

DU: Operation panel (FR-DU07)

PU: Operation panel(FR-DU07) and parameter unit (FR-PU04/FR-PU07)

Inverter: Mitsubishi inverter FR-F700P series FR-F700P: Mitsubishi inverter FR-F700P series Pr.: Parameter Number (Number assigned to function)

PU operation: Operation using the PU (FR-DU07/FR-PU04/FR-PU07)

External operation: Operation using the control circuit signals

Combined operation: Combined operation using the PU (FR-DU07/FR-PU04/FR-PU07) and external operation

General-purpose motor: Three-phase induction motor

Standard motor: SF-JR

Constant-torque motor: SF-HRCA

Dedicated IPM motor: High-efficiency IPM motor MM-EF (1800r/min specification)

Premium high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EFS (1500r/min specification)

The following marks are used to indicate the controls as below.

(Parameters without any mark are valid for all controls.)

| Mark    | Control method                      | Applied motor (control)                 |
|---------|-------------------------------------|---|
| V/F     | V/F control                         | Three-phase induction motor             |
| S-MFVC) | Simple magnetic flux vector control | (general-purpose motor control)         |
| (IPM)   | IPM motor control                   | Dedicated IPM motor (IPM motor control) |

#### <Trademarks>

LONWORKS® is registered trademarks of Echelon Corporation in the U.S.A. and other countries.

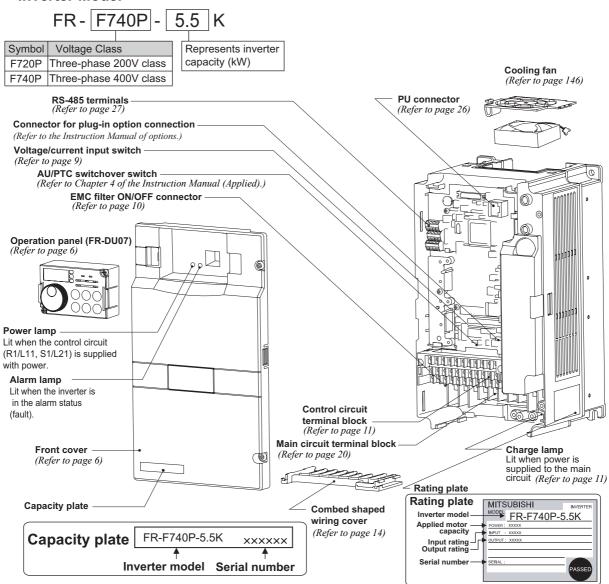
Company and product names herein are the trademarks and registered trademarks of their respective owners.

### 1 OUTLINE

#### 1.1 Product checking and parts identification

Unpack the inverter and check the capacity plate on the front cover and the rating plate on the inverter side face to ensure that the product agrees with your order and the inverter is intact.

#### • Inverter Model



#### Accessory

• Fan cover fixing screws (30K or lower) (Refer to page 171)

| , ,  |                             |                 |          |  |  |
|------|-----------------------------|-----------------|----------|--|--|
|      | Capacity                    | Screw Size (mm) | Quantity |  |  |
| 2007 | 2.2K to 5.5K                | M3 × 35         | 1        |  |  |
|      | 7.5K to 15K<br>18.5K to 30K | M4 × 40         | 2        |  |  |
|      | 18.5K to 30K                | M4 × 50         | 1        |  |  |
|      | 3.7K, 5.5K                  | M3 × 35         | 1        |  |  |
| 400V | 7.5K to 18.5K               | M4 × 40         | 2        |  |  |
| 4    | 22K, 30K                    | M4 × 50         | 1        |  |  |

- · DC reactor supplied (75K or higher)
- · Eyebolt for hanging the inverter (37K to 315K)

| Capacity     | Eyebolt Size | Quantity |
|--------------|--------------|----------|
| 37K          | M8           | 2        |
| 45K to 160K  | M10          | 2        |
| 185K to 315K | M12          | 2        |
|              |              |          |



#### REMARKS

- For removal and reinstallation of covers, refer to page 6.
- For how to find the SERIAL number, refer to page 168.

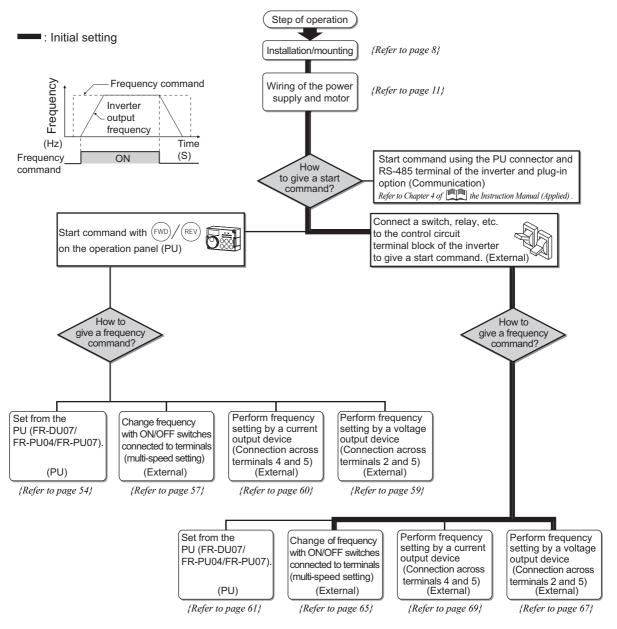
#### Harmonic suppression guideline

All models of General-purpose inverters used by specific consumers are covered by "Harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage". ( For further details, refer to Chapter 3 of the Instruction Manual (Applied) .)



### 1.2 Step of operation

The inverter needs frequency command and start command. Frequency command (set frequency) determines the rotation speed of the motor. Turning ON the start command starts the motor to rotate. Refer to the flow chart below to perform setting.



#### CAUTION

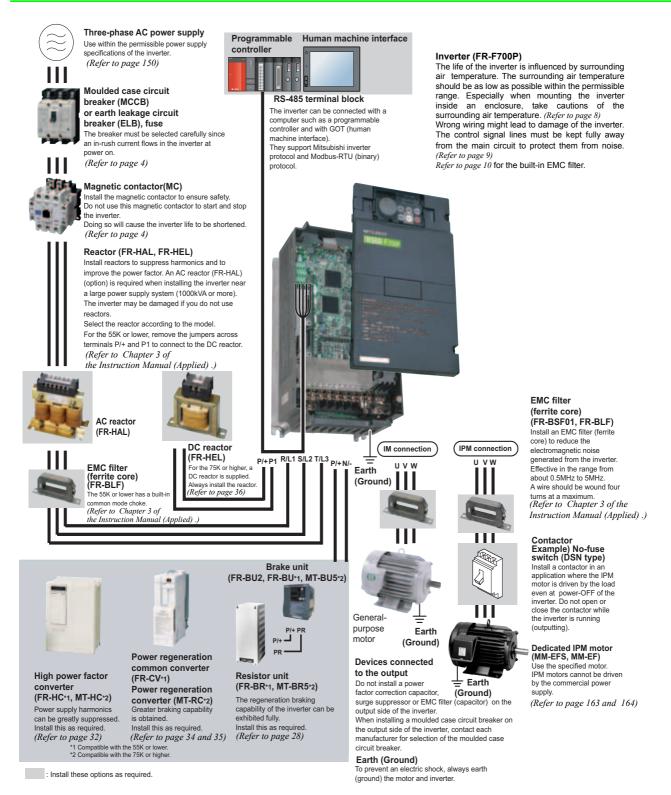
Check the following points before powering ON the inverter.

- Check that the inverter is installed correctly in a correct place. (Refer to page 8)
- · Check that wiring is correct. (Refer to page 9)
- · Check that no load is connected to the motor.



- ·When protecting the motor from overheat by the inverter, set Pr.9 Electronic thermal O/L relay (Refer to page 52)
- To drive a general-purpose motor with the rated motor frequency of 50Hz, set Pr.3 Base frequency (Refer to page 53)

### 2 INSTALLATION AND WIRING



#### = CAUTION =

- Do not install a power factor correction capacitor, surge suppressor or capacitor type filter on the inverter output side. This will
  cause the inverter to trip or the capacitor, and surge suppressor to be damaged. If any of the above devices are connected,
  immediately remove them.
- Electromagnetic wave interference
  - The input/output (main circuit) of the inverter includes high frequency components, which may interfere with the communication devices (such as AM radios) used near the inverter. In this case, set the EMC filter valid to minimize interference. (Refer to Chapter 2 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)
- · Refer to the instruction manual of each option and peripheral devices for details of peripheral devices.
- An IPM motor cannot be driven by the commercial power supply.



#### 2.1 Peripheral devices

Check the inverter model of the inverter you purchased. Appropriate peripheral devices must be selected according to the capacity. Refer to the following list and prepare appropriate peripheral devices:

#### 200V class

| Motor<br>Output (kW) | Applicable Inverter | or Earth Leakage                          | cuit Breaker (MCCB) *2<br>Circuit Breaker (ELB)<br>r NV type) | Input Side Magnetic Contactor*3 |              |
|----------------------|---------------------|---|---|---------------------------------|--------------|
| *1                   | Iviouei             | Power factor improving (AC or DC) reactor |   |                                 |              |
|                      |                     | Without                                   | With  | Without                         | With         |
| 0.75                 | FR-F720P-0.75K      | 10A                                       | 10A   | S-N10                           | S-N10        |
| 1.5                  | FR-F720P-1.5K       | 15A                                       | 15A   | S-N10                           | S-N10        |
| 2.2                  | FR-F720P-2.2K       | 20A                                       | 15A   | S-N10                           | S-N10        |
| 3.7                  | FR-F720P-3.7K       | 30A                                       | 30A   | S-N20, S-N21                    | S-N10        |
| 5.5                  | FR-F720P-5.5K       | 50A                                       | 40A   | S-N25                           | S-N20, S-N21 |
| 7.5                  | FR-F720P-7.5K       | 60A                                       | 50A   | S-N25                           | S-N25        |
| 11                   | FR-F720P-11K        | 75A                                       | 75A   | S-N35                           | S-N35        |
| 15                   | FR-F720P-15K        | 125A                                      | 100A  | S-N50                           | S-N50        |
| 18.5                 | FR-F720P-18.5K      | 150A                                      | 125A  | S-N65                           | S-N50        |
| 22                   | FR-F720P-22K        | 175A                                      | 150A  | S-N80                           | S-N65        |
| 30                   | FR-F720P-30K        | 225A                                      | 175A  | S-N95                           | S-N80        |
| 37                   | FR-F720P-37K        | 250A                                      | 225A  | S-N150                          | S-N125       |
| 45                   | FR-F720P-45K        | 300A                                      | 300A  | S-N180                          | S-N150       |
| 55                   | FR-F720P-55K        | 400A                                      | 350A  | S-N220                          | S-N180       |
| 75                   | FR-F720P-75K        | _   | 400A  | _                               | S-N300       |
| 90                   | FR-F720P-90K        | _   | 400A  | _                               | S-N300       |
| 110                  | FR-F720P-110K       | _   | 500A  | _                               | S-N400       |

<sup>\*1</sup> Selections for use of the Mitsubishi 4-pole standard motor with power supply voltage of 200VAC 50Hz.

For using commercial-power supply operation, select a breaker with capacity which allows the motor to be directly power supplied.

For installation in the United States, Class RK5, Class J, Class CC, Class L, Class T or any faster acting fuses or UL 489 Molded Case Circuit Breaker (MCCB) must be provided, in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any applicable local codes.

For installation in Canada, Class RK5, Class J, Class CC, Class L, Class T or any faster acting fuses or UL 489 Molded Case Circuit Breaker (MCCB) must be provided, in accordance with the Canada Electrical Code and any applicable provincial codes. (*Refer to page 169.*)

\*3 Magnetic contactor is selected based on the AC-1 class. The electrical durability of magnetic contactor is 500,000 times. When the magnetic contactor is used for emergency stop during motor driving, the electrical durability is 25 times.

When using the MC for emergency stop during motor driving or using on the motor side during commercial-power supply operation, select the MC with class AC-3 rated current for the motor rated current.

#### CAUTION =

- · When the inverter capacity is larger than the motor capacity, select an MCCB and a magnetic contactor according to the inverter model, and select cable and reactor according to the motor output.
- When the breaker on the inverter primary side trips, check for the wiring fault (short circuit), damage to internal parts of the inverter, etc. Identify the cause of the trip, then remove the cause and power ON the breaker.

<sup>\*2</sup> Select the MCCB according to the power supply capacity. Install one MCCB per inverter.

МССВ

MCCB

#### 400V class

| Motor<br>Output | Applicable Inverter | or Earth Leakage<br>(NF o | cuit Breaker (MCCB) *2<br>Circuit Breaker (ELB)<br>r NV type) | Input Side Magnetic Contactor∗₃ |                        |  |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------------|---|---------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| (kW)<br>*1      | Wiodei              |                           | ower factor improving (                                       | •                               |                        |  |
|                 |                     | Without                   | With  | Without                         | With                   |  |
| 0.75            | FR-F740P-0.75K      | 5A                        | 5A  | S-N10                           | S-N10                  |  |
| 1.5             | FR-F740P-1.5K       | 10A                       | 10A   | S-N10                           | S-N10                  |  |
| 2.2             | FR-F740P-2.2K       | 10A                       | 10A   | S-N10                           | S-N10                  |  |
| 3.7             | FR-F740P-3.7K       | 20A                       | 15A   | S-N10                           | S-N10                  |  |
| 5.5             | FR-F740P-5.5K       | 30A                       | 20A   | S-N20, S-N21                    | S-N11, S-N12           |  |
| 7.5             | FR-F740P-7.5K       | 30A                       | 30A   | S-N20, S-N21                    | S-N20, S-N21           |  |
| 11              | FR-F740P-11K        | 50A                       | 40A   | S-N20, S-N21                    | S-N20, S-N21           |  |
| 15              | FR-F740P-15K        | 60A                       | 50A   | S-N25                           | S-N20, S-N21           |  |
| 18.5            | FR-F740P-18.5K      | 75A                       | 60A   | S-N25                           | S-N25                  |  |
| 22              | FR-F740P-22K        | 100A                      | 75A   | S-N35                           | S-N25                  |  |
| 30              | FR-F740P-30K        | 125A                      | 100A  | S-N50                           | S-N50                  |  |
| 37              | FR-F740P-37K        | 150A                      | 125A  | S-N65                           | S-N50                  |  |
| 45              | FR-F740P-45K        | 175A                      | 150A  | S-N80                           | S-N65                  |  |
| 55              | FR-F740P-55K        | 200A                      | 175A  | S-N80                           | S-N80                  |  |
| 75              | FR-F740P-75K        | _                         | 225A  | _                               | S-N95                  |  |
| 90              | FR-F740P-90K        | _                         | 225A  | _                               | S-N150                 |  |
| 110             | FR-F740P-110K       | _                         | 225A  | _                               | S-N180                 |  |
| 132             | FR-F740P-132K       | _                         | 400A  | _                               | S-N220                 |  |
| 150             | FR-F740P-160K       | _                         | 400A  | _                               | S-N300                 |  |
| 160             | FR-F740P-160K       | _                         | 400A  | _                               | S-N300                 |  |
| 185             | FR-F740P-185K       | _                         | 400A  | _                               | S-N300                 |  |
| 220             | FR-F740P-220K       | _                         | 500A  | _                               | S-N400                 |  |
| 250             | FR-F740P-250K       | _                         | 600A  | _                               | S-N600                 |  |
| 280             | FR-F740P-280K       | _                         | 600A  | _                               | S-N600                 |  |
| 315             | FR-F740P-315K       | _                         | 700A  | _                               | S-N600                 |  |
| 355             | FR-F740P-355K       | _                         | 800A  | _                               | S-N600                 |  |
| 400             | FR-F740P-400K       | _                         | 900A  | _                               | S-N800                 |  |
| 450             | FR-F740P-450K       | _                         | 1000A   | _                               | 1000A<br>Rated product |  |
| 500             | FR-F740P-500K       | _                         | 1200A   |                                 | 1000A<br>Rated product |  |
| 560             | FR-F740P-560K       | _                         | 1500A   | _                               | 1200A<br>Rated product |  |

<sup>\*1</sup> Selections for use of the Mitsubishi 4-pole standard motor with power supply voltage of 400VAC 50Hz.

Install one MCCB per inverter.

For using commercial-power supply operation, select a breaker with capacity which allows the motor to be directly power supplied.

For installation in the United States, Class RK5, Class J, Class CC, Class L, Class T or any faster acting fuses or UL 489 Molded Case Circuit Breaker (MCCB) must be provided, in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any applicable local codes.

For installation in Canada, Class RK5, Class J, Class CC, Class L, Class T or any faster acting fuses or UL 489 Molded Case Circuit Breaker (MCCB) must be provided, in accordance with the Canada Electrical Code and any applicable provincial codes. (Refer to page 169.)

\*3 Magnetic contactor is selected based on the AC-1 class. The electrical durability of magnetic contactor is 500,000 times. When the magnetic contactor is used for emergency stop during motor driving, the electrical durability is 25 times.

When using the MC for emergency stop during motor driving or using on the motor side during commercial-power supply operation, select the MC with class AC-3 rated current for the motor rated current.

#### = CAUTION =

- · When the inverter capacity is larger than the motor capacity, select an MCCB and a magnetic contactor according to the inverter model, and select cable and reactor according to the motor output.
- · When the breaker on the inverter primary side trips, check for the wiring fault (short circuit), damage to internal parts of the inverter, etc. Identify the cause of the trip, then remove the cause and power ON the breaker.

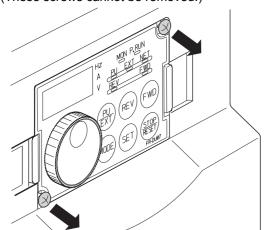
<sup>\*2</sup> Select the MCCB according to the power supply capacity.



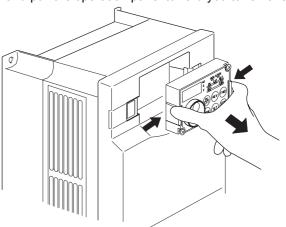
#### 2.2 Method of removal and reinstallation of the front cover

#### •Removal of the operation panel

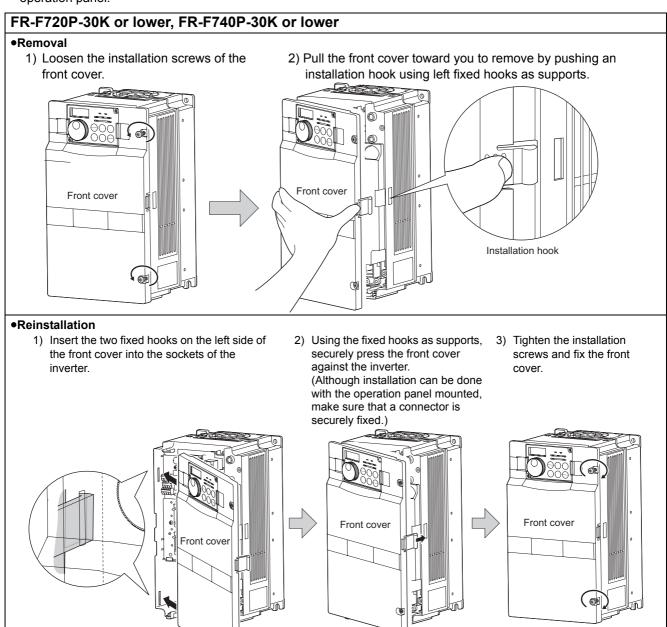
1) Loosen the two screws on the operation panel. (These screws cannot be removed.)



2) Push the left and right hooks of the operation panel and pull the operation panel toward you to remove.



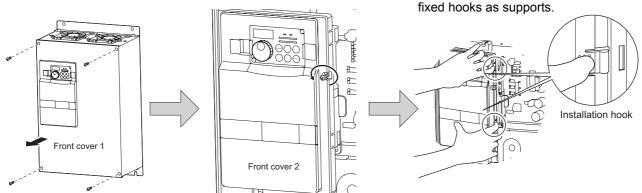
When reinstalling the operation panel, insert it straight to reinstall securely and tighten the fixed screws of the operation panel.



3) Pull the front cover 2 toward you to

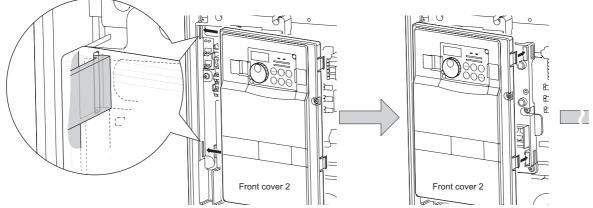
remove by pushing an installation hook on the right side using left

# FR-F720P-37K or higher, FR-F740P-37K or higher ●Removal 1) Remove installation screws on the front cover 1 to remove the front cover 1. 2) Loosen the installation screws of the front cover 2. front cover 1.

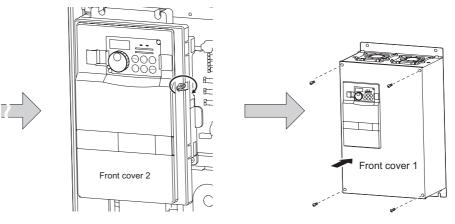


#### Reinstallation

- 1) Insert the two fixed hooks on the left side of the front cover 2 into the sockets of the inverter.
- Using the fixed hooks as supports, securely press the front cover 2 against the inverter. (Although installation can be done with the operation panel mounted, make sure that a connector is securely fixed.)



- 3) Fix the front cover 2 with the installation screws.
- 4) Fix the front cover 1 with the installation screws.



#### REMARKS

For the FR-F740P-185K or higher, the front cover 1 is separated into two parts.

#### CALITION

- · Fully make sure that the front cover has been reinstalled securely. Always tighten the installation screws of the front cover.
- The same serial number is printed on the capacity plate of the front cover and the rating plate of the inverter. Before reinstalling the
  front cover, check the serial numbers to ensure that the cover removed is reinstalled to the inverter from where it was removed.



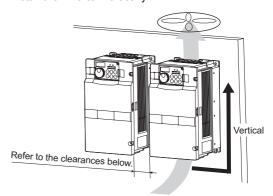
#### 2.3 Installation of the inverter and instructions

Installation of the Inverter

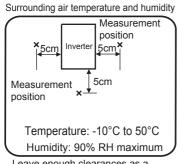
# Installation on the enclosure 30K or lower 37K or higher Fix six points for the FR-F740P-185K to 400K and fix eight points for the FR-F740P-450K to 560K.

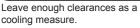
#### CAUTION

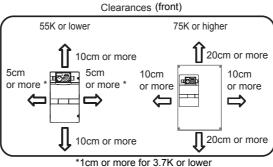
- When encasing multiple inverters, install them in parallel as a cooling measure.
- Install the inverter vertically.

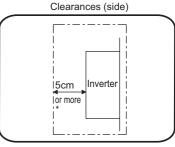


• Install the inverter under the following conditions.





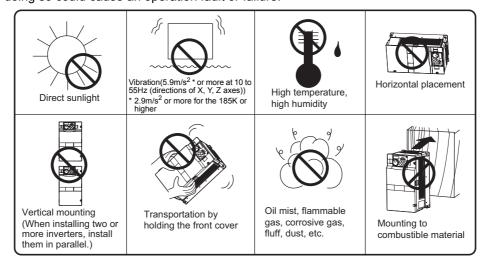




\*1cm or more for 3.7K or lower

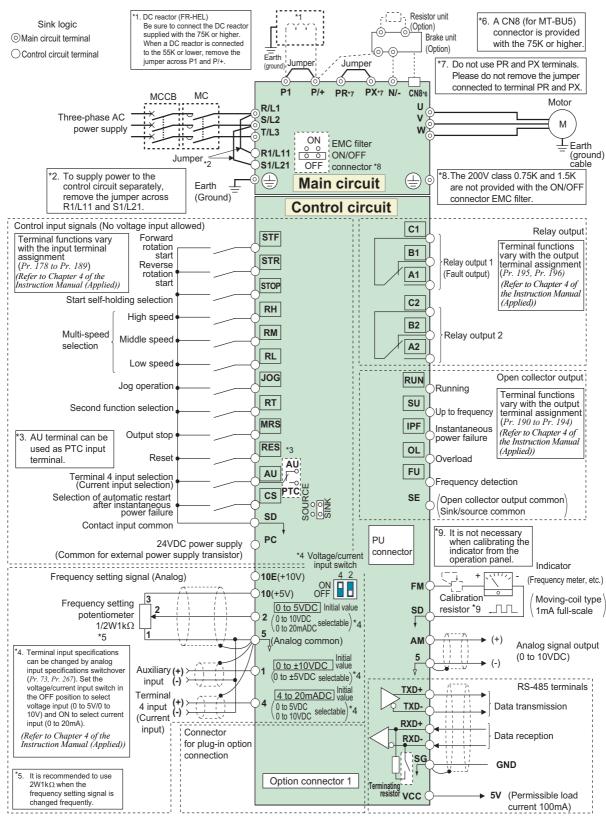
#### **REMARKS**

- For replacing the cooling fan of the FR-F740P-185K or higher, 30cm of space is necessary in front of the inverter. Refer to page 146 for fan replacement.
- The inverter consists of precision mechanical and electronic parts. Never install or handle it in any of the following conditions as doing so could cause an operation fault or failure.



#### Wiring

#### 2.4.1 Terminal connection diagram



- To prevent a malfunction due to noise, keep the signal cables more than 10cm away from the power cables. Also separate the main circuit wire of the input side and the output side.
- After wiring, wire offcuts must not be left in the inverter.
- Wire offcuts can cause an alarm, failure or malfunction. Always keep the inverter clean.
- When drilling mounting holes in an enclosure etc. take care not to allow chips and other foreign matter to enter the inverter. Set the voltage/current input switch correctly. Operation with a wrong setting may cause a fault, failure or malfunction.



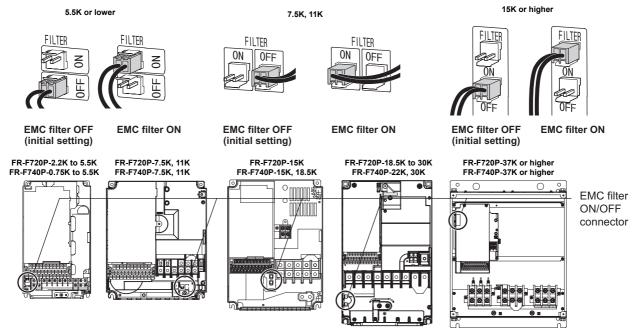
#### 2.4.2 EMC filter

This inverter is equipped with a built-in EMC filter (capacitive filter) and common mode choke.

The EMC filter is effective for reduction of air-propagated noise on the input side of the inverter.

The EMC filter is factory-set to disable (OFF). To enable it, fit the EMC filter ON/OFF connector to the ON position.

The input side common mode choke, built-in the 55K or lower inverter, is always valid regardless of ON/OFF of the EMC filter ON/OFF connector.



The FR-F720P-0.75K and 1.5K are not provided with the EMC filter ON/OFF connector. (Always ON)

#### <How to disconnect the connector>

- (1) Before removing a front cover, check to make sure that the indication of the inverter operation panel is OFF, wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched OFF, and check that there are no residual voltage using a tester or the like. (For the front cover removal method, refer to page 6.)
- (2) When disconnecting the connector, push the fixing tab and pull the connector straight without pulling the cable or forcibly pulling the connector with the tab fixed. When installing the connector, also engage the fixing tab securely. If it is difficult to disconnect the connector, use a pair of long-nose pliers, etc.



#### CAUTION

- · Fit the connector to either ON or OFF.
- Enabling (turning ON) the EMC filter increases leakage current. (Refer to Chapter 3 of the Instruction Manual (Applied))

# **⚠ WARNING**

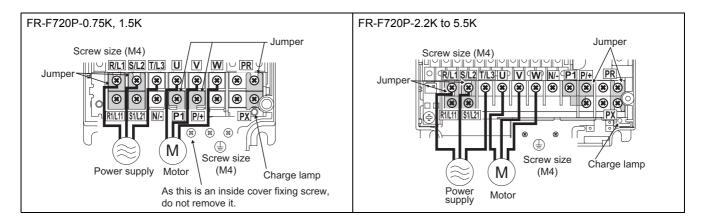
⚠ While power is ON or when the inverter is running, do not open the front cover. Otherwise you may get an electric shock.

### 2.4.3 Specification of main circuit terminal

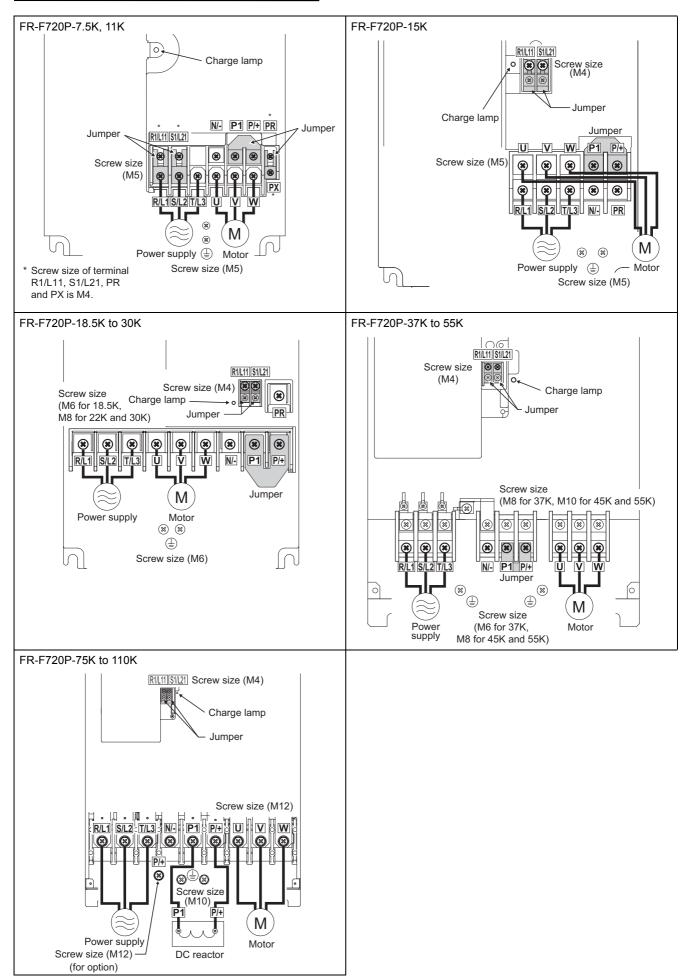
| Terminal<br>Symbol     | Terminal Name                    |  | Description   |               |              | Refer to<br>Page |  |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|---------------|--------------|------------------|--|
| R/L1,<br>S/L2,<br>T/L3 | AC power input                   | Keep these t   | Connect to the commercial power supply.  Keep these terminals open when using the high power factor converter (FR-HC, MT-HC) or power regeneration common converter (FR-CV).  |               |              |                  |  |
| U, V, W                | Inverter output                  | Connect a th IPM motor.  | Connect a three-phase squirrel-cage motor or dedicated IPM motor.   |               |              |                  |  |
| R1/L11,<br>S1/L21      | Power supply for control circuit | Connected to the AC power supply terminals R/L1 and S/L2. To retain the fault display and fault output or when using the high power factor converter (FR-HC, MT-HC) or power regeneration common converter (FR-CV), remove the jumpers from terminals R/L1 and R1/L11, and S/L2 and S1/L21, and apply external power to these terminals. The power capacity necessary when separate power is supplied from R1/L11 and S1/L21 differs according to the inverter capacity.    15K or lower   18.5K   22K or higher   200V class   60VA   80VA   8 |   |               |              | 18               |  |
| P/+, N/-               | Brake unit connection            | BU5), power high power fa  | Connect the brake unit (FR-BU2, FR-BU, BU and MT-BU5), power regeneration common converter (FR-CV), high power factor converter (FR-HC and MT-HC) or power regeneration converter (MT-RC).  |               |              |                  |  |
| P/+, P1                | DC reactor connection            | P/+ and P1, connect the When a DC  | For the 55K or lower, remove the jumper across terminals P/+ and P1, and connect the DC reactor. (Be sure to connect the DC reactor supplied with the 75K or higher.) When a DC reactor is not connected, the jumper across terminals P/+ and P1 should not be removed. |               |              |                  |  |
| PR, PX                 | Please do not remov              | ve or use term   | e or use terminals PR and PX or the jumper connected.   |               |              |                  |  |
|                        | Earth (ground)                   | For earthing earthed (grown  | (grounding) the unded).   | inverter chas | sis. Must be | 17               |  |

# 2.4.4 Terminal arrangement of the main circuit terminal, power supply and the motor wiring

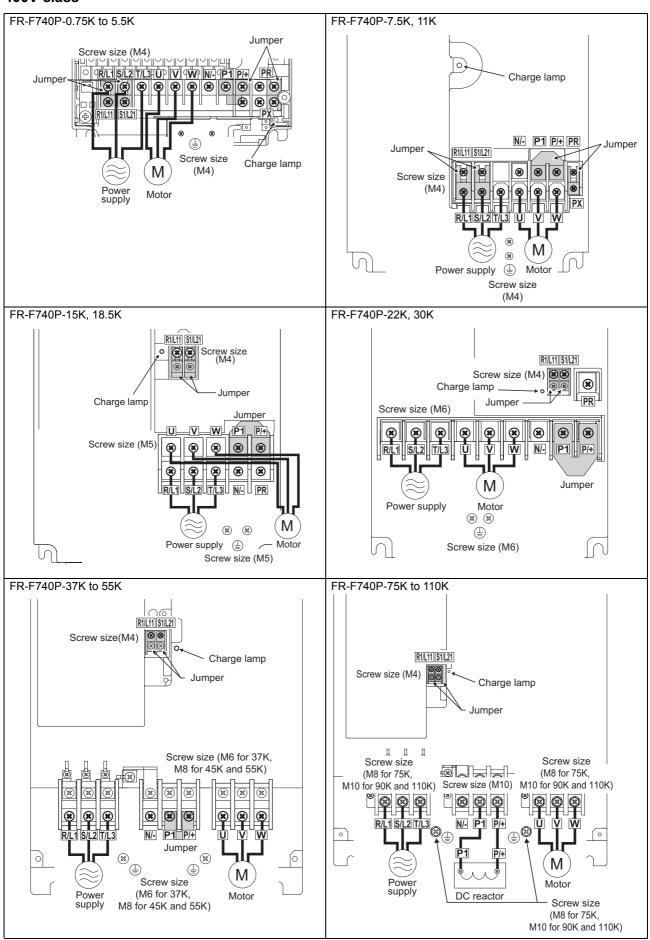
#### 200V class



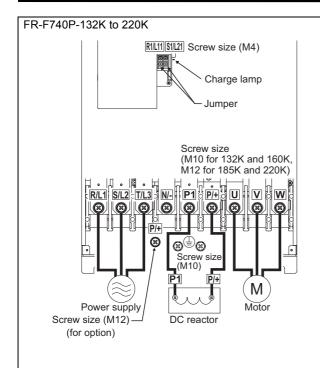


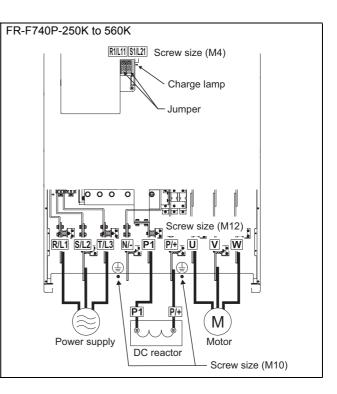


#### 400V class



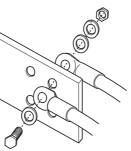






#### **CAUTION**

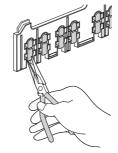
- The power supply cables must be connected to R/L1, S/L2, T/L3. (Phase sequence needs not to be matched.) Never connect the power cable to the U, V, W of the inverter. Doing so will damage the inverter.
- Connect the motor to U, V, W. At this time, turning ON the forward rotation switch (signal) rotates the motor in the counterclockwise direction when viewed from the motor shaft.
- · When wiring the inverter main circuit conductor of the 250K or higher, tighten a nut from the right side of the conductor. When wiring two wires, place wires on both sides of the conductor. (Refer to the drawing below.) For wiring, use bolts (nuts) provided with the inverter.

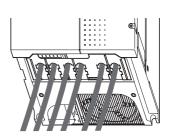


 Handling of the wiring cover (FR-F720P-18.5K, 22K, FR-F740P-22K, 30K)
 For the hook of the wiring cover, cut off the necessary parts using a pair of long-nose pliers etc.

#### CAUTION

Cut off the same number of lugs as wires. If parts where no wire is put through has been cut off (10mm or more), protective structure (JEM1030) becomes an open type (IP00).





#### (1) Cable size and other specifications of the main circuit terminals and the earthing terminal

Select the recommended cable size to ensure that a voltage drop will be 2% or less.

If the wiring distance is long between the inverter and motor, a main circuit cable voltage drop will cause the motor torque to decrease especially at the output of a low frequency.

The following table indicates a selection example for the wiring length of 20m.

#### 200V class (when input power supply is 220V)

|                           |                   |                      | Crim                   | ping           | Cable Sizes |                    |         |                |                        |         |                                 |         |                |
|---------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------|-------------|--------------------|---------|----------------|------------------------|---------|---------------------------------|---------|----------------|
| Applicable                | Terminal<br>Screw | Tightening<br>Torque |                        | Terminal R/L1, |             | HIV, etc. (mm²) *1 |         |                | AWG/MCM *2             |         | PVC, etc. (mm <sup>2</sup> ) *3 |         |                |
| Inverter Model            | Size *4           | N·m                  | R/L1,<br>S/L2,<br>T/L3 |                |             | U, V, W            | P/+, P1 | Earthing cable | R/L1,<br>S/L2,<br>T/L3 | U, V, W | R/L1,<br>S/L2,<br>T/L3          | U, V, W | Earthing cable |
| FR-F720P-0.75K<br>to 2.2K | M4                | 1.5                  | 2-4                    | 2-4            | 2           | 2                  | 2       | 2              | 14                     | 14      | 2.5                             | 2.5     | 2.5            |
| FR-F720P-3.7K             | M4                | 1.5                  | 5.5-4                  | 5.5-4          | 3.5         | 3.5                | 3.5     | 3.5            | 12                     | 12      | 4                               | 4       | 4              |
| FR-F720P-5.5K             | M4                | 1.5                  | 5.5-4                  | 5.5-4          | 5.5         | 5.5                | 5.5     | 5.5            | 10                     | 10      | 6                               | 6       | 6              |
| FR-F720P-7.5K             | M5                | 2.5                  | 14-5                   | 8-5            | 14          | 8                  | 14      | 5.5            | 6                      | 8       | 16                              | 10      | 16             |
| FR-F720P-11K              | M5                | 2.5                  | 14-5                   | 14-5           | 14          | 14                 | 14      | 14             | 6                      | 6       | 16                              | 16      | 16             |
| FR-F720P-15K              | M5                | 2.5                  | 22-5                   | 22-5           | 22          | 22                 | 22      | 14             | 4                      | 6 (*5)  | 25                              | 25      | 16             |
| FR-F720P-18.5K            | M6                | 4.4                  | 38-6                   | 38-6           | 38          | 38                 | 38      | 22             | 2                      | 2       | 35                              | 35      | 25             |
| FR-F720P-22K              | M8 (M6)           | 7.8                  | 38-8                   | 38-8           | 38          | 38                 | 38      | 22             | 2                      | 2       | 35                              | 35      | 25             |
| FR-F720P-30K              | M8 (M6)           | 7.8                  | 60-8                   | 60-8           | 60          | 60                 | 60      | 22             | 1/0                    | 1/0     | 50                              | 50      | 25             |
| FR-F720P-37K              | M8 (M6)           | 7.8                  | 80-8                   | 80-8           | 80          | 80                 | 80      | 22             | 3/0                    | 3/0     | 70                              | 70      | 35             |
| FR-F720P-45K              | M10 (M8)          | 14.7                 | 100-10                 | 100-10         | 100         | 100                | 100     | 38             | 4/0                    | 4/0     | 95                              | 95      | 50             |
| FR-F720P-55K              | M10 (M8)          | 14.7                 | 100-10                 | 100-10         | 100         | 100                | 100     | 38             | 4/0                    | 4/0     | 95                              | 95      | 50             |
| FR-F720P-75K              | M12 (M10)         | 24.5                 | 150-12                 | 150-12         | 125         | 125                | 150     | 38             | 250                    | 250     | _                               | _       | _              |
| FR-F720P-90K              | M12 (M10)         | 24.5                 | 150-12                 | 150-12         | 150         | 150                | 2×100   | 38             | 2×4/0                  | 2×4/0   |                                 | _       | _              |
| FR-F720P-110K             | M12 (M10)         |                      | 100-12                 | 100-12         | 2×100       | 2×100              | 2×100   | 38             | 2×4/0                  | 2×4/0   | _                               | _       |                |

<sup>\*1</sup> The cable size is that of the cable (HIV cable (600V class 2 vinyl-insulated cable) etc.) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 75°C. Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 50°C or less and the wiring distance is 20m or less.

- \*3 For the 15K or lower, the recommended cable size is that of the cable (PVC cable) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 70°C. Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 40°C or less and the wiring distance is 20m or less.
  - For the 18.5K or higher, the recommended cable size is that of the cable (XLPE cable) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 90°C. Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 40°C or less and wiring is performed in an enclosure. (Selection example for use mainly in Europe.)
- \*4 The terminal screw size indicates the terminal size for R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U, V, W, and a screw for earthing (grounding). A screw for earthing (grounding) of the 22K or higher is indicated in ( ).
- \*5 When connecting the option unit to P/+, P1, N/-, use THHN cables for the option and terminals R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U, V, W.

<sup>\*2</sup> The recommended cable size is that of the cable (THHW cable) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 75°C. Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 40°C or less and the wiring distance is 20m or less.

(Selection example for use mainly in the United States.)



#### 400V class (when input power supply is 440V)

|                           |                   |                      | Crim   | ping             | Cable Sizes            |          |         |                |                        |         |                        |           |                |
|---------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|--------|------------------|------------------------|----------|---------|----------------|------------------------|---------|------------------------|-----------|----------------|
| Applicable                | Terminal<br>Screw | Terminal Inglitering |        | ession)<br>iinal |                        | HIV, etc | . (mm²) | 1              | AWG/N                  | /ICM *2 | PVC                    | , etc. (m | ım²) *3        |
| Inverter Model            | Size *4           |                      |        | U, V, W          | R/L1,<br>S/L2,<br>T/L3 | U, V, W  | P/+, P1 | Earthing cable | R/L1,<br>S/L2,<br>T/L3 | U, V, W | R/L1,<br>S/L2,<br>T/L3 | U, V, W   | Earthing cable |
| FR-F740P-0.75K<br>to 3.7K | M4                | 1.5                  | 2-4    | 2-4              | 2                      | 2        | 2       | 2              | 14                     | 14      | 2.5                    | 2.5       | 2.5            |
| FR-F740P-5.5K             | M4                | 1.5                  | 2-4    | 2-4              | 2                      | 2        | 3.5     | 3.5            | 12                     | 14      | 2.5                    | 2.5       | 4              |
| FR-F740P-7.5K             | M4                | 1.5                  | 5.5-4  | 5.5-4            | 3.5                    | 3.5      | 3.5     | 3.5            | 12                     | 12      | 4                      | 4         | 4              |
| FR-F740P-11K              | M4                | 1.5                  | 5.5-4  | 5.5-4            | 5.5                    | 5.5      | 5.5     | 8              | 10                     | 10      | 6                      | 6         | 10             |
| FR-F740P-15K              | M5                | 2.5                  | 8-5    | 8-5              | 8                      | 8        | 8       | 8              | 8                      | 8       | 10                     | 10        | 10             |
| FR-F740P-18.5K            | M5                | 2.5                  | 14-5   | 8-5              | 14                     | 8        | 14      | 14             | 6                      | 8       | 16                     | 10        | 16             |
| FR-F740P-22K              | M6                | 4.4                  | 14-6   | 14-6             | 14                     | 14       | 22      | 14             | 6                      | 6       | 16                     | 16        | 16             |
| FR-F740P-30K              | M6                | 4.4                  | 22-6   | 22-6             | 22                     | 22       | 22      | 14             | 4                      | 4       | 25                     | 25        | 16             |
| FR-F740P-37K              | M6                | 4.4                  | 22-6   | 22-6             | 22                     | 22       | 22      | 14             | 4                      | 4       | 25                     | 25        | 16             |
| FR-F740P-45K              | M8                | 7.8                  | 38-8   | 38-8             | 38                     | 38       | 38      | 22             | 1                      | 2       | 50                     | 50        | 25             |
| FR-F740P-55K              | M8                | 7.8                  | 60-8   | 60-8             | 60                     | 60       | 60      | 22             | 1/0                    | 1/0     | 50                     | 50        | 25             |
| FR-F740P-75K              | M8                | 7.8                  | 60-8   | 60-8             | 60                     | 60       | 60      | 38             | 1/0                    | 1/0     | 50                     | 50        | 25             |
| FR-F740P-90K              | M10               | 14.7                 | 60-10  | 60-10            | 60                     | 60       | 80      | 38             | 3/0                    | 3/0     | 50                     | 50        | 25             |
| FR-F740P-110K             | M10               | 14.7                 | 80-10  | 80-10            | 80                     | 80       | 100     | 38             | 3/0                    | 3/0     | 70                     | 70        | 35             |
| FR-F740P-132K             | M10               | 14.7                 | 100-10 | 100-10           | 100                    | 100      | 100     | 38             | 4/0                    | 4/0     | 95                     | 95        | 50             |
| FR-F740P-160K             | M10               | 14.7                 | 150-10 | 150-10           | 125                    | 125      | 150     | 38             | 250                    | 250     | 120                    | 120       | 70             |
| FR-F740P-185K             | M12 (M10)         | 24.5                 | 150-12 | 150-12           | 150                    | 150      | 2×100   | 38             | 300                    | 300     | 150                    | 150       | 95             |
| FR-F740P-220K             | M12 (M10)         | 24.5                 | 100-12 | 100-12           | 2×100                  | 2×100    | 2×100   | 38             | 2×4/0                  | 2×4/0   | 2×95                   | 2×95      | 95             |
| FR-F740P-250K             | M12 (M10)         | 46                   | 100-12 | 100-12           | 2×100                  | 2×100    | 2×125   | 38             | 2×4/0                  | 2×4/0   | 2×95                   | 2×95      | 95             |
| FR-F740P-280K             | M12 (M10)         | 46                   | 150-12 | 150-12           | 2×125                  | 2×125    | 2×125   | 38             | 2×250                  | 2×250   | 2×120                  | 2×120     | 120            |
| FR-F740P-315K             | M12 (M10)         | 46                   | 150-12 | 150-12           | 2×150                  | 2×150    | 2×150   | 60             | 2×300                  | 2×300   | 2×150                  | 2×150     | 150            |
| FR-F740P-355K             | M12 (M10)         | 46                   | 200-12 | 200-12           | 2×200                  | 2×200    | 2×200   | 60             | 2×350                  | 2×350   | 2×185                  | 2×185     | 2×95           |
| FR-F740P-400K             | M12 (M10)         | 46                   | C2-200 | C2-200           | 2×200                  | 2×200    | 2×200   | 60             | 2×400                  | 2×400   | 2×185                  | 2×185     | 2×95           |
| FR-F740P-450K             | M12 (M10)         | 46                   | C2-250 | C2-250           | 2×250                  | 2×250    | 2×250   | 60             | 2×500                  | 2×500   | 2×240                  | 2×240     | 2×120          |
| FR-F740P-500K             | M12 (M10)         | 46                   | C2-250 | C2-250           | 2×250                  | 2×250    | 3×200   | 100            | 2×500                  | 2×500   | 2×240                  | 2×240     | 2×120          |
| FR-F740P-560K             | M12 (M10)         | 46                   | C2-200 | C2-200           | 3×200                  | 3×200    | 3×200   | 100            | 3×350                  | 3×350   | 3×185                  | 3×185     | 2×150          |

For the FR-F740P-55K or lower, the recommended cable size is that of the cable (e.g. HIV cable (600V class 2 vinyl-insulated cable)) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 75°C. Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 50°C or less and the wiring distance is 20m or less. For the FR-F740P-75K or higher, the recommended cable size is that of the cable (e.g. LMFC (heat resistant flexible cross-linked polyethylene insulated cable)) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 90°C. Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 50°C or less and wiring is performed in an enclosure.

- For the FR-F740P-45K or lower, the recommended cable size is that of the cable (THHW cable) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 75°C. Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 40°C or less and the wiring distance is 20m or less. For the FR-F740P-55K or higher, the recommended cable size is that of the cable (THHN cable) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 90°C. Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 40°C or less and wiring is performed in an enclosure. (Selection example for use mainly in the United States.)
- For the FR-F740P-45K or lower, the recommended cable size is that of the cable (PVC cable) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 70°C. Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 40°C or less and the wiring distance is 20m or less. For the FR-F740P-55K or higher, the recommended cable size is that of the cable (XLPE cable) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 90°C. Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 40°C or less and wiring is performed in an enclosure. (Selection example for use mainly in the Europe.)
- The terminal screw size indicates the terminal size for R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U, V, W, and a screw for earthing (grounding). A screw for earthing (grounding) of the 185K or higher is indicated in ( ).

The line voltage drop can be calculated by the following formula:

Line voltage drop [V]=  $\frac{\sqrt{3} \times \text{wire resistance}[m\Omega/m] \times \text{wiring distance}[m] \times \text{current}[A]}{\sqrt{3} \times \text{wire resistance}[m\Omega/m] \times \text{wiring distance}[m]}$ 1000

Use a larger diameter cable when the wiring distance is long or when it is desired to decrease the voltage drop (torque reduction) in the low speed range.

#### CAUTION =

- Tighten the terminal screw to the specified torque.
  - A screw that has been tighten too loosely can cause a short circuit or malfunction.
  - A screw that has been tighten too tightly can cause a short circuit or malfunction due to the unit breakage. Use crimping terminals with insulation sleeve to wire the power supply and motor.

#### (2) Notes on earthing (grounding)

- Leakage currents flow in the inverter. To prevent an electric shock, the inverter and motor must be earthed (grounded). This inverter must be earthed (grounded). Earthing (Grounding) must conform to the requirements of national and local safety regulations and electrical codes. (NEC section 250, IEC 536 class 1 and other applicable standards)
  - A neutral-point earthed (grounded) power supply for 400V class inverter in compliance with EN standard must be used.
- Use the dedicated earth (ground) terminal to earth (ground) the inverter.
   (Do not use the screw in the casing, chassis, etc.)
- Use the thickest possible earth (ground) cable. Use the cable whose size is equal to or greater than that indicated in *page* 15 and minimize the cable length. The earthing (grounding) point should be as near as possible to the inverter.



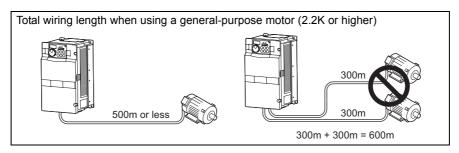
<u>To be compliant with the EU Directive (Low Voltage Directive), earth (ground) the inverter according to the instructions on page 171.</u>

#### (3) Total wiring length

#### Under general-purpose motor control

Connect one or more general-purpose motors within the total wiring length shown in the following table.

| Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection Setting (carrier frequency) | 0.75K | 1.5K | 2.2K or Higher |
|--|-------|------|----------------|
| 2 (2kHz) or lower  | 300m  | 500m | 500m           |
| 3 (3kHz) or higher   | 200m  | 300m | 500m           |



When driving a 400V class motor by the inverter, surge voltages attributable to the wiring constants may occur at the motor terminals, deteriorating the insulation of the motor. Take the following measures 1) or 2) in this case.

1) Use a "400V class inverter-driven insulation-enhanced motor" and set frequency in *Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection* according to wiring length.

|  |                  | Wiring Length |                |
|--|------------------|---------------|----------------|
|  | 50m or less      | 50m to 100m   | exceeding 100m |
| Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection Setting (carrier frequency) | 14.5kHz or lower | 9kHz or lower | 4kHz or lower  |

2) Connect the surge voltage suppression filter (FR-ASF-H/FR-BMF-H) to the 55K or lower and the sine wave filter (MT-BSL/BSC) to the 75K or higher on the inverter output side.

#### ●Under IPM motor control

Connect an IPM motor within the total wiring length of 100m.

Use one dedicated IPM motor for one inverter. Multiple IPM motors cannot be connected to an inverter.

To drive a 400V-class motor with an inverter under IPM control, set *Pr.72 PWM frequency selection* according to the wiring length as shown below.

| Applied inverter       | Wiring Length        |                  |  |  |  |
|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| Applied lilverter      | 50m or less          | 50m to 100m      |  |  |  |
| FR-F740P-0.75K to 1.5K | 0(2kHz) to 15(14kHz) | 5(2kHz) or lower |  |  |  |
| Other                  | 0(2kHz) to 15(14kHz) | 9(6kHz) or lower |  |  |  |



- Especially for long-distance wiring, the inverter may be affected by a charging current caused by the stray capacitances of the wiring, leading to a malfunction of the overcurrent protective function or fast response current limit function or a malfunction or fault of the equipment connected on the inverter output side. If fast-response current limit function malfunctions, disable this function. (For *Pr.156 Stall prevention operation selection, refer to Chapter 4 of the* | Instruction Manual (Applied).)
- For details of *Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection*, *refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)*. (When using an optional sine wave filter (MT-BSL/BSC) for the 75K or higher, set "25" in *Pr.72* (2.5kHz). (Sine wave filter can be only used with a general-purpose motor.)
- The surge voltage suppression filter (FR-ASF-H/FR-BMF-H) option and sine wave filter (MT-BSL/BSC) cannot be used under IPM motor control, so do not connect them.
- · For explanation of surge voltage suppression filter (FR-ASF-H/FR-BMF-H) and sine wave filter (MT-BSL/BSC), refer to the manual of each option.

#### (4) Cable size of the control circuit power supply (terminal R1/L11, S1/L21)

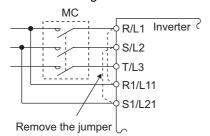
· Terminal Screw Size: M4

· Cable size: 0.75mm<sup>2</sup> to 2mm<sup>2</sup>

· Tightening torque: 1.5N·m

#### (5) When connecting the control circuit and the main circuit separately to the power supply

#### <Connection diagram>

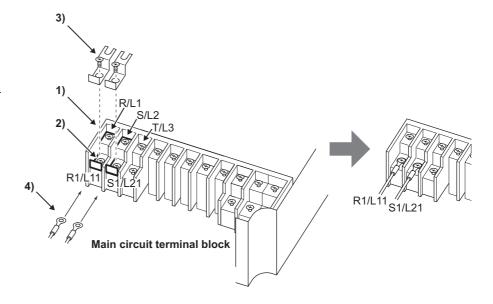


When fault occurs, opening of the electromagnetic contactor (MC) on the inverter power supply side results in power loss in the control circuit, disabling the fault output signal retention. Terminals R1/L11 and S1/L21 are provided for when retention of a fault signal is required. In this case, connect the power supply terminals R1/L11 and S1/L21 of the control circuit to the primary side of the MC.

Do not connect the power cable to incorrect terminals. Doing so may damage the inverter.

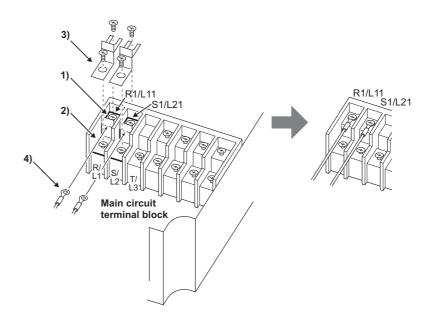
#### • FR-F720P-0.75K to 5.5K, FR-F740P-0.75K to 5.5K

- 1) Loosen the upper screws.
- 2) Remove the lower screws.
- 3) Remove the jumper
- 4) Connect the separate power supply cable for the control circuit to the lower terminals (R1/L11, S1/L21).



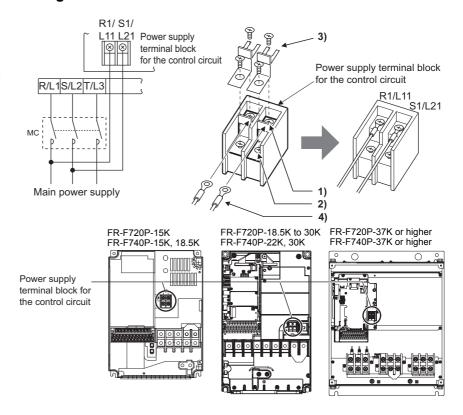
#### • FR-F720P-7.5K, 11K, FR-F740P-7.5K, 11K

- 1) Remove the upper screws.
- 2) Remove the lower screws.
- 3) Remove the jumper.
- 4) Connect the separate power supply cable for the control circuit to the <u>upper terminals</u> (R1/L11, S1/L21).



#### • FR-F720P-15K, FR-F740P-15K or higher

- 1) Remove the upper screws.
- 2) Remove the lower screws.
- 3) Pull the jumper toward you to remove.
- 4) Connect the separate power supply cable for the control circuit to the upper terminals (R1/L11, S1/L21).



#### CAUTION

- Be sure to use the inverter with the jumpers across terminals R/L1 and R1/L11, and S/L2 and S1/L21 removed when supplying power from other sources. The inverter may be damaged if you do not remove the jumper.
- The voltage should be the same as that of the main control circuit when the control circuit power is supplied from other than the primary side of the MC.
- The power capacity necessary when separate power is supplied from R1/L11 and S1/L21 differs according to the inverter capacity.

|            | 15K or lower | 18.5K | 22K or higher |
|------------|--------------|-------|---------------|
| 200V class | 60VA         | 80VA  | AV08          |
| 400V class | 60VA         | 60VA  | AV08          |

· If the main circuit power is switched OFF (for 0.1s or more) then ON again, the inverter resets and a fault output will not be held.



# 2.4.5 Control circuit terminals

indicates that terminal functions can be selected using *Pr. 178 to Pr. 196 (I/O terminal function selection) (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).*)

### (1) Input signals

| Type          | Terminal<br>Symbol | Terminal<br>Name   | Description   | Rated<br>Specifications   | Refer to<br>Page                                     |    |  |  |
|---------------|--------------------|--|---|---|--|----|--|--|
|               | STF                | Forward rotation start   | Turn ON the STF signal to start forward rotation and turn it OFF to stop.   | When the STF and STR signals are turned   |  | 61 |  |  |
|               | STR                | Reverse rotation start   | Turn ON the STR signal to start reverse rotation and turn it OFF to stop.   | ON simultaneously, the stop command is given.   |  |    |  |  |
|               | STOP               | Start self-<br>holding<br>selection  | Turn ON the STOP signal to self-hold the sta  | Turn ON the STOP signal to self-hold the start signal.  |  |    |  |  |
|               | RH,<br>RM, RL      | Multi-speed selection  | Multi-speed can be selected according to the RM and RL signals.   | e combination of RH,  |  | 65 |  |  |
|               | JOG                | Jog mode selection   | Turn ON the JOG signal to select Jog opera and turn ON the start signal (STF or STR) to   |   |  | *2 |  |  |
|               | RT                 | Second<br>function<br>selection  | Turn ON the RT signal to select second function when the second function such as "second "second V/F (base frequency)" are set, turni selects these functions.  | Input resistance  | *2   |    |  |  |
|               | MRS                | Output stop  | Turn ON the MRS signal (20ms or more) to soutput. Use to shut off the inverter output when stop electromagnetic brake.  | 4.7kΩ<br>Voltage at<br>opening: 21 to<br>27VDC  | *2   |    |  |  |
|               | RES                | Reset  | Use to reset fault output provided when fault Turn ON the RES signal for more than 0.1s, In the initial status, reset is set always-enabl reset can be set enabled only at fault occurr recovers about 1s after the reset is released | Contacts at<br>short-circuited: 4<br>to 6mADC   | 116  |    |  |  |
| Contact input | AU                 | Terminal 4 input selection   | frequency setting signal can be set between   | Terminal 4 is valid only when the AU signal is turned ON. (The frequency setting signal can be set between 0 and 20mADC.) Turning the AU signal ON makes terminal 2 (voltage input) |  |    |  |  |
| Con           |                    | PTC input  | AU terminal is used as PTC input terminal (t the motor). When using it as PTC input term switch to PTC.   |   |  | *2 |  |  |
|               | CS                 | Selection of<br>automatic<br>restart after<br>instantaneous<br>power failure   | When the CS signal is left ON, the inverter respower restoration. Note that restart setting is no peration. In the initial setting, a restart is disal (Refer to Pr. 57 Restart coasting time in Chambanual (Applied).)               | ecessary for this bled.   |  | *2 |  |  |
|               |                    | Contact input<br>common (sink)<br>(initial setting)  | Common terminal for contact input terminal (sir FM.   | nk logic) and terminal  |  |    |  |  |
|               | SD                 | External<br>transistor<br>common<br>(source)   | Connect this terminal to the power supply common transistor output (open collector output) device, programmable controller, in the source logic to undesirable currents.  | , such as a<br>avoid malfunction by   |  | _  |  |  |
|               |                    | 24VDC power Supply common Supp |   |   |  |    |  |  |
|               |                    | External<br>transistor<br>common (sink)<br>(initial setting)   | Connect this terminal to the power supply common transistor output (open collector output) device programmable controller, in the sink logic to available currents.   | , such as a   | Power supply voltage range                           |    |  |  |
|               | PC                 | Contact input common (source)  | Common terminal for contact input terminal (so  | ource logic).   | 19.2 to 28.8VDC<br>Permissible load<br>current 100mA | 24 |  |  |
|               |                    | 24VDC power supply   | Can be used as 24VDC 0.1A power supply.   |   |  |    |  |  |

| Type              | Terminal<br>Symbol | Terminal<br>Name                  | Description   | Rated<br>Specifications  | Refer to<br>Page |
|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|------------------|
|                   | 10E                | Frequency setting power           | When connecting the frequency setting potentiometer at an initial status, connect it to terminal 10. Change the input specifications of terminal 2 when connecting it   | 10VDC<br>Permissible load<br>current 10mA  | *2               |
|                   | 10                 | supply                            | to terminal 10E. (Refer to Pr. 73 Analog input selection in Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)   | 5VDC<br>Permissible load<br>current 10mA   | 59, 67           |
| setting           | 2                  | Frequency<br>setting<br>(voltage) | nputting 0 to 5VDC (or 0 to 10V, 0 to 20mA) provides the maximum output frequency at 5V (10V, 20mA) and makes input and output proportional. Use <i>Pr. 73</i> to switch from among input 0 to 5VDC (initial setting), 0 to 10VDC, and 0 to 20mA. Set the voltage/current input switch in the ON position to select current input (0 to 20mA).·1  | Voltage input: Input resistance $10k\Omega \pm 1k\Omega$ Maximum permissible voltage $20VDC$ Current input: Input resistance $245\Omega \pm 5\Omega$ Maximum permissible | 59, 67           |
| Frequency setting | 4                  | Frequency<br>setting<br>(current) | Inputting 4 to 20mADC (or 0 to 5V, 0 to 10V) provides the maximum output frequency at 20mA (5V, 10V) makes input and output proportional. This input signal is valid only when the AU signal is ON (terminal 2 input is invalid). Use <i>Pr. 267</i> to switch from among input 4 to 20mA (initial setting), 0 to 5VDC, and 0 to 10VDC. Set the voltage/current input switch in the OFF position to select voltage input (0 to 5V/0 to 10V)1  (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).) | Current 30mA  Voltage/current input switch  4 2  Switch 1  Switch 2  | 60, 69           |
|                   | 1                  | Frequency<br>setting<br>auxiliary | Inputting 0 to $\pm 5$ VDC or 0 to $\pm 10$ VDC adds this signal to terminal 2 or 4 frequency setting signal. Use $Pr.73$ to switch between the input 0 to $\pm 5$ VDC and 0 to $\pm 10$ VDC (initial setting).   | Input resistance $10k\Omega \pm 1k\Omega$ Maximum permissible voltage $\pm 20VDC$  | *2               |
|                   | 5                  | Frequency setting common          | Common terminal for frequency setting signal (terminal 2, 1 or 4) and analog output terminal AM. Do not earth (ground).   |  | _                |

<sup>\*1</sup> Set *Pr. 73*, *Pr. 267*, and a voltage/current input switch correctly, then input an analog signal in accordance with the setting.

Applying a voltage signal with voltage/current input switch ON (current input is selected) or a current signal with switch OFF (voltage input is selected) could cause component damage of the inverter or analog circuit of signal output devices.

<sup>\*2</sup> Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).



# (2) Output signals

| Type           | Terminal<br>Symbol | Terminal<br>Name                 | Description   |   | Rated Specifications   | Refer<br>to<br>Page |  |  |
|----------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|---|---|--|---------------------|--|--|
| Relay          | A1,<br>B1,<br>C1   | Relay output 1<br>(Fault output) | 1 changeover contact output indicates inverter's protective function has active output stopped. Fault: No conduction between B and C between A and C) Normal: Conduction between B and C between A and C)       | Contact capacity: 230VAC 0.3A<br>(Power factor=0.4)<br>30VDC 0.3A | *  |                     |  |  |
|                | A2,<br>B2,<br>C2   | Relay output 2                   | 1 changeover contact output   | ,   |  |                     |  |  |
|                | RUN                | Inverter running                 | Switched low when the inverter output equal to or higher than the starting frec value 0.5Hz). Switched high during sto injection brake operation.   | quency (initial   |  | *                   |  |  |
| or .           | SU                 | Up to frequency                  | Switched low when the output frequency reaches within the range of ±10% (initial value) of the set frequency. Switched high during acceleration/deceleration and at a stop.                                     |   | Permissible load 24VDC (27VDC maximum) 0.1A (A voltage drop is 3.4V maximum when the signal is   | *                   |  |  |
| Open collector | OL                 | Overload warning                 | Switched low when stall prevention is activated by the stall prevention function. Switched high when stall prevention is cancelled.   | Alarm code (4bit) output  | ON.)  Low is when the open collector output transistor is ON   | *                   |  |  |
| Q              | IPF                | Instantaneous power failure      | Switched low when an instantaneous power failure and under voltage protections are activated.   |   | (conducts). High is when the transistor is OFF (does not conduct).   | *                   |  |  |
|                | FU                 | Frequency detection              | Switched low when the inverter output frequency is equal to or higher than the preset detected frequency and high when less than the preset detected frequency.   |   |  | *                   |  |  |
|                | SE                 | Open collector output common     | Common terminal for terminals RUN, S  | SU, OL, IPF, FU   |  | _                   |  |  |
| Pulse          | FM                 | For meter                        | Select one e.g. output frequency from monitor items. (Not output during inverter reset.) The output signal is proportional to the magnitude of the corresponding monitoring item. To set a full-scale value for | Output item:<br>Output<br>frequency<br>(initial setting)          | Permissible load current 2mA<br>1440 pulse/s at 60Hz (general-<br>purpose motor control)<br>1440 pulse/s at 90Hz (IPM motor<br>control with 30K or lower)<br>1440 pulse/s at 120Hz (IPM<br>motor control with 37K or higher) | *                   |  |  |
| Analog         | АМ                 | Analog signal output             | monitoring the output frequency and the output current, set <i>Pr.56</i> and <i>Pr.158</i> .  | Output item: Output frequency (initial setting)                   | Output signal 0 to 10VDC Permissible load current 1mA (load impedance 10kΩ or more) Resolution 8 bit   | *                   |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).

## (3) Communication

| Type | _        | erminal<br>Symbol | Terminal<br>Name      | Description   |    |  |  |
|------|----------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|----|--|--|
| 10   |          | _                 | PU<br>connector       | With the PU connector, communication can be established through RS-485. (for connection on a 1:1 basis only) Conforming standard : EIA-485 (RS-485) Transmission format : Multidrop link Communication speed : 4800 to 38400bps Overall length : 500m | 26 |  |  |
| -485 | <u>s</u> | TXD+              | Inverter              |   |    |  |  |
| RS   | rminals  | TXD-              | transmission terminal | With the RS-485 terminals, communication can be established through RS-485.  Conforming standard : EIA-485 (RS-485)   |    |  |  |
|      | ţ        | RXD+              | Inverter              | Transmission format : Multidrop`link  | 27 |  |  |
|      | RS-485   | RXD-              | reception<br>terminal | Communication speed : 300 to 38400bps Overall length : 500m   |    |  |  |
|      | ď        | SG                | Earth (Ground)        |   |    |  |  |

#### 2.4.6 Changing the control logic

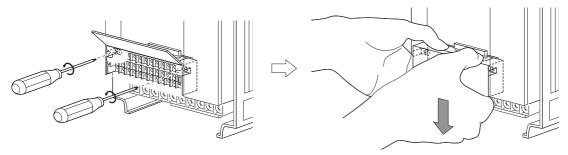
The input signals are set to sink logic (SINK) when shipped from the factory.

To change the control logic, the jumper connector on the back of the control circuit terminal block must be moved to the other position.

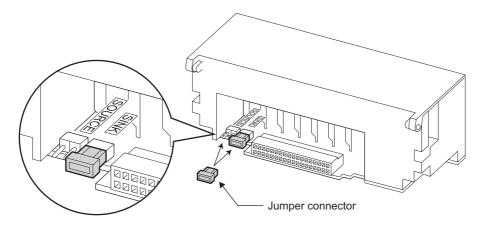
(The output signals may be used in either the sink or source logic independently of the jumper connector position.)

1)Loosen the two installation screws in both ends of the control circuit terminal block. (These screws cannot be removed.)

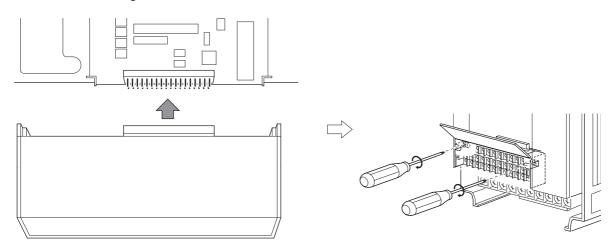
Pull down the terminal block from behind the control circuit terminals.



2) Change the jumper connector set to the sink logic (SINK) on the rear panel of the control circuit terminal block to source logic (SOURCE).



3) Using care not to bend the pins of the inverter's control circuit connector, reinstall the control circuit terminal block and fix it with the mounting screws.



#### CAUTION

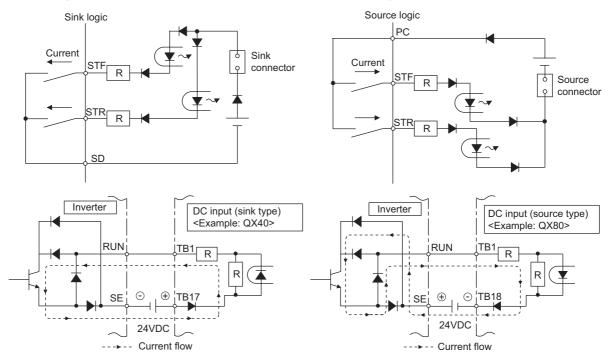
- 1. Make sure that the control circuit connector is fitted correctly.
- 2. While power is on, never disconnect the control circuit terminal block.

#### 4) Sink logic and source logic

- In sink logic, a signal switches ON when a current flows from the corresponding signal input terminal.

  Terminal SD is common to the contact input signals. Terminal SE is common to the open collector output signals.
- In source logic, a signal switches ON when a current flows into the corresponding signal input terminal.

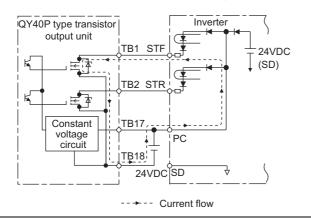
  Terminal PC is common to the contact input signals. Terminal SE is common to the open collector output signals.
  - Current flow concerning the input/output signal when sink logic is selected
- Current flow concerning the input/output signal when source logic is selected



· When using an external power supply for transistor output

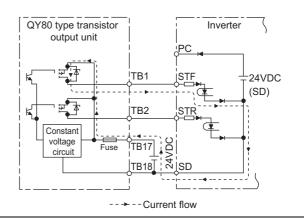
#### · Sink logic type

Use terminal PC as a common terminal, and perform wiring as shown below. (Do not connect terminal SD of the inverter with terminal 0V of the external power supply. When using terminals PC and SD as a 24VDC power supply, do not install a power supply in parallel in the outside of the inverter. Doing so may cause a malfunction due to undesirable current.)



#### · Source logic type

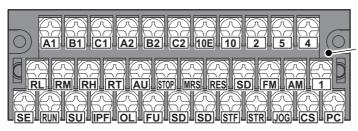
Use terminal SD as a common terminal, and perform wiring as shown below. (Do not connect terminal PC of the inverter with terminal +24V of the external power supply. When using terminals PC and SD as a 24VDC power supply, do not install an external power supply in parallel with the inverter. Doing so may cause a malfunction in the inverter due to undesirable currents.)



#### 2.4.7 Wiring of control circuit

#### (1) Control circuit terminal layout





#### Control circuit terminal

Terminal screw size: M3.5 Tightening torque: 1.2N·m

#### (2) Common terminals of the control circuit (SD 5, SE)

Terminals SD, 5, and SE are all common terminals (0V) for I/O signals and are isolated from each other. Do not earth(ground) these terminals.

Avoid connecting the terminal SD and 5 and the terminal SE and 5.

Terminal SD is a common terminal for the contact input terminals (STF, STR, STOP, RH, RM, RL, JOG, RT, MRS, RES, AU, CS) and frequency output signal (FM).

The open collector circuit is isolated from the internal control circuit by photocoupler.

Terminal 5 is a common terminal for frequency setting signal (terminal 2, 1 or 4) and analog output terminal AM.

It should be protected from external noise using a shielded or twisted cable.

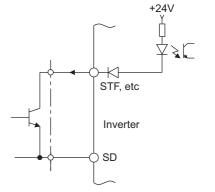
Terminal SE is a common terminal for the open collector output terminal (RUN, SU, OL, IPF, FU).

The contact input circuit is isolated from the internal control circuit by photocoupler.

#### (3) Signal inputs by contactless switches

The contacted input terminals of the inverter (STF, STR, STOP, RH, RM, RL, JOG, RT, MRS, RES, AU, CS) can be controlled using a transistor instead of a contacted switch as shown on the right.

#### External signal input using transistor



#### (4) Wiring instructions

- 1) It is recommended to use the cables of 0.75mm<sup>2</sup> gauge for connection to the control circuit terminals. If the cable gauge used is 1.25mm<sup>2</sup> or more, the front cover may be lifted when there are many cables running or the cables are run improperly, resulting in an operation panel contact fault.
- 2) The maximum wiring length should be 30m (200m for terminal FM).
- 3) Use two or more parallel micro-signal contacts or twin contacts to prevent a contact faults when using contact inputs since the control circuit input signals are micro-currents.





Micro signal contacts

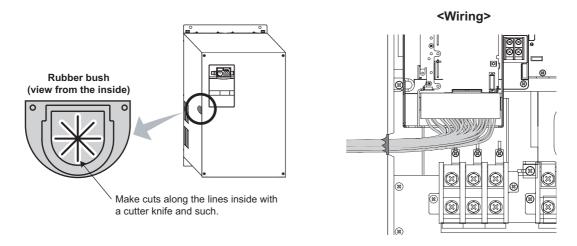
Twin contacts

- 4) Use shielded or twisted cables for connection to the control circuit terminals and run them away from the main and power circuits (including the 200V relay sequence circuit).
- 5) Do not apply a voltage to the contact input terminals (e.g. STF) of the control circuit.
- Always apply a voltage to the fault output terminals (A, B, C) via a relay coil, lamp, etc.

Wiring

#### Wiring of the control circuit of the 75K or higher

For wiring of the control circuit of the 75K or higher, separate away from wiring of the main circuit. Make cuts in rubber bush of the inverter side and lead wires.

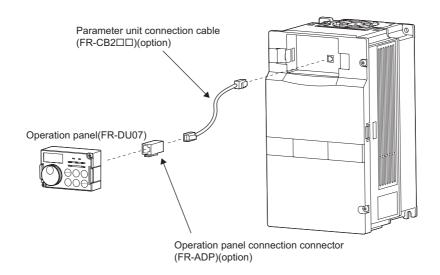


#### 2.4.8 Mounting the operation panel (FR-DU07) on the enclosure surface

Having an operation panel on the enclosure surface is convenient. With a connection cable, you can mount the operation panel (FR-DU07) to the enclosure surface, and connect it to the inverter.

Use the option FR-CB2DD, or the following connector and cable available on the market.

Securely insert one end of connection cable into the PU connector of the inverter and the other end into the connection connector of the operation panel (FR-DU07) along the guides until the stoppers are fixed.



#### CAUTION

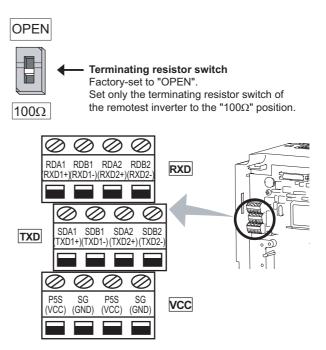
Do not connect the cable to a LAN port of a personal computer, to a fax modem socket, or to a telephone connector. Doing so may damage the inverter and the connected device due to the differences in the electric specifications.

#### **REMARKS**

- · Refer to page 6 for removal method of the operation panel.
- · When using a commercially available connector and cable as a parameter unit connection cable, refer to Chapter 2 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).
- The inverter can be connected to the computer and FR-PU04/FR-PU07.

#### 2.4.9 RS-485 terminal block

- · Conforming standard: EIA-485(RS-485)
- · Transmission format: Multidrop link
- · Communication speed: MAX 38400bps
- · Overall length: 500m
- Connection cable:Twisted pair cable (4 pairs)



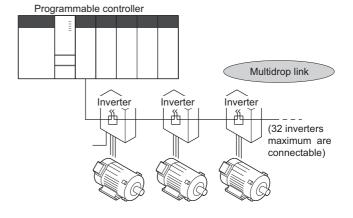
#### 2.4.10 Communication operation

Using the PU connector or RS-485 terminal, you can perform communication operation from a personal computer etc. When the PU connector is connected with a personal, FA or other computer by a communication cable, a user program can run and monitor the inverter or read and write to parameters.

For the Mitsubishi inverter protocol (computer link operation), communication can be performed with the PU connector and RS-485 terminal.

For the Modbus-RTU protocol, communication can be performed with the RS-485 terminal.

For further details, refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).





#### 2.5 Connection of stand-alone option units

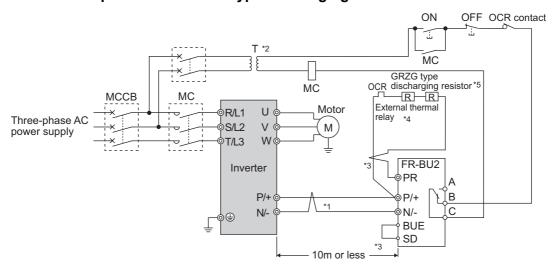
The inverter accepts a variety of stand-alone option units as required.

Incorrect connection will cause inverter damage or accident. Connect and operate the option unit carefully in accordance with the corresponding option unit manual.

#### 2.5.1 Connection of the brake unit (FR-BU2)

Connect the brake unit (FR-BU2) as shown below to improve the braking capability at deceleration.

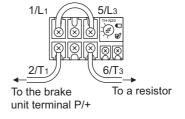
#### (1) Connection example with the GRZG type discharging resistor



- \*1 Connect the inverter terminals (P/+, N/-) and brake unit (FR-BU2) terminals so that their terminal names match with each other. (Incorrect connection will damage the inverter and brake unit.)
- \*2 When the power supply is 400V class, install a step-down transformer.
- \*3 Keep a wiring distance of within 5m between the inverter, brake unit (FR-BU2) and discharging resistor. Even when the wiring is twisted, the cable length must not exceed 10m. When twisting, twist at least 5 times per meter. The brake unit may be damaged if cables are not twisted when the wiring length is 5m or more or the wiring length exceeds 10m or more even if cables are twisted.
- \*4 It is recommended to install an external thermal relay to prevent overheat of discharging resistors.
- \*5 Refer to FR-BU2 manual for connection method of discharging resistor.

#### <Recommended external thermal relay>

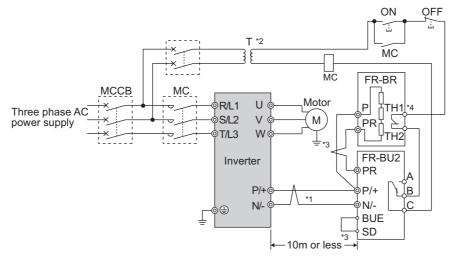
| Brake Unit   | Discharging Resistor                   | Recommended External Thermal Relay |
|--------------|--|------------------------------------|
| FR-BU2-1.5K  | GZG 300W-50Ω (one)                     | TH-N20CXHZ 1.3A                    |
| FR-BU2-3.7K  | GRZG 200-10 $\Omega$ (three in series) | TH-N20CXHZ 3.6A                    |
| FR-BU2-7.5K  | GRZG 300-5 $\Omega$ (four in series)   | TH-N20CXHZ 6.6A                    |
| FR-BU2-15K   | GRZG 400-2 $\Omega$ (six in series)    | TH-N20CXHZ 11A                     |
| FR-BU2-H7.5K | GRZG 200-10 $\Omega$ (six in series)   | TH-N20CXHZ 3.6A                    |
| FR-BU2-H15K  | GRZG 300-5 $\Omega$ (eight in series)  | TH-N20CXHZ 6.6A                    |
| FR-BU2-H30K  | GRZG 400-2 $\Omega$ (twelve in series) | TH-N20CXHZ 11A                     |



#### **CAUTION**

- · Set "1" in Pr. 0 Brake mode selection of the FR-BU2 to use GRZG type discharging resistor.
- · Do not remove a jumper across terminal P/+ and P1 except when connecting a DC reactor.

#### (2) FR-BR-(H) connection example with resistor unit



- \*1 Connect the inverter terminals (P/+, N/-) and brake unit (FR-BU2) terminals so that their terminal names match with each other. (Incorrect connection will damage the inverter and brake unit.)
- \*2 When the power supply is 400V class, install a step-down transformer.
- \*3 The wiring distance between the inverter, brake unit (FR-BU) and resistor unit (FR-BR) should be within 5m. Even when the wiring is twisted, the cable length must not exceed 10m.
- \*4 The contact between TH1 and TH2 is closed in the normal status and is open at a fault.

#### CAUTION =

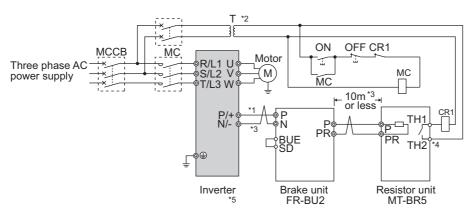
· Do not remove a jumper across terminal P/+ and P1 except when connecting a DC reactor.

#### (3) Connection example with MT-BR5 type resistor unit

After making sure that the wiring is correct, set the following parameters:

- *Pr. 30 Regenerative function selection* = "1"
- Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty = "0 (initial value)"

Set Pr. 0 Brake mode selection = "2" in the brake unit FR-BU2.



- \*1 Connect the inverter terminals (P/+, N/-) and brake unit (FR-BU2) terminals so that their terminal names match with each other. (Incorrect connection will damage the inverter and brake unit.)
- \*2 When the power supply is 400V class, install a step-down transformer.
- \*3 The wiring distance between the inverter, brake unit (FR-BU2) and resistor unit (MT-BR5) should be within 5m. If twisted wires are used, the distance should be within 10m.
- \*4 The contact between TH1 and TH2 is open in the normal status and is closed at a fault.
- \*5 CN8 connector used with the MT-BU5 type brake unit is not used.

#### = CAUTION =

• The stall prevention (overvoltage), oL, does not occur while *Pr. 30 Regenerative function selection* = "1" and *Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty* = "0% (initial setting)."

#### ◆ Parameters referred to ◆

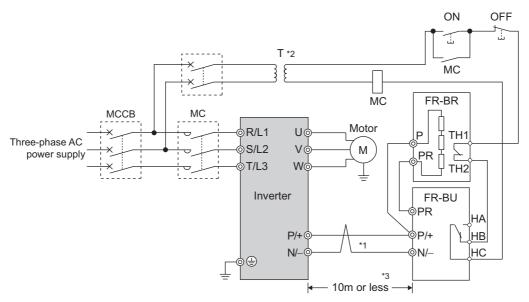
Pr.30 Regenerative function selection Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)
Pr.70 Special regenerative brake duty Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)



## 2.5.2 Connection of the brake unit (FR-BU/MT-BU5)

When connecting the brake unit (FR-BU(H)/MT-BU5) to improve the brake capability at deceleration, make connection as shown below.

(1) Connection with the FR-BU (55K or lower)



- \*1 Connect the inverter terminals (P/+, N/-) and brake unit (FR-BU (H)) terminals so that their terminal signals match with each other. (Incorrect connection will damage the inverter.)
- \*2 When the power supply is 400V class, install a step-down transformer.
- \*3 The wiring distance between the inverter, brake unit (FR-BU) and resistor unit (FR-BR) should be within 5m. If twisted wires are used, the distance should be within 10m.

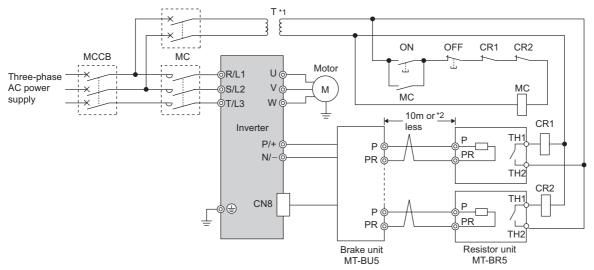
#### CAUTION

- · If the transistors in the brake unit should become faulty, the resistor can be unusually hot, causing a fire. Therefore, install a magnetic contactor on the inverter's input side to configure a circuit so that a current is shut off in case of fault.
- Do not remove a jumper across terminal P/+ and P1 except when connecting a DC reactor.

#### (2) Connection with the MT-BU5 (75K or higher)

After making sure that the wiring is correct, set the following parameters:

- · Pr. 30 Regenerative function selection = "1"
- Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty = "10%"



- \*1 When the power supply is 400V class, install a step-down transformer.
- The wiring length between the resistor unit and brake resistor should be 10m maximum when wires are twisted and 5m maximum when wires are not twisted.

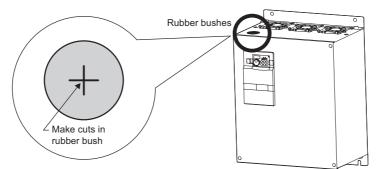
#### CAUTION

- · Install the brake unit in a place where a cooling air reaches the brake unit heatsink and within a distance of the cable supplied with the brake unit reaches the inverter.
- For wiring of the brake unit and inverter, use an accessory cable supplied with the brake unit. Connect the main circuit cable to the inverter terminals P/+ and N/- and connect the control circuit cable to the CN8 connector inside by making cuts in the rubber bush at the top of the inverter for leading the cable.
- The brake unit which uses multiple resistor units has terminals equal to the number of resistor units. Connect one resistor unit to one pair of terminal (P, PR).

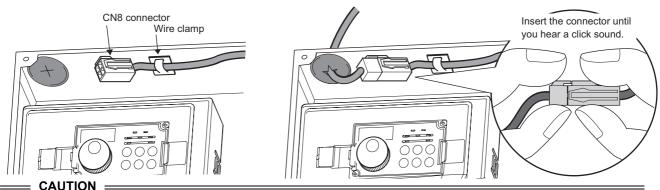
#### <Inserting the CN8 connector>

Make cuts in rubber bush of the upper portion of the inverter and lead a cable.

1) Make cuts in the rubber bush for leading the CN8 connector cable with a nipper or cutter knife.



2) Insert a connector on the MT-BU5 side through a rubber bush to connect to a connector on the inverter side.



Clamp the CN8 connector cable on the inverter side with a wire clamp securely.

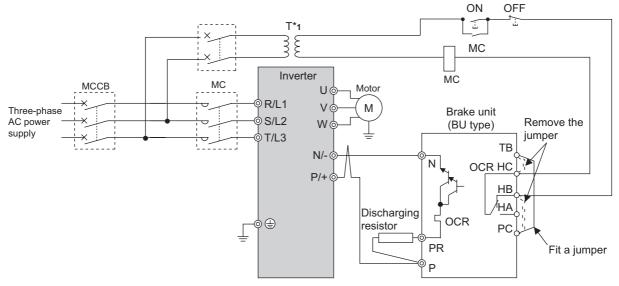
#### ◆ Parameters referred to ◆

Pr.30 Regenerative function selection Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)
Pr.70 Special regenerative brake duty Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)



#### 2.5.3 Connection of the brake unit (BU type)

Connect the brake unit (BU type) correctly as shown below. Incorrect connection will damage the inverter. Remove the jumper across terminals HB and PC and terminals TB and HC of the brake unit and fit it to across terminals PC and TB.



When the power supply is 400V class, install a step-down transformer.

#### = CAUTION

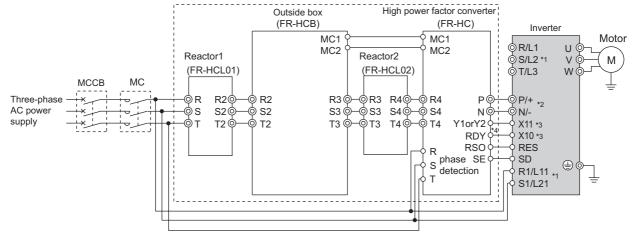
- The wiring distance between the inverter, brake unit and discharging resistor should be within 2m. If twisted wires are used, the distance should be within 5m.
- If the transistors in the brake unit should become faulty, the resistor can be unusually hot, causing a fire. Therefore, install a magnetic contactor on the inverter's power supply side to shut off a current in case of fault. Do not remove a jumper across terminal P/+ and P1 except when connecting a DC reactor.

#### 2.5.4 Connection of the high power factor converter (FR-HC/MT-HC)

When connecting the high power factor converter (FR-HC/MT-HC) to suppress power harmonics, perform wiring securely as shown below. Incorrect connection will damage the high power factor converter and inverter.

After making sure that the wiring is correct, set "2" in Pr. 30 Regenerative function selection. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

(1) Connection with the FR-HC (55K or lower)

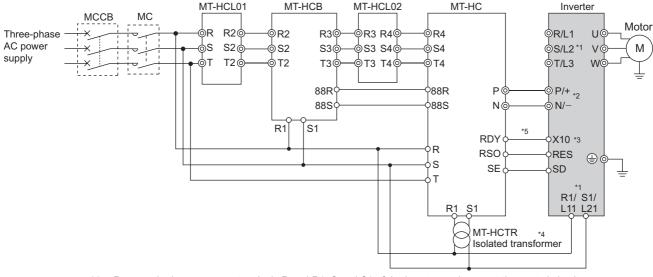


- Remove the jumpers across the inverter terminals R/L1 and R1/L11 and terminals S/L2 and S1/L21, and connect the control circuit power supply to the R1/L11 and S1/L21 terminals. Do not connect anything to the power input terminals R/L1, S/L2, and T/L3. Incorrect connection will damage the inverter. (E.OPT (option fault) will occur. (Refer to page 127.))
- Do not insert the MCCB between terminals P/+ and N/- (P/+ and P/+, N/- and N/-). Opposite polarity of terminals N/-, P/+ will damage the inverter.
- Use Pr. 178 to Pr. 189 (input terminal function selection) to assign the terminals used for the X10 (X11) signal. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)
  - For communication where the start command is sent only once, e.g. RS-485 communication operation, use the X11 signal when making setting to hold the mode at occurrence of an instantaneous power failure. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)
- Be sure to connect terminal RDY of the FR-HC to the X10 signal or MRS signal assigned terminal of the inverter, and connect terminal SE of the FR-HC to terminal SD of the inverter. Without proper connecting, FR-HC will be damaged.

#### CAUTION

- The voltage phases of terminals R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 and terminals R4, S4, T4 must be matched.
- Use sink logic (initial setting) when the FR-HC is connected. The FR-HC cannot be connected when source logic is selected.
- Do not connect a DC reactor to the inverter when FR-HC is connected.
- Do not remove a jumper across terminal P/+ and P1

## (2) Connection with the MT-HC (75K or higher)



- \*1 Remove the jumper across terminals R and R1, S and S1 of the inverter, and connect the control circuit power supply to the R1 and S1 terminals. Do not connect anything to the power input terminals R/L1, S/L2, and T/L3. Incorrect connection will damage the inverter. (E.OPT (option fault) will occur. (*Refer to page 127*.)
- \*2 Do not insert the MCCB between terminals P/+ and N/- (P/+ and P/+, N/- and N/-). Opposite polarity of terminals N, P will damage the inverter.
- \*3 Use *Pr. 178 to Pr. 189 (input terminal function selection)* to assign the terminals used for the X10 (X11) signal. (*Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).*) For communication where the start command is sent only once, e.g. RS-485 communication operation, use the X11 signal when making setting to hold the mode at occurrence of an instantaneous power failure. (*Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).*)
- \*4 Connect the power supply to terminals R1 and S1 of the MT-HC via an isolated transformer.
- \*5 Be sure to connect terminal RDY of the MT-HC to the X10 signal or MRS signal assigned terminal of the inverter, and connect terminal SE of the MT-HC to terminal SD of the inverter. Without proper connecting, MT-HC will be damaged.

#### = CAUTION =

- The voltage phases of terminals R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 and terminals R4, S4, T4 must be matched.
- Use sink logic (initial setting) when the MT-HC is connected. The MT-HC cannot be connected when source logic is selected.
- When connecting the inverter to the MT-HC, do not connect the DC reactor provided to the inverter.

#### ♦ Parameters referred to ♦

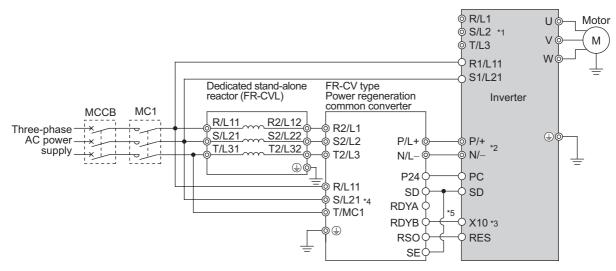
Pr.30 Regenerative function selection Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)



## 2.5.5 Connection of the power regeneration common converter (FR-CV) (55K or lower)

When connecting the power regeneration common converter (FR-CV), make connection so that the inverter terminals (P/+, N/-) and the terminal symbols of the power regeneration common converter (FR-CV) are the same.

After making sure that the wiring is correct, set "2" in *Pr. 30 Regenerative function selection. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)* 



- \*1 Remove the jumpers across terminals R/L1 and R1/L11 and terminals S/L2 and S1/L21 of the inverter, and connect the control circuit power supply across terminals R1/L11 and S1/L21. Do not connect anything to the power input terminals R/L1, S/L2, T/L3. Incorrect connection will damage the inverter. (E.OPT (option fault) will occur. (*Refer to page 127.*))
- \*2 Do not insert the MCCB between the terminals P/+ and N/- (between P/L+ and P/+, between N/L- and N/-). Opposite polarity of terminals N/-, P/+ will damage the inverter.
- \*3 Assign the terminal for X10 signal using any of Pr. 178 to Pr. 189 (input terminal function selection). (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)
- \*4 Be sure to connect the power supply and terminals R/L11, S/L21, T/MC1.

  Operating the inverter without connecting them will damage the power regeneration common converter.
- \*5 Be sure to connect terminal RDYB of the FR-CV to the X10 signal or MRS signal assigned terminal of the inverter, and connect terminal SE of the FR-CV to terminal SD of the inverter. Without proper connecting, FR-CV will be damaged.

#### CAUTION

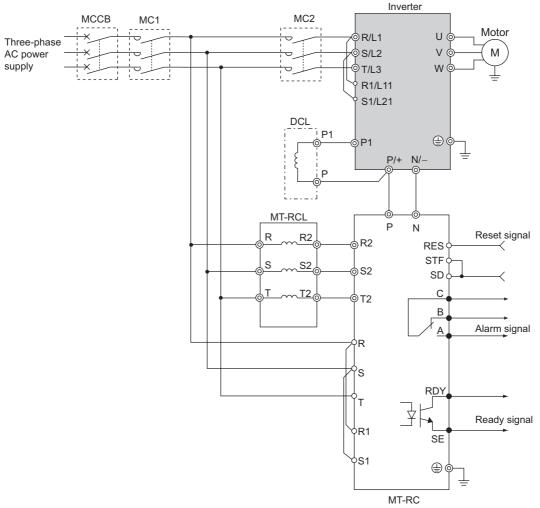
- · The voltage phases of terminals R/L11, S/L21, T/MC1 and terminals R2/L1, S2/L2, T2/L3 must be matched.
- Use sink logic (initial setting) when the FR-CV is connected. The FR-CV cannot be connected when source logic is selected
- · Do not connect a DC reactor to the inverter when FR-CV is connected.
- · Do not remove a jumper across terminal P/+ and P1

#### ♦ Parameters referred to ♦

Pr.30 Regenerative function selection Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)

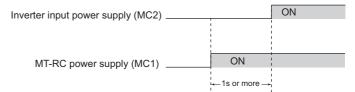
## 2.5.6 Connection of the power regeneration converter (MT-RC) (75K or higher)

When connecting a power regeneration converter (MT-RC), perform wiring securely as shown below. Incorrect connection will damage the regeneration converter and inverter. After connecting securely, set "1" in *Pr. 30 Regenerative function selection* and "0" in *Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty*.



## = CAUTION =

- When using the FR-F700P series together with the MT-RC, install a magnetic contactor (MC) at the input side of the inverter so that power is supplied to the inverter after 1s or more has elapsed after powering ON the MT-RC. When power is supplied to the inverter prior to the MT-RC, the inverter and the MT-RC may be damaged or the MCCB may trip or be damaged.
- Refer to the MT-RC manual for precautions for connecting the power coordination reactor and others.



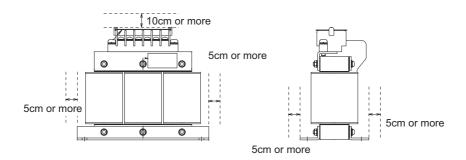
#### ◆ Parameters referred to ◆

Pr.30 Regenerative function selection Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)
Pr.70 Special regenerative brake duty Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)



## 2.5.7 Connection of the power factor improving DC reactor (FR-HEL)

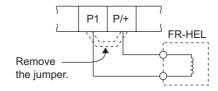
(1) Keep the surrounding air temperature within the permissible range (-10°C to +50°C). Keep enough clearance around the reactor because it heats up. (Take 10cm or more clearance on top and bottom and 5cm or more on left and right regardless of the installation direction.)



(2) When using the DC reactor (FR-HEL), connect it between terminals P1 and P/+.

For the 55K or lower, the jumper connected across terminals P1 and P/+ must be removed. Otherwise, the reactor will not exhibit its performance.

For the 75K or higher, a DC reactor is supplied. Always install the reactor.



#### = CAUTION =

- The wiring distance should be within 5m.
- · The size of the cables used should be equal to or larger than that of the power supply cables (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3).(Refer to page 15)

## 2.6 Power-OFF and magnetic contactor (MC)

## (1) Inverter input side magnetic contactor (MC)

On the inverter input side, it is recommended to provide an MC for the following purposes.

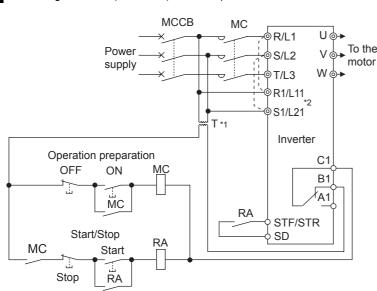
( Refer to page 4 for selection.)

- 1) To release the inverter from the power supply when the fault occurs or when the drive is not functioning (e.g. emergency stop operation).
- 2) To prevent any accident due to an automatic restart at restoration of power after an inverter stop made by a power failure
- 3) To separate the inverter from the power supply to ensure safe maintenance and inspection work

  The inverter's input side MC is used for the above purpose, select class JEM1038-AC3MC for the inverter input side current when making an emergency stop during normal operation.

#### **REMARKS**

Since repeated inrush current at power ON will shorten the life of the converter circuit (switching life is 100 million times (about 500,000 times for the 200V class 37K or higher)), frequent starts/stops must be avoided. Turn ON/OFF the inverter start controlling terminals (STF, STR) to run/stop the inverter.



#### Inverter start/stop circuit example

As shown on the left, always use the start signal To the (ON or OFF of STF (STR) signal) to make a start or stop.

- \*1 When the power supply is 400V class, install a stepdown transformer.
- \*2 Connect the power supply terminals R1/L11, S1/L21 of the control circuit to the primary side of the MC to hold an alarm signal when the inverter's protective circuit is activated. At this time, remove jumpers across terminals R/L1 and R1/L11, and S/L2 and S1/L21. (Refer to page 18 for removal of the jumper.)

#### (2) Handling of the inverter output side magnetic contactor

Switch the magnetic contactor between the inverter and general-purpose motor only when both the inverter and motor are at a stop. When the magnetic contactor is turned ON while the inverter is operating, overcurrent protection of the inverter and such will activate. When using a magnetic contactor to switch to a commercial power supply while using a general-purpose motor, it is recommended to use the bypass operation *Pr. 135 to Pr. 139. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied))*.

#### = CAUTION =

IPM motor is a synchronous motor with high-performance magnets embedded in the rotor. Motor terminals hold high-voltage while the motor is running even after the inverter power is turned OFF. Before wiring or inspection, the motor must be confirmed to be stopped. When the motor is driven by the load in applications such as fan and blower, a low-voltage manual contactor must be connected at the inverter's output side, and wiring and inspection must be performed while the contactor is open. Otherwise you may get an electric shock.



## 2.7 Precautions for use of the inverter

The FR-F700P series is a highly reliable product, but incorrect peripheral circuit making or operation/handling method may shorten the product life or damage the product.

Before starting operation, always recheck the following items.

- (1) Use crimping terminals with insulation sleeve to wire the power supply and motor.
- (2) Application of power to the output terminals (U, V, W) of the inverter will damage the inverter. Never perform such wiring.
- (3) After wiring, wire offcuts must not be left in the inverter.

Wire offcuts can cause an alarm, failure or malfunction. Always keep the inverter clean. When drilling mounting holes in an enclosure etc., take care not to allow chips and other foreign matter to enter the inverter.

(4) Use cables of the size to make a voltage drop 2% or less.

If the wiring distance is long between the inverter and motor, a main circuit cable voltage drop will cause the motor torque to decrease especially at the output of a low frequency.

Refer to page 15 for the recommended cable sizes.

(5) When using a general-purpose motor, the overall wiring length should be 500m or less.

When using an IPM motor, the overall wiring length should be 100m or less.

Especially for long distance wiring, the fast-response current limit function may decrease or the equipment connected to the output side may malfunction or become faulty under the influence of a charging current due to the stray capacity of the wiring. Therefore, note the overall wiring length. (*Refer to page 17*)

(6) Electromagnetic wave interference

The input/output (main circuit) of the inverter includes high frequency components, which may interfere with the communication devices (such as AM radios) used near the inverter. In this case, set the EMC filter valid to minimize interference. (Refer to page 10)

(7) Do not install a power factor correction capacitor, surge suppressor or capacitor type filter on the inverter output side.

This will cause the inverter to trip or the capacitor and surge suppressor to be damaged. If any of the above devices is installed, immediately remove it.

(8) For some short time after the power is switched OFF, a high voltage remains in the smoothing capacitor.

When accessing the inverter for inspection, wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched OFF, and then make sure that the voltage across the main circuit terminals P/+ and N/- of the inverter is not more than 30VDC using a tester, etc.

- (9) A short circuit or earth (ground) fault on the inverter output side may damage the inverter modules.
  - Fully check the insulation resistance of the circuit prior to inverter operation since repeated short circuits caused by peripheral circuit inadequacy or an earth (ground) fault caused by wiring inadequacy or reduced motor insulation resistance may damage the inverter modules.
  - Fully check the to-earth (ground) insulation and phase to phase insulation of the inverter output side before power-ON. Especially for an old motor or use in hostile atmosphere, securely check the motor insulation resistance etc.
- (10) Do not use the inverter input side magnetic contactor to start/stop the inverter.

Since repeated inrush currents at power ON will shorten the life of the converter circuit (switching life is about 1,000,000 times), frequent starts and stops of the MC must be avoided.

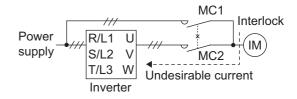
Always use the start signal (ON/OFF of STF and STR signals) to start/stop the inverter. (Refer to page 9)

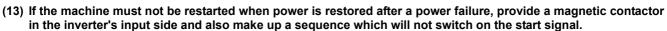
(11) Do not apply a voltage higher than the permissible voltage to the inverter I/O signal circuits.

Application of a voltage higher than the permissible voltage to the inverter I/O signal circuits or opposite polarity may damage the I/O devices. Especially check the wiring to prevent the speed setting potentiometer from being connected incorrectly to short terminals 10E and 5.

(12) When driving a general-purpose motor, provide electrical and mechanical interlocks for MC1 and MC2 which are used for bypass operation.

When the wiring is incorrect or if there is an electronic bypass circuit as shown on the right, the inverter will be damaged when the power supply is connected to the inverter U, V, W terminals due to arcs generated at the time of switch-over or chattering caused by a sequence error.





If the start signal (start switch) remains on after a power failure, the inverter will automatically restart as soon as the power is restored.

#### (14) Inverter input side magnetic contactor (MC)

On the inverter input side, connect a MC for the following purposes. (Refer to page 4 for selection.)

- 1)To release the inverter from the power supply when a fault occurs or when the drive is not functioning (e.g. emergency stop operation). For example, MC avoids overheat or burnout of the brake resistor when heat capacity of the resistor is insufficient or brake regenerative transistor is damaged with short while connecting an optional brake resistor.
- 2)To prevent any accident due to an automatic restart at restoration of power after an inverter stop made by a power failure
- 3)To separate the inverter from the power supply to ensure safe maintenance and inspection work.

  The inverter's input side MC is used for the above purpose, select class JEM1038-AC3 MC for the inverter input side current when making an emergency stop during normal operation.

#### (15) Handling of inverter output side magnetic contactor

Switch the magnetic contactor between the inverter and motor only when both the inverter and motor are at a stop. When the magnetic contactor is turned ON while the inverter is operating, overcurrent protection of the inverter and such will activate. When MC is provided for switching to the commercial power supply, for example, switch it ON/OFF after the inverter and motor have stopped.

IPM motor is a synchronous motor with high-performance magnets embedded in the rotor. Motor terminals hold high-voltage while the motor is running even after the inverter power is turned OFF. Before wiring or inspection, the motor must be confirmed to be stopped. When the motor is driven by the load in applications such as fan and blower, a low-voltage manual contactor must be connected at the inverter's output side, and wiring and inspection must be performed while the contactor is open. Otherwise you may get an electric shock.

#### (16) Countermeasures against inverter-generated EMI

If electromagnetic noise generated from the inverter causes frequency setting signal to fluctuate and motor rotation speed to be unstable when changing motor speed with analog signal, the following countermeasures are effective.

- Do not run the signal cables and power cables (inverter I/O cables) in parallel with each other and do not bundle them.
- Run signal cables as far away as possible from power cables (inverter I/O cables).
- Use shield cables as signal cables.
- Install a ferrite core on the signal cable (Example: ZCAT3035-1330 TDK).

## (17) Instructions for overload operation

When performing an operation of frequent start/stop of the inverter, increase/decrease in the temperature of the transistor element of the inverter may repeat due to a continuous flow of large current, shortening the life from thermal fatigue. Since thermal fatigue is related to the amount of current, the life can be increased by reducing bound current, starting current, etc. Decreasing current may increase the life. However, decreasing current will result in insufficient torque and the motor may not start. A counter action for this is to raise the permissible current level by increasing the inverter capacity (up to 2 ranks) when using a general-purpose motor, and by increasing the inverter and IPM motor capacities when using an IPM motor.

(18) Make sure that the specifications and rating match the system requirements.



## 2.8 Failsafe of the system which uses the inverter

When a fault occurs, the inverter trips to output a fault signal. However, a fault output signal may not be output at an inverter fault occurrence when the detection circuit or output circuit fails, etc. Although Mitsubishi assures best quality products, provide an interlock which uses inverter status output signals to prevent accidents such as damage to machine when the inverter fails for some reason and at the same time consider the system configuration where failsafe from outside the inverter, without using the inverter, is enabled even if the inverter fails.

# Interlock method which uses the inverter status output signals By combining the inverter status output signals to provide an interlock as shown below, an inverter alarm can be detected.

| No. | Interlock Method                       | Check Method   | Used Signals  | Refer to Page  |
|-----|--|--|---|--|
| 1)  | Inverter protective function operation | Operation check of an alarm contact<br>Circuit error detection by negative logic | Fault output signal<br>ALM signal   | Refer to Chapter 4<br>of the Instruction<br>Manual (Applied) |
| 2)  | Inverter running status                | Operation ready signal checks  | Operation ready signal (RY signal)  | Refer to Chapter 4<br>of the Instruction<br>Manual (Applied) |
| 3)  | Inverter running status                | Logic check of the start signal and running signal                               | Start signal<br>(STF signal, STR signal)<br>Running signal (RUN signal)                   | Refer to Chapter 4<br>of the Instruction<br>Manual (Applied) |
| 4)  | Inverter running status                | Logic check of the start signal and output current                               | Start signal<br>(STF signal, STR signal)<br>Output current detection signal<br>Y12 signal | Refer to Chapter 4<br>of the Instruction<br>Manual (Applied) |

#### (2) Backup method outside the inverter

Even if the interlock is provided by the inverter status signal, enough failsafe is not ensured depending on the failure status of the inverter itself. For example, when the inverter CPU fails, even if the interlock is provided using the inverter fault signal, start signal and RUN signal, there is a case where a fault signal is not output and RUN signal is kept output even if an inverter fault occurs.

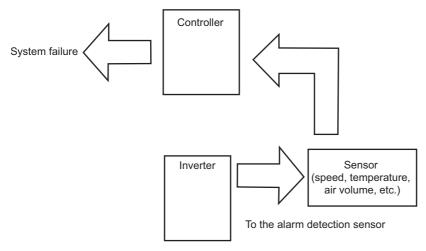
Provide a speed detector to detect the motor speed and current detector to detect the motor current and consider the backup system such as checking up as below according to the level of importance of the system.

#### 1) Start signal and actual operation check

Check the motor running and motor current while the start signal is input to the inverter by comparing the start signal to the inverter and detected speed of the speed detector or detected current of the current detector. Note that the motor current runs as the motor is running for the period until the motor stops since the inverter starts decelerating even if the start signal turns off. For the logic check, configure a sequence considering the inverter deceleration time. In addition, it is recommended to check the three-phase current when using the current detector.

### 2) Command speed and actual operation check

Check if there is no gap between the actual speed and commanded speed by comparing the inverter speed command and detected speed of the speed detector.



## 3 DRIVING THE IPM MOTOR

Highly efficient motor control and highly accurate motor speed control can be performed by using the inverter with an IPM motor.

The motor speed is detected by the output voltage and current of the inverter. It does not require a speed detector such as an encoder. The inverter drives the IPM motor with the least required current when a load is applied in order to achieve the highest motor efficiency.

#### POINT

The following conditions must be met to perform IPM motor control.

- For the motor model, dedicated IPM motor (MM-EFS model or MM-EF model) must be used.
- The motor capacity must be equivalent to the inverter capacity. (The 0.75K inverter can be used with the 0.4kW MM-EF.)
- Single-motor operation (one motor run by one inverter) must be performed.
- The overall wiring length with the motor must be 100m or less.

## 3.1 Setting procedure of IPM motor control

This inverter is set for a general-purpose motor in the initial setting. Follow the following procedure to change the setting for the IPM motor control.

Perform IPM parameter initialization by selecting the parameter setting mode (IPM) on the operation panel.\* (Refer to page 42)

Set "1" or "12" in ! P\(\text{in}\) (IPM parameter initialization) to select IPM motor control. *Refer to page 42* for the setting method.

Setting value "1": MM-EF

Setting value "12": MM-EFS

P.RUN on the operation panel (FR-DU07) is lit when IPM motor control is set.

Set parameters such as the acceleration/deceleration time and multi-speed setting.



Set parameters such as the acceleration/deceleration time and multispeed setting as required.

Set the operation command. (Refer to page 78)



Select the start command and speed command.

## Test run

\* IPM parameter initialization is performed by setting *Pr. 998 IPM parameter initialization* or by selecting **! P** (IPM parameter initialization) on the operation panel.

To change to the IPM motor control, perform IPM parameter initialization at first. If parameter initialization is performed after setting other parameters, some of those parameters will be initialized too. (*Refer to page 43* for the parameters that are initialized.)

#### REMARKS

- "Er1" appears if IPM parameter initialization is performed while *Pr.72* = "25."
- To use a 0.4kW MM-EF, set Pr.80 Motor capacity = "0.4" before setting IPM parameter initialization.

#### CAUTION

- · For the setting range of a speed command under dedicated IPM motor (MM-EFS 1500r/min specification, MM-EF 1800r/min specification) controls, refer to the output frequency range in *Chapter 8.2 Common specifications (Refer to page 152)*.
- The selectable carrier frequencies under IPM motor control are 2k, 6k, 10k, and 14kHz.
- Constant-speed operation cannot be performed in the low-speed range lower than 150r/min (MM-EFS 1500r/min specification) or 180r/min (MM-EF 1800r/min specification). Generally, speed control can be performed in the range that satisfies the ratio, 1:10.
- During IPM motor control, the RUN signal is output about 100ms after turning ON the start command (STF, STR). The delay is due to the magnetic pole detection.
- · The following operations and controls are disabled during IPM motor control: adjustable 5 points V/F, bypass sequence, energy saving operation, Optimum excitation control, and speed smoothing.
- · The option surge voltage suppression filter (FR-ASF-H/FR-BMF-H) and sine wave filter (MT-BSL/BSC) cannot be used under IPM motor control, so do not connect them.
- When parameter copy is performed from a FR-F700P series inverter, which is set to use MM-EFS under IPM motor control, check that IPM motor control is selected on the operation panel (P.RUN is lit) after the copy. When parameters are copied to a FR-F700P series inverter, which is not compatible with MM-EFS, Simple magnetic flux vector control is selected instead of IPM motor control.



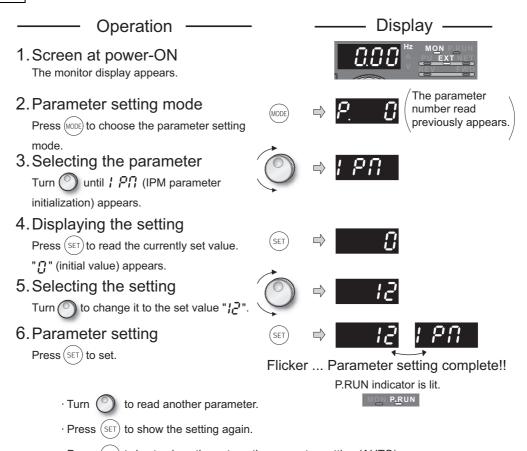
# (1) IPM motor control setting by selecting the parameter setting mode on the operation panel (1.27)

POINT

The parameters required to drive an IPM motor are automatically changed as a batch. (Refer to page 43.)

Operation example

Initialize the parameter setting for a premium high-efficiency IPM motor (MM-EFS) by selecting the parameter setting mode on the operation panel.



|         | · Press (SET) twice to show the automatic parameter setting (AUTO).             |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Setting | Description   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0       | Parameter settings for a general-purpose motor                                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1       | Parameter settings for a high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EF (rotations per minute) |  |  |  |  |  |

Parameter settings for a premium high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EFS (rotations per minute)

#### REMARKS

- · Performing IPM parameter initialization by selecting the parameter setting mode on the operation panel automatically changes the *Pr. 998 IPM parameter initialization* setting.
- The parameter initialization sets the same capacity as the inverter capacity to *Pr. 80 Motor capacity*. To use a 0.4kW MM-EF, set *Pr. 80 Motor capacity* = "0.4" before performing IPM parameter initialization by selecting the parameter setting mode on the operation panel.
- The IPM parameter setting is displayed as "1, 12" in the parameter setting mode even if Pr.998 IPM parameter initialization = "101, 112."

## (2) IPM motor control display and IPM motor control signal

P.RUN on the operation panel (FR-DU07) is lit and the IPM motor control signal (IPM) is output during IPM motor control. For the terminal to output the IPM motor control signal, assign the function by setting "57 (positive logic)" or "157 (negative logic)" to any of *Pr.190 to Pr.196 (Output terminal function selection*).

# 3.2 Initializing the parameters required to drive an IPM motor (Pr.998)

- · By performing IPM parameter initialization, IPM motor control is selected and the parameters, which are required to drive an IPM motor, are changed. Initial settings and setting ranges of the parameters are adjusted automatically to drive an IPM motor.
- · Initialization is performed by setting *Pr.998 IPM parameter initialization* or by choosing the mode on the operation panel.

| Parameter<br>Number | Name                         | Initial value | Setting range | Description  |   |  |
|---------------------|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--|---|--|
|                     |                              |               | 0             | Parameter settings for a general-<br>purpose motor (frequency)                           | Initial parameter settings required to drive a general-purpose motor are set. |  |
|                     |                              |               | 1             | Parameter settings for a high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EF (rotations per minute)          |   |  |
| 998 *               | IPM parameter initialization | •             | 12            | Parameter settings for a premium high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EFS (rotations per minute) | Initial parameter settings required to drive an IPM                           |  |
|                     |                              |               | 101           | Parameter settings for a<br>high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EF<br>(frequency)               | motor are set.  |  |
|                     |                              |               | 112           | Parameter settings for a premium high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EFS (frequency)            |   |  |

<sup>\*</sup> This parameter allows its setting to be changed in any operation mode even if "0 (initial value)" is set in Pr. 77 Parameter write selection.

## (1) IPM parameter initialization (Pr. 998)

- · To use a 0.4kW MM-EF, set Pr.~80~Motor~capacity = "0.4" before performing IPM parameter initialization. By performing IPM parameter initialization, initial settings required to drive an IPM motor can be set in parameters.
- · When Pr. 998 = "1 or 12," the monitor is displayed and the frequency is set using the motor rotations per minute. To use frequency to display or set, set Pr. 998 = "101 or 112."
- · Set Pr. 998 = "0" to change the parameter settings from the settings required to drive an IPM motor to the settings required to drive a general-purpose motor.

| Pr.998 Setting | Description  | Operation in the parameter setting mode |
|----------------|--|---|
| 0              | Parameter settings for a general-purpose motor (frequency)                               | "IPM" ⇒ Write "0"                       |
| 1              | Parameter settings for a high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EF (rotations per minute)          | "IPM" ⇒ Write "1"                       |
| 12             | Parameter settings for a premium high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EFS (rotations per minute) | "IPM" ⇒ Write "12"                      |
| 101            | Parameter settings for a high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EF (frequency)                     | Invalid                                 |
| 112            | Parameter settings for a premium high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EFS (frequency)            | Invalid                                 |

#### **REMARKS**

- · Make sure to set *Pr. 998* before setting other parameters. If the *Pr. 998* setting is changed after setting other parameters, some of those parameters will be initialized too. (Refer to "(2) IPM parameter initialization list" for the parameters that are initialized.)
- · To change back to the parameter settings required to drive a general-purpose motor, perform parameter clear or all parameter clear.
- · If the setting of *Pr. 998 IPM parameter initialization* is changed from "1, 12 (rotations per minute)" to "101, 112 (frequency)," or from "101, 112" to "1, 12," all the target parameters are initialized.

The purpose of *Pr. 998* is not to change the display units. Use *Pr. 144 Speed setting switchover* to change the display units between rotations per minute and frequency. *Pr. 144* enables switching of display units between rotations per minute and frequency without initializing the parameter settings.

Example) Changing the *Pr. 144* setting between "6" and "106" switches the display units between frequency and rotations per minute.



## (2) IPM parameter initialization list

By selecting IPM motor control from the parameter setting mode or with  $Pr.998\ IPM\ parameter\ initialization$ , the parameter settings in the following table change to the settings required to drive an IPM motor. The changed settings differ according to the IPM motor specification (capacity). Refer to the IPM motor specification list shown below. Performing parameter clear or all parameter clear sets back the parameter settings to the settings required to drive a general-purpose motor.

|              |   |                               |                              | Setting   |                                      |                    |                  |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Parameter    | Name  |                               | General-<br>purpose<br>motor | IPM motor (rotations per minute)  | IPM motor<br>(frequency)             | Setting increments |                  |
|              |   | Pr.998                        | 0<br>(Initial<br>setting)    | 1 (MM-EF),<br>12 (MM-EFS)   | 101 (MM-EF),<br>112 (MM-EFS)         | 1, 12              | 0, 101, 112      |
| 1            | Maximum freque  | ency                          | 120/60Hz *3                  | Maximum motor rotations per minute  | Maximum motor<br>frequency           | 1r/min             | 0.01Hz           |
| 4            | Multi-speed setti   | ing (high speed)              | 60Hz                         | Rated motor rotations per minute  | Rated motor frequency                | 1r/min             | 0.01Hz           |
| 9            | Electronic therm  | al O/L relay                  | Rated inverter<br>current    | Rated mot   | tor current                          | 0.01A              | /0.1 <b>A</b> *3 |
| 13           | Starting frequen  | су                            | 0.5Hz                        | Minimum rotations per minute  | Minimum frequency                    | 1r/min             | 0.01Hz           |
| 15           | Jog frequency   |                               | 5Hz                          | Minimum rotations per minute  | Minimum frequency                    | 1r/min             | 0.01Hz           |
| 18           | •   | imum frequency                | 120/60Hz *3                  | Maximum motor rotations per minute  | Maximum motor<br>frequency           | 1r/min             | 0.01Hz           |
| 20           | Acceleration/dec<br>reference freque                          | ency                          | 60Hz                         | Rated motor rotations per minute  | Rated motor frequency                | 1r/min             | 0.01Hz           |
| 22           | Stall prevention  | operation level               | 120%                         | Short-time n  | notor torque                         | 0.                 | 1%               |
| 37           | Speed display   |                               | 0                            | (   | )                                    | 1                  |                  |
| 55           | Frequency moni  | toring reference              | 60Hz                         | Rated motor rotations per minute  | Rated motor frequency                | 1r/min             | 0.01Hz           |
| 56           | Current monitoring reference                                  |                               | Rated inverter<br>current    | Rated motor current   |                                      | 0.01A/0.1A *3      |                  |
| 71           | Applied motor   |                               | 0                            | 120 (when <i>Pr.998</i> = "1 or 101")<br>210 (when <i>Pr.998</i> = "12 or 112") |                                      | 1                  |                  |
| 80           | Motor capacity  |                               | 9999                         | Inverter c  | apacity *2                           | 0.01kW             | /0.1kW *3        |
| 125<br>(903) | Terminal 2 frequ<br>gain frequency                            | ency setting                  | 60Hz                         | Rated motor rotations per minute  | Rated motor frequency                | 1r/min             | 0.01Hz           |
| 126<br>(905) | Terminal 4 frequ<br>gain frequency                            | ency setting                  | 60Hz                         | Rated motor rotations per minute  | Rated motor frequency                | 1r/min             | 0.01Hz           |
| 144          | Speed setting sv  | vitchover                     | 4                            | Number of motor poles + 100   | Number of motor poles                |                    | 1                |
| 240          | Soft-PWM opera  | ation selection               | 1                            | (   | )                                    |                    | 1                |
| 260          | PWM frequency switchover                                      | automatic                     | 1                            | 1   | 1                                    | 1                  |                  |
| 263          | Subtraction start   | ting frequency                | 60Hz                         | Rated motor rotations per minute  | Rated motor frequency                | 1r/min             | 0.01Hz           |
| 266          | Power failure de<br>switchover frequ                          |                               | 60Hz                         | Rated motor rotations per minute  | Rated motor frequency                | 1r/min             | 0.01Hz           |
| 390 *1       | % setting referei   | nce frequency                 | 60Hz                         | Rated moto  | r frequency                          | 0.0                | 1Hz              |
| 505          | Speed setting re  | ference                       | 60Hz                         | Rated moto  | r frequency                          | 0.0                | 1Hz              |
| 557          | Current average value monitor signal output reference current |                               | Rated inverter current       | . ,   |                                      | 0.01A              | /0.1A *3         |
| 870          | Speed detection   | hysteresis                    | 0Hz                          | Speed detection<br>hysteresis rotations per<br>minute                           | Speed detection hysteresis frequency | 1r/min             | 0.01Hz           |
| 885          | Regeneration avocompensation fre                              | oidance<br>quency limit value | 6Hz                          | Minimum rotations per minute  | Minimum frequency                    | 1r/min             | 0.01Hz           |
| 893          | Energy saving m<br>(motor capacity)                           | nonitor reference             | Rated inverter capacity      | Motor capa  | city (Pr. 80)                        | 0.01kW             | /0.1kW *3        |

<sup>\*1</sup> This parameter can be set when FR-A7NL is mounted.

#### REMARKS

If IPM parameter initialization is performed in rotations per minute (*Pr. 998* = "1" or "12"), the parameters not listed in the table above are also set and displayed in rotations per minute.

<sup>\*2</sup> When *Pr.80 Motor capacity* ≠ "9999," the *Pr.80 Motor capacity* setting is not changed by IPM parameter initialization. IPM parameter initialization is performed by setting *Pr.998 IPM parameter initialization* or the parameter setting mode on the operation panel.

<sup>\*3</sup> Initial values differ according to the inverter capacity. (55K or lower/75K or higher)

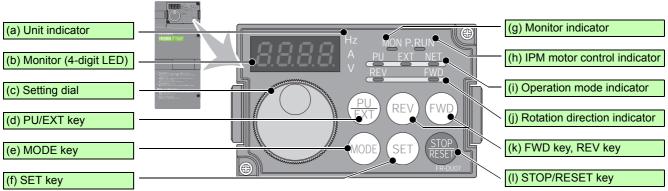
## [IPM motor specification list]

|                                  | MM-EF           | MM-EF          | MM-EF            | MM-EFS          | MM-EFS           |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|
|                                  | (30kW or lower) | (37kW to 75kW) | (90kW or higher) | (15kW or lower) | (18.5kW to 55kW) |
| Rated motor frequency            | 90Hz            | 120Hz          | 120Hz            | 75Hz            | 100Hz            |
| (rotations per minute)           | (1800r/min)     | (1800r/min)    | (1800r/min)      | (1500r/min)     | (1500r/min)      |
| Maximum motor frequency          | 135Hz           | 180Hz          | 160Hz            | 112.5Hz         | 150Hz            |
| (rotations per minute)           | (2700r/min)     | (2700r/min)    | (2400r/min)      | (2250r/min)     | (2250r/min)      |
| Number of motor poles            | 6               | 8              | 8                | 6               | 8                |
| Short-time motor torque          | 120%            | 120%           | 120%             | 120%            | 120%             |
| Minimum frequency                | 9Hz             | 12Hz           | 12Hz             | 7.5Hz           | 10Hz             |
| (rotations per minute)           | (180r/min)      | (180r/min)     | (180r/min)       | (150r/min)      | (150r/min)       |
| Speed detection hysteresis       | 0.5Hz           | 0.5Hz          | 0.5Hz            | 0.5Hz           | 0.5Hz            |
| frequency (rotations per minute) | (10r/min)       | (8r/min)       | (8r/min)         | (10r/min)       | (8r/min)         |

## **DRIVING THE MOTOR**

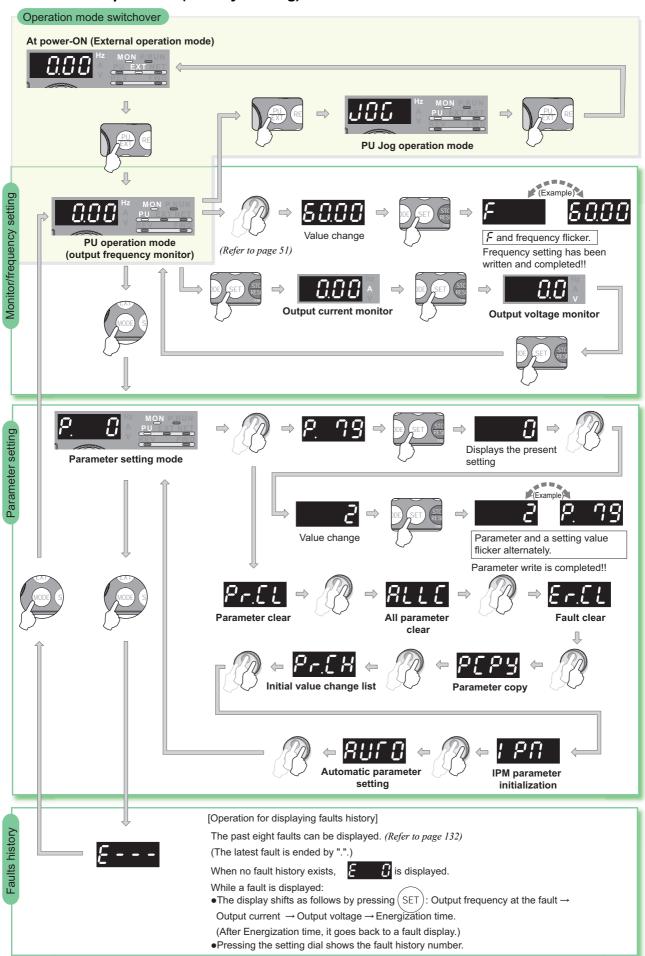
#### **Operation panel (FR-DU07)** 4.1

# **4.1.1 Component of the operation panel (FR-DU07)**To mount the operation panel (FR-DU07) on the enclosure surface, *refer to page 26*.



|            | i key         |                              | (1) 010171120211109   |  |  |
|------------|---------------|------------------------------|---|--|--|
| No.        | Component     | Name                         | Description   |  |  |
| (a)        | Hz<br>A<br>V  | Unit indicator               | Hz: Lit to indicate frequency. (Flickers when the set frequency monitor is displayed.) A: Lit to indicate current. V: Lit to indicate voltage.  |  |  |
| (b)        | 8.8.8.8.      | Monitor (4-digit LED)        | Shows the frequency, parameter number, etc. (To monitor the output power, set frequency and other items, set <i>Pr.52</i> .)  |  |  |
| (c)        |               | Setting dial                 | The dial of the Mitsubishi inverters. The setting dial is used to change the frequency and parameter settings.  Press the setting dial to perform the following operations:  To display a set frequency in the monitor mode  To display the present setting during calibration  To display a fault history number in the faults history mode  |  |  |
| (d)        | (PU<br>EXT)   | PU/EXT key                   | Used to switch between the PU and External operation modes. To use the External operation mode (operation using a separately connected frequency setting potentiometer and start signal), press this key to light up the EXT indicator.  (Press MODE) simultaneously (0.5s), or change the <i>Pr.79</i> setting to change to the combined operation mode.)  PU: PU operation mode  EXT: External operation mode  Used to cancel the PU stop also. |  |  |
| (e)        | MODE          | MODE key                     | Used to switch among different setting modes.  Pressing PU simultaneously changes the operation mode.  Holding this key for 2 seconds locks the operation. The key lock is invalid when <i>Pr.161</i> ="0 (initial setting)." ( <i>Refer to page</i> 104.)  |  |  |
| (f)        | SET           | SET key                      | Used to enter a setting. If pressed during the operation, monitored item changes as the following:  Output frequency $\rightarrow$ Output current $\rightarrow$ Output voltage*  * Energy saving monitor is displayed when the energy saving monitor is set with $Pr. 52$ .   |  |  |
| (g)        | MON           | Monitor indicator            | Lit to indicate the monitor mode.   |  |  |
| (h)        | P.RUN         | IPM motor control indicator  | Lit to indicate IPM motor control. Flickers to indicate IPM motor test operation.   |  |  |
| (i)        | PU EXT NET    | Operation mode indicator     | PU: Lit to indicate the PU operation mode.  EXT: Lit to indicate the External operation mode. (EXT is lit at power-ON in the initial setting.)  NET: Lit to indicate the Network operation mode.  PU and EXT: Lit to indicate EXT/PU combined operation mode 1 and 2  |  |  |
| (j)        | REV FWD       | Rotation direction indicator | FWD: Lit to indicate the forward rotation. REV: Lit to indicate the reverse rotation. Lit: When the forward/reverse operation is being performed. Flickers: When the frequency command is not given even if the forward/reverse command is given. When the frequency command is lower than the starting frequency. When the MRS signal is being input.  |  |  |
| (k)        | FWD REV       | FWD key, REV key             | FWD key: Used to give a start command in forward rotation. REV key: Used to give a start command in reverse rotation.   |  |  |
| <b>(I)</b> | STOP<br>RESET | STOP/RESET key               | Used to stop operation commands. Used to reset a fault when the protective function (fault) is activated.   |  |  |

## 4.1.2 Basic operation (factory setting)





## 4.1.3 Easy operation mode setting (easy setting mode)

Setting of *Pr. 79 Operation mode selection* according to combination of the start command and speed command can be easily made.

Operation example

Start command by the external signal (STF/STR), frequency command by



Display

- Operation -

Screen at power-ON
 The monitor display appears.



2. Press (PU) and (MODE) for 0.5s.





Turn until 79 - 3 appears.
 (Refer to the table below for other settings)





Flickerin

| Operation Panel Indication  | Operation Method       |                         |  |  |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Operation Faller indication | Start command          | Frequency command       |  |  |
| 79-1 Puri                   | (FWD), (REV)           | <b>*</b>                |  |  |
| 79-2 EXT                    | External<br>(STF, STR) | Analog<br>voltage input |  |  |
| 79-3 PU EXT<br>Flickering   | External<br>(STF, STR) | <b>⊘</b> ∗              |  |  |
| Flickering                  | (FWD), (REV)           | Analog<br>voltage input |  |  |

\* To use as a potentiometer, refer to page 56.

4. Press (SET) to set.



⇒ <u>79-</u>

79--

Flicker ··· Parameter setting complete!!

The monitor display appears after 3s.



#### **REMARKS**

? Er! is displayed ... Why?

Pr. 79 is not registered in user group with "1" in Pr. 160 User group read selection.

Parameter write is disabled with "1" set in Pr. 77.

? とっこ is displayed ... Why?

Setting cannot be changed during operation. Turn the start command ((FWD) or (REV), STF or STR) OFF.

- If (MODE) is pressed before pressing (SET), the easy setting mode is terminated and the display goes back to the monitor display. If the easy setting mode is terminated while Pr.79 = "0" (initial setting)," the operation mode switches between the PU operation mode and the External operation mode. Check the operation mode.
- Reset can be made with
- h STOP RESET.
- The priorities of the frequency commands when *Pr.* 79 = "3" are "Multi-speed operation (RL/RM/RH/REX) > PID control (X14) > terminal 4 analog input (AU) > digital input from the operation panel".

## 4.1.4 Operation lock (Press [MODE] for an extended time (2s))

Operation using the setting dial and key of the operation panel can be invalid to prevent parameter change, and unexpected start or frequency setting.

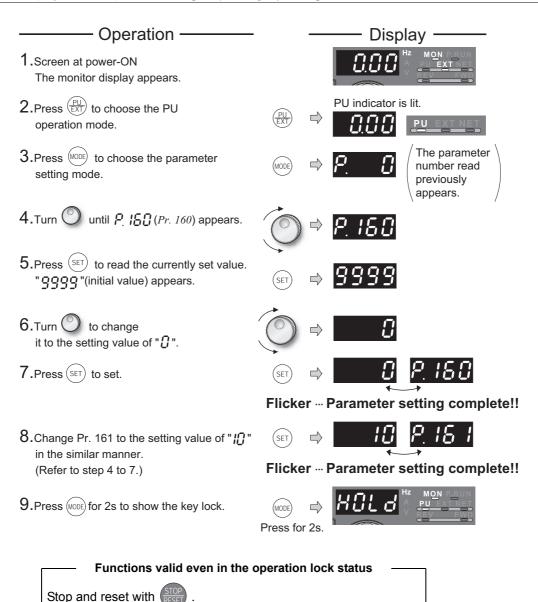
- · Set "10 or 11" in *Pr. 161*, then press (MODE) for 2s to make the setting dial and key operation invalid.
- When the setting dial and key operation are invalid, \(\frac{1}{2}\) \(\frac{1}{2}\) appears on the operation panel.

  If dial and key operation is attempted while dial and key operation are invalid, \(\frac{1}{2}\) \(\frac{1}{2}\) appears. (When dial or key is not touched for 2s, the monitor display appears.)
- · To make the setting dial and key operation valid again, press (MODE) for 2s.

#### **POINT**

Set "0" (extended mode parameter valid) in Pr.160 User group read selection.

Set "10 or 11" (key lock valid) in Pr.161 Frequency setting/key lock operation selection.





Release the operation lock to release the PU stop by key operation.



## 4.1.5 Monitoring of output current and output voltage

#### **POINT**

Monitor display of output frequency, output current and output voltage can be changed by pushing (SET) during monitoring mode.

## Operation -



- 1. Press (MODE) during operation to choose the output frequency monitor
- 6000 Hz MON EXT
- 2.Independently of whether the inverter is running in any operation mode or at a stop, the output current monitor appears by pressing (SET).



- **3.** Press (SET) to show the output voltage monitor.
- SET) \$\Bigsize \frac{\bigsize 2000}{2000} \cdot \frac{\text{mon}}{\text{Ext}}

#### **REMARKS**

Monitored item can be changed from output voltage to other items such as output power and set frequency by setting *Pr.52*.

\*Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).

## 4.1.6 First priority monitor

Hold down (SET) for 1s to set monitor description to be appeared first in the monitor mode.

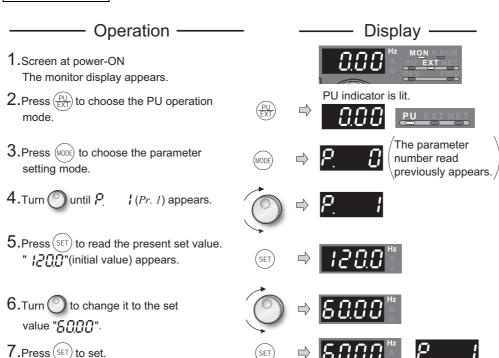
(To return to the output frequency monitor, hold down (SET) for 1s after displaying the output frequency monitor.)

## 4.1.7 Displaying the set frequency

Press the setting dial ( ) in the PU operation mode or in the External/PU combined operation mode 1 (*Pr. 79* = "3") to show the set frequency.

## 4.1.8 Changing the parameter setting value

Changing example Change the Pr. 1 Maximum frequency.



Flicker ··· Parameter setting complete!!

- Turn 0 to read another parameter.
- · Press (SET) to show the setting again.
- · Press (SET) twice to show the next parameter.
- · Press (MODE) twice to return the monitor to frequency monitor.

## ? Er I to Er Y appear ... Why?

② € r ! appears. ..... Write disable error

Er∂ appears. ..... Write error during operation

Er∃ appears. .....Calibration error

६ तप appears. ..... Mode designation error

For details refer to page 118.

#### REMARKS

 The number of digits displayed on the operation panel (FR-DU07) is four. Only the upper four digits of values can be displayed and set. If the values to be displayed have five digits or more including decimal places, the fifth or later numerals cannot be displayed nor set.

(Example) When Pr.1

When 60Hz is set, 60.00 is displayed.

When 120Hz is set, 120.0 is displayed. The second decimal places cannot be displayed nor set.

## POINT

When Pr.77 Parameter write selection = "0 (initial setting)," the parameter setting change is only available while the inverter is stopped under the PU operation mode.

To enable the parameter setting change while the inverter is running or under the operation mode other than PU operation mode, change the Pr.77 setting

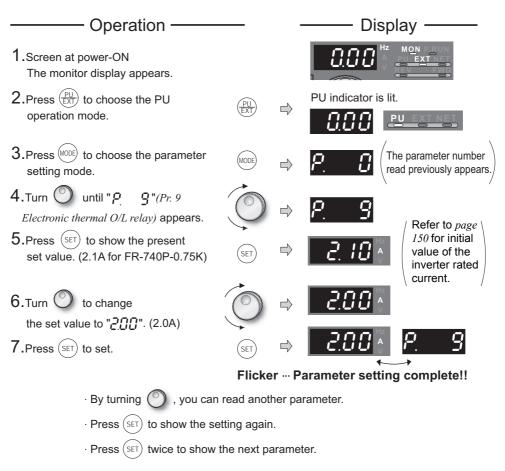
## 4.2 Overheat protection of the motor by the inverter (Pr. 9)

Set the rated motor current in Pr. 9 Electronic thermal O/L relay to protect the motor from overheat.

| Parameter<br>Number | Name                         | Initial Value  | Setting R     | ange *2    | Description                  |
|---------------------|------------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|------------------------------|
| ۵                   | Electronic thermal O/L relay | Rated inverter | 55K or lower  | 0 to 500A  | Set the rated motor current. |
| 9                   | Liectionic thermal O/L relay | current *1 *3  | 75K or higher | 0 to 3600A | Set the fated motor current. |

<sup>1</sup> Refer to page 150 for the rated inverter current value.

Changing example Change the *Pr. 9 Electronic thermal O/L relay* setting to 2.0A according to the motor rated current. (FR-F740P-0.75K)



#### **CAUTION**

- · Protective function by electronic thermal relay function is reset by inverter power reset and reset signal input. Avoid unnecessary reset and power-OFF.
- · When two or more motors are connected to the inverter, they cannot be protected by the electronic thermal relay function. Install an external thermal relay to each motor.
- When the difference between the inverter and motor capacities is large and the setting is small, the protective characteristics of the electronic thermal relay function will be deteriorated. In this case, use an external thermal relay.
- A special motor cannot be protected by the electronic thermal relay function. Use an external thermal relay.
- PTC thermistor output built-in the motor can be input to the PTC signal (AU terminal). For details, refer to Chapter 4 of Instruction Manual (Applied).

The minimum setting increments are 0.01A for the 55K or lower and 0.1A for the 75K or more.

<sup>\*3</sup> Performing IPM parameter initialization changes the settings. (Refer to page 43)

## 4.3 When the rated motor frequency is 50Hz (Pr. 3) SMENG

First, check the motor rating plate. If a frequency given on the rating plate is "50Hz" only, always set Pr. 3 Base frequency to "50Hz". If it remains at "60Hz", the voltage may become too low and torque shortage occurs, resulting in an overload trip. It may result in an inverter trip (E.OC $\square$ ) due to overload.

| Parameter<br>Number | Name           | Initial Value | Setting Range | Description   |
|---------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---|
| 3                   | Base frequency | 60Hz          | 0 to 400Hz    | Set the frequency when the motor rated torque is generated. |

Changing example Change Pr. 3 Base frequency to 50Hz according to the motor rated frequency.

| Changing example Change 17. 3 buse frequency to 30112 according to the motor rated frequency. |             |               |   |  |  |  |
|---|-------------|---------------|---|--|--|--|
| Operation   |             | -             | —— Display ——                                 |  |  |  |
| 1. Screen at power-ON The monitor display appears.  |             |               | O.O.O. Hz MON EXT                             |  |  |  |
| <ol> <li>Press PU to choose the PU operation mode.</li> </ol>                                 | n PU<br>EXT | $\Rightarrow$ | PU indicator is lit.                          |  |  |  |
| 3. Press (MODE) to choose the parameter setting mode.   | (MODE)      | $\Rightarrow$ | The parameter number read previously appears. |  |  |  |
| <b>4.</b> Turn until <i>Pr. 3 Base frequency</i> appears.                                     |             | $\Rightarrow$ | P. 3  |  |  |  |
| 5.Press (SET) to show the present set value. (60Hz)   | SET         | $\Rightarrow$ | 80.00 Hz                                      |  |  |  |
| 6.Turn to change the set value to "5000". (50Hz)  |             | $\Rightarrow$ | 5 <i>0.00</i> 🖔                               |  |  |  |
| 7.Press (SET) to set.   | SET         | $\Rightarrow$ | 50.00 <sup>Hz</sup> P. 3                      |  |  |  |
| Flicker Parameter setting complete!!  |             |               |   |  |  |  |
| · By turning 🔘 , you can read another parameter.  |             |               |   |  |  |  |
| · Press (SET) to show the setting again.  |             |               |   |  |  |  |
|   |             |               |   |  |  |  |

· Press (SET) twice to show the next parameter.



#### 4.4 Start/stop from the operation panel (PU operation mode)

#### **POINT**

From where is the frequency command given?

- Operation at the frequency set in the frequency setting mode of the operation panel  $\rightarrow$  Refer to 4.4.1 (Refer to page 54)
- Operation using the setting dial as the potentiometer→Refer to 4.4.2 (Refer to page 56)
- Change of frequency with ON/OFF switches connected to terminals → Refer to 4.4.3 (Refer to page 57)
- Frequency setting using voltage input signal→Refer to 4.4.4 (Refer to page 59)
- Frequency setting using current input signal→Refer to 4.4.5 (Refer to page 60)

#### 4.4.1 Setting the set frequency to operate (example: performing operation at 30Hz)

**POINT** 

Use the operation panel (FR-DU07) to give both of frequency and start commands in PU operation.

Operation panel (FR-DU07)



Operation example Performing operation at 30Hz.

## Operation

### Screen at power-ON

The monitor display appears

## Operation mode setting

Press  $\left(\frac{PU}{FXT}\right)$  to choose the PU operation mode.

## Running frequency setting

to show the frequency " 3 [ [ [ ] [ ] " (30.00Hz) you want to set

The frequency flickers for about 5s.

While the value is flickering, press (SET) to set the frequency.

(If you do not press (SET), the value flickers for about 5s and the display then returns to "  $\ensuremath{\square}\e$ "Step 3" and set the frequency again. After the value flickered for about 3s, the display returns to " [[ [ [ [ ] [ ] ] " (monitor display).

## Display-



PU indicator is lit









Flickers for about 5s







Flicker ··· Frequency setting complete!!

After 3s, the monitor display appears.



### 4. Start → acceleration → constant speed

Press (FWD) or (REV) to start running.

The frequency on the display increases in the Pr. 7 Acceleration time, and " \( \bar{1} \bar{1}

To change the set frequency, perform the operation in above step 3. (Starting from the previously set frequency.)

## Deceleration → Stop

Press to stop

The frequency on the display decreases in the Pr. 8 Deceleration time, and the motor stops rotating with " [[ [ [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] (0.00Hz) displayed.











- ? Operation cannot be performed at the set frequency ... Why?
  - Did you carry out step 4 within 5s after step 3? (Did you press (SET) within 5s after turning ?)

 $\red?$  The frequency does not change by turning  $\circlearrowleft$  ... Why?

Check to see if the operation mode selected is the External operation mode. (Press (PU) to change to the PU operation mode.)

- ? Operation does not change to the PU operation mode ... Why?
  - © Check that "0" (initial value) is set in Pr. 79 Operation mode selection.
  - P Check that the start command is not on.
- ? Change acceleration time Pr. 7 (Refer to page 75)? Change deceleration time Pr. 8 (Refer to page 75)
- ? For example, limit the motor speed to 60Hz maximum. @Set "60Hz" in Pr. 1. (Refer to page 74)

## REMARKS

Press

to show the set frequency.



can also be used like a potentiometer to perform operation. (Refer to page 56)



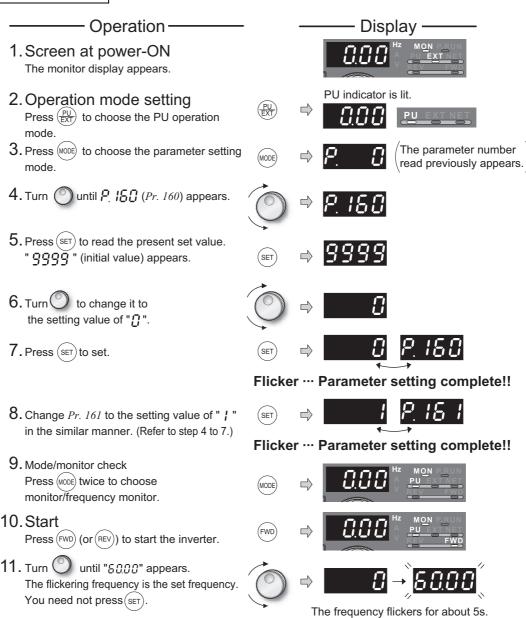
## 4.4.2 Using the setting dial like a potentiometer at the operation

**POINT** 

Set "0" (extended mode parameter valid) in Pr. 160 User group read selection.

Set "1" (setting dial potentiometer mode) in Pr. 161 Frequency setting/key lock operation selection.

Operation example Change the frequency from 0Hz to 60Hz during operation



#### **REMARKS**

- · If flickering "60.00" turns to "0.0", the Pr. 161 Frequency setting/key lock operation selection setting may not be "1".
- Independently of whether the inverter is running or at a stop, the frequency can be set by simply turning



## === CAUTION =

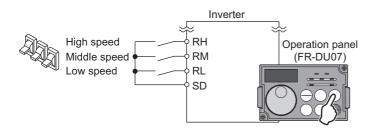
- · When using the setting dial, the frequency goes up to the set value of *Pr. 1 Maximum frequency* (In the initial setting, it is 120Hz (55K or lower) or 60Hz (75K or higher) under general-purpose motor control, and it is the maximum motor speed (frequency) under IPM motor control.)
  - Adjust Pr. 1 Maximum frequency setting according to the application.

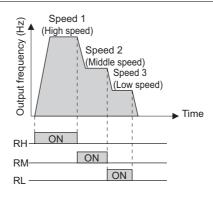
#### Setting the frequency by switches (three-speed setting) 4.4.3

#### POINT

- (FWD) or on the operation panel (FR-DU07) to give a start command.
- Switch ON the RH, RM, or RL signal to give a frequency command. (Three-speed setting)
- Set "4" (External/PU combination operation mode 2) in Pr. 79 Operation mode selection.

## [Connection diagram]





Operation example Operate in low-speed (10Hz)

Operation

## Screen at power-ON.

The monitor display appears.

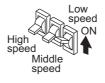
## 2. Operation mode setting

Set "4" in Pr.79.

[PU] indicator and [EXT] indicator are lit. (To change the set value, refer to page 48)

#### 3. Start

Turn ON the low-speed switch (RL).



## 4. Acceleration → constant speed

Press (FWD) or (REV) to start.

The frequency on the display increases in the Pr. 7 Acceleration time, and " IQQQ " (10.00Hz) appears.

## 5. Deceleration



The frequency on the display decreases in the Pr. 8 Deceleration time, and the motor stops rotating with " [] [] [] " (0.00Hz) displayed.

#### 6. Stop

Turn OFF the low-speed switch (RL).





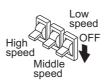


Display .











- ? 60Hz for the RH, 30Hz for the RM and 10Hz for the RL are not output when they are turned ON ... Why?
  - Check for the setting of Pr. 4, Pr. 5, and Pr. 6 once again.
  - © Check for the setting of Pr. 1 Maximum frequency and Pr. 2 Minimum frequency once again. (Refer to page 74.)
  - © Check that Pr. 180 RL terminal function selection = "0", Pr. 181 RM terminal function selection = "1", Pr. 182 RH terminal function selection = "2", and Pr. 59 Remote function selection = "0". (all are initial values)
- ? [FWD (or REV)] lamp is not lit ... Why?
  - Proceed that wiring is correct. Check the wiring once again.
  - Check for the *Pr. 79* setting once again. (*Pr. 79* must be set to "4".) (*Refer to page 78.*)
- ? Change the frequency of the terminal RL, RM, and RH. ... How?
  - Refer to page 65 to change the running frequency at each terminal in Pr. 4 Multi-speed setting (high speed), Pr. 5 Multi-speed setting (middle speed), and Pr. 6 Multi-speed setting (low speed).

#### **REMARKS**

- · Initial value of terminal RH, RM, and RL are 60Hz, 30Hz, and 10Hz. (To change, set Pr. 4, Pr. 5, and Pr. 6.)
- · In the initial setting, when two or more of multi-speed settings are simultaneously selected, priority is given to the set frequency of the lower signal. For example, when RH and RM signals turn ON, RM signal (*Pr. 5*) has a higher priority.
- · Maximum of 15-speed operation can be performed. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

Display-

Flickering

Flickering

Stop

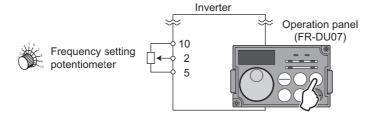
#### Setting the frequency by analog input (voltage input) 4.4.4

#### POINT

- Use (FWD) or (REV) on the operation panel (FR-DU07) to give a start command.
- Use the potentiometer (by connecting terminal 2 and 5) to give a frequency command.
- Set "4" (External/PU combination operation mode 2) in Pr. 79 Operation mode selection.

[Connection diagram]

(The inverter supplies 5V of power to the frequency setting potentiometer.(Terminal 10))



Operation example | Performing operation at 60Hz.

## Operation-

## Screen at power-ON

The monitor display appears.

## 2. Operation mode setting

Set "4" in Pr.79.

[PU] indicator and [EXT] indicator are lit.

(To change the set value, refer to page 48)

#### 3. Start



[FWD] or [REV] is flickering as no frequency command is given.

## 4. Acceleration → constant speed

Turn the potentiometer (frequency setting potentiometer) clockwise slowly to full.

The frequency value on the display increases according to Pr. 7 Acceleration time until " 🔓 🖺 🖺 🖟 "(60Hz) is displayed.

#### Deceleration

Turn the potentiometer (frequency setting potentiometer) counterclockwise slowly to full. The frequency on the display decreases in the Pr. 8 Deceleration time, and the motor stops rotating with

" [] [] [] " (0.00Hz) displayed.

[FWD] indicator or [REV] indicator flickers.

### Stop



[FWD] indicator or [REV] indicator turns OFF.











REV





- ? Change the frequency (60Hz) of the maximum value of potentiometer (at 5V)
  - Adjust the frequency in Pr. 125 Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency. (Refer to page 68.)
- ? Change the frequency (0Hz) of the minimum value of potentiometer (at 0V)
  - Adjust the frequency in calibration parameter C2 Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

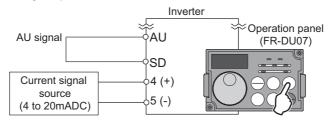


## 4.4.5 Setting the frequency by analog input (current input)

#### POINT

- · Use (FWD) or (REV) on the operation panel (FR-DU07) to give a start command.
- Use the current signal source (4 to 20mA) (by connecting terminal 4 and 5) to give a frequency command.
- Switch ON the AU signal.
- Set "4" (External/PU combination operation mode 2) in Pr. 79 Operation mode selection.

#### [Connection diagram]



Operation example

Performing operation at 60Hz.

## -Operation-

## 1. Screen at power-ON

The monitor display appears.

## 2. Operation mode setting

Set "4" in Pr.79.

[PU] indicator and [EXT] indicator are lit.

(To change the set value, refer to page 48)

#### Start

Check that the terminal 4 input selection signal (AU) is ON.

Press (FWD) or (REV

[FWD] or [REV] is flickering as no frequency command is given.

#### Acceleration → constant speed

Perform 20mA input.

The frequency on the display increases in the *Pr. 7 Acceleration time*, and " [ [ [ ] [ ] ] " (60.00Hz) appears.

## 5. Deceleration

Input 4mA or less.

The frequency on the display decreases in the Pr.~8~Deceleration time, and the motor stops rotating with " $\Omega \Omega \Omega$ " (0.00Hz) displayed. [FWD] indicator or [EXT] indicator flickers.

6. Stop



[FWD] indicator or [REV] indicator turns OFF.

## source (20mADC)

Current signal

RE۱

FWD



Display-

Flickering













#### REMARKS

Pr. 184 AU terminal function selection must be set to "4" (AU signal) (initial value). (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

- ? Change the frequency (60Hz) at the maximum current input (at 20mA, initial value)
  - Adjust the frequency in Pr. 126 Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency. (Refer to page 70.)
- ? Change the frequency (0Hz) at the minimum current input (at 4mA, initial value)
  - Adjust the frequency in calibration parameter C5 Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

## 4.5 Start/stop using terminals (External operation)

#### **POINT**

From where is the frequency command given?

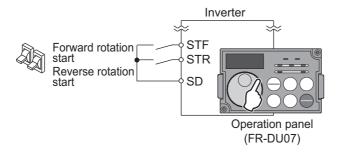
- Operation at the frequency set in the frequency setting mode of the operation panel  $\rightarrow$  Refer to 4.5.1(Refer to page 61)
- Give a frequency command by switch (multi-speed setting)  $\rightarrow$  Refer to 4.5.3 (Refer to page 65)
- Perform frequency setting using voltage input signal  $\rightarrow$  Refer to 4.5.4 (Refer to page 67)
- Perform frequency setting using current input signal  $\rightarrow$  Refer to 4.5.6 (Refer to page 69)

## 4.5.1 Setting the frequency by the operation panel (Pr. 79 = 3)

### **POINT**

- Switch ON the STF (STR) signal to give a start command.
- Use ( ) on the operation panel (FR-DU07) to give a frequency command.
- · Set "3" (External/PU combination operation mode 1) in Pr. 79 Operation mode selection.

## [Connection diagram]



Operation example

Performing operation at 30Hz.

## Operation -

## 1. Screen at power-ON

The monitor display appears.

## 2. Operation mode setting

Set "3" in Pr.79.

[PU] indicator and [EXT] indicator are lit. (To change the set value, *refer to page 48*)

#### Running frequency setting

Turn to show the selected frequency, " 3 0.00 " (30.00Hz). The frequency flickers for about 5s.

While the value is flickering, press SET to set the frequency.

(If you do not press SET), the value flickers for about 5s and the display then returns to "QQQ" (display) Hz. At this time, return to "Step 8" and set the frequency again.)

After about 3s of flickering of the value, the display goes back to "QQQ" (monitor display).

-Display









Flickers for about 5s \_







Flicker ··· Frequency setting complete!!

After 3s, the monitor display

appears.



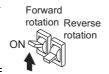


## Operation -

## 5. Start → acceleration → constant speed

Turn ON the start switch (STF or STR).

The frequency on the display increases in the Pr.7 Acceleration time setting, and " ] [ [ [ 30.00Hz ] appears. [FWD] indicator is lit during forward rotation, and [REV] indicator is lit during reverse rotation.





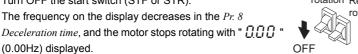
Display-

### CAUTION :

When both of STF and STR signals are turned ON, the motor cannot start. If both are turned ON while the motor is running, the motor decelerates to a stop

- 6. To change the set frequency, perform the operation in above steps 3 and 4. (Starting from the previously set frequency.)
- Deceleration → Stop

Turn OFF the start switch (STF or STR). The frequency on the display decreases in the Pr. 8 Deceleration time, and the motor stops rotating with "









#### **REMARKS**

- Pr. 178 STF terminal function selection must be set to "60" (or Pr. 179 STR terminal function selection must be set to "61"). (All are initial values)
- When Pr. 79 Operation mode selection is set to "3", multi-speed operation (refer to page 65) is also valid.
  - ? When the inverter is stopped by  $\mathbb{P}$  of the operation panel (FR-DU07),  $\mathbb{P}$







displayed alternately.

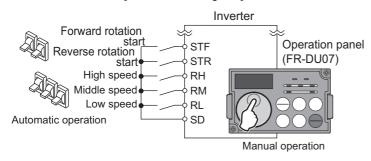
- 1. Turn the start switch (STF or STR) OFF.
  - 2. The display can be reset by
- ? When the setting dial is used as a potentiometer.
  - ② 1. Set Pr.160 User group read selection = "0"(Extended mode parameters valid).
    - 2. Set Pr.161 Frequency setting/key lock operation selection = "1" (setting dial potentiometer). (Refer to page 56.)

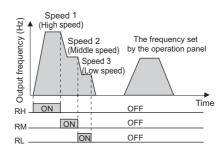
# 4.5.2 Switching between the automatic operation and the manual operation (operation by the multi-speed setting and the operation panel) (Pr.79=3)

## POINT

- Use terminal STF (STR) to give a start command.
- Use terminal RH, RM, and RL to set a frequency (automatic operation) in the normal operation.
- Use the operation panel (FR-DU07) ( ) to set a frequency manually (manual operation) during maintenance, etc.
- Set "3" (External/PU combined operation mode 1) in Pr.79.
- The priority for the frequency setting is "multi-speed setting > operation panel."

#### [Connection diagram]





Display.

Operation example

Operate at the high-speed (60Hz) (automatic operation) in the normal operation. Operate at 30Hz (manual operation) using the operation panel for an adjustment.

## Operation-

## 1. Screen at power-ON

The monitor display appears.

## 2. Operation mode setting

Set "3" in Pr.79.

[PU] indicator and [EXT] indicator are lit.

(To change the set value, refer to page 48.)

# 3. Frequency setting for the automatic operation

Turn ON the high-speed switch (RH).

## Start → acceleration → constant speed

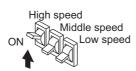
Turn ON the start switch (STF or STR).

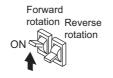
The frequency on the display increases in the Pr. 7

Acceleration time setting, and "  $\frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{6$ 

[FWD] indicator is lit during the forward rotation and [REV] indicator is lit during the reverse rotation.

 If RM has been turned ON, 30Hz is displayed. If RL has been turned ON, 10Hz is displayed.







#### CAUTION =

When both of STF and STR signals are turned ON, the motor cannot start.

If both are turned ON while the motor is running, the motor decelerates to a stop.

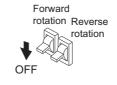
#### 5. Deceleration → stop

Turn OFF the start switch (STF or STR). The frequency on the display decreases in the  $Pr.\ 8$ 

Deceleration time setting, and the motor stops rotating with

" [[] [] " (0.00Hz) displayed.

[FWD] or [REV] indicator turns OFF.





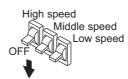




-Operation-

## Cancelling the automatic operation

Turn OFF the high-speed switch (RH).



## 7. Frequency setting in the manual operation

Turn ( ) to show the selected frequency, " 3000" (30.00Hz). The frequency flickers for about 5s.

While the value is flickering, press (SET) to set the frequency.

(If you do not press (SET), the value flickers for about 5s and the display then returns to " [[] [] " (0.00Hz in the monitor display). In that case, turn again and set the frequency.)

The value flickers for about 3s and the display then returns to " [[ [ [ monitor display).

## 8. Start $\rightarrow$ acceleration $\rightarrow$ constant speed

Turn ON the start switch (STF or STR).

The frequency on the display increases in the Pr. 7 Acceleration time setting, and " 3 [ [ ] [ ] " (30.00Hz)

[FWD] indicator is lit during the forward rotation and [REV] indicator is lit during the reverse rotation.

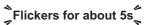
To change the set frequency, perform the operation in above "Step 7"(starting from the previously set frequency).

#### Deceleration → stop

Turn OFF the start switch (STF or STR). The frequency on the display decreases in the Pr. 8 Deceleration time setting, and the motor stops rotating with " [] [] " (0.00Hz) displayed.











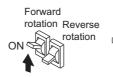


Display -

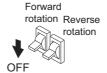
Flicker...Frequency setting complete!! After 3s, the monitor display

appears.













#### **REMARKS**

- Pr. 178 STF terminal function selection must be set to "60" (or Pr. 179 STR terminal function selection must be set to "61"). (All are initial values.)
- External analog current input (4 to 20mA) can be used to set a frequency instead of the three-speed setting. Turn ON the terminal 4 input selection signal (AU) to use the analog current input.

? When the inverter is stopped by  $\frac{\text{SIOP}}{\text{PESET}}$  of the operation panel (FR-DU07),









are

displayed alternately.

1.Turn OFF the start switch (STF or STR).

2. The display can be reset by  $\left(\frac{PU}{EXT}\right)$ 

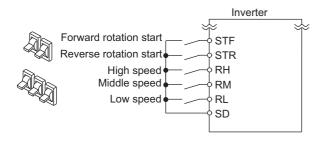


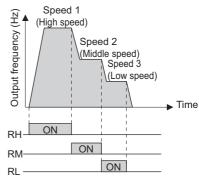
#### Setting the frequency by switches (three-speed setting) (Pr. 4 to Pr. 6) 4.5.3

## POINT

- Switch ON the STF (STR) signal to give a start command.
- Switch ON the RH, RM, or RL signal to give a frequency command.
- [EXT] must be lit. (When [PU] is lit, switch it to [EXT] with  $\frac{PU}{EXT}$ .)
- The initial values of the terminals RH, RM, and RL are 60Hz, 30Hz, and 10Hz. (Use Pr. 4, Pr. 5 and Pr. 6 to change.)
- Operation at 7-speed can be performed by turning two (or three) terminals simultaneously. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

#### [Connection diagram]





Changing example

Operation at high speed (60Hz).

## Operation -

### Screen at power-ON

The monitor display appears.

#### 2. Start

Turn ON the high-speed switch (RH).

#### Acceleration → constant speed

Turn ON the start switch (STF or STR). The frequency on the display increases in the Pr. 7 Acceleration time, and " & [] [] [] " (60.00Hz) appears.

[FWD] indicator is lit during forward rotation, and [REV] indicator is lit during reverse rotation.

•When RM is turned ON, 30Hz is displayed. When RL is turned ON, 10Hz is displayed.

### CAUTION =

When both of STF and STR signals are turned ON, the motor cannot start.

If both are turned ON while the motor is running, the motor decelerates to a stop.

#### Deceleration

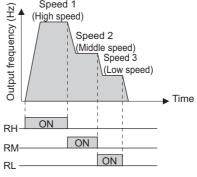
Turn OFF the start switch (STF or STR).

The frequency on the display decreases in the Pr. 8 Deceleration *time*, and the motor stops rotating with "!!!!! " (0.00Hz) displayed.

[FWD] indicator or [REV] indicator turns OFF.

#### 5. Stop

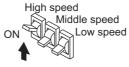
Turn OFF the high-speed switch (RH).





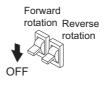


Display

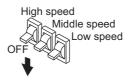














- ? [EXT] is not lit even when  $\frac{PU}{EXT}$  is pressed ... Why?
  - Switchover of the operation mode with  $\frac{PU}{EXT}$  is valid when Pr. 79 = "0" (initial value).
- ? 60Hz, 30Hz and 10Hz are not output from RH, RM and RL respectively when they are turned ON. ... Why?
  - © Check for the setting of Pr. 4, Pr. 5, and Pr. 6 once again.
  - © Check for the setting of Pr. 1 Maximum frequency and Pr. 2 Minimum frequency once again. (Refer to page 74)
  - Check for the Pr. 79 setting once again. (Pr. 79 must be set to "0" or "2".) (Refer to page 78)
  - © Check that Pr. 180 RL terminal function selection = "0", Pr. 181 RM terminal function selection = "1", Pr. 182 RH terminal function selection = "2" and Pr. 59 Remote function selection = "0". (all are initial values)
- ? [FWD (or REV)] is not lit. ... Why?
  - P Check that wiring is correct. Check it again.
  - © Check that "60" is set in *Pr. 178 STF terminal function selection* (or "61" is set in *Pr. 179 STR terminal function selection*)? (all are initial values)
- ? How is the frequency setting from 4 to 7 speed ?
  - In the initial setting, when two or more of multi-speed settings are simultaneously selected, priority is given to the set frequency of the lower signal. For example, when RH and RM signals turn ON, the RM signal (*Pr. 5*) has a higher priority. By setting *Pr. 24* to *Pr. 27* (multi-speed setting), up to 7- speed can be set by combinations of RH, RM, and RL signals. *Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)*.
- ? Perform multi-speed operation more than 8 speed. ... How?
  - Use the REX signal to perform the operation. Maximum of 15-speed operation can be performed. *Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).*

#### **REMARKS**

External operation is fixed by setting "2" (External operation mode) in *Pr. 79 Operation mode selection* when you do not want to take time pressing (PU) or when you want to use the current start command and frequency command. (*Refer to page 78*)

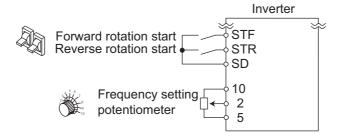
#### Setting the frequency by analog input (voltage input) 4.5.4

#### **POINT**

- Switch ON the STF (STR) signal to give a start command.
- Use the potentiometer (by connecting terminal 2 and 5 (voltage input)) to give a frequency command.

[Connection diagram]

(The inverter supplies 5V of power to frequency setting potentiometer. (Terminal 10))



Operation example Performing operation at 60Hz.

### -Operation-

### Screen at power-ON

The monitor display appears.

#### 2. Start

Turn the start switch (STF or STR) ON. [FWD] or [REV] is flickering as no frequency command is given.

#### = CAUTION =

When both of STF and STR signals are turned ON, the motor cannot start.

If both are turned ON while the motor is running, the motor decelerates to a stop.

### Acceleration → constant speed

Turn the potentiometer (frequency setting potentiometer) clockwise slowly to full.

The frequency on the display increases in the Pr.7 Acceleration time, and " [ [ [ [ ] [ ] ] " (60.00Hz) appears. [FWD] indicator is lit during forward rotation, and [REV] indicator is lit during reverse rotation.

#### 4. Deceleration

Turn the potentiometer (frequency setting potentiometer) counterclockwise slowly to full.

The frequency on the display decreases in the Pr. 8 Deceleration time, and the motor stops rotating with " [[...] [...] " (0.00Hz) displayed. [FWD] indicator or [EXT] indicator flickers.

### 5. Stop

Turn the start switch (STF or STR) OFF. [FWD] indicator or [REV] indicator turns OFF.



Forward rotation Reverse

rotation





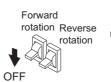


Flickering

Flickering



Display -





#### **REMARKS**

Pr. 178 STF terminal function selection must be set to "60" (or Pr. 179 STR terminal function selection must be set to "61"). (all are initial values)





? The motor will not rotate ... Why?

P Check that [EXT] is lit. [EXT] is valid when Pr. 79 = "0" (initial value).

Use  $\frac{PU}{EXT}$  to lit [EXT].

P Check that wiring is correct. Check once again.

? Change the frequency (0Hz) of the minimum value of potentiometer (at 0V)

PAdjust the frequency in calibration parameter C2 Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency. (Refer to

Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

When you want to compensate frequency setting, use terminal 1. For details, refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).

### Changing the output frequency (60Hz, initial value) at the maximum voltage input (5V, initial value)

### <How to change the maximum frequency>

Changing example

When you use the 0 to 5VDC input to change frequency at 5V from 60Hz (initial value) to 50Hz, set "50Hz" in Pr. 125.

### Operation -Display until 🖰 🞜 🧲 (*Pr. 125*) appears. 2.Press (SET) to show the present set value. " **5000** "(60.00Hz) 3. Turn () to change the set value to "5000Hz) 4.Press (SET) to set. Flicker ··· 50Hz output at 5V input complete!! 5. Mode/monitor check

Press (MODE) twice to choose the monitor/frequency monitor.

6. To check the setting, turn the start switch (STF or STR) ON and input 5V (turn the potentiometer clockwise slowly to full.) (Refer to 4.5.4 steps 2 to 5)

- $m{?}$  The monitor on the operation panel or the frequency meter (indicator) connected across terminals FM and SD does not indicate exactly 50Hz.... Why?
  - The indicated value can be adjusted by the calibration parameter C4 Terminal 2 frequency setting gain (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)
  - The frequency meter (indicator) connected across terminals FM and SD can be adjusted by the calibration parameter CO FM terminal calibration.

(Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

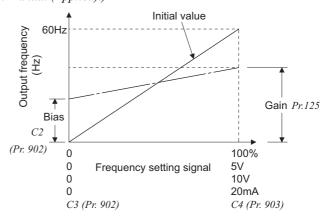
? Set frequency at 0V using calibration parameter C2.

(Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

 $m{?}$  How can I operate at a frequency higher than 120Hz.

PAdditionally set Pr.18 High speed maximum frequency.

(Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)



#### **REMARKS**

As other adjustment methods of frequency setting voltage gain, there are methods to adjust with a voltage applied to across terminals 2 and 5 and adjust at any point without a voltage applied.

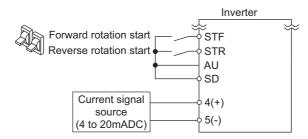
(Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

#### Setting the frequency by analog input (current input) 4.5.6

### **POINT**

- Switch ON the STF (STR) signal to give a start command.
- Switch ON the AU signal.
- Set "2" (External operation mode) in Pr. 79 Operation mode selection.

### [Connection diagram]



Operation example Performing operation at 60Hz.

### Operation –

### Screen at power-ON

The monitor display appears.





Display -

#### 2. Start

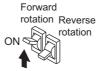
Check that the terminal 4 input selection signal (AU) is ON. Turn the start switch (STF or STR) ON.

[FWD] or [REV] is flickering as no frequency



When both of STF and STR signals are turned ON, the motor cannot start.

If both are turned ON while the motor is running, the motor decelerates to a stop.





### 3. Acceleration → constant speed

Perform 20mA input.

The frequency on the display increases in the Pr.7 Acceleration time, and " 🖟 🖟 🖟 🖟 " (60.00Hz) appears.

[FWD] indicator is lit during forward rotation, and [REV] indicator is lit during reverse rotation.





#### 4. Deceleration

Input 4mA or less.

The frequency on the display decreases in the Pr. 8 Deceleration time setting, and the motor stops rotating with " [[] [] " (0.00Hz)

[FWD] indicator or [EXT] indicator flickers.

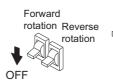
### Current signal source (4mADC)





### 5. Stop

Turn the start switch (STF or STR) OFF. [FWD] indicator or [REV] indicator turns OFF.





### **REMARKS**

Pr. 184 AU terminal function selection must be set to "4" (AU signal) (initial value). (Refer to Chapter 4 of 🖭 the Instruction Manual (Applied).)



? The motor will not rotate ... Why?

P Check that [EXT] is lit. [EXT] is valid when Pr. 79 = "0" (initial value).

Use  $\frac{PU}{EXT}$  to lit [EXT].

Check that the AU signal is ON. Turn the AU signal ON.

P Check that wiring is correct. Check it again.

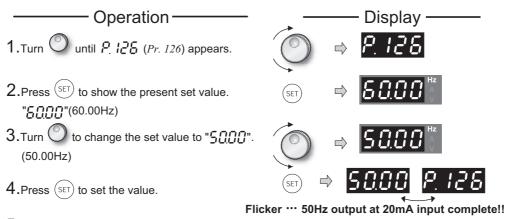
? Change the frequency (0Hz) of the minimum value of potentiometer (at 4mA)

Adjust the frequency in calibration parameter C5 Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

#### 4.5.7 Changing the output frequency (60Hz, initial value) at the maximum current input (at 20mA, initial value)

### <How to change the maximum frequency>

Changing example When you use the 4 to 20mA input and want to change the frequency at 20mA from 60Hz (initial value) to 50Hz, set "50Hz" in Pr. 126.



Mode/monitor check

Press (MODE) twice to choose the monitor/frequency monitor.



6. To check the setting, turn the start switch (STF or STR) on and input 20mA. (Refer to 4.5.6 steps 2 to 5)

- ? The frequency meter (indicator) connected across terminals FM and SD does not indicate exactly 50Hz ... Why?
  - The indicated value can be adjusted by the calibration parameter C7 Terminal 4 frequency setting gain (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)
  - The frequency meter (indicator) connected across terminals FM and SD can be adjusted by the calibration parameter CO FM terminal calibration.

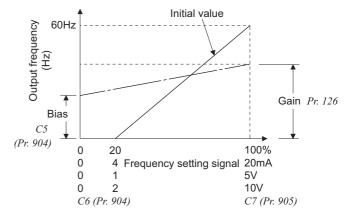
(Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

? Set frequency at 4mA using calibration parameter C5.

(Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

- ? How can I operate at a frequency higher than 120Hz.
  - Additionally set Pr.18 High speed maximum frequency.

(Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)



#### REMARKS

As other adjustment methods of frequency setting voltage gain, there are methods to adjust with a voltage applied to across terminals 4 and 5 and adjust at any point without a voltage applied.

(Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied) for the setting method of calibration parameter C7.)

## 5 ADJUSTMENT

### 5.1 Simple mode parameter list

For simple variable-speed operation of the inverter, the initial setting of the parameters may be used as they are. Set the necessary parameters to meet the load and operational specifications. Parameter setting, change and check can be made from the operation panel (FR-DU07). For details of parameters, refer to *Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)*.

### POINT

Only simple mode parameters are displayed by the initial setting of *Pr. 160 User group read selection*. Set *Pr. 160 User group read selection* as required. (*Refer to page 51 for parameter change.*)

| Pr. 160                 | Description  |
|-------------------------|--|
| 9999<br>(Initial Value) | Only the simple mode parameters can be displayed.                  |
| 0                       | Simple mode and extended mode parameters can be displayed.         |
| 1                       | Only the parameters registered in the user group can be displayed. |

| Parameter<br>Number | Name  | Incre<br>ments   | Initial<br>Value         | Range                      | Applications  | Refer<br>to |
|---------------------|---|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---|-------------|
| 0<br>               | Torque boost                                      | 0.1%             | 6/4/3/2/<br>1.5/1%<br>*1 | 0 to 30%                   | Set to increase a starting torque or when the motor with a load will not rotate, resulting in an alarm [OL] and a trip [OC1]  | 73          |
| 1                   | Maximum frequency                                 | 0.01Hz           | 120/<br>60Hz *2,<br>*3   | 0 to 120Hz                 | Set when the maximum output frequency need to be limited.   | 74          |
| 2                   | Minimum frequency                                 | 0.01Hz           | 0Hz                      | 0 to 120Hz                 | Set when the minimum output frequency need to be limited.   |             |
| 3 V/F S MFVC        | Base frequency                                    | 0.01Hz           | 60Hz                     | 0 to 400Hz                 | Set when the rated motor frequency is 50Hz. Check the motor rating plate.   | 53          |
| 4                   | Multi-speed setting (high speed)                  | 0.01Hz           | 60Hz *3                  | 0 to 400Hz                 |   |             |
| 5                   | Multi-speed setting (middle speed)                | 0.01Hz           | 30Hz                     | 0 to 400Hz                 | Set when changing the preset speed in the parameter with a terminal.  |             |
| 6                   | Multi-speed setting (low speed)                   | 0.01Hz           | 10Hz                     | 0 to 400Hz                 |   |             |
| 7                   | Acceleration time                                 | 0.1s             | 5/15s *4                 | 0 to 3600s                 | Acceleration (for the color of | 75          |
| 8                   | Deceleration time                                 | 0.1s             | 10/30s *4                | 0 to 3600s                 | Acceleration/deceleration time can be set.  | 75          |
| 9                   | Electronic thermal O/L relay                      | 0.01/<br>0.1A *5 | Rated inverter current   | 0 to 500/<br>0 to 3600A *5 | Protect the motor from overheat by the inverter. Set the rated motor current.   | 52          |
| 60<br>V/F           | Energy saving control selection                   | 1                | 0                        | 0, 4, 9                    | The inverter output voltage is minimized when using for fan and pump applications.  | 76          |
| 79                  | Operation mode selection                          | 1                | 0                        | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7        | Select the start command location and frequency setting location.   | 78          |
| 125                 | Terminal 2<br>frequency setting<br>gain frequency | 0.01Hz           | 60Hz *3                  | 0 to 400Hz                 | Frequency for the maximum value of the potentiometer (at 5V) can be changed.  | 68          |
| 126                 | Terminal 4<br>frequency setting<br>gain frequency | 0.01Hz           | 60Hz *3                  | 0 to 400Hz                 | Frequency at 20mA input can be changed.   | 70          |
| 160                 | User group read selection                         | 1                | 9999                     | 0, 1, 9999                 | Make extended parameters valid  | _           |



| Parameter<br>Number | Name                         | Incre<br>ments | Initial<br>Value | Range                           | Applications  | Refer<br>to |
|---------------------|------------------------------|----------------|------------------|---------------------------------|---|-------------|
| 998                 | IPM parameter initialization | 1              | 0                | 0, 1, 12, 101,<br>112           | By performing IPM parameter initialization, IPM motor control is selected and the parameters, which are required to drive an IPM motor, are changed.  | 43          |
| 999                 | Automatic parameter setting  | 1              | 9999             | 10, 11, 20, 21,<br>30, 31, 9999 | Parameter settings are changed as a batch. Those include communication parameter settings for a Mitsubishi human machine interface (GOT) connection, rated frequency settings of 50Hz/60Hz, and acceleration/ deceleration time increment settings. | 115         |

Initial values differ according to the inverter capacity. (0.75K/1.5K to 3.7K/5.5K, 7.5K/11K to 37K/45K, 55K/75K or higher)

Initial values differ according to the inverter capacity. (55K or lower/75K or higher) Performing IPM parameter initialization changes the settings. (*Refer to page 43*)

<sup>\*3</sup> Performing IPM parameter initialization changes the settings. (Refer to page 43)

\*4 Initial values differ according to the inverter capacity. (7.5K or lower/11K or higher)

\*5 Setting increments and setting range differ according to the inverter capacity. (55K or lower/75K or higher)

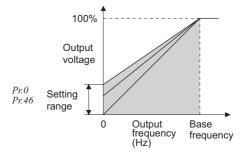
### 5.2 Increasing the starting torque (Pr. 0)

Set this parameter when "the motor with a load will not rotate", "an alarm [OL] is output, resulting in an inverter trip due to [OC1], etc.

| Parameter<br>Number | Name         | Initial Value |      | Setting<br>Range | Description  |
|---------------------|--------------|---------------|------|------------------|--|
|                     |              | 0.75K         | 6%   |                  |  |
|                     | Torque boost | 1.5K to 3.7K  | 4%   | 0 to 30%         | Motor torque in the low-<br>frequency range can be |
| 0                   |              | 5.5K, 7.5K    | 3%   |                  |  |
| "                   |              | 11K to 37K    | 2%   |                  | adjusted to the load to increase                   |
|                     |              | 45K, 55K      | 1.5% |                  | the starting motor torque.                         |
|                     |              | 75K or higher | 1%   |                  |  |

Changing example

When the motor with a load will not rotate, increase the  $Pr.\ \theta$  value 1% by 1% unit by looking at the motor movement. (The guideline is for about 10% change at the greatest.)



Display

### Operation

Screen at power-ON

The monitor display appears.

2. Operation mode setting

Press  $\frac{PU}{EXI}$  to choose the PU operation mode.





PU indicator is lit.

The parameter

previously appears.

number read

Press MODE to choose the parameter setting mode.

until P.  $G(Pr.\ heta)$  appears.



5.Press (SET) to read the present set value.

"E.C" (initial value is 6% for the 0.75K) appears.

6.Turn to change it to the set value

7.Press (SET) to set.



The initial value differs according to the capacity.







Flicker ··· Parameter setting complete!!

- · By turning O, you can read another parameter.
- · Press (SET) to show the setting again.
- $\cdot$  Press (SET) twice to show the next parameter.

### REMARKS

• Setting Pr.0 too high may cause the motor to overheat, resulting in an overcurrent trip (OL (overcurrent alarm) then E.OC1 (Overcurrent trip during acceleration)), thermal trip (E.THM (Motor overload trip), and E.THT (Inverter overload trip)). When a fault (E.OC1) occurs, release the start command, and decrease the Pr.0 value 1% by 1% to reset. (Refer to page 122.)

#### POINT

If the inverter still does not operate properly after taking the above measures, set *Pr. 80 Motor capacity* and select the Simple magnetic flux vector control [extended mode]. (*Refer to Chapter 4 of* the *Instruction Manual (Applied)*.)



### 5.3 Limiting the maximum and minimum output frequency (Pr. 1, Pr. 2)

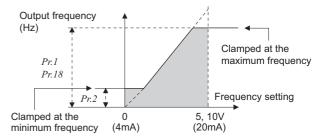
| Parameter<br>Number | Name                | Initial Value |        | Setting<br>Range | Description                                  |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------|--------|------------------|--|
| 1                   | 1 Maximum frequency | 55K or lower  | 120Hz* | 0 to 120Hz       | Set the upper limit of the output            |
| •                   |                     | 75K or higher | 60Hz*  | 0 10 120112      | frequency.                                   |
| 2                   | Minimum frequency   | 0Hz           |        | 0 to 120Hz       | Set the lower limit of the output frequency. |

<sup>\*</sup> Performing IPM parameter initialization changes the settings. (Refer to page 43)

Changing example

Limit the frequency set by the potentiometer, etc. to 60Hz maximum.

(Set "60"Hz in Pr. 1 Maximum frequency.)



### Operation -Display 1.Screen at power-ON The monitor display appears 2. Operation mode setting Press $\frac{PU}{EXI}$ to choose the PU operation The parameter 3. Press (MODE) to choose the parameter number read setting mode. previously appears 4. Turn ( ) until P (Pr. 1) appears. **5.**Press(SET) to read the present set value. " ,ວຸດູຕູ"(initial value) appears. 6.Turn to change it to the set

Flicker ··· Parameter setting complete!!

- · By turning O, you can read another parameter.
- · Press (SET) to show the setting again.
- · Press (SET) twice to show the next parameter.

#### **REMARKS**

- The output frequency is clamped by the *Pr. 2* setting even if the set frequency is lower than the *Pr. 2* setting (The frequency will not decrease to the *Pr. 2* setting.)
  - Note that Pr. 15 Jog frequency has higher priority than the minimum frequency.

7. Press (SET) to set

- When the Pr. 1 setting is changed, frequency higher than the Pr. 1 setting cannot be set by
- When performing a high speed operation at 120Hz or more, setting of *Pr. 18 High speed maximum frequency* is necessary. Even if a value higher than the maximum frequency (*refer to page 45*) is set in *Pr.18* under IPM motor control, the high speed maximum frequency is limited to the maximum motor frequency. (*Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).*)

# **↑** CAUTION

If the *Pr. 2* setting is higher than the *Pr. 13 Starting frequency* value, note that the motor will run at the set frequency according to the acceleration time setting by merely switching the start signal ON, without entry of the command frequency.

### 5.4 Changing acceleration and deceleration time (Pr. 7, Pr. 8)

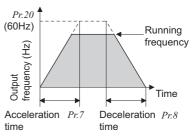
Set in *Pr.* 7 Acceleration time a larger value for a slower speed increase and a smaller value for a faster speed increase. Set in *Pr.* 8 Deceleration time a larger value for a slower speed decrease and a smaller value for a faster speed decrease.

| Parameter<br>Number | Name              | Initial Value                  |           | Setting<br>Range     | Description                      |
|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| 7                   | Acceleration time | 7.5K or lower<br>11K or higher | 5s<br>15s | 0 to 3600/<br>360s * | Set the motor acceleration time. |
|                     |                   |                                |           |                      |                                  |
| 8 Deceler           | Deceleration time | 7.5K or lower                  | 10s       | 0 to 3600/           | Set the motor deceleration time. |
| <b>.</b>            | Doctoration time  | 11K or higher                  | 30s       | 360s *               | Cot the motor deceleration time. |

<sup>\*</sup> Depends on the *Pr. 21 Acceleration/deceleration time increments* setting. The initial value for the setting range is "0 to 3600s" and setting increments is "0.1s".

Changing example

Change the *Pr. 7 Acceleration time* setting from "5s" to "10s".



### Operation Display 1.Screen at power-ON The monitor display appears. PU indicator is lit 2. Operation mode setting Press $\frac{PU}{FXT}$ to choose the PU operation mode The parameter 3. Press (MODE) to choose the parameter number read setting mode. previously appears. **4.**Turn ( Duntil P ' (Pr. 7) appears. **5.**Press (SET) to read the present set value. The initial value differs according "5:: "(initial value) appears. to the capacity. 6.Turn ( to change it to the set value " ¦<u>∏</u> []" 7.Press (SET) to set.

Flicker ··· Parameter setting complete!!

- · By turning (), you can read another parameter.
- · Press (SET) to show the setting again.
- Press (SET) twice to show the next parameter.

#### **REMARKS**

If torque is required in low-speed range (rated motor frequency (refer to page 44) /10), set Pr.791 Acceleration time in low-speed range and Pr.792 Deceleration time in low-speed range higher than the Pr.7 and Pr.8 settings so that the slow acceleration/ deceleration is performed in the low-speed range. (Refer to the Instruction Manual (Applied) for Pr.791 and Pr.792)

### 5.5 Energy saving operation (Pr. 60)

Without a detailed parameter setting, the inverter can automatically perform energy saving operation.

This operation is appropriate for fan and pump applications.

Use Optimum excitation control when connecting one motor to one inverter. Use Energy saving operation when connecting several motors to one inverter.

| Parameter<br>Number | Name                            | Initial<br>Value | Setting<br>Range | Remarks                    |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
|                     |                                 | 0                | 0                | Normal operation           |
| 60                  | Energy saving control selection |                  | 4                | Energy saving operation    |
|                     |                                 |                  | 9                | Optimum excitation control |

### 5.5.1 Energy saving operation (setting "4")

- · When "4" is set in *Pr.* 60, the inverter performs the energy saving operation.
- · In the energy saving operation, the inverter automatically controls the output voltage to minimize the inverter output voltage during a constant operation.

#### **REMARKS**

· For applications a large load torque is applied to or machines repeat frequent acceleration/deceleration, an energy saving effect is not expected.

### 5.5.2 Optimum excitation control (setting "9")

- · When "9" is set in Pr. 60, the inverter performs the Optimum excitation control.
- The Optimum excitation control is a control method which controls excitation current to improve the motor efficiency to maximum and determines output voltage as an energy saving method.

#### **REMARKS**

· When the motor capacity is too small as compared to the inverter capacity or two or more motors are connected to one inverter, the energy saving effect is not expected.

#### CAUTION

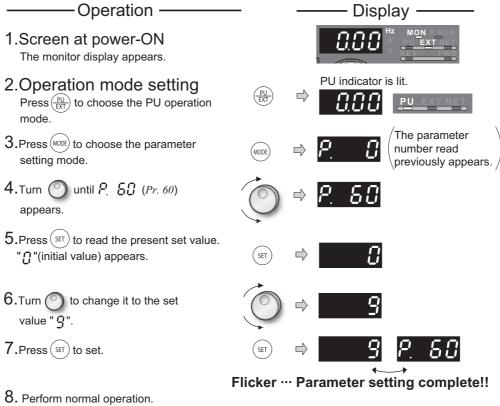
- · When the energy saving operation and Optimum excitation control are selected, deceleration time may be longer than the setting value. Since overvoltage alarm tends to occur as compared to the constant-torque load characteristics, set a longer deceleration time.
- The energy saving operation and Optimum excitation control are available only under V/F control. When a value other than "9999" is set in *Pr. 80 Motor capacity*, the energy saving operation and Optimum excitation control are not available.

(For Simple magnetic flux vector control, refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

#### **POINT**

To check the energy saving effect, refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied) and check the energy saving effect monitor.

Changing example | Set "9" (Optimum excitation control) in Pr. 60 Energy saving control selection.



- 8. Perform normal operation.
  When you want to check the energy saving effect, refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied) to check the energy saving effect monitor.
  - · By turning O, you can read another parameter.
  - · Press (SET) to show the setting again.
  - · Press (SET) twice to show the next parameter.



# 5.6 Selection of the start command and frequency command sources (Pr. 79)

Select the start command source and frequency command source.

POINT

Setting value "1" to "4" can be changed in the easy setting mode. (Refer to page 48)

| Parameter Number | Name                     | Initial Value | Setting Range |
|------------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 79               | Operation mode selection | 0             | 0 to 4, 6, 7  |

| Pr.79<br>Setting |   | Description  |  | LED Indication<br>■: OFF<br>□: ON                      | Refer to   |
|------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| 0                | External/PU switchove<br>External operation mod<br>At power ON, the invel   |  | External operation mode  NET operation mode          | Chapter 4 of<br>the Instruction<br>Manual<br>(Applied) |  |
|                  | Operation mode  | Frequency command  | Start command  |  | Chantay 1 of   |
| 1                | PU operation mode (fixed)   | Setting by the operation panel (FR-DU07) and PU (FR-PU04/FR-PU07)  | Input by FWD and REV on PU (FR-DU07/FR-PU04/FR-PU07) | PU operation mode                                      | Chapter 4 of<br>the Instruction<br>Manual<br>(Applied) |
| 2                | External operation mode (fixed) The operation can be performed by switching between the External and NET operation modes. | External signal input<br>(from terminal 2, 4, and<br>1, JOG, multi-speed<br>selection, etc.)   | External signal input (from terminal STF and STR)    | External operation mode  NET operation mode            | Chapter 4 of<br>the Instruction<br>Manual<br>(Applied) |
| 3                | External/PU combined operation mode 1   | PU (FR-DU07/FR-PU04/<br>FR-PU07) setting or<br>external signal input<br>(multi-speed setting,<br>across terminals 4 and 5<br>(valid when AU signal<br>turns ON)). *1 | External signal input (from terminal STF and STR)    | External/PU combined operation mode                    | Chapter 4 of<br>the Instruction<br>Manual<br>(Applied) |
| 4                | External/PU combined operation mode 2   | External signal input<br>(Terminal 2, 4, 1, JOG,<br>multi-speed selection,<br>etc.)  | Input by FWD and REV on PU (FR-DU07/FR-PU04/FR-PU07) |  | Chapter 4 of<br>the Instruction<br>Manual<br>(Applied) |
| 6                | Switchover mode Switch among PU operation, External operating, and NET operation while keeping the same operating status. |  |  | PU operation mode                                      | Chapter 4 of<br>the Instruction<br>Manual<br>(Applied) |
| 7                | X12 signal ON *2 Operation mode car (output stop during of X12 signal OFF *2 Operation mode car                           | nnot be switched to the PU o   |  | NET operation mode                                     | Chapter 4 of<br>the Instruction<br>Manual<br>(Applied) |

<sup>\*1</sup> The priorities of the frequency commands when *Pr.* 79 = "3" are "Multi-speed operation (RL/RM/RH/REX) > PID control (X14) > terminal 4 analog input (AU) > digital input from the operation panel".

### **REMARKS**

If switching of the operation mode is invalid even though *Pr.79* is set, *refer to page 138*.

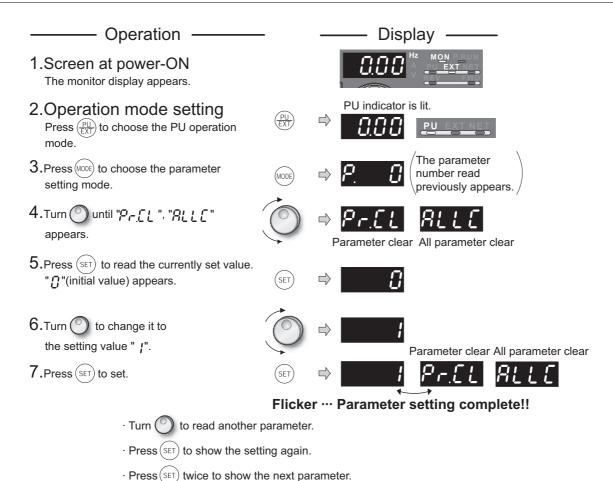
<sup>\*2</sup> For the terminal used for the X12 signal (PU operation interlock signal) input, set "12" in *Pr. 178 to Pr. 189 (input terminal function selection)* to assign functions. For *Pr. 178 to Pr. 189*, refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).

When the X12 signal is not assigned, function of the MRS signal switches from MRS (output stop) to PU operation interlock signal.

### 5.7 Parameter clear, all parameter clear

#### **POINT**

- · Set "1" in *Pr. CL parameter clear, ALLC All parameter clear* to initialize parameters. (Parameters are not cleared when "1" is set in *Pr. 77 Parameter write selection*.)
- · Refer to the parameter list on page 87 for the parameters to be cleared with this operation.



- ? and E-4 are displayed alternately ... Why?
  - The inverter is not in the PU operation mode.
    - 1. Press  $\left(\frac{PU}{EXT}\right)$ .
      - is lit and the monitor (4-digit LED) displays "0" (*Pr. 79* = "0" (initial value)).
    - 2. Carry out operation from step 6 again.

### 5.8 Parameter copy and parameter verification

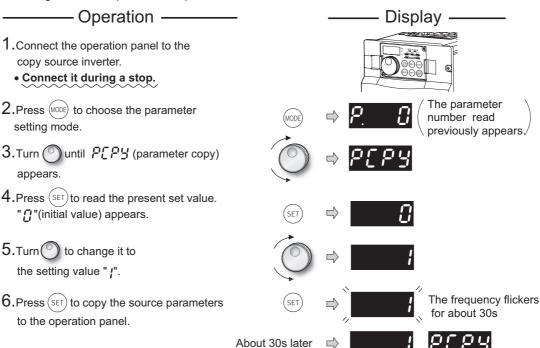
| PCPY Setting | Description   |
|--------------|---|
| 0            | Cancel  |
| 1            | Copy the source parameters to the operation panel.                                |
| 2            | Write the parameters copied to the operation panel into the destination inverter. |
| 3            | Verify parameters in the inverter and operation panel. (Refer to page 81.)        |

#### **REMARKS**

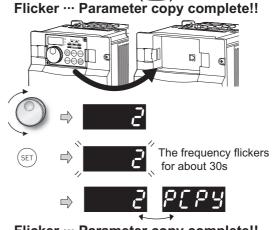
- When the copy destination inverter is not the FR-F700(P) series or parameter copy write is performed after parameter copy read is stopped, "model error ( r 문 년 )" is displayed.
- Refer to the parameter list on page 87 and later for availability of parameter copy.
- When the power is turned OFF or an operation panel is disconnected, etc. during parameter copy write, perform write again or check the values by parameter verification.
- Initial settings of certain parameters are different for different capacities, so some parameter settings may be automatically changed when parameter copy is performed from a different-capacity inverter. After performing a parameter copy from a different-capacity inverter, check the parameter settings. Especially under IPM motor control, check the Pr.80 Motor capacity setting before starting the operation. (Refer to the parameter list (page 87) for the parameters with different initial settings for different capacities.)

#### 5.8.1 Parameter copy

Parameter settings can be copied to multiple inverters.



- 7. Connect the operation panel to the copy source inverter.
- 8. After performing steps 2 to 5, turn () to change it to ",?".
- **9.**Press (SET) to write the parameters copied to the operation panel to the destination inverter.
- 10. When copy is completed, " ? " and " ? [ ? ] " flicker.
- 11. After writing the parameter values to the copy destination inverter, always reset the inverter, e.g. switch power OFF once, before starting operation.



Flicker ··· Parameter copy complete!!

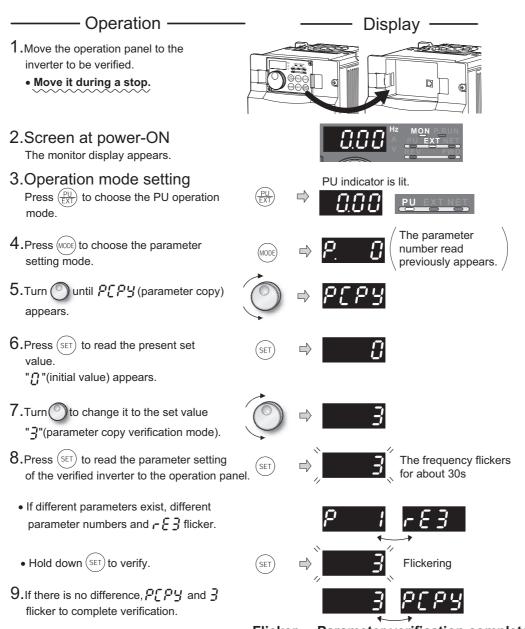
- 🛾 r ٤ ፣ appears...Why? 🏈 Parameter read error. Perform operation from step 3 again.
- ? r E ? appears...Why? Parameter write error. Perform operation from step 8 again.
- ?[P and [][][] flicker alternately
- Appears when parameters are copied between the inverter of 55K or lower and 75K or higher.
  - 1. Set "0" in *Pr. 160 User group read selection*.
  - 2. Set the following setting (initial value) in *Pr. 989 Parameter copy alarm release*.

|                 | 55K or lower | 75K or higher |
|-----------------|--------------|---------------|
| Pr. 989 Setting | 10           | 100           |

3. Reset Pr. 9, Pr. 30, Pr. 51, Pr. 52, Pr. 54, Pr. 56, Pr. 57, Pr. 70, Pr. 72, Pr. 80, Pr. 90, Pr. 158, Pr. 190 to Pr. 196, Pr. 557, Pr. 893.

#### 5.8.2 Parameter verification

Whether same parameter values are set in other inverters or not can be checked.



Flicker ··· Parameter verification complete!!

? ¬ € 3 flickers ... Why?

Set frequencies, etc. may be different. Check set frequencies.



### 5.9 Initial value change list

Displays and sets the parameters changed from the initial value.

### Operation Display 1. Screen at power-ON The monitor display appears 2. Operation mode setting PU indicator is lit. PU EXT to choose the PU operation mode. PRM indicator is lit. 3. Press (MODE) to choose the parameter setting mode. (The parameter number read previously appears.) 4. Turn until Pr [ H appears. **5.** Pressing (SET) changes to the initial value change list screen. 6. Turning displays the parameter number changed. ● Press (SET) to read the present set value. Turn ( and press (SET) to change the setting (refer to step 6 and 7 on page 51) Flicker ··· Frequency setting complete!! to read another parameter. The display returns to ₱ - - - after all parameters are displayed. 7. Pressing (SET) in P - - - status returns to the parameter setting mode.

#### REMARKS

- Calibration parameters (C0 (Pr. 900) to C7 (Pr. 905), C42 (Pr. 934) to C45 (Pr. 935)) are not displayed even they are changed from the initial settings.
- Only simple mode parameter is displayed when simple mode is set (Pr. 160 = 9999 (initial value))

sets other parameters.

displays the change list again.

• Only user group is displayed when user group is set (Pr. 160 = "1").

• Turning

Pressing

• Pr. 160 is displayed independently of whether the setting value is changed or not.



### 5.10.1 List of parameters classified by the purpose

Set the parameters according to the operating conditions.

The following list indicates purpose of use and corresponding parameters.

| Purpose of Use                                     | Function (Parameter Number)   | Page                  |
|--|---|-----------------------|
| Acceleration/deceleration time/pattern adjustment  | <ul> <li>Acceleration/deceleration patterns and backlash measures (Pr.29,<br/>Pr.143)</li> </ul>  | Pr.140 to <i>91</i>   |
|  | — Acceleration/deceleration time setting (Pr.7, Pr.8, Pr.20, Pr.21, Pr.4 Pr.147, Pr.791, Pr.792)  | 4, Pr.45,<br>88       |
|  | — Regenerative avoidance operation (Pr.665, Pr.882 to Pr.886)   | 112                   |
|  | — Starting frequency (Pr.13, Pr.571)  | 89                    |
| Adjusting the output torque (current) of the motor | — Manual torque boost (Pr.0, Pr.46)   | 87                    |
|  | — Simple magnetic flux vector control (Pr.90)   | 98                    |
|  | — Simple magnetic flux vector control and IPM motor control (Pr.80)   | 98                    |
|  | — Slip compensation (Pr.245 to Pr.247)  | 106                   |
|  | — Stall prevention (Pr.22, Pr.23, Pr.48, Pr.49, Pr.66, Pr.148, Pr.149, Pr.156, Pr.157)  | Pr.154,<br><i>90</i>  |
| Communication operation and command source         | — Selection of the NET operation mode command source (Pr.550)   | 108                   |
|  | — Selection of the PU operation mode command source (Pr.551)  | 108                   |
| Communication operation and setting                | — Control of parameter write by communication (Pr.342)  | 108                   |
|  | — Control of parameter write by communication (Pr.342)  | 99                    |
|  | — Initial setting of RS-485 communication (Pr.117 to Pr.124, Pr.551)  | 99                    |
|  | <ul> <li>Initial setting of RS-485 communication (Pr.331 to Pr.343, Pr.502,<br/>Pr.549 to Pr.551, Pr.779)</li> </ul>                      | Pr.539,<br><i>108</i> |
| Detection of output frequency and current          | <ul> <li>Detection of output current (Y12 signal) and zero current (Y13 signal to Pr.153, Pr.166, Pr.167)</li> </ul>                      | l) (Pr.150<br>103     |
|  | <ul><li>— Detection of output frequency (SU, FU, and FU2 signals)<br/>(Pr.41 to Pr.43, Pr.50, Pr.870)</li></ul>                           | 92                    |
| Energy saving operation                            | — Energy saving control selection (Pr.60)   | 95                    |
| Frequency setting by analog input                  | <ul> <li>Analog input selection, override function, analog input compensation</li> <li>Pr.242, Pr.243, Pr.252, Pr.253, Pr.267)</li> </ul> | on (Pr.73,<br>96      |
|  | <ul> <li>Bias and gain for the frequency setting voltage (current) (Pr.125, Pr.241, C2(Pr.902) to C7(Pr.905))</li> </ul>                  | r.126,<br><i>100</i>  |
|  | — Noise elimination at the analog input (Pr.74)   | 97                    |
| Frequency setting with terminals (contact input)   | — Compensation of multi speed and remote setting inputs (Pr.28)   | 90                    |
|  | — Jog operation (Pr.15, Pr.16)  | 89                    |
|  | Multi-speed setting operation (Pr.4 to Pr.6, Pr.24 to Pr.27, Pr.232 to Pr.239)  | 87                    |

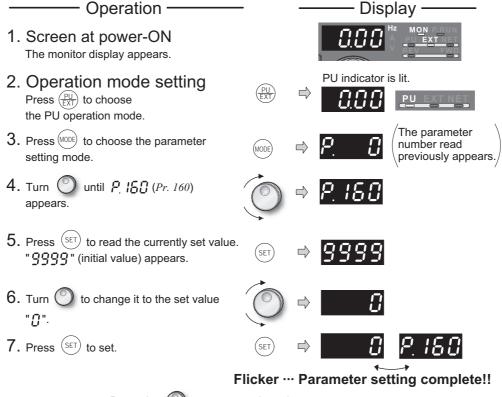


| Frequency setting with terminals (contact input)                     | — Remote setting function (Pr.59)  | 95                  |
|--|--|---------------------|
| Function assignment of external terminal and control                 | Condition selection for the second functions activation (RT signal) (Pr.155)   | 103                 |
|  | — Function assignment of input terminals (Pr.178 to Pr.189)  | 104                 |
|  | — Function assignment of output terminals (Pr.190 to Pr.196)   | 105                 |
|  | — Logic selection of the output stop signal (MRS) (Pr.17)  | 89                  |
|  | — Pulse train output of output power (Y79 signal) (Pr.799)   | 111                 |
|  | — Remote output function (REM signal) (Pr.495 to Pr.497)   | 110                 |
|  | — Start signal selection (Pr.250)  | 106                 |
| IPM motor control  | — Control method selection (Pr.800)  | 111                 |
|  | — IPM parameter initialization (Pr.998)  | 115                 |
|  | — Proportional gain setting for speed loops (Pr.820, Pr.821)   | 111                 |
| Limiting the output frequency  | Avoiding the mechanic resonance points     (frequency jump) (Pr.31 to Pr.36)   | 92                  |
|  | — Maximum/minimum frequency (Pr.1, Pr.2, Pr.18)  | 87                  |
| Misoperation prevention and parameter setting restriction            | — Displaying necessary parameters only (user group) (Pr.160, Pr.172 to Pr.174)   | 103                 |
|  | — Password function (Pr.296, Pr.297)   | 108                 |
|  | — Prevention of parameter rewrite (Pr.77)  | 97                  |
|  | — Reset selection and disconnected PU detection (Pr.75)  | 97                  |
|  | — Reverse motor rotation prevention (Pr.78)  | 97                  |
| Monitor display and monitor output signal                            | — Adjustment of terminal FM and AM (calibration) (C0(Pr.900), C1(Pr.901))  | 114                 |
|  | — Changing DU/PU monitored items and clearing cumulative monitors (IPr.170, Pr.171, Pr.268, Pr.563, Pr.564, Pr.891)                  | Pr.52,<br><i>93</i> |
|  | — Changing the monitored item to be output from terminal FM/AM (Pr.54 to Pr.56, Pr.158, Pr.867)                                      | 93                  |
|  | — Speed display and speed setting (Pr.37, Pr.144, Pr.505)  | 92                  |
| Motor brake and stop operation                                       | — Coast to stop at the specified frequency or lower (Pr.522)   | 110                 |
|  | — DC injection brake (Pr.10 to Pr.12)  | 89                  |
|  | Decelerate the motor to a stop at instantaneous power failure (Pr.261 to Pr.266)   | 107                 |
|  | — Motor stop method and start signal selection (Pr.250)  | 106                 |
|  | — Regeneration unit selection (Pr.30, Pr.70)   | 91                  |
| Motor noise suppression and measures against EMC and leakage current | — Carrier frequency and Soft-PWM selection (Pr.72, Pr.240, Pr.260)   | 96                  |
|  | Reducing mechanic resonance     (speed smoothing control) (Pr.653, Pr.654)   | 111                 |
| Operation selection at power failure and instantaneous power failure | <ul> <li>— Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure/flying start (Pr.57,<br/>Pr.162 to Pr.165, Pr.299, Pr.611)</li> </ul> | Pr.58,<br><i>94</i> |

| Operation selection at power failure and instantaneous power failure | <ul> <li>Decelerate the motor to a stop at instantaneous power failure (Pr.2<br/>Pr.266)</li> </ul>   | 261 to<br><i>10</i> 7   |
|--|---|-------------------------|
| Operation setting at fault occurrence                                | — Input phase failure protection selection (Pr.251, Pr.872)   | 100                     |
|  | — Output function of fault code (Pr.76)   | 97                      |
|  | — Regenerative avoidance operation (Pr.665, Pr.882 to Pr.886)   | 112                     |
|  | — Retry at fault occurrence (Pr.65, Pr.67 to Pr.69)   | 95                      |
| Selection and protection of a motor                                  | Motor protection from overheat (electronic thermal relay function) (     Pr.51)   | (Pr.9,                  |
|  | — Motor selection (general-purpose motor, IPM motor) (Pr.71)  | 95                      |
| Selection of operation mode and command source                       | Operation command source and speed command source during contact cation operation (Pr.338, Pr.339)  | ommuni-<br><i>108</i>   |
|  | — Operation mode at power-ON (Pr.79, Pr.340)  | 97                      |
|  | — Operation mode selection (Pr.79)  | 97                      |
| Setting of the parameter unit and operation panel                    | — Buzzer control of the operation panel (Pr.990)  | 114                     |
|  | — Operation selection of the operation panel (Pr.161)   | 104                     |
|  | — Parameter unit language switchover (Pr.145)   | 102                     |
|  | — PU contrast adjustment (Pr.991)   | 114                     |
| Special operation and frequency control                              | — PID control (Pr.127 to Pr.134, Pr.553, Pr.554, Pr.575 to Pr.577, C42 to C45(Pr.935))  | 2(Pr.934)<br>100        |
|  | — Switching between the inverter and the bypass operation (Pr.135 to Pr.159)  | o Pr.139,<br><i>102</i> |
| Useful function (energy saving operation)                            | — Energy saving monitor (Pr.891 to Pr.899)  | 113                     |
| Useful functions   | — Automatic parameter setting (Pr.999)  | 115                     |
|  | — Current average value monitor signal (Pr.555 to Pr.557)   | 110                     |
|  | — Fault initiation (Pr.997)   | 114                     |
|  | — Free parameter (Pr.888, Pr.889)   | 112                     |
|  | — Lifespan extension of the cooling fan (Pr.244)  | 100                     |
|  | — Maintenance of parts (Pr.503, Pr.504)   | 110                     |
|  | <ul> <li>Parameter clear, parameter copy, initial value change list, and auto<br/>rameter setting (Pr.CL, ALLC, Er.CL, PCPY, Pr.CH, IPM, AUTO)</li> </ul> | omatic pa-              |
|  | — Parameter copy alarm release (Pr.989)   | 114                     |
|  | — To display life of inverter parts (Pr.255 to Pr.259)  | 107                     |
| V/F pattern setting  | — Adjustable 5 points V/F (Pr.71, Pr.100 to Pr.109)   | 98                      |
|  | — Base frequency and voltage (Pr.3, Pr.19, Pr.47)   | 87                      |
|  | — V/F pattern suitable for the application (Pr.14)  | 89                      |



### 5.10.2 Display of the extended parameters



- · By turning , you can read another parameter.
- · Press (SET) to show the setting again.
- · Press (SET) twice to show the next parameter.

After parameter setting is completed, press (MODE) once to show the fault history and press (MODE) twice to return to the monitor display. To change settings of other parameters, perform the operation in above steps 3 to 7.

### REMARKS

If the setting has not been changed, the value does not flicker and the next parameter number appears.

| Pr. 160                 | Description  |
|-------------------------|--|
| 9999<br>(Initial Value) | Only the simple mode parameters can be displayed.                  |
| 0                       | Simple mode and extended mode parameters can be displayed.         |
| 1                       | Only the parameters registered in the user group can be displayed. |

### 5.10.3 Parameter list

| indicat   | tes simple mode param  | eters.      |                        |                   |   |                   |                    |                        |  |
|---|--|-------------|------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--|
| Parameter ueters  | Related Name Name  |             | Initial<br>Value       | Range             | Description   | Parameter<br>copy | Parameter<br>clear | All parameter<br>clear |  |
| Re  |  |             |                        |                   |   |                   | enab<br>disab      |                        |  |
| Adjustir  | ng the output torque   | (curren     | t) of the              | motor — N         | Manual torque boost (Pr.0, Pr.46)                     |                   | V/F                |                        |  |
| 0@  | Torque boost   | 0.1%        | 6/4/3/2/<br>1.5/1% *   | 0 to 30%          | Set the output voltage at 0Hz as %.                   | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |  |
| 46  | Second torque boost  | 0.1%        | 9999                   | 0 to 30%          | Set the torque boost when the RT signal is on.        | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |  |
| 70  | Occord torque boost  | 0.170       | 3333                   | 9999              | Without second torque boost                           | )                 |                    |                        |  |
|   |  | •           |                        |                   | / 5.5K, 7.5K / 11K to 37K / 45K, 55K / 75K or higher) | 1                 |                    |                        |  |
| Limiting  | the output frequenc  | y — Ma      | ximum/ı                | minimum f         | requency (Pr.1, Pr.2, Pr.18)                          |                   |                    |                        |  |
| 1@  | Maximum frequency  | 0.01Hz      | 120/<br>60Hz *1,<br>*2 | 0 to 120Hz        | Set the upper limit of the output frequency.          | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |  |
| 2@  | Minimum frequency  | 0.01Hz      | 0Hz                    | 0 to 120Hz        | Set the lower limit of the output frequency.          | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |  |
| 18  | High speed maximum frequency   | 0.01Hz      | 120/<br>60Hz *1,<br>*2 | 120 to 400Hz      | Set when performing the operation at 120Hz or more.   | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |  |
| 2 Perfor<br>3 Even it   | etting depends on the inverter<br>ming IPM parameter initializa<br>f a value higher than the maxim<br>maximum motor frequency. | tion change | es the settir          | ngs. (Refer to pa | •   | ı freque          | ency is            | limited                |  |
| V/F pattern setting — Base frequency and voltage (Pr.3, Pr.19, Pr.47) |  |             |                        |                   |   |                   |                    |                        |  |
|   | Dago fraguency   | 0.0411-     | COL 1-                 | 0.45 4001.15      | Set the frequency when the motor rated torque         | _                 |                    |                        |  |

|    | to the fi   | laximum motor frequency.  |        |   |                     |   |   |   |          |
|----|---|---|--------|---|---------------------|---|---|---|----------|
| V  | //F pattern setting — Base frequency and voltage (Pr.3, Pr.19, Pr.47) |   |        |   |                     |   |   |   | <u> </u> |
|    | 3@  | Base frequency  | 0.01Hz | 60Hz  | 0 to 400Hz          | Set the frequency when the motor rated torque is generated. (50Hz/60Hz) | 0 | 0 | 0        |
|    | Dana francisco  |   |        |   | 0 to 1000V          | Set the base voltage.   |   |   |          |
|    | 19  | Base frequency voltage  | 0.1V   | 9999  | 8888                | 95% of power supply voltage   | 0 | 0 | 0        |
|    |   | voltage   |        |   | 9999                | Same as power supply voltage  |   |   |          |
|    | 47  | Second V/F (base  | 0.01Hz | 9999  | 0 to 400Hz          | Set the base frequency when the RT signal is ON.                        | 0 | 0 | 0        |
| l  |   | frequency)  |        |   | 9999                | Second V/F is invalid   |   |   |          |
|    | -   | Pr.6, Pr.24 to Pr.27, P   | •      |   | - 1                 | ulti-speed setting operation  | I |   |          |
| γ- | 4@  | Multi-speed setting (high speed)                                      | 0.01Hz | 60Hz *  | 0 to 400Hz          | Set frequency when the RT signal is ON.                                 | 0 | 0 | 0        |
|    |   |   |        |   |                     |   |   |   |          |
|    | 5@  | Multi-speed setting (middle speed)                                    | 0.01Hz | 30Hz  | 0 to 400Hz          | Set frequency when the RM signal is ON.                                 | 0 | 0 | 0        |
|    | 6©  | Multi-speed setting (low speed)                                       | 0.01Hz | 10Hz  | 0 to 400Hz          | Set frequency when the RL signal is ON.                                 | 0 | 0 | 0        |
|    | 24<br>to<br>27  | Multi-speed setting (4 speed to 7 speed) 0.01Hz 9999 0 to 400Hz, Free |        | Frequency from 4 speed to 15 speed can be set according to the combination of the RH, | 0                   | 0   | 0 |   |          |
|    | 232<br>to speed to 15 speed)  |   | 0.01Hz | 9999  | 0 to 400Hz,<br>9999 | RM, RL and REX signals.<br>0 to 400Hz, 9999: not selected               |   | 0 | 0        |

\* Performing IPM parameter initialization changes the settings. (Refer to page 43)



| Related parameters | Name   | Incre-<br>ments  | Initial<br>Value          | Range                               | Description Acceleration/deceleration time setting   |   |   | Parameter<br>clear |   |
|--------------------|--|------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|---|--------------------|---|
|                    | tion/deceleration tim<br>8, Pr.20, Pr.21, Pr.44      | -                | _                         |                                     |  | ation time setting  |   |                    |   |
| 7©                 | Acceleration time                                    | 0.1/<br>0.01s    | 5/15s *1                  | 0 to 3600/<br>360s                  | Set the motor accelerate   | ion time.   | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
| 8@                 | Deceleration time                                    | 0.1/<br>0.01s    | 10/30s *1                 | 0 to 3600/<br>360s                  | Set the motor decelerate   | tion time.  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
| 20                 | Acceleration/<br>deceleration<br>reference frequency | 0.01Hz           | 60Hz *2                   | 1 to 400Hz                          | Set the frequency refered deceleration time. Set the time from stop to <i>Pr. 20</i> deceleration time.  | ne frequency change   | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
| 21                 | Acceleration/<br>deceleration time<br>increments     | 1                | 0                         | 0                                   | Increments: 0.1s<br>Range: 0 to 3600s<br>Increments: 0.01s   | Increments and setting range of acceleration/ deceleration time setting can be changed. | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
| 44                 | Second acceleration/<br>deceleration time            | 0.1/<br>0.01s    | 5s                        | 0 to 3600/<br>360s                  | Range: 0 to 360s  Set the acceleration/de the RT signal is ON.   |   | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
| 45                 | Second deceleration time                             | 0.1/<br>0.01s    | 9999                      | 0 to 3600/<br>360s<br>9999          | Set the deceleration time ON.  Acceleration time = dec   |   | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
| 147                | Acceleration/<br>deceleration time                   | 0.01Hz           | 9999                      | 0 to 400Hz                          | Frequency when auto the acceleration/deceler | matically switching to  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|                    | switching frequency                                  |                  |                           | 9999                                | No function  |   |   |                    |   |
| 791                | Acceleration time in low-speed range                 | 0.1/<br>0.01s    | 9999                      | 0 to 3600/<br>360s                  | Acceleration time in the (rated motor frequence  |   | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
| 11 101             | low-specu range                                      | 0.013            |                           | 9999                                | The acceleration time  | set in Pr.7 is applied.   |   |                    |   |
| 792                | Deceleration time in low-speed range                 | 0.1/<br>0.01s    | 9999                      | 0 to 3600/<br>360s                  | Deceleration time in the<br>(rated motor frequence)  | y/10 or lower) is set.  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
| *1 Initial va      | lues differ according to the inv                     | ortor canac      | ity (7.5K or              | 9999                                | The deceleration time  | set in Pr.8 is applied.   |   |                    |   |
|                    | ing IPM parameter initialization                     |                  |                           |                                     |  |   |   |                    |   |
|                    | and protection of a ction) (Pr.9, Pr.51)             | motor            | — Moto                    | r protectio                         | n from overheat (e   | lectronic thermal   |   |                    |   |
| 9@                 | Electronic thermal O/<br>L relay                     | 0.01/<br>0.1A*1  | Rated inverter current *2 | 0 to 500/<br>0 to 3600A *1          | Set the rated motor cur  | rent.   | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
| 51 V/F S MFVC      | Second electronic thermal O/L relay                  | 0.01/<br>0.1A *1 | 9999                      | 0 to 500A/<br>0 to 3600A *1<br>9999 | Valid when the RT sign<br>Set the rated motor cur<br>Second electronic therr   | rent.   | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|                    |  |                  |                           | 3333                                | occoria electronic then  | nai O/L iciay ilivallu  |   | <u> </u>           |   |

| Parameter   |  |   |  |  |   |                   | eter<br>Ir         | neter<br>ır            |
|---|--|---|--|--|---|-------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Related parameters  | Name   | Incre-<br>ments                                   | Initial<br>Value                                   | Range  | Description   | Parameter<br>copy | Parameter<br>clear | All parameter<br>clear |
| Re  |  |   |  |  |   | _                 | enab<br>disab      |                        |
| Motor bra   | ake and stop operat  | ion — D   | C iniect   | tion brake   | <br>(Pr.10 to Pr.12)  | ^.                | uisak              | ,ieu                   |
|   | по ста стор орогия   |   | ,  | 0 to 120Hz *1  | Set the operation frequency of the DC injection   |                   |                    |                        |
| 10  | DC injection brake   | 0.01Hz  | 3Hz  | 0 10 12002 1   | brake.  | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| <u> </u>  | operation frequency  |   |  | 9999   | Operate when the output frequency becomes less than or equal to <i>Pr.13 Starting frequency</i> .   |                   |                    |                        |
| 44  | DC injection brake   | 0.4   | 0.5  | 0  | DC injection brake disabled   |                   |                    |                        |
| 11  | operation time   | 0.1s  | 0.5s   | 0.1 to 10s   | Set the operation time of the DC injection brake.   | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| 12  | DC injection brake   |   |  | 0  | DC injection brake disabled   |                   |                    |                        |
| S-MFVC  | operation voltage  | 0.1%  | 4/2/1% *2  | 0.1 to 30%   | Set the DC injection brake voltage (torque).  | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
|   | M motor control, the frequenc lues differ according to the in  |   |  |  | o 55K/75K or higher)  |                   |                    |                        |
|   |  |   |  |  | Starting frequency (Pr.13, Pr.571)  |                   |                    |                        |
| 13  | Starting frequency   | 0.01Hz  | 0.5Hz *  | 0 to 60Hz  | Starting frequency can be set.  If the set frequency is set higher than the start frequency under IPM motor control, the output starts at 0.01Hz.   | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| 571   |  |   |  | 0.0 to 10.0s   | Set the holding time of <i>Pr.13 Starting frequency</i> .   |                   |                    |                        |
| V/F<br>SMFVC  | Holding time at a start  | 0.1s  | 9999   | 9999   | Holding function at a start is invalid  | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| * Performing  | IDM parameter initialization of  | alization changes the settings.(Refer to page 43) |  |  |   |                   |                    |                        |
|   | •  |   | • • •  | 10 /   |   |                   |                    |                        |
|   | rn setting — V/F pat   |   | • • •  | 10 /   | cation (Pr.14)  |                   | V/F                |                        |
|   | •  |   | • • •  | r the applic   | For constant-torque load  | 0                 | <b>V/F</b>         | 0                      |
| V/F patte   | rn setting — V/F pat   | tern su   | itable fo  | r the applic   | For constant-torque load For reduced-torque load  | 0                 |                    | 0                      |
| V/F patter  | rn setting — V/F pat  Load pattern selection  y setting with termi   | tern su   | itable fo  | r the applied  | For constant-torque load For reduced-torque load g operation (Pr.15, Pr.16)   |                   | 0                  |                        |
| V/F patter  | rn setting — V/F pat   | tern su   | itable fo  | r the applic   | For constant-torque load For reduced-torque load  g operation (Pr.15, Pr.16)  Set the frequency for jog operation.  | 0                 |                    | 0                      |
| V/F patter<br>14<br>Frequenc<br>15                                | Load pattern selection  y setting with termi  Jog frequency *  Jog acceleration/ deceleration time   | 1 nals (cc 0.01Hz  0.1/ 0.01s                     | itable fo  1  ontact in  5Hz *                     | r the application of the applica | For constant-torque load For reduced-torque load g operation (Pr.15, Pr.16)   |                   | 0                  |                        |
| V/F patter  14  Frequence 15  16  * Performing                    | Load pattern selection  y setting with termi  Jog frequency *  Jog acceleration/ deceleration time   | 1 nals (cc 0.01Hz  0.1/ 0.01s                     | itable fo  1  Dontact in  5Hz *  0.5s              | r the application of the applica | For constant-torque load  For reduced-torque load  g operation (Pr.15, Pr.16)  Set the frequency for jog operation.  Set the acceleration/deceleration time for jog operation. Set the time taken to reach the frequency set in Pr.20 Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency for acceleration/deceleration time. (Initial value is 60Hz *)  In addition, acceleration/deceleration time cannot be set separately.  | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| V/F patter 14  Frequence 15  16  * Performing                     | Load pattern selection  y setting with termi  Jog frequency *  Jog acceleration/ deceleration time   | 1 nals (cc 0.01Hz  0.1/ 0.01s                     | itable fo  1  Dontact in  5Hz *  0.5s              | r the application of the applica | For constant-torque load  For reduced-torque load  g operation (Pr.15, Pr.16)  Set the frequency for jog operation.  Set the acceleration/deceleration time for jog operation. Set the time taken to reach the frequency set in Pr.20 Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency for acceleration/deceleration time. (Initial value is 60Hz *)  In addition, acceleration/deceleration time  | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| V/F patter 14  Frequence 15  16  * Performing                     | Load pattern selection  by setting with termi  Jog frequency *  Jog acceleration/ deceleration time  IPM parameter initialization of external setting with termi   | 1 nals (cc 0.01Hz  0.1/ 0.01s                     | itable fo  1  Dontact in  5Hz *  0.5s              | r the application of the applica | For constant-torque load  For reduced-torque load  g operation (Pr.15, Pr.16)  Set the frequency for jog operation.  Set the acceleration/deceleration time for jog operation. Set the time taken to reach the frequency set in Pr.20 Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency for acceleration/deceleration time. (Initial value is 60Hz *)  In addition, acceleration/deceleration time cannot be set separately.  | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| V/F patter 14  Frequence 15  16  * Performing                     | Load pattern selection  by setting with termi  Jog frequency *  Jog acceleration/ deceleration time  IPM parameter initialization of external setting with termi   | 1 nals (cc 0.01Hz  0.1/ 0.01s                     | itable fo  1  Dontact in  5Hz *  0.5s              | r the application of the applica | For constant-torque load  For reduced-torque load  g operation (Pr.15, Pr.16)  Set the frequency for jog operation.  Set the acceleration/deceleration time for jog operation. Set the time taken to reach the frequency set in Pr.20 Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency for acceleration/deceleration time. (Initial value is 60Hz *)  In addition, acceleration/deceleration time cannot be set separately.  — Logic selection of the output stop  | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| V/F patter  14  Frequence 15  16  * Performing Function signal (M | Load pattern selection  y setting with termi  Jog frequency *  Jog acceleration/ deceleration time  IPM parameter initialization of  assignment of external (Pr.17)  MRS input selection   | 1 nals (cc 0.01Hz  0.1/ 0.01s  nanges the         | itable fo  1  ontact in  5Hz *  0.5s  settings.(Re | r the application of the applica | For constant-torque load  For reduced-torque load  g operation (Pr.15, Pr.16)  Set the frequency for jog operation.  Set the acceleration/deceleration time for jog operation. Set the time taken to reach the frequency set in Pr.20 Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency for acceleration/deceleration time. (Initial value is 60Hz *)  In addition, acceleration/deceleration time cannot be set separately.  — Logic selection of the output stop  Open input always  Normally closed input (NC contact input  | 0                 | 0 0                | 0                      |
| V/F patter  14  Frequence 15  16  * Performing Function signal (M | Load pattern selection  y setting with termi  Jog frequency *  Jog acceleration/ deceleration time  IPM parameter initialization chassignment of external ex | 1 nals (cc 0.01Hz  0.1/ 0.01s  nanges the         | itable fo  1  ontact in  5Hz *  0.5s  settings.(Re | r the application of the applica | For constant-torque load  For reduced-torque load  g operation (Pr.15, Pr.16)  Set the frequency for jog operation.  Set the acceleration/deceleration time for jog operation. Set the time taken to reach the frequency set in Pr.20 Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency for acceleration/deceleration time. (Initial value is 60Hz *)  In addition, acceleration/deceleration time cannot be set separately.  — Logic selection of the output stop  Open input always  Normally closed input (NC contact input specifications)  External terminal:Normally closed input (NC contact input specifications) | 0                 | 0 0                | 0                      |
| V/F patter  14  Frequence 15  16  * Performing Function signal (M | Load pattern selection  y setting with termi  Jog frequency *  Jog acceleration/ deceleration time  IPM parameter initialization of  assignment of external (Pr.17)  MRS input selection   | 1 nals (cc 0.01Hz  0.1/ 0.01s  nanges the         | itable fo  1  ontact in  5Hz *  0.5s  settings.(Re | r the application of the applica | For constant-torque load  For reduced-torque load  g operation (Pr.15, Pr.16)  Set the frequency for jog operation.  Set the acceleration/deceleration time for jog operation. Set the time taken to reach the frequency set in Pr.20 Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency for acceleration/deceleration time. (Initial value is 60Hz *)  In addition, acceleration/deceleration time cannot be set separately.  — Logic selection of the output stop  Open input always  Normally closed input (NC contact input specifications)  External terminal:Normally closed input (NC contact input specifications) | 0                 | 0 0                | 0                      |



| Pa            | Related parameters  | Name  | Incre-<br>ments | Initial<br>Value | Range                | Descr   | iption   | _ | Parameter<br>clear |   |
|---------------|---------------------|---|-----------------|------------------|----------------------|---|--|---|--------------------|---|
|               | _                   | the output torque (<br>66, Pr.148, Pr.149, P            | •               |                  |                      | Stall prevention (Pr  | .22, Pr.23, Pr.48,                                     |   |                    |   |
| • •           | 10,11               |   |                 |                  | 0                    | Stall prevention operation invalid.   | on selection becomes                                   |   |                    |   |
|               | 22                  | Stall prevention operation level                        | 0.1%            | 120% *           | 0.1 to 150%          | Set the current value at operation is started.  | which stall prevention                                 | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|               |                     |   |                 |                  | 9999                 | Analog variable   |  |   |                    |   |
| $\mathcal{L}$ | 23                  | Stall prevention operation level compensation factor    | 0.1%            | 9999             | 0 to 200%            | The stall operation leve operating at a high spec frequency.                          |  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
| 9             | MFVC                | at double speed   |                 |                  | 9999                 | Constant according to I   | Pr. 22   |   |                    |   |
|               |                     | Second stall  |                 |                  | 0                    | Second stall prevention   | operation invalid                                      |   |                    |   |
|               | 48                  | prevention operation current                            | 0.1%            | 120%             | 0.1 to 150%          | The stall prevention ope  | eration level can be set.                              | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|               |                     | Cooped stall  |                 |                  | 0                    | Second stall prevention   | operation invalid                                      |   |                    |   |
|               | 49                  | Second stall prevention operation frequency             | 0.01Hz          | 0Hz              | 0.01 to<br>400Hz     | Set the frequency at which stall prevention operation of <i>Pr. 48</i> is started.    |  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|               |                     | inequency   |                 |                  | 9999                 | Pr. 48 is valid when the RT signal is ON.   |  |   |                    |   |
| (             | 66<br>V/F<br>S-MFVC | Stall prevention operation reduction starting frequency | 0.01Hz          | 60Hz             | 0 to 400Hz           | Set the frequency at whelevel is started to reduce                                    |  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|               | 148                 | Stall prevention level at 0V input                      | 0.1%            | 120%             | 0 to 150%            | Stall prevention operation  |  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|               | 149                 | Stall prevention level at 10V input                     | 0.1%            | 150%             | 0 to 150%            | -changed by the analog<br>1.  | signal input to terminal                               | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|               | 154<br>V/F          | Voltage reduction selection during stall                | 1               | 1                | 0                    | With voltage reduction  | You can select whether to use output voltage reduction | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|               | SMFVC               | prevention operation                                    | •               | ·                | 1                    | Without voltage reduction   | during stall prevention operation or not.              |   |                    |   |
|               | 156                 | Stall prevention operation selection                    | 1               | 0                | 0 to 31,<br>100, 101 | Pr. 156 allows you to sel prevention or not accordeceleration status.                 |  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|               | 157                 | OL signal output timer                                  | 0.1s            | 0s               | 0 to 25s             | Set the output start time of the OL signal output when stall prevention is activated. |  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
| * [           | Performing          | IPM parameter initialization ch                         | nanges the      | sattings (D)     | 9999                 | Without the OL signal o   | utput  |   |                    |   |
|               | 1 to 27             | Refer to Pr. 4 to Pr. 6.                                | ianges inc      | oottings. (Re    | Jei to page 73)      |   |  |   |                    |   |
|               |                     | cy setting with termi                                   | nale (co        | ontact in        | mut). Co             | mnonsation of mu  | Iti speed and  |   |                    |   |
|               | •                   | etting inputs (Pr.28)                                   | iiais (CC       | oniact if        | iput) — 60           | mpensation of mu  | ili specu allu   |   |                    |   |
|               |                     | Multi-speed input                                       |                 |                  | 0                    | Without compensation  |  |   |                    |   |
|               | 28                  | compensation selection                                  | 1               | 0                | 1                    | With compensation   |  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |

| Related parameters | -<br>Name                                | Incre-<br>ments | Initial<br>Value | Range              | Descr   | iption                                       | O copy           | Parameter<br>clear | All parameter |  |
|--------------------|--|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|---------------|--|
|                    | tion/deceleration tin                    | no/patte        | rn adiu          | etmont /           | Acceleration/decel  | oration patterns                             | ×:               | disal              | olec          |  |
|                    | dash measures (Pr.2                      | _               | _                |                    | Acceleration/decel  | eration patterns                             |                  |                    |               |  |
|                    |  |                 |                  | 0                  | Linear acceleration/ ded  | celeration                                   |                  |                    | Π             |  |
|                    |  |                 |                  | 1                  | S-pattern acceleration/c  | leceleration A                               |                  |                    |               |  |
|                    | Acceleration/                            |                 |                  | 2                  | S-pattern acceleration/o  | leceleration B                               |                  |                    |               |  |
| 29                 | deceleration pattern                     | 1               | 0                | 3                  | Backlash measures   |  | 0                | 0                  | (             |  |
|                    | selection                                |                 |                  | 6<br>V/F<br>S MFVC | Variable-torque accelera  | ation/deceleration                           |                  |                    |               |  |
| 140                | Backlash acceleration stopping frequency | 0.01Hz          | 1Hz              | 0 to 400Hz         |   |  | 0                | 0                  | (             |  |
| 141                | Backlash acceleration stopping time      | 0.1s            | 0.5s             | 0 to 360s          | Set the stopping freque backlash measures.                                    | ncy and time for                             | 0                | 0                  | ,             |  |
| 142                | Backlash deceleration stopping frequency | 0.01Hz          | 1Hz              | 0 to 400Hz         | Valid when <i>Pr.29</i> = "3"   |  | 0                | 0                  |               |  |
| 143                | Backlash deceleration stopping time      | 0.1s            | 0.5s             | 0 to 360s          |   |  | 0                | 0                  |               |  |
| otor br            | ake and stop operat                      | ion — F         | Regener          | ation unit s       | selection (Pr.30, Pr  | .70)   |                  |                    |               |  |
|                    |  |                 |                  | 0                  | Inverter without regener<br>unit (FR-BU2 *2, FR-BU                            | , BU)  |                  |                    |               |  |
|                    |  |                 |                  |                    | 1 *1  | Brake unit (FR-BU2 *3, power regeneration co | onverter (MT-RC) |                    |               |  |
|                    |  |                 |                  | 2                  | High power factor con<br>(FR-HC, MT-HC),<br>power regeneration co<br>(FR-CV)  |  |                  |                    |               |  |
| 20                 | Regenerative function                    |                 |                  | 10                 | Inverter without regenerative function, brake unit (FR-BU2 *2, FR-BU, BU)     | DC feeding mode 1                            |                  | 0                  |               |  |
| 30                 | selection                                | 1               | 1 0              | 11 *1              | Brake unit (FR-BU2 *3,<br>MT-BU5),<br>power regeneration<br>converter (MT-RC) | (operated by DC<br>feeding only)             | 0                | 0                  |               |  |
|                    |  |                 |                  | 20                 | Inverter without regenerative function, brake unit (FR-BU2 *2, FR-BU, BU)     | DC feeding mode 2                            |                  |                    |               |  |
|                    |  |                 |                  | 21 *1              | Brake unit (FR-BU2*3,<br>MT-BU5),<br>power regeneration                       | (operated by switching<br>between AC and DC) |                  |                    |               |  |
|                    |  |                 |                  |                    | converter (MT-RC)   |  |                  |                    |               |  |

Used in combination with GZG, GRZG, or FR-BR. Used in combination with MT-BR5.



| Pa       | Related parameters parameters | Name  | Incre-<br>ments | Initial<br>Value | Range  | Description  | _ | Parameter<br>clear |   |  |
|----------|-------------------------------|---|-----------------|------------------|--|--|---|--------------------|---|--|
|          | _                             | •   | _               | oiding tl        | he mechan                                      | ic resonance points  |   |                    |   |  |
| (fr      | requen                        | cy jump) (Pr.31 to P  | r.36)           |                  |  |  | T | T                  | 1 |  |
|          | 31                            | Frequency jump 1A   | 0.01Hz          | 9999             | 0 to 400Hz,<br>9999                            |  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |  |
|          | 32                            | Frequency jump 1B   | 0.01Hz          | 9999             | 0 to 400Hz,<br>9999                            |  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |  |
|          | 33                            | Frequency jump 2A   | 0.01Hz          | 9999             | 0 to 400Hz,<br>9999                            | 1A to 1B, 2A to 2B, 3A to 3B is frequency jumps                                | 0 | 0                  | 0 |  |
|          | 34                            | Frequency jump 2B   | 0.01Hz          | 9999             | 0 to 400Hz,<br>9999                            | 9999: Function invalid   | 0 | 0                  | 0 |  |
|          | 35                            | Frequency jump 3A   | 0.01Hz          | 9999             | 0 to 400Hz,<br>9999                            |  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |  |
|          | 36                            | Frequency jump 3B   | 0.01Hz          | 9999             | 0 to 400Hz,<br>9999                            |  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |  |
|          | onitor o                      | • •   | output          | signal –         | – Speed di                                     | splay and speed setting (Pr.37,  |   |                    |   |  |
| • ••     | 177, 1                        |   |                 |                  | 0  | Frequency display, setting   | l | l                  |   |  |
|          | 37                            | Speed display   | 1               | 0 *1             | 1 to 9998                                      | Set the machine speed of <i>Pr. 505</i> .                                      | 0 | 0                  | 0 |  |
|          | 144                           | Speed setting switchover  | 1               | 4 *2             | 0, 2, 4, 6, 8,<br>10, 102,104,<br>106,108, 110 | Set the number of motor poles when displaying the motor speed.                 | 0 | 0                  | 0 |  |
|          | 505                           | Speed setting reference   | 0.01Hz          | 60Hz *2          | 1 to 120Hz                                     | Set the frequency that will be the basis of machine speed display.             | 0 | 0                  | 0 |  |
| *1<br>*2 |                               | ing IPM parameter initializating IPM parameter initialization           |                 |                  | •  | 3 , 2 ,  | I | I                  | ı |  |
| FU       | l2 sign                       | als) Pr.43, Pr.50, Pr.870) Up-to-frequency                              | y and c         | urrent –         | - Detection                                    | n of output frequency (SU, FU, and Set the level where the SU signal turns ON. | 0 | 0                  | 0 |  |
|          | 42                            | sensitivity Output frequency  |                 |                  | 0 to 400Hz                                     | Set the frequency where the FU signal turns                                    | 0 | 0                  | 0 |  |
|          | 74                            | detection   | 0.01Hz          | 6Hz              | 0 10 40002                                     | ON.  |   |                    |   |  |
|          | 43                            | Output frequency detection for reverse                                  | 0.01Hz          | 9999             | 0 to 400Hz                                     | Set the frequency where the FU signal turns ON in reverse rotation.            | 0 | 0                  | 0 |  |
| Г        | 50                            | rotation Second output frequency detection                              | 0.01Hz          | 30Hz             | 9999<br>0 to 400Hz                             | Same as <i>Pr.42</i> setting  Set the frequency where the FU2 signal turns ON. | 0 | 0                  | 0 |  |
| -        | 870                           | Speed detection   | 0.01Hz          | 0Hz *            | 0 to 5Hz                                       | The hysteresis range for the detected  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |  |
| * -      | Parformin~                    | hysteresis  IPM parameter initialization cl                             | nanges the      | sattings (P)     | efer to page 421                               | frequency is set.  | ] | ]                  |   |  |
|          | 4, 45                         | Refer to <i>Pr. 7 and Pr. 8</i> .                                       | ianges lile     | ocunys. (At      | Jer to page 43)                                |  |   |                    |   |  |
|          | 46                            | Refer to $Pr. \theta$ .   |                 |                  |  |  |   |                    |   |  |
|          | 47                            | Refer to Pr. 3.   |                 |                  |  |  |   |                    |   |  |
| 1        | 8, 49                         |   | ) 2             |                  |  |  |   |                    |   |  |
| -        | 50                            | Refer to <i>Pr. 22 and Pr. 23</i> .  Refer to <i>Pr. 41 to Pr. 43</i> . |                 |                  |  |  |   |                    |   |  |
|          | 51                            | Refer to <i>Pr. 9</i> .   | •               |                  |  |  |   |                    |   |  |
|          | <del>-</del> 0 1              | 1.0101 10 1 1. 7.   |                 |                  |  |  |   |                    |   |  |

| Related parameters parameters | Name                                  | Incre-<br>ments  | Initial<br>Value          | Range  | Description   | Parameter<br>copy | Parameter<br>clear | All parameter |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|--|---|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| Rek                           |                                       |                  |                           |  |   |                   | enab<br>disak      |               |
| onitor                        | display and monitor                   | output           | signal -                  | <ul><li>Changin</li></ul>                                  | g DU/PU monitored items and   |                   |                    |               |
| earing                        | cumulative monitors                   | s (Pr.52         | , Pr.170,                 | Pr.171, Pr.  | .268, Pr.563, Pr.564, Pr.891)   |                   |                    |               |
| 52                            | DU/PU main display<br>data selection  | 1                | 0                         | 0, 5, 6, 8 to 14,<br>17, 20, 23 to<br>25, 50 to 57,<br>100 | Select the monitor to be displayed on the operation panel and parameter unit. The setting value of "9" is available only for the 75K or higher. | 0                 | 0                  |               |
|                               |                                       |                  |                           | 0  | Set "0" to clear the watt-hour meter monitor.   |                   |                    |               |
| 170                           | Watt-hour meter clear                 | 1                | 9999                      | 10   | Set the maximum value when monitoring from communication to 0 to 9999kWh.   | 0                 | ×                  |               |
|                               |                                       |                  |                           | 9999   | Set the maximum value when monitoring from communication to 0 to 65535kWh.  |                   |                    |               |
| 171                           | Operation hour meter clear            | 1                | 9999                      | 0, 9999  | Set "0" to clear the operation time monitor.<br>Setting "9999" has no effect.   | ×                 | ×                  |               |
|                               | Manitar de sincel divite              |                  |                           | 0  | Displays the monitor as integral value.   |                   |                    |               |
| 268                           | Monitor decimal digits selection      | 1                | 9999                      | 1  | Displays the monitor in increments of 0.1.  | 0                 | 0                  |               |
|                               | 0010011011                            |                  |                           | 9999   | No fixed decimal position   |                   |                    |               |
| 563                           | Energization time carrying-over times | 1                | 0                         | (0 to 65535)   | The numbers of cumulative energization time monitor exceeded 65535h is displayed. Reading only  | ×                 | ×                  |               |
| 564                           | Operating time carrying-over times    | 1                | 0                         | (0 to 65535)   | The numbers of operation time monitor exceeded 65535h is displayed. Reading only  | ×                 | ×                  |               |
| 004                           | Cumulative power                      | 4                | 0000                      | 0 to 4   | Set the number of times to shift the cumulative power monitor digit. Clamps the monitor value at maximum.                                       |                   | (                  |               |
| 891                           | monitor digit shifted times           | 1                | 9999                      | 9999   | No shift<br>Clears the monitor value when it exceeds the<br>maximum value.  | 0                 | 0                  |               |
| onitor                        | display and monitor                   | output           | signal -                  | – Changin  | g the monitored item to be output   |                   |                    |               |
|                               | minal FM/AM<br>Pr.56, Pr.158, Pr.867  | ·)               |                           |  |   |                   |                    |               |
| 54                            | FM terminal function selection        | 1                | 1                         | 1 to 3, 5, 6,<br>8 to 14, 17, 21,<br>24, 50, 52, 53        | Select the monitor output to terminal FM.<br>The setting value of "9" is available only for the<br>75K or higher.                               | 0                 | 0                  |               |
| 55                            | Frequency monitoring reference        | 0.01Hz           | 60Hz *2                   | 0 to 400Hz   | Set the full-scale value to output the output frequency monitor value to terminal FM and AM.  | 0                 | 0                  |               |
| 56                            | Current monitoring reference          | 0.01/<br>0.1A *1 | Rated inverter current *2 | 0 to 500/<br>0 to 3600A *1                                 | Set the full-scale value to output the output current monitor value to terminal FM and AM.  | 0                 | 0                  |               |
|                               | 1                                     |                  |                           | 1 to 3, 5, 6,  | Select the monitor output to terminal AM.   |                   | _                  |               |
| 158                           | AM terminal function selection        | 1                | 1                         | 8 to 14, 17, 21, 24, 50, 52, 53                            | The setting value of "9" is available only for the 75K or higher.   | 0                 | 0                  |               |

<sup>93</sup> 



| Related parameters   | Name  | Incre-<br>ments | Initial<br>Value | Range                      | Description   |                                     |   | parameter<br>desar |   |
|----------------------|---|-----------------|------------------|----------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------|---|
| -                    | n selection at power  |                 |                  |                            | •   |                                     |   |                    |   |
| after insta          | antaneous power fa  | ilure/fly       | ing star         | t (Pr.57, Pr               | •   | 5, Pr.299, Pr.611)                  |   |                    |   |
|                      |   |                 |                  |                            | V/F control,<br>Simple magnetic<br>flux vector control  | IPM motor control                   |   |                    |   |
| 57                   | Restart coasting time   | 0.1s            | 9999             | 0                          | The coasting time is as follows: 1.5K or lower0.5s, 2.2K to 7.5K1.0s, 11K to 55K3.0s, 75K or higher5.0s                       | No coasting time                    | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|                      |   |                 |                  | 0.1 to 5s/<br>0.1 to 30s * | Set the waiting time for in after an instantaneous po   |                                     |   |                    |   |
|                      |   |                 |                  | 9999                       | No restart  | wor failure.                        |   |                    |   |
| 58                   |   |                 |                  |                            |   |                                     |   |                    |   |
| S-MFVC               | Restart cushion time  | 0.1s            | 1s               | 0 to 60s                   | Set a voltage starting tir  | ne at restart.                      | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|                      |   |                 |                  |                            | V/F control,<br>Simple magnetic<br>flux vector control  | IPM motor control                   |   |                    |   |
|                      |   |                 |                  | 0                          | With frequency search   | With frequency                      |   | Į<br>Į             |   |
| 162                  | Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection | 1               | 0                | 1                          | Without frequency<br>search (reduced<br>voltage system)   | search<br>(only at the first start) | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|                      |   |                 |                  | 10                         | Frequency search at every start   | Frequency search at                 |   |                    |   |
|                      |   |                 |                  | 11                         | Reduced voltage at every start  | every start                         |   |                    |   |
| 163<br>V/F<br>S-MFVC | First cushion time for restart                                | 0.1s            | 0s               | 0 to 20s                   | Set a voltage starting tir<br>Consider according to t   |                                     | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
| 164 V/F S-MFVG       | First cushion voltage for restart                             | 0.1%            | 0%               | 0 to 100%                  | (moment of inertia/torqu  | •                                   | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
| 165<br>V/F<br>S MFVC | Stall prevention operation level for restart                  | 0.1%            | 120%             | 0 to 150%                  | Consider the rated inve<br>and set the stall preven<br>during restart operation   | tion operation level                | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|                      |   |                 |                  | 0                          | Without rotation direction  | n detection                         |   |                    |   |
| 299                  | Rotation direction  |                 |                  | 1                          | With rotation direction d   | etection                            |   |                    |   |
| V/F<br>S-MFVC        | detection selection at restarting                             | 1               | 9999             | 9999                       | When $Pr. 78$ = "0", the rotation direction is detected.<br>When $Pr. 78$ = "1", "2", the rotation direction is not detected. |                                     | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
| 611                  | Acceleration time at a restart                                | 0.1s            | 5/15s *          | 0 to 3600s                 | Set the acceleration tin<br>Acceleration/deceleratio<br>a restart.  |                                     | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|                      | . Cottait   |                 |                  | 9999                       | Acceleration time for reacceleration time (e.g. I   |                                     |   |                    |   |
| * The setting        | g depends on the inverter ca                                  | pacity (55l     | K or lower/7     | 75k or higher)             |   |                                     |   |                    |   |

| Frequency setting with terminals (contact input) — Remote setting function (Pr.59)    RH, RM, RL signal function   Gr. Multi-speed setting   Gr. Mul | P | Related parameters                                     | Name                                 | Incre-<br>ments | Initial<br>Value     | Range       | Description  |  |          |       |      |
|--|---|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|--|--|----------|-------|------|
| RH, RM, RL signal function function Multi-speed setting distorage function Multi-speed setting Used Not used Not used Not used Not used Not used Not used Used Not used Used Not used Not used Not used Used Used Not used Used Used Used Used Used Used Used U  | F |  | v setting with termi                 | nals (co        | ntact in             | nut) — Re   | mote setting funct                                   | ion (Pr 59)  | ×:       | disak | oled |
| September   Sept   | • | requeric   | y setting with termi                 | nais (co        | Jillact III          |             |  |  |          |       |      |
| Remote function selection    1   |   |  |                                      |                 |                      |             |  |  |          |       |      |
| Remote function selection    1   |   |  |                                      |                 |                      | 0           | Multi-speed setting                                  | _  |          |       |      |
| Remote function selection    1   |   | 59 59 66 67 to 69 70 Selection motor) (Pr              |                                      |                 |                      | 1           |  | Used   |          |       |      |
| Remote function selection    1   |   |  |                                      |                 |                      | 2           |  | Not used   |          |       |      |
| Refer to Pr.63.   Refer to Pr.63.   Refer to Pr.63.  |   | 59   |                                      | 1               | 0                    | 3           | Remote setting                                       | OFF clears remotely-   | 0        | 0     | 0    |
| Energy saving operation — Energy saving control selection (Pr.60)  Energy saving operation mode  Energy saving operation mode  Operation setting at fault occurrence — Retry at fault occurrence (Pr.65, Pr.67 to Pr.69)  Energy saving operation mode  Operation setting at fault occurrence — Retry at fault occurrence (Pr.65, Pr.67 to Pr.69)  Energy saving operation mode  Operation setting at fault occurrence — Retry at fault occurrence (Pr.65, Pr.67 to Pr.69)  Energy saving operation mode  Operation setting at fault occurrence — Retry at fault occurrence (Pr.65, Pr.67 to Pr.69)  Energy saving operation mode  Operation setting at fault occurrence — Retry at fault occurrence (Pr.65, Pr.67 to Pr.69)  Number of retries at fault occurrence. Operation — Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. Operation — Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. Operation — Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. Operation — Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. Operation — Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. Operation — Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. Operation — Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. Operation — Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. Operation — Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. Operation — Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. Operation — Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. Operation — Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. Operation — Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. Operation — Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. Operation — Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. Operation — Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. Operation — Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. Operation — Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. Operation — Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. Operation — Set the  |   |  |                                      |                 |                      |             | Remote setting                                       | Used   |          |       |      |
| the frequency lower than the set frequency of the frequency of the set of frequency of frequency of the set of frequency of frequency of the set of frequency of frequency of frequency of the set of frequency  |   |  |                                      |                 |                      | 12          | `  |  |          |       |      |
| Energy saving control selection  Energy saving control selection  Deration setting at fault occurrence — Retry at fault occurrence (Pr.65, Pr.67 to Pr.69)  Retry selection  1 0 0 10 5 A fault for retry can be selected.  Number of retries at fault occurrence  1 0 No retry function  Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. A fault output is not provided during retry operation.  Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. A fault output is provided during retry operation.  Retry waiting time  0.1s 1s 0 to 10s Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. A fault output is provided during retry operation.  Retry count display 1 0 0 Clear the number of restarts succeeded by retry.  Retro to Pr.22 and Pr.23.  Refer to Pr.23 and Pr.23.  Refer to Pr.30.  Selection and protection of a motor — Motor selection (general-purpose motor, IPM motor) (Pr.71)  Applied motor  1 0 Thermal characteristics of standard motor of Thermal characteristics of the Mitsubishi constant-torque motor of Mitsubishi standard motor (SF-JR 4P 1.5kW or less) 120 High-efficiency IPM motor MM-EFS  |   |  |                                      |                 |                      | 13          | the frequency lower than the set                     | STF/STR OFF clears remotely-set  |          |       |      |
| Energy saving control selection   1  | Ε | nergy s  | aving operation — E                  | Energy          | saving o             | ontrol sel  | ection (Pr.60)                                       |  |          | V/F   |      |
| Selection    1   |   |  |                                      |                 |                      | 0           | Normal operation mode                                | 3  |          |       |      |
| Operation setting at fault occurrence — Retry at fault occurrence (Pr.65, Pr.67 to Pr.69)  65 Retry selection 1 0 0 to 5 A fault for retry can be selected.  67 Number of retries at fault occurrence 1 1 0  |   | 60@  |                                      | 1               | 0                    | 4           | Energy saving operatio                               | n mode   | 0        | 0     | 0    |
| Retry selection   1   0   0 to 5   A fault for retry can be selected.   O   O   O  |   |  |                                      |                 |                      | 9           | Optimum excitation con                               | trol mode  |          |       |      |
| Number of retries at fault occurrence  1 0 Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. A fault output is not provided during retry operation.  Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. A fault output is not provided during retry operation.  Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. (The setting value - 100 is the number of retries.) A fault output is provided during retry operation.  Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. (The setting value - 100 is the number of retries.) A fault output is provided during retry operation.  Set the waiting time from when an inverter fault occurs until a retry is made.  Set the number of restarts succeeded by occurs until a retry is made.  Clear the number of restarts succeeded by retry.  Selection and protection of a motor — Motor selection (general-purpose motor, IPM motor) (Pr.71)  Selection and protection of a motor — Motor selection (general-purpose motor, IPM motor) (Pr.71)  Applied motor 1 0 Thermal characteristics of a standard motor on the Mitsubishi constant-torque motor 2 Thermal characteristics of standard motor Adjustable 5 points V/F 20 Mitsubishi standard motor (SF-JR 4P 1.5kW or less)  120 High-efficiency IPM motor MM-EF 210 Premium high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EFS  | 0 | peratio  | n setting at fault occ               | currence        | e — Ret              | ry at fault | occurrence (Pr.65,                                   | Pr.67 to Pr.69)  |          |       |      |
| Number of retries at fault occurrence   1  |   | 65   | Retry selection                      | 1               | 0                    | 0 to 5      | A fault for retry can be                             | selected.  | 0        | 0     | 0    |
| Number of retries at fault occurrence  |   |  |                                      |                 |                      | 0           | No retry function                                    |  |          |       |      |
| 101 to 110   110 to 110   101   |   | 67   |                                      | 1               | 0                    | 1 to 10     | fault output is not provid operation.                | ded during retry   | 0        | 0     | 0    |
| Retry waiting time  68 Retry waiting time  69 Retry count display erase  1 0 0 0 Clear the number of restarts succeeded by retry.  66 Refer to Pr.22 and Pr.23.  67 to 69 Refer to Pr.30.  Selection and protection of a motor — Motor selection (general-purpose motor, IPM motor) (Pr.71)  71 Applied motor  1 0 0 Thermal characteristics of a standard motor 1 Thermal characteristics of the Mitsubishi constant-torque motor 2 Thermal characteristic of standard motor Adjustable 5 points V/F 20 Mitsubishi standard motor (SF-JR 4P 1.5kW or less)  120 High-efficiency IPM motor MM-EF 210 Premium high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EFS  |   | 59   59   60   67   68   69   70   Selection motor) (P | fault occurrence                     |                 |                      | 101 to 110  | (The setting value - 100 retries.) A fault output is | ) is the number of   |          |       |      |
| erase 1 0 0 retry.  66 Refer to Pr.22 and Pr.23.  67 to 69 Refer to Pr.30.  Selection and protection of a motor — Motor selection (general-purpose motor, IPM motor) (Pr.71)    Applied motor  |   |  | Retry waiting time                   | 0.1s            | 1s                   | 0 to 10s    |  |  | 0        | 0     | 0    |
| 66 Refer to \$Pr.22 and \$Pr.23\$.  67 to 69 Refer to \$Pr.65\$.  70 Refer to \$Pr.30\$.  Selection and protection of a motor — Motor selection (general-purpose motor, IPM motor) (Pr.71)   |   | 69   |                                      | 1               | 0                    | 0           | a.   | starts succeeded by  | 0        | 0     | 0    |
| 67 to 69 Refer to \$Pr.65\$.  70 Refer to \$Pr.30\$.  Selection and protection of a motor — Motor selection (general-purpose motor, IPM motor) (Pr.71)   |   | 66   |                                      |                 | <u> </u>             |             |  |  |          |       | 1    |
| Selection and protection of a motor — Motor selection (general-purpose motor, IPM motor) (Pr.71)    Thermal characteristics of a standard motor   1   0     1      | 6 | 7 to 69  | Refer to Pr.65.                      |                 |                      |             |  |  |          |       |      |
| Selection and protection of a motor — Motor selection (general-purpose motor, IPM motor) (Pr.71)    Thermal characteristics of a standard motor   1   0 *     2     Thermal characteristics of the Mitsubishic constant-torque motor   2   Thermal characteristic of standard motor   2   Adjustable 5 points V/F   0   0   0     20   Mitsubishi standard motor (SF-JR 4P 1.5kW or less)   120   High-efficiency IPM motor MM-EF   210   Premium high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EFS   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   |   |  | Refer to Pr.30.                      |                 |                      |             |  |  |          |       |      |
| motor) (Pr.71)    Thermal characteristics of a standard motor   1   0     1  | S |  |                                      | motor           | — Moto               | r selection | ı (general-purpose                                   | motor, IPM   |          |       |      |
| 71 Applied motor  1 0. Thermal characteristics of a standard motor 1 Thermal characteristics of the Mitsubishi constant-torque motor 2 Thermal characteristic of standard motor Adjustable 5 points V/F 20 Mitsubishi standard motor (SF-JR 4P 1.5kW or less) 120 High-efficiency IPM motor MM-EF 210 Premium high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EFS   |   |  | •                                    |                 |                      |             |  |  |          |       |      |
| 71 Applied motor  1 0 - 2  |   |  |                                      |                 |                      | 0           | Thermal characteristics                              | of a standard motor  |          |       |      |
| 71 Applied motor  1 0 2 Thermal characteristic of standard motor Adjustable 5 points V/F 20 Mitsubishi standard motor (SF-JR 4P 1.5kW or less) 120 High-efficiency IPM motor MM-EF 210 Premium high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EFS  |   |  |                                      |                 |                      | 1           |  | of the Mitsubishi  |          |       |      |
| 20 Mitsubishi standard motor (SF-JR 4P 1.5kW or less)  120 High-efficiency IPM motor MM-EF  210 Premium high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EFS   |   | 71   | Applied motor                        | 1               | <b>0</b> *           | 2           | Thermal characteristic                               | of standard motor  | 0        | 0     |      |
| 120 High-efficiency IPM motor MM-EF 210 Premium high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EFS   |   | , ,  | ιπρημέα ποιοι                        | '               | 0 "                  | 20          | Mitsubishi standard mo                               | tor (SF-JR 4P 1.5kW or   |          |       |      |
| 210 Premium high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EFS   |   | 59   59   60   67   68   69   70   Selection motor) (P |                                      |                 |                      | 120         | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,                | otor MM-EF   |          |       |      |
|  |   |  |                                      |                 | _                    |             |  |  |          |       |      |
|  | * | Performing   | ı<br>IPM parameter initialization cl | nanges the      | settings. <i>(Re</i> |             | 1  | Petiting function (Pr.59)  M, RL signal unction   Frequency setting storage function   St | <u> </u> |       |      |



| P  | arameter substitution and the substitution and the substitution and the substitution are substitution | Name  | Incre-     | Initial<br>Value | Range | Description   | Parameter<br>copy   | Parameter<br>clear | All parameter<br>clear |  |  |  |
|--|---|---|------------|------------------|-------|---|---|--------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
|  | Rei   |   |            |                  |       |   | O: enable x: disab  current — Carrier frequency  II, Simple magnetic flux vector control er frequency can be changed. is displayed in [kHz]. indicates 0.7kHz, 15 indicates di 25 indicates 2.5kHz.  In control er control er frequency in control er frequency in control er frequency in control er frequency in control er frequency is constant er frequency setting is 3kHz or |                    |                        |  |  |  |
| Motor noise suppression and measures against EMC and leakage current — Carrier frequency and Soft-PWM selection (Pr.72, Pr.240, Pr.260)  PWM selection (Pr.72, Pr.240, Pr.260)  PWM carrier frequency can be changed. The setting is displayed in [kHz]. Note that 0 indicates 0.7kHz, 15 indicates 14.5kHz and 25 indicates 2.5kHz.  PWM frequency selection  1 2 0 to 15/0 to 6, 25 *1  PWM motor control 0 to 5 : 2kHz 6 to 9 : 6kHz 10 to 13 : 10kHz 14, 15 : 14kHz Pr.72 cannot be set to "25" under IPM motor control.  Soft-PWM operation  0 Soft-PWM invalid |   |   |            |                  |       |   |   |                    |                        |  |  |  |
| a  | nd Soft-  | O: enabled x: disabled  or noise suppression and measures against EMC and leakage current — Carrier frequency   Soft-PWM selection (Pr.72, Pr.240, Pr.260)    PWM frequency   1 |            |                  |       |   |   |                    |                        |  |  |  |
|  | 72  |   | 1          | 2                |       | PWM carrier frequency can be changed. The setting is displayed in [kHz]. Note that 0 indicates 0.7kHz, 15 indicates 14.5kHz and 25 indicates 2.5kHz.  •IPM motor control 0 to 5 : 2kHz 6 to 9 : 6kHz 10 to 13 : 10kHz 14, 15 : 14kHz Pr.72 cannot be set to "25" under IPM motor  | 0   | 0                  | 0                      |  |  |  |
|  |   | Soft-PWM operation  |            |                  | 0     | Soft-PWM invalid  |   |                    |                        |  |  |  |
|  | 240   |   | 1          | 1 *2             | 1     |   | 0   | 0                  | 0                      |  |  |  |
|  | 72 P\se   | · ·   | 1          | 1*3              | 0     | independently of load. Under the following controls, perform continuous operation at less than 85% of the inverter rated current.  ●V/F control, Simple magnetic flux vector control When the carrier frequency setting is 3kHz or higher (Pr.72 ≥ 3)  ■IPM motor control When the carrier frequency setting is 6kHz or | 0   | 0                  | 0                      |  |  |  |
| *1   | The set   | ting depends on the inverter  | canacity ( | 55K or lowe      | 1     | Decreases PWM carrier frequency automatically when load increases.  |   |                    |                        |  |  |  |

### Frequency setting by analog input — Analog input selection, override function, analog input compensation (Pr.73, Pr.242, Pr.243, Pr.252, Pr.253, Pr.267)

| 73  | Analog input selection                            | 1    | 1    | 0 to 7,<br>10 to 17 | You can select the input 2 (0 to 5V, 0 to 10V, 0 to specifications of termina Override and reversible selected. To change the input specification (0 to 5 OFF(initial status) the voswitch. To change it to the 20mA), turn ON the voltage of the selected of | 1 1 (0 to ±5V, 0 to ±10V). operation can be terminal 2 to the voltage 5V/ 0 to 10V), turn Itage/current input the current input(0 to | 0 | × | 0 |
|-----|---|------|------|---------------------|---|--|---|---|---|
| 242 | Terminal 1 added compensation amount (terminal 2) | 0.1% | 100% | 0 to 100%           | Set the ratio of added of when terminal 2 is the r  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 243 | Terminal 1 added compensation amount (terminal 4) | 0.1% | 75%  | 0 to 100%           | Set the ratio of added of when terminal 4 is the r  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 252 | Override bias                                     | 0.1% | 50%  | 0 to 200%           | Set the bias side compeoverride function.   | ensation value of  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 253 | Override gain                                     | 0.1% | 150% | 0 to 200%           | Set the gain side compoverride function.  | ensation value of  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 267 | Terminal 4 input                                  | 1    | 0    | 0                   | Terminal 4 input 4 to 20mA  | Turn ON the voltage/<br>current input switch<br>(initial status).  | 0 | × | 0 |
|     | selection   |      |      | 1                   | Terminal 4 input 0 to 5V  | Turn OFF the voltage/  |   |   |   |
|     |   |      |      | 2                   | Terminal 4 input 0 to 10V   | current input switch.  |   |   |   |

<sup>\*1</sup> The setting depends on the inverter capacity (55K or lower/75k or higher)
\*2 Performing IPM parameter initialization changes the settings. (Refer to page 43)
\*3 Performing IPM parameter initialization sets back the settings to the initial settings. (Refer to page 43)

| P   | arameter  |   |                                     |                                |                                       |   | ter          | ter              | eter               |
|---|---|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--------------|------------------|--------------------|
|   | ated  | Name  | Incre-<br>ments                     | Initial<br>Value               | Range                                 | Description   | Paramet copy | Paramet<br>clear | All param<br>clear |
|   | Reb   |   |                                     |                                |                                       |   |              |                  |                    |
|   |   |   |                                     |                                |                                       |   | ×:           | disak            | oled               |
| F   | requenc   | y setting by analog   | input –                             | – Noise                        | eliminatio                            |   | 1            |                  |                    |
|   | 74  | Input filter time constant  | 1                                   | 1                              | 0 to 8                                | The primary delay filter time constant for the analog input can be set. A larger setting results in slower response.  | 0            | 0                | 0                  |
| M   | lisopera  | tion prevention and   | l param                             | eter sett                      | ing restric                           | tion — Reset selection and discon-  |              |                  |                    |
| n   | ected P   | U detection (Pr.75)   |                                     |                                |                                       |   |              |                  |                    |
|   | 75  | Reset selection/<br>disconnected PU<br>detection/PU stop<br>selection | 1                                   | 14                             | 0 to 3,<br>14 to 17                   | You can select the reset input acceptance, disconnected PU (FR-DU07/FR-PU04/FR-PU07) connector detection function and PU stop function.  For the initial value, reset always enabled, without disconnected PU detection, and with PU stop function are set. | 0            | ×                | ×                  |
| Operation setting at fault occurrence — Output function of fault code (Pr.76) |   |   |                                     |                                |                                       |   |              |                  |                    |
|   |   | E. 11 1 1 1   |                                     |                                | 0                                     | Without fault code output   |              |                  |                    |
|   | 76  | •   | 1                                   | 0                              | 1                                     | With fault code output  | 0            | 0                | 0                  |
|   |   | SCICCION  |                                     |                                | 2                                     | Fault code output at fault occurrence only  |              |                  |                    |
| M   | Name   ments   Vision   Misoperation prevention and parameter | eter sett   | ing restric                         | tion — Prevention of parameter |                                       |   |              |                  |                    |
| re  | write (F  | Pr.77)  | ments   Value   Range   Description |                                |                                       |   |              |                  |                    |
|   |   |   |                                     |                                | 0                                     | Write is enabled only during a stop   |              |                  |                    |
|   | 77  |   | 1                                   | 0                              | 1                                     |   | 0            | 0                | 0                  |
|   |   |   |                                     |                                |                                       | mode regardless of operating status.  |              |                  |                    |
|   | -   | •   | l param                             | eter sett                      | ing restric                           | tion — Reverse motor rotation pre-  |              |                  |                    |
| V   | ention (  | Pr.78)  |                                     |                                |                                       |   |              |                  |                    |
|   |   | Reverse rotation  |                                     |                                | 0                                     | Both forward and reverse rotations allowed  |              |                  |                    |
|   | Misoperativention (P  |   |                                     |                                | 1.7                                   |   | 0            | 0                | 0                  |
|   |   |   |                                     |                                |                                       |   |              |                  |                    |
| S   | election  | -   |                                     |                                |                                       | •   |              |                  |                    |
|   | ,   |   |                                     |                                | 0                                     | External/PU switchover mode   | l            |                  |                    |
|   |   | of operation mode   |                                     |                                | 1                                     | Fixed to PU operation mode  |              |                  |                    |
|   | Selection o<br>Pr.340)  |   |                                     |                                | 2                                     | Fixed to External operation mode  |              |                  |                    |
| Selection of Selection of Pr.340)   | Operation mode  | 1   | 0                                   | 3                              | External/PU combined operation mode 1 |   | 0            |                  |                    |
|   | selection   | '   | U                                   | 4                              | External/PU combined operation mode 2 |   |              |                  |                    |
|   |   |   |                                     | 6                              | Switchover mode                       |   |              |                  |                    |
|   |   |   |                                     | 7                              | , , , ,                               |   |              |                  |                    |
|   |   |   |                                     |                                | 0                                     | As set in Pr.79.  |              |                  |                    |
|   |   | Communication   |                                     |                                | 1, 2                                  | When the setting is "2", it will resume the pre-<br>instantaneous power failure operation mode after an   |              |                  |                    |
|   | 340   |   | 1                                   | 0                              | 10, 12                                | Operation mode can be changed between the PU operation mode and Network operation mode from the operation panel.  When the setting is "12", it will resume the preinstantaneous power failure operation mode after an                                       | 0            | 0                | 0                  |



|   |   |  |  |  |  |  |           | L .         |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|-----------|-------------|
| Related parameters                            | Name  | Incre-<br>ments  | Initial<br>Value                       | Range  | Description  | C  | led       |             |
| Adjusting                                     | g the output torque   | (current   | t) of the                              | motor — S  | Simple magnetic flux vector control  | (§   | MFV       | C           |
| and IPM                                       | motor control (Pr.80  | )  |  |  |  |  | IPM       |             |
| 80  | Motor capacity  | 0.01kW/<br>0.1kW *1  | 9999 *2                                | 0.4 to 55/<br>0 to 3600kW<br>*1  | To select the Simple magnetic flux vector control and IPM motor control, set the capacity of the motor used. | 0  | 0         | 0           |
|   |   |  |  | 9999   | V/F control is performed   |  |           |             |
|   | ting depends on the inverter<br>ing IPM parameter initializatior  |  |  | •  | ·  |  |           |             |
|   |   |  |  |  | Simple magnetic flux vector control  |  |           | _           |
| (Pr.90)                                       |   | `  |  |  |  | (8   | MEV       | C           |
| 90  | Motor constant (R1)   | 0.001Ω/  | 9999                                   | 0 to 50Ω/<br>0 to 400mΩ *  | Used to set the motor primary resistance value. (Normally setting is not necessary.)                         |  |           |             |
| 90  | IVIOLOI CONSTANT (ICT)  | 0.01mΩ*  | 9999                                   | 9999   | Use the Mitsubishi motor (SF-JR, SF-HRCA) constants  | ne motor primary resistance value. ting is not necessary.) ubishi motor (SF-JR, SF-HRCA) |           |             |
|   | g depends on the inverter ca  | · , `  |  |  |  |  |           |             |
| V/F patte                                     | rn cotting Adjust   |  |  | _ /  |  |  |           |             |
|   | m setting — Aujust  | able 5 p   | oints V/                               | F (Pr.71, P  | r.100 to Pr.109)   |  | V/F       |             |
| 100   | V/F1(first frequency)   | 0.01Hz   | 9999                                   | 0 to 400Hz,<br>9999  | r.100 to Pr.109)   |  |           | 0           |
| -   | 1   | 1  |  | 0 to 400Hz,  | r.100 to Pr.109)   | 0  | 0         |             |
| 100   | V/F1(first frequency) V/F1(first frequency  | 0.01Hz   | 9999                                   | 0 to 400Hz,<br>9999  | r.100 to Pr.109)   | 0  | 0         | 0           |
| 100   | V/F1(first frequency) V/F1(first frequency voltage) V/F2(second   | 0.01Hz   | 9999<br>0V                             | 0 to 400Hz,<br>9999<br>0 to 1000V<br>0 to 400Hz,   | r.100 to Pr.109)   | 0 0  | 0 0       | 0           |
| 100<br>101<br>102                             | V/F1(first frequency) V/F1(first frequency voltage) V/F2(second frequency) V/F2(second  | 0.01Hz<br>0.1V<br>0.01Hz                                     | 9999<br>0V<br>9999                     | 0 to 400Hz,<br>9999<br>0 to 1000V<br>0 to 400Hz,<br>9999   | Set each points (frequency, voltage) of  | 0 0  | 0 0 0     | 0 0         |
| 100<br>101<br>102<br>103                      | V/F1(first frequency) V/F1(first frequency voltage) V/F2(second frequency) V/F2(second frequency)   | 0.01Hz<br>0.1V<br>0.01Hz<br>0.1V                             | 9999<br>0V<br>9999<br>0V               | 0 to 400Hz,<br>9999<br>0 to 1000V<br>0 to 400Hz,<br>9999<br>0 to 1000V<br>0 to 400Hz,                      |  | 0 0 0  | 0 0 0 0   | 0 0         |
| 100<br>101<br>102<br>103<br>104               | V/F1(first frequency) V/F1(first frequency voltage) V/F2(second frequency) V/F2(second frequency voltage) V/F3(third frequency) V/F3(third frequency)   | 0.01Hz<br>0.1V<br>0.01Hz<br>0.1V<br>0.01Hz                   | 9999<br>0V<br>9999<br>0V<br>9999       | 0 to 400Hz,<br>9999<br>0 to 1000V<br>0 to 400Hz,<br>9999<br>0 to 1000V<br>0 to 400Hz,<br>9999              | Set each points (frequency, voltage) of V/F pattern.   | 0 0 0 0  | 0 0 0 0   | 0 0 0       |
| 100<br>101<br>102<br>103<br>104<br>105        | V/F1(first frequency) V/F1(first frequency voltage) V/F2(second frequency) V/F2(second frequency voltage) V/F3(third frequency) V/F3(third frequency voltage) V/F4(fourth                                   | 0.01Hz<br>0.1V<br>0.01Hz<br>0.1V<br>0.01Hz                   | 9999<br>0V<br>9999<br>0V<br>9999       | 0 to 400Hz, 9999  0 to 1000V  0 to 400Hz, 9999  0 to 1000V  0 to 400Hz, 9999  0 to 1000V  0 to 400Hz, 9999 | Set each points (frequency, voltage) of V/F pattern.   | 0 0 0 0 0  | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0   |
| 100<br>101<br>102<br>103<br>104<br>105<br>106 | V/F1(first frequency) V/F1(first frequency voltage) V/F2(second frequency) V/F2(second frequency voltage) V/F3(third frequency) V/F3(third frequency voltage) V/F4(fourth frequency) V/F4(fourth frequency) | 0.01Hz<br>0.1V<br>0.01Hz<br>0.1V<br>0.01Hz<br>0.1V<br>0.01Hz | 9999<br>0V<br>9999<br>0V<br>9999<br>0V | 0 to 400Hz, 9999  0 to 1000V  0 to 400Hz, 9999  0 to 1000V  0 to 400Hz, 9999  0 to 1000V  0 to 400Hz, 9999 | Set each points (frequency, voltage) of V/F pattern.   | 0 0 0 0 0  | 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 |

Refer to page 95.

| Related barameters | -<br>Name  | Incre-<br>ments   | Initial<br>Value                                 | Range               | Desc   | ription  |   | Parameter<br>clear |   |
|--------------------|--|---|--|---------------------|--|--|---|--------------------|---|
| (Pr.117 t          | nication operation ar<br>to Pr.124, Pr.551)<br>nication operation ar |   |  |                     |  |  |   |                    |   |
| 117                | PU communication station number                                      | 1   | 0  | 0 to 31             |  | ntion number.<br>numbers when two or<br>nected to one personal | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
| 118                | PU communication speed   | 1   | 192  | 48, 96, 192,<br>384 | Set the communication speed. The setting value × 100 equals the communication speed. For example, the communication speed is 19200bps when the setting value is "192". |  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|                    |  |   |  |                     | Stop bit length  | data length  |   |                    |   |
|                    | DLL communication  |   |  | 0                   | 1bit   | 8bit   |   |                    |   |
| 119                | PU communication stop bit length                                     | 1   | 1  | 1                   | 2bit   | 8bit   | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|                    | otop bit longar  |   | 10 1bit 7bit 11 2bit 7bit 0 Without parity check | 7bit                |  |  |   |                    |   |
|                    |  |   |  | 11                  | 2bit   | 7bit   |   |                    |   |
|                    | DU   |   |  | 0                   | Without parity check   |  |   |                    |   |
| 120                | PU communication parity check  | 1   | 2  | 1                   | With odd parity check  | Vith odd parity check  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|                    | F  |   |  | 2                   | With even parity check   |  |   |                    |   |
| 121                | Number of PU communication retries                                   | 1   | 1  | 0 to 10             | Set the permissible nu occurrence of a data re If the number of conse the permissible value,   | eceive error.<br>cutive errors exceeds                         |   | 0                  | 0 |
|                    |  |   |  | 9999                | If a communication err will not come to trip.  | or occurs, the inverter  |   |                    |   |
|                    |  |   |  | 0                   | No PU connector com  | munication   |   |                    |   |
| 122                | PU communication check time interval                                 | 0.1s  | 9999   | 0.1 to 999.8s       | Set the communication check time interval. If a no-communication state persists for longer than the permissible time, the inverter trips.                              |  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|                    |  |   |  | 9999                | No communication check   |  |   |                    |   |
| 123                | PU communication waiting time setting                                | 1   | 9999   | 0 to 150ms          | Set the waiting time be to the inverter and resp   | tween data transmission oonse.                                 | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|                    | waiting time cetting   |   |  | 9999                | Set with communication   | n data.  |   |                    |   |
|                    | PU communication   |   |  | 0                   | Without CR/LF  |  |   |                    |   |
| 124                | CR/LF selection  | 1   | 1  | 1                   | With CR  |  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|                    |  |   |  | 2                   | With CR/LF   |  |   |                    |   |
| 342                | Communication<br>EEPROM write  | 1   | 0  | 0                   | written to the EEPROM  |  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|                    | selection  |   |  | 1                   | Parameter values writt<br>are written to the RAM   |  |   |                    |   |
| 551                | PU mode operation command source                                     | Select the RS-485 terminals as the PU operation mode control source.  Select the PU connector as the PU operation | 0  | 0                   | 0  |  |   |                    |   |
|                    | selection  |   |  | 2                   | Select the PU connect mode control source.   | or as the PU operation   |   |                    |   |



|   | Related Parameters | Name   | Incre-<br>ments | Initial<br>Value      | Range      | Descr   | iption                    | _ | Parameter<br>clear |   |
|---|--------------------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|------------|---|---------------------------|---|--------------------|---|
|   | •                  | y setting by analog  | •               |                       |            |   | tting voltage             |   |                    |   |
| ( | current)           | (Pr.125, Pr.126, Pr.2  | 41, C2(I        | <sup>2</sup> r.902) t | o C7(Pr.90 | 5))   |                           |   |                    | • |
|   | 125@               | Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency  | 0.01Hz          | 60Hz*                 | 0 to 400Hz | Set the frequency of ter (maximum).               | minal 2 input gain        | 0 | ×                  | 0 |
|   | 126@               | Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency  | 0.01Hz          | 60Hz*                 | 0 to 400Hz | Set the frequency of ter (maximum).               | minal 4 input gain        | 0 | ×                  | 0 |
|   | 241                | Analog input display   | 1               | 0                     | 0          | Displayed in %                                    | Select the unit for       | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|   | 241                | unit switchover  | 1               | U                     | 1          | Displayed in V/mA                                 | analog input display.     | O | O                  |   |
|   | C2<br>(902)        | Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency  | 0.01Hz          | 0Hz                   | 0 to 400Hz | Set the frequency on the input.                   | e bias side of terminal 2 | 0 | ×                  | 0 |
|   | C3<br>(902)        | Terminal 2 frequency setting bias  | 0.1%            | 0%                    | 0 to 300%  | Set the converted % of (current) of terminal 2 in | 0                         | 0 | ×                  | 0 |
|   | C4<br>(903)        | Terminal 2 frequency setting gain  | 0.1%            | 100%                  | 0 to 300%  | Set the converted % of terminal 2 input.          | the gain side voltage of  | 0 | ×                  | 0 |
|   | C5<br>(904)        | Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency  | 0.01Hz          | 0Hz                   | 0 to 400Hz | Set the frequency on the input.                   | e bias side of terminal 4 | 0 | ×                  | 0 |
|   | C6<br>(904)        | setting gain  Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency Setting bias  Only  Only |                 | 0                     | ×          | 0   |                           |   |                    |   |
|   | C7<br>(905)        | Terminal 4 frequency setting gain  | 0.1%            | 100%                  | 0 to 300%  | Set the converted % of (voltage) of terminal 4 in | · ·                       | 0 | ×                  | 0 |

\* Performing IPM parameter initialization changes the settings. (Refer to page 43)
The parameter number in parentheses is the one for use with the parameter unit (FR-PU04/FR-PU07).

### Special operation and frequency control — PID control (Pr.127 to Pr.134, Pr.553, Pr.554, Pr.575 to Pr.577, C42(Pr.934) to C45(Pr.935))

| 127   | PID control automatic | 0.01Hz | 9999 | 0 to 400Hz  |   |   | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|-------|-----------------------|--------|------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|       | switchover frequency  |        |      | 9999  | Without PID automatic   | utomatic switchover function  ction Deviation value signal (terminal 1)  ction Measured value input (terminal 4)  ction Set value (terminal 2 or Pr. 133)  ction Deviation value signal input (LONWORKS, CC-Link communication)  ction Measured value, set value input (LONWORKS, CC-Link communication)  ction (LONWORKS, CC-Link communication)  conal band is narrow (parameter ll), the manipulated variable with a slight change of the use. Hence, as the proportional the response sensitivity (gain) the stability deteriorates, e.g. |   |   |   |
|       |                       |        |      | 10, 110   | PID reverse action  | Deviation value signal  |   |   |   |
|       |                       |        |      | 11, 111   | PID forward action  | (terminal 1)  |   |   |   |
| 128 I |                       |        |      | 20, 120   | PID reverse action  |   |   |   |   |
|       |                       |        |      | 21, 121 PID forward action (terminal 4) Set value (terminal 2 |   |   |   |   |   |
|       | PID action selection  | 1      | 10   | 50  | PID reverse action  |   | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|       |                       |        |      | 51  | PID forward action  | ' '   |   |   |   |
|       |                       |        |      | 60  | PID reverse action  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |   |   |   |
|       |                       |        |      | 61  | PID forward action  | ,   |   |   |   |
| 129   | PID proportional band | 0.1%   | 100% | 0.1 to 1000%  | setting is small), the may<br>varies greatly with a sli-<br>measured value. Hence<br>band narrows, the resp | anipulated variable<br>ght change of the<br>e, as the proportional<br>conse sensitivity (gain)<br>ty deteriorates, e.g.   | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|       |                       |        |      | 9999  | No proportional control   |   |   |   |   |

|  | -<br>Name                     | Incre-<br>ments | Initial<br>Value | Range               | Description  | Parameter<br>copy | Parameter<br>clear | All parameter |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| 130 PID integral time 0.1s  131 PID upper limit 0.1%  132 PID lower limit 0.1%  133 PID action set point 0.01%  134 PID differential time 0.01s  553 PID deviation limit 0.1%  554 PID signal operation selection 1  575 Output interruption detection time 0.01s  576 Output interruption detection level 0.01Hz  577 Output interruption cancel level 0.1%  C42 PID display bias coefficient 0.01  C43 PID display bias (934) analog value 0.1%  C44 PID display gain 0.01 |                               |                 |                  |                     | enab<br>disal  |                   |                    |               |
| 130  | PID integral time             | 0.1s            | 1s               | 0.1 to 3600s        | When deviation step is input, time (Ti) is the time required for integral (I) action to provide the same manipulated variable as the proportional (P) action. As the integral time decreases, the set point is reached earlier but hunting occurs more easily. | 0                 | 0                  |               |
|  |                               |                 |                  | 9999                | No integral control.   |                   |                    |               |
| 131  | PID upper limit               | 0.1%            | 9999             | 0 to 100%           | Set the upper limit value. If the feedback value exceeds the setting, the FUP signal is output. The maximum input (20mA/5V/10V) of the measured value (terminal 4) is equivalent to 100%.  | 0                 | 0                  |               |
|  |                               |                 |                  | 9999                | No function  |                   |                    |               |
| 132  | PID lower limit               | 0.1%            | 9999             | 0 to 100%           | Set the lower limit value. If the measured value falls below the setting range, the FDN signal is output. The maximum input (20mA/5V/10V) of the measured value (terminal 4) is equivalent to 100%.  | 0                 | 0                  | C             |
|  |                               |                 |                  | 9999                | No function  |                   |                    |               |
| 133  | PID action set point          | 0.01%           | 9999             | 0 to 100%           | Used to set the set point for PID control.   | - 0               | 0                  | (             |
| 100  | 1 1D detion set point         | 0.0170          | 3333             | 9999                | Terminal 2 input voltage is the set point.   |                   |                    | `             |
| 134  | PID differential time         | 0.01s           | 9999             | 0.01 to<br>10.00s   | For deviation lamp input, time (Td) required for providing only the manipulated variable for the proportional (P) action. As the differential time increases, greater response is made to a deviation change.  | 0                 | 0                  | (             |
|  |                               |                 |                  | 9999                | No differential control.   |                   |                    |               |
| 553  | PID deviation limit           | 0.1%            | 9999             | 0 to 100.0%         | Y48 signal is output when the absolute value of deviation amount exceeds the deviation limit value.  | 0                 | 0                  |               |
|  |                               |                 |                  | 9999                | No function  |                   |                    |               |
| 554  |                               | 1               | 0                | 0 to 3,<br>10 to 13 | Select the operation to be performed at the detection of upper, lower, and deviation limit for the measured value input. The operation for PID output suspension function can be selected.   | 0                 | 0                  | (             |
| 575  |                               | 0.1s            | 1s               | 0 to 3600s          | If the output frequency after PID operation remains lower than the $Pr.576$ setting for longer than the time set in $Pr.575$ , the inverter stops operation.   | 0                 |                    |               |
|  |                               |                 |                  | 9999                | Without output interruption function   |                   |                    |               |
| 576  |                               | 0.01Hz          | 0Hz              | 0 to 400Hz          | Set the frequency at which the output interruption processing is performed.  | 0                 | 0                  |               |
| 577  |                               | 0.1%            | 1000%            | 900 to 1100%        | Set the level ( <i>Pr.577</i> - 1000%) to release the PID output interruption function.  | 0                 | 0                  |               |
|  |                               | 0.01            | 9999             | 0 to 500.00         | Set the coefficient on bias side (minimum) of terminal 4 input.  | 0                 | ×                  |               |
| (93 <del>4</del> )   | Coefficient                   |                 |                  | 9999                | Displayed in %.  |                   |                    |               |
|  |                               | 0.1%            | 20%              | 0 to 300.0%         | Set the converted % on bias side (minimum) current /voltage of terminal 4 input.   | 0                 | ×                  |               |
| C44<br>(935)   | PID display gain coefficient  | 0.01            | 9999             | 0 to 500.00         | Set the coefficient on gain side (maximum) of the terminal 4 input.  | 0                 | ×                  |               |
| (550)  | 330 moiorit                   |                 |                  | 9999                | Displayed in %.  |                   |                    |               |
| C45<br>(935)   | PID display gain analog value | 0.1%            | 100%             | 0 to 300.0%         | Set the converted % on gain side (maximum) of current/voltage of terminal 4 input.   | 0                 | ×                  |               |



| Related parameters | Name   | Incre-   | Initial<br>Value | Range          | Description   | Parameter<br>copy | Parameter<br>clear | All parameter<br>clear |
|--------------------|--|----------|------------------|----------------|---|-------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Rek                |  |          |                  |                |   |                   | enab<br>disab      |                        |
| _                  | •  | _        | trol — S         | Switching      | between the inverter and the bypass   |                   | V/F                |                        |
| operation          | n (Pr.135 to Pr.139, F   | Pr.159)  |                  | T <sub>a</sub> | liena e e e e   |                   | MEV                |                        |
| 135                | Electronic bypass sequence selection                                   | 1        | 0                | 1              | With all atteria hyposas sequence   | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| 136                | MC switchover interlock time   | 0.1s     | 1s               | 0 to 100s      | With electronic bypass sequence  Set the operation interlock time of MC2 and MC3.   | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| 137                | Start waiting time   | 0.1s     | 0.5s             | 0 to 100s      | Set the time slightly longer (0.3 to 0.5s or so) than the time from when the ON signal enters MC3 until it actually turns ON.   | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
|                    |  |          |                  | 0              | Inverter output is stopped (motor coast) at inverter fault.   |                   |                    |                        |
| 138                | Bypass selection at a fault  | 1        | 0                | 1              | Operation is automatically switched to bypass operation at inverter fault (Not switched when an external thermal relay operation (E.OHT) or CPU fault (E.CPU) occurs)   | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| 139                | Automatic switchover frequency from                                    | 0.01Hz   | 9999             | 0 to 60Hz      | Set the frequency to switch inverter operation to bypass operation.   | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
|                    | inverter to bypass operation   | 0.01112  | 0000             | 9999           | Without automatic switchover  |                   |                    |                        |
| 159                | Automatic switchover frequency range from bypass to inverter operation | 0.01Hz   | 9999             | 0 to 10Hz      | Valid during automatic switchover operation $(Pr.139 \neq 9999)$ When the frequency command decreases below $(Pr.139 - Pr.159)$ after operation is switched from inverter operation to bypass operation, the inverter automatically switches operation to inverter operation and operates at the frequency of frequency command. When the inverter start command (STF/STR) is turned OFF, operation is switched to inverter operation also. | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
|                    |  |          |                  | 9999           | Valid during automatic switchover operation $(Pr.139 \neq 9999)$ When the inverter start command (STF/STR) is turned OFF after operation is switched from inverter operation to bypass operation, operation is switched to inverter operation and the motor decelerates to stop.  |                   |                    |                        |
| 140 to 143         | Refer to Pr.29.  |          |                  |                |   |                   |                    |                        |
| 144                | Refer to Pr.37.  |          |                  |                |   |                   |                    |                        |
| Setting o (Pr.145) | f the parameter unit   | and op   | eration          | panel — P      | Parameter unit language switchover  |                   |                    |                        |
|                    |  |          |                  | 0              | Japanese  |                   |                    |                        |
|                    |  |          |                  | 1              | English   |                   |                    |                        |
|                    |  |          |                  | 2              | Germany   |                   |                    |                        |
| 145                | PU display language  |          | 0                | ×              | ×   |                   |                    |                        |
|                    | selection  |          |                  | 4              | Spanish   |                   |                    |                        |
|                    |  |          |                  | 6              | Italian<br>Swedish  | -                 |                    |                        |
|                    |  |          |                  | 7              | Finnish   |                   |                    |                        |
| 147                | Refer to Pr.7 and Pr.8.  | <u> </u> |                  | 1              | 1   | <u> </u>          | <u>I</u>           |                        |
|                    | Refer to Pr.22 and Pr.23   | 3.       |                  |                |   |                   |                    |                        |
| ,                  |  |          |                  |                |   |                   |                    |                        |

| Parameter          |  |                 |                  |                           |   |   |                |                    | e             |
|--------------------|--|-----------------|------------------|---------------------------|---|---|----------------|--------------------|---------------|
| Related parameters | Name                                       | Incre-<br>ments | Initial<br>Value | Range                     | Desci   | ription   | Parameter copy | Parameter<br>clear | All parameter |
| par F              |  |                 |                  |                           |   |   |                | disak              |               |
| Detection          | of output frequency                        | and cur         | rent — C         | etection of               | foutput current (Y12  | signal) and zero                                |                |                    |               |
| current (          | Y13 signal) (Pr.150 to                     | Pr.153,         | Pr.166,          | Pr.167)                   |   |   |                |                    |               |
| 150                | Output current detection level             | 0.1%            | 120%             | 0 to 150%                 | Set the output current of 100% is the rated inver   |   | 0              | 0                  | С             |
| 151                | Output current detection signal delay time | 0.1s            | 0s               | 0 to 10s                  | Set the output current of<br>Set the time from when<br>risen above the setting<br>detection signal (Y12) is | the output current has until the output current | 0              | 0                  | С             |
| 152                | Zero current detection level               | 0.1%            | 5%               | 0 to 150%                 | Set the zero current de Suppose that the rated 100%.  |   | 0              | 0                  | С             |
| 153                | Zero current detection time                | 0.01s           | 0.5s             | 0 to 10s                  | Set this parameter to do when the output current value until the zero curr (Y13) is output.                 | drops below the Pr.152                          | 0              | 0                  | С             |
| 166                | Output current detection signal            | 0.1s            | 0.1s             | 0 to 10s                  | Set the retention time w ON.  |   | 0              | 0                  | С             |
|                    | retention time                             |                 |                  | 9999                      | The Y12 signal ON stat<br>The signal is turned OF   |   |                |                    |               |
|                    |  |                 |                  |                           | Y12 Signal - ON   | Y13 Signal - ON                                 |                |                    |               |
|                    | Output current                             |                 |                  | 0                         | Operation continued   | Operation continued                             |                |                    |               |
| 167                | detection operation                        | 1               | 0                | 1                         | Trip (E.CDO)  | Operation continued                             | 0              | 0                  | C             |
|                    | selection                                  |                 |                  | 10                        | Operation continued   | Trip (E.CDO)                                    |                |                    |               |
|                    |  |                 |                  | 11                        | Trip (E.CDO)  | Trip (E.CDO)                                    |                |                    |               |
| 154                | Refer to Pr.22 and Pr.23                   |                 |                  |                           |   |   |                |                    |               |
|                    | assignment of exte                         |                 |                  |                           | — Condition selec   | tion for the                                    |                |                    |               |
| second f           | functions activation                       | (RT sig         | nal) (Pr.        | 155)                      |   |   | ı              |                    |               |
|                    | RT signal function                         |                 |                  | 0                         | Second function is imm of the RT signal.  | ediately valid with ON                          |                |                    |               |
| 155                | validity condition<br>selection            | 1               | 0                | 10                        | Second function is valid<br>signal is ON and consta<br>(Invalid during accelera                             | ant speed operation.                            | 0              | 0                  | (             |
| 156, 157           | Refer to Pr.22 and Pr.23                   | <u> </u><br>}   |                  |                           | (ITValid during accelera  | tion/deceleration)                              |                |                    |               |
| 158                | Refer to <i>Pr.54 to Pr.56</i> .           | , .<br>         |                  |                           |   |   |                |                    |               |
| 159                | Refer to <i>Pr.135 to Pr.13</i>            | 0               |                  |                           |   |   |                |                    |               |
|                    |  |                 | otor oot         | ting rootric              | tion Diaplaying   | naaaaan/  |                |                    |               |
| _                  | ation prevention and                       | -               |                  | _                         |   | necessary                                       |                |                    |               |
| paramet            | ers only (user group                       | ) (Pr.16        | 00, Pr.17        | 2 to Pr.174               | Only the simple mode p  | aramatara aan ba                                | I              | I                  | Π             |
| 400                | User group read                            |                 |                  | 9999                      | displayed.  Only the parameters re  |   |                |                    |               |
| 160©               | selection                                  | 1               | 9999             | 0                         | group can be displayed Simple mode and exter  | ·   | 0              | 0                  |               |
|                    |  |                 |                  | (0 to 16)                 | can be displayed.  Displays the number of   |   |                |                    |               |
|                    | User group registered                      |                 |                  | 1' '                      | user group (reading onl   | у).   | 0              | ×                  | >             |
| 172                | User group registered display/batch clear  | 1               | 0                | 0000                      | Datab alass the   | un registration                                 |                |                    |               |
| 172                | display/batch clear                        | 1               | U                | 9999                      | Batch clear the user gro  |   |                |                    |               |
| 172                |  | 1               | 9999             | 9999<br>0 to 999,<br>9999 | Set the parameter num the user group. Read volume Set the parameter num                                     | bers to be registered to alue is always "9999". | ×              | ×                  | >             |



| Related Parameters   | Name                             | Incre-<br>ments | Initial<br>Value | Range  |   | iption  |   | parameter<br>clear |   |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--|---|---|---|--------------------|---|
| Setting of panel (Pr | of the parameter unit<br>r.161)  | and op          | eration          | panel — O  | peration selection  | of the operation  |   |                    |   |
|                      | Frequency setting/key            |                 |                  | 0  | Setting dial frequency<br>setting<br>Setting dial<br>potentiometer  | Key lock invalid  |   |                    |   |
| 161                  | lock operation selection         | 1               | 0                | 10   | Setting dial frequency<br>setting<br>Setting dial<br>potentiometer  | Key lock valid  | 0 | ×                  | 0 |
| 162 to 165           | Refer to Pr.57 and Pr.58         | 3.              |                  |  | <u> </u>  | <u> </u>  | • |                    | • |
| 166, 167             | Refer to Pr.150 to Pr.15         | 3.              |                  |  |   |   |   |                    |   |
| 168, 169             | Parameter for manufac            | cturer set      | ting. Do r       | not set.   |   |   |   |                    |   |
| 170, 171             | Refer to Pr.52.                  |                 |                  |  |   |   |   |                    |   |
| 172 to 174           | Refer to Pr.160.                 |                 |                  |  |   |   |   |                    |   |
| Function             | assignment of exte               | rnal ter        | minal aı         | nd control   | — Function assigr   | nment of input  |   |                    |   |
| terminals            | s (Pr.178 to Pr.189)             |                 |                  |  |   |   |   |                    |   |
| 178                  | STF terminal function selection  | 1               | 60               | 0 to 8,<br>10 to 12, 14,<br>16, 24, 25, 60,<br>62, 64 to 67,<br>70 to 72, 9999 | Low-speed operatio     Middle-speed operatio     High-speed operatio     Second function sel     Terminal 4 input sel | ition command (RM)<br>on command (RH)<br>ection (RT)                                  | 0 | ×                  | 0 |
| 179                  | STR terminal function selection  | 1               | 61               | 0 to 8,<br>10 to 12, 14,<br>16, 24, 25, 61,<br>62, 64 to 67,<br>70 to 72, 9999 | Jog operation select     Selection of automatinstantaneous power  | tion (JOG)<br>tic restart after<br>or failure, flying start                           | 0 | ×                  | 0 |
| 180                  | RL terminal function selection   | 1               | 0                |  | 8: 15-speed selection speeds RL, RM, RH   | (combination with three I) (REX)  | 0 | ×                  | 0 |
| 181                  | RM terminal function selection   | 1               | 1                | 0 to 8,<br>10 to 12, 14,<br>16, 24, 25, 62,                                    | 10: Inverter run enable :<br>FR-CV connection)<br>11: FR-HC, MT-HC con  | (X10)   | 0 | ×                  | 0 |
| 182                  | RH terminal function selection   | 1               | 2                | 64 to 67,<br>70 to 72, 9999  | power failure detect<br>12: PU operation exterr<br>14: PID control valid ter  | al interlock (X12)  | 0 | ×                  | 0 |
| 183                  | RT terminal function selection   | 1               | 3                | 0.4-0  | 16: PU/External operati<br>24: Output stop (MRS)  | on switchover (X16)   | 0 | ×                  | 0 |
| 184                  | AU terminal function selection   | 1               | 4                | 0 to 8,<br>10 to 12, 14,<br>16, 24, 25,<br>62 to 67,<br>70 to 72, 9999         | 61: Reverse rotation co<br>(assigned to STR te  | mmand (STF) rminal ( <i>Pr.178</i> ) only) mmand (STR) rminal ( <i>Pr.179</i> ) only) | 0 | ×                  | 0 |
| 185                  | JOG terminal function selection  | 1               | 5                |  | 62: Inverter reset (RES)<br>63: PTC thermistor inpu<br>AU terminal ( <i>Pr.184</i> )                                  | t (PTC) (assigned to  | 0 | ×                  | 0 |
| 186                  | CS terminal function selection   | 1               | 6                | 0 to 8,<br>10 to 12, 14,   | 64: PID forward/reverse<br>(X64)<br>65: PU/NET operation s  |   | 0 | ×                  | 0 |
| 187                  | MRS terminal function selection  | 1               | 24               | 16, 24, 25, 62,<br>64 to 67,   | 66: External/NET opera 67: Command source s   | tion switchover (X66)<br>witchover (X67)  | 0 | ×                  | 0 |
| 188                  | STOP terminal function selection | 1               | 25               | 70 to 72, 9999   | 70: DC feeding operation 71: DC feeding cancel (72: PID integral value re   | X71)  | 0 | ×                  | 0 |
| 189                  | RES terminal function selection  | 1               | 62               |  | 9999: No function   | • •   | 0 | ×                  | 0 |

| Parameter  |            |                       |          |          |                |   |               |       |       |
|--|------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|----------------|---|---------------|-------|-------|
| 190  | Parameter  |                       |          |          |                |   | eter<br>y     | eter  | meter |
| 190  | - s        | Nama                  | Incre-   | Initial  | Dames          | Description                                   | arame<br>cop) | arame | parar |
| Prinction assignment of external terminal and control  | elatec     | Name                  | ments    | Value    | Kange          | Description                                   |               |       | ₹     |
| 190   RUN terminal function   1  | par        |                       |          |          |                |   |               |       |       |
| 190   RUN terminal function   1   0   0   0   1.00: Inverter running (RUN)   1.10: Up to frequency (SU)   2.10: Instantaneous power failure (undervoltage (IPF)   3.103: Overdoad warning (OL)   4.104: Output frequency detection (FU)   5.105: Second output frequency detection (FU)   7.107: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP) (Only for the 78K or higher)   7.107: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP) (Only for the 78K or higher)   7.107: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP) (Only for the 78K or higher)   7.107: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP) (Only for the 78K or higher)   7.107: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP) (Only for the 78K or higher)   7.107: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP) (Only for the 78K or higher)   7.107: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP) (Only for the 78K or higher)   7.108: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP) (Only for the 78K or higher)   7.108: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP) (Only for the 78K or higher)   7.108: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP) (Only for the 78K or higher)   7.108: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP) (Only for the 78K or higher)   7.108: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP) (Only for the 78K or higher)   7.108: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP) (Only for the 78K or higher)   7.108: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP) (Only for the 78K or higher)   7.108: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP) (Only for the 78K or higher)   7.108: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP) (Only for the 78K or higher)   7.108: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP) (Only for the 78K or higher)   7.108: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP) (PU)   7.108: Regenerative brake pre-a   | Function   | assignment of exte    | rnal ter | minal aı | nd control     | — Function assignment of output               |               |       |       |
| 190   RUN terminal function   1   0     2   2   102: Instantaneous power failure/ undervoltage (IPF)   3   103: Overdead warning (OL)   4   104: Output frequency detection (FU)   5   105: Second output frequency detection (FU)   5   105: Second output frequency detection (FU)   7   107: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP) (Only for the 75K or higher)   10   10   10   10   10   10   10   1   |            |                       |          |          |                | ·   |               |       |       |
| 190   RUN terminal function   1   0     2   2   102: Instantaneous power failure/ undervoltage (IPF)   3   103: Overdead warning (OL)   4   104: Output frequency detection (FU)   5   105: Second output frequency detection (FU)   5   105: Second output frequency detection (FU)   7   107: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP) (Only for the 75K or higher)   10   10   10   10   10   10   10   1   |            |                       |          |          |                | 0 100: Investor running (DUN)                 |               |       |       |
| 191   Selection  |            |                       |          |          |                | •       |               |       |       |
| 191   SU terminal function   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   | 190        |                       | 1        | 0        |                | ·   | 0             | ×     | 0     |
| 191   SU terminal function   1   1   1   10 to 5, 7, 8   10 to 19, 25   26, 45 to 48, 57, 46, 67, 70, 79, 95, 51   10 to 19, 25   26, 45 to 48, 57, 46, 67, 70, 79, 95, 51   10 to 19, 25   26, 45 to 48, 57, 46, 67, 70, 79, 95, 51   10 to 19, 25   10 to 19, 10 to 10 to 10, 10 to    |            | Selection             |          |          |                |   |               |       |       |
| 191   SU terminal function   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   |            |                       |          |          |                |   |               |       |       |
| 191   SU terminal function   1   1   1   10 to 5, 7, 8, 10 to 19, 25, 26, 45 to 48, 57, 64, 67, 70, 79, 85, 50 to 19, 69, 91, 99, 100 to 105, 17, 98, 99, 100 to 105, 17, 180, 181, 191, 192   IPF terminal function   1   2   107, 108, 100 to 105, 14, 114, IPI Divored interferon (PU)   17, 108, 109, 100 to 105, 14, 114, IPI Divored interferon (PU)   17, 108, 109, 100 to 108, 1   |            |                       |          |          |                |   |               |       |       |
| 191   SU terminal function   |            |                       |          |          |                | 7, 107: Regenerative brake pre-alarm (RBP)    |               |       |       |
| 10 to 19, 25,   26, 45 to 48,   57, 64, 67,   70, 79, 85,   12, 0 to 19, 25,   13, 113. Zero current detection (Y12)   90 to 96, 98,   99,   14, 111. PID lower limit (FDN)   13, 113. Zero current detection (Y13)   14, 114. PID lower limit (FDN)   15, 115. PID upper limit (FDN)   16, 116. PID to 16, 116. PID upper limit (FDN)     | 191        |                       | 1        | 1        | 0 to 5, 7, 8,  |   | 0             | ×     | 0     |
| 192   IPF terminal function   1   2   107, 108, 100 to 105, 125, 126, 125, 126, 145 to 148, 157, 164, 167, 170, 179, 185, 190 to 196, 98, 190, 196, 198, 199, 1999   198, 199, 1999   198, 199, 1999   198, 199, 1999   198, 199, 1999   198, 199, 1999   198, 199, 199, 199, 199, 199, 199, 199,  | 101        | selection             | · ·      |          |                | prealarm (THP)                                |               | ^     |       |
| 192   IPF terminal function   1   2   107, 108, 100 to 105, 107, 108, 110 to 105, 110 to 105, 125, 126, 14, 114; IPI lower limit (FDN)   15, 116; IPI pupper limit (FPD)   16, 116; IPI pupper limit (FDP)   17, 179, 185, 190, 190, 190, 190, 190, 190, 190, 190  |            |                       |          |          |                |   |               |       |       |
| 192   IPF terminal function selection  |            |                       |          |          | 70, 79, 85,    | 12, 112: Output current detection (Y12)       |               |       |       |
| 192   IPF terminal function   1   2   100 to 105, 107, 108, 110 to 116, 125, 126, 145 to 148, 17, 177, 179, 185, 190 to 196, 198, 199, 199   191 to 191, 191, 191, 191, 191, 191, 191, 191   |            |                       |          |          |                |   |               |       |       |
| 192   selection  |            | IPF terminal function |          |          | 100 to 105,    | ,   |               |       |       |
| 125, 126, 145 to 148, 18,  | 192        |                       | 1        | 2        |                | ·   | 0             | ×     | 0     |
| 193 OL terminal function selection 1 3 157, 164, 167, 179, 185, 25, 125. Fan fault output (FAN) 190 to 196, 199, 9999 9, 190 to 195, 199, 199, 190 to 196, 190, 190, 190, 190, 190, 190, 190, 190  |            |                       |          |          | 125, 126,      |   |               |       |       |
| 193 OL terminal function selection  1 3   170, 179, 185, 190 to 196, 198, 199, 1999   180, 199, 1999   181, 199, 1999   181, 199, 1999   181, 199, 1999   181, 191, 191, 191, 191, 191, 191, 191,  |            |                       |          |          |                |   |               |       |       |
| 193  |            |                       |          |          |                |   |               |       |       |
| 193   selection   1   3   9999   ON(RUN3)   46, 146: During deceleration at occurrence of power failure (retained until release) (Y46)   47, 147: During PID control activated (PID)   48, 148: PID deviation limit (Y48)   57, 157: IPM motor control (IPM)   64, 168: During retry (Y64)   67, 167: During power failure (Y67)   70, 170: PID output interruption (SLEEP)   79, 179: Pulse train output of output power (Y79)   79, 179: Pulse train output of output power (Y79)   91, 191: Fault output 3 (power-OFF signal)   91, 191: Fault output 3 (power-OFF signal)   91, 191: Fault output 3 (power-OFF signal)   91, 191: Fault output 2 (ALM2)   92, 192: Energy saving average value updated timing (Y92)   93, 193: Current average monitor signal (Y93)   94, 194: Fault output 2 (ALM2)   96, 196: Remote output (REM)   98, 198: Alarm output (LE)   9999   No function   9999   9999   9999   9999   9999   99999   99999   99999   99999   99999   99999   99999   99999   99999   99999   99999   99999   999   |            | Ol terminal function  |          |          |                | 26, 126: Heatsink overheat pre-alarm (FIN)    |               |       |       |
| 194   FU terminal function   1   4   4   47, 147; During PID control activated (PID)   48, 148; PID deviation limit (Y48)   57, 157; IPM motor control (IPM)   64, 164; During retry (Y64)   67, 167; During power failure (Y67)   70, 170; PID output interruption (SLEEP)   79, 179; Pulse train output of output power (Y79)   85, 90, 91, 94 to 96, 98, 99, 100 to 105, 91, 90 to 105, 91, 90 to 105, 91, 91 to 106, 107, 108, 109 to 105, 91, 109 to 109, 109 to 109, 109 to   | 193        |                       | 1        | 3        |                |   | 0             | ×     | 0     |
| 194   FU terminal function   1   4     4     4   4   4   4   4   4   |            |                       |          |          |                | 46, 146: During deceleration at occurrence of |               |       |       |
| 194   FU terminal function selection   1   |            |                       |          |          |                |   |               |       |       |
| FU terminal function selection  1  |            |                       |          |          | Ī              | 47, 147: During PID control activated (PID)   |               |       |       |
| 194   Foliatinal full cubit selection   1  |            |                       |          |          |                |   |               |       |       |
| 195   ABC1 terminal function selection   1   999   ABC2 terminal function selection   1   9999   196   196   197   170, 170, 170, 170, 170, 170, 170, 170,   | 194        |                       | 1        | 4        |                | 64, 164: During retry (Y64)                   | 0             | ×     | 0     |
| 195  |            | Selection             |          |          |                |   |               |       |       |
| ABC1 terminal function selection  1 99   |            |                       |          |          |                |   |               |       |       |
| ABC1 terminal function selection  1 99   |            |                       |          |          | 0 to 5, 7, 8,  |   |               |       |       |
| ABC1 terminal function selection  1 99 45 to 48, 57, 64, 67, 70, 79, 85, 90, 91, 94 to 96, 98, 99, 100 to 105, 107, 108, 110 to 116, 125, 126, 145 to 148, 157, 164, 167, 170, 179, 185, 190, 191, 194 to 196, 198, 199, 999  232 to 239 Refer to Pr.4 to Pr.6.  240 Refer to Pr.72.  241 Refer to Pr.125 and Pr.126.  |            |                       |          |          | ,              | 90, 190: Life alarm (Y90)                     |               |       |       |
| function selection  functi | 405        | ABC1 terminal         |          |          |                | , ,   |               |       |       |
| 196   ABC2 terminal function selection   1   9999   ABC2 terminal function   1   9999   9999   9999   9999   9999   9999   1   9999   1   9999     | 195        | function selection    | 1        | 99       |                | ,   | O             | ×     | 0     |
| 196 ABC2 terminal function selection  1 9999 ABC2 terminal function selection  1 9999 Positive logic, 100 to 105, 107, 108, 110 to 116, 125, 126, 145 to 148, 157, 164, 167, 179, 185, 190, 191, 194 to 196, 198, 199, 999  232 to 239 Refer to Pr.4 to Pr.6.  240 Refer to Pr.72.  241 Refer to Pr.125 and Pr.126.  |            |                       |          |          |                |   |               |       |       |
| 196 ABC2 terminal function selection 1 9999 107, 108, 110 to 116, 125, 126, 145 to 148, 157, 164, 167, 170, 179, 185, 190, 191, 194 to 196, 198, 199, 9999 109: Positive logic, 100 to 199: Negative logic and Simple magnetic flux vector control 232 to 239 Refer to Pr.4 to Pr.6.  240 Refer to Pr.72.  241 Refer to Pr.125 and Pr.126.   |            |                       |          |          |                |   |               |       |       |
| 196 ABC2 terminal function selection 1 9999 110 to 116, 125, 126, 145 to 148, 157, 164, 167, 170, 179, 185, 190, 191, 194 to 196, 198, 199, 9999 180 function of the following terms of the first of the following terms of the first of the following terms of the first |            |                       |          |          |                | 95, 195: Maintenance timer signal (Y95)       |               |       |       |
| 196 ABC2 terminal function selection 1 9999   125, 126, 145 to 148, 157, 164, 167, 170, 179, 185, 190, 191, 194 to 196, 198, 199, 9999   199: Fault output (ALM) 9999: No function 0 to 99: Positive logic, 100 to 199: Negative logic * Available under V/F control and Simple magnetic flux vector control   232 to 239   Refer to Pr.4 to Pr.6.   240   Refer to Pr.125 and Pr.126.   |            |                       |          |          | 110 to 116,    |   |               |       |       |
| 196   157, 164, 167, 170, 179, 185, 190, 191, 194 to 196, 198, 199, 9999   157, 164, 167, 170, 179, 185, 190, 191, 194 to 196, 198, 199, 9999   157, 164, 167, 170, 179, 185, 190, 191, 194 to 196, 198, 199, 9999   157, 164, 167, 170, 179, 185, 190, 191, 194 to 196, 198, 199, 9999   157, 164, 167, 170, 179, 185, 190, 191, 194 to 196, 194 to 196, 198, 199, 9999   157, 164, 167, 170, 179, 185, 190, 191, 194 to 196, |            | ABC2 terminal         |          |          |                | 99, 199: Fault output (ALM)                   |               |       |       |
| 170, 179, 185, 190, 191, 194 to 196, 198, 199, 9999   Nagaretic flux vector control   Nagare   | 196        |                       | 1        | 9999     | 157, 164, 167, |   | 0             | ×     | 0     |
| 194 to 196,   198, 199, 9999   Available United VP Control and Simple   magnetic flux vector control   232 to 239   Refer to Pr.4 to Pr.6.   240   Refer to Pr.72.   241   Refer to Pr.125 and Pr.126.   |            |                       |          |          |                | logic   |               |       |       |
| 232 to 239 Refer to <i>Pr.4 to Pr.6</i> .  240 Refer to <i>Pr.72</i> .  241 Refer to <i>Pr.125 and Pr.126</i> .  |            |                       |          |          | 194 to 196,    | magnetic flux vector control                  |               |       |       |
| 240       Refer to Pr.72.         241       Refer to Pr.125 and Pr.126.  | 220 to 200 | Defer to D. 44 D. 4   |          |          | 198, 199, 9999 | -   |               |       |       |
| 241 Refer to <i>Pr.125 and Pr.126</i> .  |            |                       |          |          |                |   |               |       |       |
|  |            |                       | 126      |          |                |   |               |       |       |
| 272, 270   NOIGH to 17./3.   |            |                       | 20.      |          |                |   |               |       |       |
|  | 242, 243   | INGIGI IU Fr./3.      |          |          |                |   |               |       |       |



| Related parameters | Name                                   | Incre-<br>ments | Initial<br>Value | Range         | Desci  | ription   | Parameter<br>copy | Parameter<br>clear | All parameter<br>clear |
|--------------------|--|-----------------|------------------|---------------|--|---|-------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Rel                |  |                 |                  |               |  |   | _                 | enab<br>disab      |                        |
| Useful fu          | ⊥<br>unctions — Lifespan               | extens          | ion of th        | e cooling 1   | fan (Pr.244)   |   | ^ •               | ,iou               |                        |
|                    |  |                 |                  | 0             | Operates at power ON<br>Cooling fan ON/OFF co<br>cooling fan is always O   | •   |                   |                    |                        |
| 244                | Cooling fan operation selection        | 1               | 1                | 1             | Cooling fan ON/OFF co<br>The fan is normally on o<br>operation. The fan switc<br>to the temperature durin<br>whose status is monitor | during inverter thes ON/OFF accordinging a stop of the inverter                   | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| Adjustin           | g the output torque                    | (curren         | t) of the        | motor — S     | Slip compensation  | (Pr.245 to Pr.247)  | _                 | V/F<br>MFV         | _                      |
| 245                | Rated slip                             | 0.01%           | 9999             | 0 to 50%      | Used to set the rated m  | otor slip.  | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| 240                | reaccu slip                            | 0.0170          | 9999             | 9999          | No slip compensation   |   |                   |                    |                        |
| 246                | Slip compensation time constant        | 0.01s           | 0.5s             | 0.01 to 10s   | Used to set the respons compensation. When the response will be faster, inertia is greater, a regenular (E.OVI) error is more        | ne value is smaller,<br>However, as load<br>enerative overvoltage                 | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| 247                | Constant-power range slip compensation | 1               | 9999             | 0             | Slip compensation is no power range (frequency frequency set in <i>Pr.3</i> )  |   | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
|                    | selection                              |                 |                  | 9999          | Slip compensation is m power range.  | ade in the constant   |                   |                    |                        |
|                    | ake and stop operat                    |                 |                  | -             | _  | •   |                   |                    |                        |
| Function           | assignment of exte                     | rnal ter        | minal ar         | nd control    | — Start signal sele  | ection (Pr.250)   |                   |                    |                        |
|                    |  |                 |                  | 0 to 100s     | The motor is coasted to a stop when the preset time elapses after the start signal is turned OFF.                                    | STF signal:<br>Forward rotation start<br>STR signal:<br>Reverse rotation<br>start |                   |                    |                        |
| 250                | Stop selection                         | 0.1s            | 9999             | 1000 to 1100s | When 1000s to 1100s is set ( <i>Pr. 250</i> setting-1000)s later, the motor coasts to stop.  | STF signal: Start<br>signal<br>STR signal: Forward/<br>reverse signal             | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| 200                |  |                 |                  | 9999          | When the start signal is turned OFF, the   | STF signal:<br>Forward rotation start<br>STR signal:<br>Reverse rotation<br>start |                   |                    |                        |
|                    |  |                 |                  | 8888          | motor decelerates to stop.   | STF signal: Start<br>signal<br>STR signal: Forward/<br>reverse signal             |                   |                    |                        |
| •                  | on setting at fault occ                | currenc         | e — Inp          | ut phase fa   | ilure protection se  | election (Pr.251,   |                   |                    |                        |
| Pr.872)            | Output phase less                      |                 |                  | 0             | Without output phase lo  | nee protection  |                   |                    | l                      |
| 251                | Output phase loss protection selection | 1               | 1                | 1             | With output phase loss   |   | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| 872                | Input phase loss                       | 1               | 0                | 0             | Without input phase los  | •   | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
|                    | protection selection                   | '               |                  | 1             | With input phase loss p  | rotection   |                   |                    |                        |
| 252, 253           | Refer to Pr.73.                        |                 |                  |               |  |   |                   |                    |                        |

| Parameter |  |                 |                  |                    |  |   |  | <u>.</u>  | <u>.</u>           | iter                |
|-----------|--|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|--|---|--|-----------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Related   | Name   | Incre-<br>ments | Initial<br>Value | Range              | Description  |   |  | Parameter | Parameter<br>clear | All parameter clear |
| C E       |  |                 |                  |                    |  |   |  |           | disak              |                     |
| Useful fu | nctions — To displa                            | y life of       | finverte         | r parts (Pr.       | 255 to Pr.259)   |   |  |           |                    |                     |
| 255       | Life alarm status<br>display                   | 1               | 0                | (0 to 15)          | circuit capacit  | ther the control circuit ca<br>tor, cooling fan, and each<br>t limit circuit has reached<br>r not.  | parts of the   | ×         | ×                  | ×                   |
| 256       | Inrush current limit circuit life display      | 1%              | 100%             | (0 to 100%)        |  | deterioration degree circuit. Reading only  | of the inrush  | ×         | ×                  | ×                   |
| 257       | Control circuit capacitor life display         | 1%              | 100%             | (0 to 100%)        |  | deterioration degree of the deterioration degree of the deterior determined the determined determined the determined determined the determined | of the control                                       | ×         | ×                  | ×                   |
| 258       | Main circuit capacitor life display            | 1%              | 100%             | (0 to 100%)        | circuit capac  | e deterioration degree<br>citor. Reading only<br>neasured by <i>Pr. 259</i> is  |  | ×         | ×                  | ×                   |
| 259       | Main circuit capacitor life measuring          | 1               | 0                | 0, 1               | Switch the p the Pr. 259 s   | ing the main circuit capa<br>nower supply ON agair<br>etting. Measurement i<br>s "3". Set the deteriora   | n and check<br>s complete if                         | 0         | 0                  | 0                   |
| 260       | Refer to Pr.72.                                |                 |                  |                    |  |   |  |           |                    |                     |
| power fai | ilure (Pr.261 to Pr.26<br>n selection at power | 6)<br>failure   | and ins          | tantaneou          | s power fa   | or to a stop at instantaneous s power failure — Decelerate the  |  |           |                    |                     |
| motor to  | a stop at instantane                           | ous po          | wer tallu        | ure (Pr.261        |  |   |  |           | I                  | T                   |
|           |  |                 |                  |                    | Operation at undervoltage or power failure                                   | At power restoration during power failure deceleration  | Deceleration time to a stop                          |           |                    |                     |
|           |  |                 |                  | 0                  | Coasts to a stop   | Coasts to a stop  | -  |           |                    |                     |
|           |  |                 |                  | 1                  | Decelerates to a stop  | Decelerates to a stop   | Depends on<br>Pr. 262 to Pr.<br>266 settings         |           |                    |                     |
| 261       | Power failure stop selection                   | 1               | 0                | 2                  | Decelerates to a stop  | Accelerates again   | Depends on<br>Pr. 262 to Pr.<br>266 settings         | 0         | 0                  | 0                   |
|           |  |                 |                  | 21                 | Decelerates<br>to a stop   | Decelerates to a stop   | Automatically<br>adjusts the<br>deceleration<br>time |           |                    |                     |
|           |  |                 |                  | 22                 | Decelerates<br>to a stop   | Accelerates again   | Automatically adjusts the deceleration time          |           |                    |                     |
| 262       | Subtracted frequency at deceleration start     | 0.01Hz          | 3Hz              | 0 to 20Hz          | initial value u  | ration can be performed<br>nchanged. But adjust th<br>the magnitude of the loa<br>s (moment of inertia, tor   | e frequency<br>ad                                    | 0         | 0                  | 0                   |
| 263       | Subtraction starting frequency                 | 0.01Hz          | 60Hz *           | 0 to 400Hz         | Decelerat<br>(output fre<br>When outpu                                       | t frequency $\geq Pr.263$<br>e from the speed obta<br>equency - $Pr.262$ ).<br>t frequency $< Pr.263$<br>e from output frequen  |  | 0         | 0                  | 0                   |
|           |  |                 |                  | 9999               | Decelerate from the speed obtained from (output frequency - <i>Pr.262</i> ). |   | ed from  |           |                    |                     |
| 264       | Power-failure deceleration time 1              | 0.1/<br>0.01s   | 5s               | 0 to 3600/<br>360s | set in Pr.266  |   |  | 0         | 0                  | 0                   |
| 265       | Power-failure deceleration time 2              | 0.1/<br>0.01s   | 9999             | 0 to 3600/<br>360s | set in Pr.266  |   | e frequency  | 0         | 0                  | 0                   |
|           |  |                 |                  | 9999               | Same slope   | as in <i>Pr.264</i>   |  |           |                    |                     |

| =  |
|----|
| 11 |
|    |

| Parameter   |   |                 |                                       |  |  | -                 | _                  | ter                    |
|---|---|-----------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Related   | -<br>Name   | Incre-<br>ments | Initial<br>Value                      | Range  | Description  | Parameter<br>copy | Parameter<br>clear | All parameter<br>clear |
| Re  |   |                 |                                       |  |  |                   | enab<br>disab      |                        |
|   | Power failure   |                 |                                       |  | Ont the frame of the block the deceleration  | ×:                | uisar              | nea                    |
| 266   | deceleration time switchover frequency  | 0.01Hz          | 60Hz *                                | 0 to 400Hz   | Set the frequency at which the deceleration slope is switched from the $Pr.264$ setting to the $Pr.265$ setting.   | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| * Performin   | g IPM parameter initializatior  | changes         | the settings                          | 6. (Refer to page                                  | 43)  |                   |                    |                        |
| 267   | Refer to Pr.73.   |                 |                                       |  |  |                   |                    |                        |
| 268   | Refer to Pr.52.   |                 |                                       |  |  |                   |                    |                        |
| 269   | Parameter for manufac   | turer set       | ting. Do r                            | not set.   |  |                   |                    |                        |
| Misopera  | ation prevention and  | parame          | eter sett                             | ina restric  | tion — Password function (Pr.296,  |                   |                    |                        |
| Pr.297)   | and provontion and  | param           |                                       |  |  |                   |                    |                        |
| 296   | Password lock level   | 1               | 9999                                  | 0 to 6, 99,<br>100 to 106,<br>199                  | Select restriction level of parameter reading/<br>writing when a password is registered.   | 0                 | ×                  | 0                      |
|   |   |                 |                                       | 9999   | No password lock   |                   |                    |                        |
|   |   |                 |                                       | 1000 to<br>9998                                    | Register a 4-digit password  |                   |                    |                        |
| 297   | Password lock/unlock  | 1               | 9999                                  | (0 to 5)*  | Displays password unlock error count. (Reading only) (Valid when <i>Pr. 296</i> = "100" to "106")  | 0                 | ×                  | 0                      |
|   |   |                 |                                       | 9999 *   | No password lock   |                   |                    |                        |
| * Pr.297 car  | n be set anytime as Pr.297="0   | or 9999."       | However, t                            | the setting is in                                  | valid (the displayed value does not change).   |                   | l.                 |                        |
| 299   | Refer to <i>Pr.57, Pr. 58</i> .   |                 |                                       |  |  |                   |                    |                        |
| Selection<br>speed co<br>Commun<br>(Pr.342)<br>Commun<br>comman<br>Commun | ommand source duri<br>nication operation ar<br>nication operation ar<br>d source (Pr.550) | and com         | mmand<br>munica<br>ng — Co<br>mand so | source —<br>tion operationtrol of pa<br>ource — Se | election of the NET operation mode   |                   |                    |                        |
| 331   | RS-485<br>communication<br>station number   | 1               | 0                                     | 0 to 31<br>(0 to 247)                              | Set the inverter station number. (same specifications as <i>Pr.117</i> ) When "1" (Modbus-RTU protocol) is set in <i>Pr.551</i> , the setting range within parenthesis is applied. | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| 332   | RS-485 communication speed  | 1               | 96                                    | 3, 6, 12, 24,<br>48, 96, 192,<br>384               | Used to select the communication speed. (same specifications as <i>Pr.118</i> )  | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| 333   | RS-485<br>communication stop<br>bit length  | 1               | 1                                     | 0, 1, 10, 11                                       | Select stop bit length and data length. (same specifications as <i>Pr.119</i> )  | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| 334   | RS-485<br>communication parity<br>check selection   | 1               | 2                                     | 0, 1, 2  | Select the parity check specifications. (same specifications as $Pr.120$ )   | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
| 335   | RS-485 communication retry count  | 1               | 1                                     | 0 to 10,<br>9999                                   | Set the permissible number of retries at occurrence of a data receive error. (same specifications as $Pr.121$ )  | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |
|   | RS-485  |                 |                                       | 0  | RS-485 communication can be made, but the inverter trips in the NET operation mode.  |                   |                    |                        |
| 336   | communication check time interval   | 0.1s            | 0s                                    | 0.1 to 999.8s                                      | Set the communication check time interval. (same specifications as <i>Pr.122</i> )   | 0                 | 0                  | 0                      |

9999

No communication check

|                    |  |                 |                  |                     | ı   |   |                |                 | l <b>.</b>          |
|--------------------|--|-----------------|------------------|---------------------|---|---|----------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| Related barameters | Name   | Incre-<br>ments | Initial<br>Value | Range               | Descr   | iption  | Parameter copy | Parameter clear | All parameter clear |
| par                |  |                 |                  |                     |   |   |                | enab<br>disab   |                     |
| 337                | RS-485 communication waiting time setting    | 1               | 9999             | 0 to 150ms,<br>9999 | Set the waiting time between data transmission to the inverter and response. (same specifications as $Pr.123$ ) |   | 0              | 0               | 0                   |
| 338                | Communication operation command              | 1               | 0                | 0                   | Operation command so Operation command so   |   | 0              | 0               | 0                   |
|                    | source                                       |                 |                  | 0                   | Speed command source  |   |                |                 |                     |
| 339                | Communication speed command                  | 1               | 0                | 1                   | Speed command source setting from communicat and 1 setting from extern  | external (Frequency ion is invalid, terminal 2  | 0              | 0               | 0                   |
|                    | source                                       |                 |                  | 2                   | Speed command source setting from communicat and 1 setting from extern  | ion is valid, terminal 2  |                |                 |                     |
| 341                | RS-485<br>communication CR/<br>LF selection  | 1               | 1                | 0, 1, 2             | Select presence/absence specifications as <i>Pr.124</i> )   |   | 0              | 0               | 0                   |
| 342                | Communication<br>EEPROM write                | 1               | 0                | 0                   | Parameter values written written to the EEPROM  |   | 0              | 0               | 0                   |
|                    | selection                                    |                 |                  | 1                   | Parameter values writte are written to the RAM.   | n by communication  |                |                 |                     |
| 343                | Communication error count                    | 1               | 0                | (read only)         | Displays the number of oduring Modbus-RTU con Read only. Displayed only when Moselected.                        | nmunication.  | ×              | ×               | ×                   |
|                    |  |                 |                  |                     | At error occurrence Indication  | Fault At error output removal   |                |                 |                     |
|                    |  |                 |                  | 0                   | Coasts to stop E.SER  | Output Stops (E.SER)  |                |                 |                     |
| 502                | Stop mode selection at communication         | 1               | 0                | 1                   | Decelerates E.SER to stop after stop  | Output Stops<br>after stop (E.SER)  | 0              | 0               | 0                   |
|                    | error  |                 |                  | 2                   | Decelerates E.SER to stop after stop  | Without output Restarts   |                |                 |                     |
|                    |  |                 |                  | 3                   | Continues running at — Pr. 779  | Without Operates output normally  |                |                 |                     |
|                    |  |                 |                  | 0                   | Modbus-RTU communic the inverter trips in the N   |   |                |                 |                     |
| 539                | Modbus-RTU communication check time interval | 0.1s            | 9999             | 0.1 to<br>999.8s    | Set the interval of commu<br>(same specifications as  |   | 0              | 0               | 0                   |
|                    |  |                 |                  | 9999                | No communication chec detection) is made)   | ck (signal loss   |                |                 |                     |
| 549                | Protocol selection                           | 1               | 0                | 0                   | Mitsubishi inverter<br>(computer link)<br>protocol  | After setting change, reset (switch power OFF, then ON) the inverter. The setting change is | 0              | 0               | 0                   |
|                    |  |                 |                  | 1                   | Modbus-RTU protocol   | reflected after a reset.  |                |                 |                     |
|                    |  |                 |                  | 0                   | Communication option  |   |                |                 |                     |
| 550                | NET mode operation command source            | 1               | 9999             | 1                   | Inverter RS-485 termina<br>Automatic recognition of the   |   | 0              | 0               | 0                   |
|                    | selection                                    | -               |                  | 9999                | Normally, the RS-485 te<br>Communication option is<br>communication option is                                   | erminals are valid.  s valid when the s mounted.  |                | _               |                     |
| 551                | PU mode operation command source             | 1               | 2                | 1                   | Select the RS-485 term operation mode control   |   | 0              | 0               | 0                   |
| 551                | selection                                    | '               |                  | 2                   | Select the PU connecto mode control source.   | r as the PU operation   |                |                 |                     |
| 779                | Operation frequency during communication     | 0.01Hz          | 9999             | 0 to 400Hz          | Motor runs at the specif communication error.   |   | 0              | 0               | 0                   |
|                    | error  |                 |                  | 9999                | Motor runs at the freque communication error.   | ency used before the  |                |                 |                     |

| // | =  |  |
|----|----|--|
|    | // |  |

| Related parameters | Name  | Incre-<br>ments     | Initial<br>Value                | Range                      | Descr   | iption                                   |   | Parameter<br>clear |          |
|--------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|---|--|---|--------------------|----------|
| 340                | Refer to Pr.79.   |                     |                                 |                            |   |  |   |                    | <u> </u> |
| Function           | assignment of exte  | rnal ter            | minal ar                        | nd control                 | - Remote output   | function (REM                            |   |                    |          |
| signal) (F         | Pr.495 to Pr.497)   |                     |                                 |                            |   |  |   |                    |          |
|                    |   |                     |                                 | 0                          | Remote output data clear at powering OFF  | Remote output data is cleared during an  |   |                    |          |
| 495                | Remote output   | 1                   | 0                               | 1                          | Remote output data held at powering OFF   | inverter reset                           | 0 | 0                  | 0        |
|                    | selection   |                     |                                 | 10                         | Remote output data clear at powering OFF  | Remote output data is retained during an |   |                    |          |
|                    |   |                     |                                 | 11                         | Remote output data held at powering OFF   | inverter reset                           |   |                    |          |
| 496                | Remote output data 1  | 1                   | 0                               | 0 to 4095                  | Output terminal can be  | switched ON and OFF                      | × | ×                  | ×        |
| 497                | Remote output data 2  | 1                   | 0                               | 0 to 4095                  | Output terriinar our be   | Switched Orvand Or 1.                    | × | ×                  | ×        |
| 502                | Refer to Pr.331.  |                     |                                 |                            |   |  |   |                    |          |
| Useful fu          | nctions — Maintena  | nce of              | parts (P                        | r.503, Pr.50               | 14)   |  |   |                    |          |
| 503                | Maintenance timer   | 1                   | 0                               | 0 (1 to 9998)              | Displays the cumulative<br>the inverter in 100h income<br>Reading only<br>Writing the setting of "0<br>energization time. | rements.                                 | × | ×                  | ×        |
| 504                | Maintenance timer alarm output set time                       | 1                   | 9999                            | 0 to 9998                  | Set the time taken until timer alarm output signa   |  | 0 | ×                  | 0        |
| 505                | Refer to Pr.37.   |                     |                                 | 9999                       | No function   |  |   |                    |          |
|                    | ake and stop operat   | ion — C             | oast to                         | stop at the                | Set the frequency to s  |  |   |                    |          |
| 522                | Output stop frequency   | 0.01Hz              | 9999                            | 0 to 400Hz                 | (output shutoff).   | tart coasting to a stop                  | 0 | 0                  | 0        |
| 539, 549,<br>550   | Refer to Pr.331 to Pr.33                                      | 9, Pr:341           | to Pr.343.                      | 9999                       | No function   |  |   |                    | <u> </u> |
| 551                | Refer to Pr.117 to Pr.124                                     | 4, Pr.331           | to Pr.339,                      | Pr.341 to Pr.3             | 43.   |  |   |                    |          |
| 553, 554           | Refer to Pr.127 to Pr.13                                      | 4.                  |                                 |                            |   |  |   |                    |          |
| Useful fu          | nctions — Current a   | average             | value m                         | nonitor sig                | nal (Pr.555 to Pr.55  | 57)                                      |   |                    |          |
| 555                | Current average time  | 0.1s                | 1s                              | 0.1 to 1.0s                | Set the time taken to av  |  | 0 | 0                  | 0        |
| 556                | Data output mask time   | 0.1s                | 0s                              | 0.0 to 20.0s               | Set the time for not obta<br>state data.  | aining (mask) transient                  | 0 | 0                  | 0        |
| 557                | Current average value monitor signal output reference current | 0.01/<br>0.1A<br>*1 | Rated<br>inverter<br>current *2 | 0 to 500/<br>0 to 3600A *1 | Set the reference (100% nal of the current avera  |  | 0 | 0                  | 0        |
| _                  | increments and setting ranging IPM parameter initialization   |                     | •                               | •                          | • •   | higher)                                  |   |                    |          |
| 563, 564           | Refer to Pr.52.   |                     |                                 |                            |   |  |   |                    |          |
| 571                | Refer to Pr.13.   |                     |                                 |                            |   |  |   |                    |          |
| 575 to 577         | Refer to Pr.127 to Pr.13                                      | 4.                  |                                 |                            |   |  |   |                    |          |
| 611                | Refer to Pr.57 and Pr.58                                      | 3.                  |                                 |                            |   |  |   |                    |          |

|                    |  |                 |                  |  | -  |   |                    |         |
|--------------------|--|-----------------|------------------|--|--|---|--------------------|---------|
| Related parameters | Name                                     | Incre-<br>ments | Initial<br>Value | Range  | Description  | _ | parameter<br>clear |         |
| Motor no           | ise suppression and                      | d measu         | ires aga         | inst EMC a                                       | and leakage current — Reducing   |   |                    |         |
| mechanic           | c resonance                              |                 |                  |  |  | _ | V/F                |         |
| (speed si          | moothing control) (F                     | Pr.653, F       | Pr.654)          |  |  | 6 | MFV                | <u></u> |
| 653                | Speed smoothing control                  | 0.1%            | 0                | 0 to 200%  | The torque fluctuation is reduced to reduce vibration due to mechanical resonance.   | 0 | 0                  | 0       |
| 654                | Speed smoothing cutoff frequency         | 0.01Hz          | 20Hz             | 0 to 120Hz                                       | Set the minimum value for the torque variation cycle (frequency).  | 0 | 0                  | 0       |
| 665                | Refer to Pr.52.                          |                 |                  |  |  |   |                    |         |
| 779                | Refer to Pr.331.                         |                 |                  |  |  |   |                    |         |
| 791, 792           | Refer to Pr.7 and Pr.8.                  |                 |                  |  |  |   |                    | -       |
| Function           | assignment of exte                       | rnal ter        | minal ar         | nd control                                       | — Pulse train output of output   |   |                    |         |
| power (Y           | 79 signal) (Pr.799)                      |                 |                  |  |  |   |                    |         |
| 799                | Pulse increment setting for output power | 0.1kWh          | 1kWh             | 0.1kWh,<br>1kWh,<br>10kWh,<br>100kWh,<br>1000kWh | Pulse train output of output power (Y79) is output in pulses at every output current (kWh) that is specified.  | 0 | 0                  | 0       |
| IPM moto           | or control — Control                     | metho           | d select         | ion (Pr.800                                      |  |   | IPM                |         |
| 800                | Control method selection                 | 1               | 20               | 9  | IPM motor test operation (Motor is not driven even if it is connected.)  | 0 | 0                  | 0       |
|                    | Selection                                |                 |                  | 20   | Normal operation (Motor can be driven.)  |   |                    |         |
| IPM moto           | or control — Proport                     | tional g        | ain setti        | ng for spe                                       | ed loops (Pr.820, Pr.821)  |   | IPM                |         |
| 820                | Speed control P gain                     | 1%              | 25%              | 0 to 1000%                                       | The proportional gain during speed control is set. (Setting this parameter higher improves the trackability for speed command changes. It also reduces the speed fluctuation due to a load fluctuation.) | 0 | 0                  | 0       |
| 821                | Speed control integral time 1            | 0.001s          | 0.333s           | 0 to 20s   | The integral time during speed control is set. (Setting this parameter lower shortens the return time to the original speed when the speed fluctuates due to external forces.)                           | 0 | 0                  | 0       |
| 867                | Refer to Pr.54 to Pr.56.                 |                 |                  | ·  |  |   |                    |         |
| 870                | Refer to Pr.43.                          |                 |                  |  |  |   |                    |         |
| 872                | Refer to Pr.251.                         |                 |                  |  |  |   |                    |         |
|                    |  | _               | •                |  |  |   |                    |         |



| Related parameters    | -<br>Name   | Incre-<br>ments | Initial<br>Value   | Range       | Description  | _ | Parameter<br>clear |   |
|-----------------------|---|-----------------|--------------------|-------------|--|---|--------------------|---|
| to Pr.886<br>Accelera | )   |                 |                    |             | avoidance operation (Pr.665, Pr.882  Regenerative avoidance operation  |   |                    |   |
|                       |   |                 |                    | 0           | Regeneration avoidance function invalid  |   |                    |   |
| 882                   | Regeneration avoidance operation                                      | 1               | 0                  | 1           | Regeneration avoidance function is always valid  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
|                       | selection   |                 |                    | 2           | Regeneration avoidance function is valid only during a constant speed operation  |   |                    |   |
| 883                   | Regeneration avoidance operation level                                | 0.1V            | DC380V<br>/760V *1 | 300 to 800V | Set the bus voltage level at which regeneration avoidance operates. When the bus voltage level is set to low, overvoltage error will be less apt to occur. However, the actual deceleration time increases. The set value must be higher than the power supply voltage $\times \sqrt{2}$ . | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
| 884                   | Regeneration<br>avoidance at<br>deceleration detection<br>sensitivity | 1               | 0                  | 0 to 5      | Set sensitivity to detect the bus voltage change. 1 (Low) → 5 (High)   | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
| 885                   | Regeneration avoidance  | 0.01Hz          | 6Hz *2             | 0 to 30Hz   | Set the limit value of frequency which rises at activation of regeneration avoidance function.   | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
| 883                   | compensation frequency limit value                                    | 0.01112         | 0112 2             | 9999        | Frequency limit invalid  |   | O                  |   |
| 886                   | Regeneration avoidance voltage gain                                   | 0.1%            | 100%               | 0 to 200%   | Adjust responsiveness at activation of regeneration avoidance. Setting a larger value in <i>Pr.886</i> will improve responsiveness to the bus voltage change. However, the output  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
| 665                   | Regeneration avoidance frequency gain                                 | 0.1%            | 100%               | 0 to 200%   | frequency could become unstable. When vibration is not suppressed by decreasing the $Pr.886$ setting, set a smaller value in $Pr.665$ .  | 0 | 0                  | 0 |
| *2 Perform            |   |                 |                    |             |  |   |                    |   |
| Useful fu             | inctions — Free para  | ameter (        | (Pr.888,           | Pr.889)     |  |   |                    |   |
| 888                   | Free parameter 1  | 1               | 9999               | 0 to 9999   | Parameters you can use for your own purposes. Used for maintenance, management, etc. by  | 0 | ×                  | × |
| 889                   | Free parameter 2  | 1               | 9999               | 0 to 9999   | setting a unique number to each inverter when multiple inverters are used.   | 0 | ×                  | × |

| Related parameters | Name   | Incre-<br>ments | Initial<br>Value        | Range                       | Description  | Parameter<br>copy | Parameter<br>clear   | All parameter<br>clear |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
|--------------------|--|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--|-------------------|--|------------------------|---|---|------|------|--------|------|------|------|------|---|---|--|---|---|
|                    |  |                 |                         |                             |  | _                 | enab<br>disal  |                        |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
| Useful fu          | nction (energy savi                                    | ng oper         | ation) –                | – Energy s                  | aving monitor (Pr.891 to Pr.899)   |                   |  |                        |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
| 891                | Refer to Pr.52.  |                 |                         |                             |  |                   |  |                        |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
| 892                | Load factor  | 0.1%            | 100%                    | 30 to 150%                  | Set the load factor for commercial power-<br>supply operation. This value is used to calculate the power<br>consumption estimated value during<br>commercial power supply operation. | 0                 | 0  | 0                      |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
| 893                | Energy saving<br>monitor reference<br>(motor capacity) | 0.01/<br>0.1kW* | Inverter rated capacity | 0.1 to 55/<br>0 to 3600kW * | Set the motor capacity (pump capacity).<br>Set when calculating power saving rate and<br>average power saving rate value.  | 0                 | 0  | 0                      |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
|                    | Control selection                                      |                 |                         | 0                           | Discharge damper control (fan)   | 0                 | 0  | 0                      |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
| 894                | during commercial                                      | 1               | 0                       | 1                           | Inlet damper control (fan)   |                   |  |                        |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
| 094                | power-supply   | ı,              |                         | 2                           | Valve control (pump)   |                   |  |                        |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
|                    | operation  |                 |                         | 3                           | Commercial power-supply drive (fixed value)  |                   |  |                        |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
| 905                | Power saving rate                                      | _               |                         | 0                           | Consider the value during commercial power-<br>supply operation as 100%  | 0                 | 0  |                        |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
| 895                | reference value  | 1 9999          | 1                       | 1                           | 1  | 1                 | 1  | 1                      | 1 | 1 | 9999 | 9999 | 1 9999 | 9999 | 9999 | 9999 | 9999 | 1 | Consider the <i>Pr.893</i> setting as 100%. |  | 0 | 0 |
|                    |  |                 |                         | 9999                        | No function  |                   |  |                        |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
| 896                | Power unit cost  | 0.01            | 0.01                    | 0.01                        | 0.01 9999  | 0 to 500          | Set the power unit cost. Displays the power saving rate on the energy saving monitor | 0                      | 0 | 0 |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
|                    |  |                 |                         | 9999                        | No function  |                   |  |                        |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
|                    | Power saving monitor                                   |                 | 1h 9999                 | 0                           | Average for 30 minutes   |                   |  |                        |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
| 897                | average time   | 1h              |                         | 1 to 1000h                  | Average for the set time   | 0                 | 0  | 0                      |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
|                    |  |                 |                         | 9999                        | No function  |                   |  |                        |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
|                    |  |                 |                         | 0                           | Cumulative monitor value clear   |                   |  |                        |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
|                    | Power saving   |                 |                         | 1                           | Cumulative monitor value hold  |                   |  |                        |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
| 898                |  |                 | 9999                    | 10                          | Cumulative monitor continue (communication data upper limit 9999)  | 0                 | ×  | 0                      |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
|                    |  |                 |                         | 9999                        | Cumulative monitor continue (communication data upper limit 65535)   |                   |  |                        |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
| 899                | Operation time rate (estimated value)                  | 0.1%            | 9999                    | 0 to 100%                   | Use for calculation of annual power saving amount. Set the annual operation ratio (consider 365 days × 24h as 100%).   | 0                 | 0  | 0                      |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
|                    |  |                 |                         | 9999                        | No function  |                   |  |                        |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |
| * The setting      | g depends on the inverter ca                           | pacity (55l     | K or lower/7            | 75k or higher)              |  |                   | -  | ·                      |   |   |      |      |        |      |      |      |      |   |   |  |   |   |



| Related parameters           | Name  | Incre-<br>ments | Initial<br>Value | Range   | Description   |   | enab<br>clear |   |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------|------------------|---|---|---|---------------|---|
|                              | • •   | •               | _                | – Adjustm   | ent of terminal FM and AM   |   |               |   |
| •                            | on) (C0(Pr.900), C1(  | Pr.901))<br>    | Ī                | I   | I   | ı | I             |   |
| C0<br>(900)                  | FM terminal calibration   |                 | _                | _   | Calibrate the scale of the meter connected to terminal FM.  | 0 | ×             | 0 |
| C1<br>(901)                  | AM terminal calibration   | _               | _                | _   | Calibrate the scale of the analog meter connected to terminal AM.   | 0 | ×             | 0 |
| C2 (902)<br>to<br>C7 (905)   | Refer to Pr.125 and Pr.126.   |                 |                  |   |   |   |               |   |
| C42 (934)<br>to<br>C45 (935) | Refer to Pr.127 to Pr.134.  |                 |                  |   |   |   |               |   |
| -                            | The parameter number in parentheses is the one for use with the parameter unit (FR-PU04/FR-PU07). |                 |                  |   |   |   |               |   |
| Useful fu                    | Jseful functions — Parameter copy alarm release (Pr.989)  |                 |                  |   |   |   |               |   |
| 989                          | Parameter copy alarm release  | 1               | 10/100 *         | 10/100 *  | Parameters for alarm release at parameter copy  | 0 | ×             | 0 |
|                              | * The setting depends on the inverter capacity (55K or lower/75k or higher)                       |                 |                  |   |   |   |               |   |
| Setting of (Pr.990)          | f the parameter unit  | and op          | eration          | panel — B   | uzzer control of the operation panel  |   |               |   |
| 990                          | PU buzzer control   | 1               | 1                | 0   | Without buzzer With buzzer  | 0 | 0             | 0 |
| Setting o                    | of the parameter unit   | and on          | eration          | panel — P   | U contrast adjustment (Pr.991)  |   |               |   |
| 991                          | PU contrast adjustment  | 1               | 58               | 0 to 63   | Contrast adjustment of the LCD of the parameter unit (FR-PU04/FR-PU07) can be performed.  0 (Light) → 63 (Dark)   | 0 | ×             | 0 |
| Useful fu                    | inctions — Fault init   | iation (l       | Pr.997)          |   |   |   |               |   |
| 997                          | Fault initiation  | 1               | 9999             | 16 to 18,<br>32 to 34, 48,<br>49, 64, 80 to<br>82, 96, 97,<br>112, 128,<br>129, 144,<br>145, 160,<br>161,<br>176 to 179,<br>192 to 194,<br>196 to 199,<br>230, 241,<br>245 to 247,<br>253 | The setting range is same with the one for fault data codes of the inverter (which can be read through communication). ( <i>Refer to page 117</i> ) Written data is not stored in EEPROM. | 0 | 0             | 0 |
|                              |   |                 |                  | 9999  | The read value is always "9999." This setting does not initiate a fault.  |   |               |   |

| Parameter   |                                  |                 |                  |             |   | ter               | ter .             | eter                   |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| Related   | Name                             | Incre-<br>ments | Initial<br>Value | Range       | Description   | Parameter<br>copy | Paramete<br>clear | All parameter<br>clear |
| Re  | para Re                          |                 |                  |             |   | _                 | enab<br>disak     |                        |
| IPM moto  | or control — IPM pai             | rameter         | initializ        | ation (Pr.9 | 98)   |                   |                   |                        |
|   |                                  |                 |                  | 0           | Parameter settings for a general-purpose motor (frequency)  |                   |                   |                        |
|   |                                  |                 |                  | 1           | Parameter settings for a high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EF (rotations per minute)   |                   |                   |                        |
| 998@  | IPM parameter initialization     | 1               | 0                | 12          | Parameter settings for a premium high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EFS (rotations per minute)  | 0                 | 0                 | 0                      |
|   |                                  |                 |                  | 101         | Parameter settings for a high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EF (frequency)  |                   |                   |                        |
|   |                                  |                 |                  | 112         | Parameter settings for a premium high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EFS (frequency)   |                   |                   |                        |
| Useful functions — Automatic parameter setting (Pr.999) |                                  |                 |                  |             |   |                   |                   |                        |
|   |                                  |                 |                  | 10          | GOT initial setting (PU connector)  | ×                 |                   |                        |
|   |                                  | r 1             |                  | 11          | GOT initial setting (RS-485 terminals)  |                   |                   |                        |
|   | 999@ Automatic parameter setting |                 | 9999             | 20          | Rated frequency is 50Hz   |                   |                   |                        |
| 000@  |                                  |                 |                  | 21          | Rated frequency is 60Hz   |                   |                   |                        |
| 999@  |                                  |                 |                  | 30          | Acceleration/deceleration time (0.1s increment)   |                   | ×                 | ×                      |
|   |                                  |                 |                  | 31          | Acceleration/deceleration time (0.01s increment)  |                   |                   |                        |
|   |                                  |                 |                  | 9999        | No action   |                   |                   |                        |
|   |                                  |                 | -                |             | nitial value change list, and auto-   |                   |                   |                        |
| matic pa  | rameter setting (Pr.0            | CL, ALL         | C, Er.CL         | ., PCPY, Pr | CH, IPM, AUTO)  |                   |                   |                        |
| Pr.CL   | Parameter clear                  | 1               | 0                | 0, 1        | Setting "1" returns all parameters except calibrate initial values.   | ion pa            | ramet             | ers to                 |
| ALLC  | All parameter clear              | 1               | 0                | 0, 1        | Setting "1" returns all parameters to the initial va  | alues.            |                   |                        |
| Er.CL   | Faults history clear             | 1               | 0                | 0, 1        | Setting "1" will clear eight past faults.   |                   |                   |                        |
|   |                                  |                 |                  | 0           | Cancel  |                   |                   |                        |
|   |                                  |                 |                  | 1           | Read the source parameters to the operation pa  | anel.             |                   |                        |
| PCPY  | Parameter copy                   | 1               | 0                | 2           | Write the parameters copied to the operation padestination inverter.  | nel to            | the               |                        |
|   |                                  |                 |                  | 3           | Verify parameters in the inverter and operation   | on panel.         |                   |                        |
| Pr.CH   | Initial value change list        | _               | _                | _           | Changed parameters (changed from the initial s displayed or set.  | etting            | s) are            |                        |
| IPM   | IPM parameter initialization     | 1               | 0                | 0, 1, 12    | When "1 or 12" is set, the parameters required motor are automatically changed as a batch.  | to drive          | e an IF           | PM                     |
| AUTO  | Automatic parameter setting      | _               | _                | _           | Parameter settings are changed as a batch. The communication parameter settings for a GOT or frequency settings of 50Hz/60Hz, and accelerate time increment settings. | onnect            | ion, ra           |                        |

# 6 TROUBLESHOOTING

When a fault occurs in the inverter, the inverter trips and the PU display automatically changes to one of the following fault or alarm indications.

If the fault does not correspond to any of the following faults or if you have any other problem, please contact your sales representative or distributor.

- Retention of fault output signal......When the magnetic contactor (MC) provided on the input side of the
  inverter is opened when a fault occurs, the inverter's control power will be
  lost and the fault output will not be held.

- When any fault occurs, take the appropriate corrective action, then reset the inverter, and resume operation. Not doing so may lead to the inverter fault and damage.

Inverter fault or alarm indications are roughly categorized as below.

(1) Error message

A message regarding operational fault and setting fault by the operation panel (FR-DU07) and parameter unit (FR-PU04/FR-PU07) is displayed. The inverter does not trip.

(2) Warning

The inverter does not trip even when a warning is displayed. However, failure to take appropriate measures will lead to a fault.

(3) Alarm

The inverter does not trip. You can also output an alarm signal by making parameter setting.

(4) Fault

When a fault occurs, the inverter trips and a fault signal is output.

#### REMARKS

· Past eight faults can be displayed using the setting dial. (Refer to page 132 for the operation.)

# 6.1 Reset method of protective function

The inverter can be reset by performing any of the following operations. Note that the internal integrated value of the electronic thermal relay function and the number of retries are cleared (erased) by resetting the inverter. Inverter recovers about 1s after the reset is released.

Operation 1:..... Using the operation panel, press



to reset the inverter.

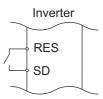
(This may only be performed when a fault occurs. (Refer to page 122 for fault.))

Operation 2:..... Switch power OFF once. After the indicator of the operation panel turns OFF, switch it ON again.



Operation 3:...... Turn ON the reset signal (RES) for more than 0.1s. (If the RES signal is kept ON, "Err." appears (flickers) to indicate that the inverter is in a reset status.)





#### = CAUTION

<sup>·</sup> OFF status of the start signal must be confirmed before resetting the inverter fault. Resetting inverter fault with the start signal ON restarts the motor suddenly.

# 6.2 List of fault or alarm display

|               | Operation Panel<br>Indication |          | Name   | Fault data code | Refer<br>to<br>page |
|---------------|-------------------------------|----------|--|-----------------|---------------------|
|               | E                             | E        | Faults history   | _               | 132                 |
|               | HOLd                          | HOLD     | Operation panel lock   | _               | 118                 |
| age           | L00d                          | LOCd     | Password locked  | _               | 118                 |
| Error message | Er 1 to<br>Er4                | Er1 to 4 | Parameter write error  |                 | 118                 |
| Ē             | r E   to<br>r E Y             | rE1 to 4 | Copy operation error   | _               | 119                 |
|               | Err.                          | Err.     | Error  | _               | 119                 |
|               | 0L                            | OL       | Stall prevention (overcurrent)                                   | _               | 120                 |
|               | οL                            | oL       | Stall prevention (overvoltage)                                   | _               | 120                 |
| р             | rb                            | RB       | Regenerative brake prealarm                                      |                 | 121                 |
| Warning       | ГН                            | TH       | Electronic thermal relay function prealarm                       | _               | 121                 |
|               | <i>P</i> 5                    | PS       | PU stop  |                 | 120                 |
|               | חר                            | MT       | Maintenance signal output  |                 | 121                 |
|               | EP.                           | СР       | Parameter copy   | _               | 121                 |
| Alarm         | ۶۰                            | FN       | Fan alarm  | -               | 121                 |
|               | E.0C 1                        | E.OC1    | Overcurrent trip during acceleration                             | 16<br>(H10)     | 122                 |
|               | 8.002                         | E.OC2    | Overcurrent trip during constant speed                           | 17<br>(H11)     | 122                 |
|               | E.0C 3                        | E.OC3    | Overcurrent trip during deceleration or stop                     | 18<br>(H12)     | 123                 |
|               | E.Ou 1                        | E.OV1    | Regenerative overvoltage trip during acceleration                | 32<br>(H20)     | 123                 |
|               | 8.002                         | E.OV2    | Regenerative overvoltage trip during constant speed              | 33<br>(H21)     | 123                 |
|               | E.O u 3                       | E.OV3    | Regenerative overvoltage trip during deceleration or stop        | 34<br>(H22)     | 123                 |
| Fault         | ЕЛНГ                          | E.THT    | Inverter overload trip<br>(electronic thermal relay<br>function) | 48<br>(H30)     | 124                 |
|               | E.CHO                         | E.THM    | Motor overload trip<br>(electronic thermal relay<br>function)    | 49<br>(H31)     | 124                 |
|               | 8.81 n                        | E.FIN    | Heatsink overheat  | 64<br>(H40)     | 124                 |
|               | EJ PF                         | E.IPF    | Instantaneous power failure                                      | 80<br>(H50)     | 125                 |
|               | Е. БЕ                         | E.BE     | Brake transistor alarm detection/internal circuit fault          | 112<br>(H70)    | 125                 |
|               | E.UuT                         | E.UVT    | Undervoltage   | 81<br>(H51)     | 125                 |
|               | ELLE                          | E.ILF*   | Input phase loss   | 82<br>(H52)     | 125                 |
|               | E.OL C                        | E.OLT    | Stall prevention stop  | 96<br>(H60)     | 126                 |

| Source   S  | 126<br>126 |  |
|---|------------|--|
| detection (H61)  E. CF E.GF (ground) fault (ground) fault (h80)  E. LF E.LF Output phase loss (H81)  E.DHI E.OHT External thermal relay operation 2 (H90)  E.PIC E.PTC* PTC thermistor operation (H91)  E.OPI E.OPT Option fault (H40)  E.OPI E.OPI Communication option fault (H41)  E. I E. 1 Option fault (H41)  E. PE Parameter storage device fault (H80)  E.PUE E.PUE PU disconnection (H81)  128  (H81)  129  (H81)  144  (H90)  145  (H91)  201  160  (HA0)  E.OPI Communication option fault (H41)  E. PE Parameter storage device fault (HB0)  E.PUE E.PUE PU disconnection (H81)   |            |  |
| E. CF E.GF (ground) fault overcurrent (H80)  E. LF E.LF Output phase loss (H81)  E.OHT External thermal relay operation 2 (H90)  E.PFC E.PTC* PTC thermistor operation (H91)  E.OPT Option fault (H40)  E.OPT Communication option fault (HA1)  E. I E. 1 Option fault (HA1)  E. PE Parameter storage device fault (HB0)  E.PUE E.PUE PU disconnection (HB1)  To C. C. E.PET Pote sount overces (H80)   | 126        |  |
| E. LF Cutput phase loss (H81)  E.DHI E.OHT External thermal relay operation -2 (H90)  E.PIC E.PTC* PTC thermistor operation (H91)  E.DPI E.OPT Option fault (H40)  E.DPI E.OP1 Communication option fault (H41)  E. I E. 1 Option fault (H41)  E. PE Parameter storage device fault (HB0)  E.PUE E.PUE PU disconnection (HB1)   |            |  |
| E.PTC beta count operation 2 (H90)  E.PTC E.PTC* PTC thermistor operation (H91)  E.PTC E.PTC* PTC thermistor operation (H91)  E.PTC E.PTC Option fault (H91)  E.PTC E.PTC Option fault (H40)  E.PTC E.PTC Option fault (H41)  E.PTC E.PTC Parameter storage (H90)  E.PTC E.PTC Public operation 2 (H90)  E.PTC E.PTC Public operation 2 (H90)  E.PTC E.PTC Public operation (H90)  E.PTC E.PTC Public operation 2 (H90)  E.PTC E.PT | 126        |  |
| E.PT   E.PT   operation   (H91)   | 126        |  |
| E.OP1 Option fault (HA0)  E.OP1 E.OP1 Communication option fault (HA1)  E. I E. 1 Option fault (HF1)  E. PE Parameter storage device fault (HB0)  E.PUE E.PUE PU disconnection 177 (HB1)  | 127        |  |
| E. PE   Farmeter storage device fault   (HA1)    E. PE   Parameter storage device fault   (HB0)    E.PUE   E.PUE   PU disconnection   177 (HB1)    E. F. F. F. F. Petry sount exposes   178   | 127        |  |
| E. 1 Option fault (HF1)  E. PE Parameter storage device fault (HB0)  E.PUE E.PUE PU disconnection 177 (HB1)  C. C.C. E.PET Potes count excess 178   | 127        |  |
| E.PUE E.PUE PU disconnection (HB0)  E.PUE E.PUE PU disconnection (HB1)  F. F. F. F. Betry count excess 178  | 127        |  |
| (HB1)   | 128        |  |
|   | 128        |  |
| <del>-</del>     (HB2)  | 128        |  |
| E.PE2* Parameter storage device fault (HB3)   | 128        |  |
| ## E. 5 E.5   |            |  |
| Ε. δ Ε. 6 (HF6)   | 100        |  |
| Ε. 7 E. 7 CPU fault 247 (HF7)   | 128        |  |
| E.C.PU E.C.PU 192 (HC0)   |            |  |
| Coperation panel power supply short circuit, RS-485 terminal power supply short circuit  E.CTE  Operation panel power supply short circuit, RS-485 terminal power supply short circuit  | 129        |  |
| E.P24 24VDC power output 194 short circuit (HC2)  | 129        |  |
| E.CDO* Output current detection value exceeded 196 (HC4)  | 129        |  |
| E.I OH* Inrush current limit circuit fault 197 (HC5)  | 129        |  |
| E.SER* Communication fault (inverter) 198 (HC6)   | 129        |  |
| E.AI E E.AIE* Analog input fault 199 (HC7)  | 130        |  |
| E.PI d E.PID* PID signal fault 230 (HE6)  | 130        |  |
| E. 13 Internal circuit fault (HFD)  |            |  |

If an error occurs when using FR-PU04/FR-PU07, "Fault 14" is displayed on FR-PU04/FR-PU07.



# 6.3 Causes and corrective actions

# (1) Error Message

A message regarding operational troubles is displayed. Output is not shut off.

| Operation Panel Indication | HOLD           | HOLd  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|----------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Name                       | Operation pan  | Operation panel lock  |  |  |  |  |
| Description                | Operation lock | x mode is set. Operation other than RESET is invalid. (Refer to page 49.) |  |  |  |  |
| Check point                |                | <del>-</del>  |  |  |  |  |
| Corrective action          | Press MODE fo  | or 2s to release lock.  |  |  |  |  |

| Operation panel indication | LOCd  | LOCA   |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Name                       | Password locked   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Description                | Password fun  | Password function is active. Display and setting of parameter is restricted. |  |  |  |  |
| Check point                |   | _  |  |  |  |  |
| Corrective action          | Enter the password in <i>Pr. 297 Password lock/unlock</i> to unlock the password function before operating. ( Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)). |  |  |  |  |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | Er1   | Er I   |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Name                       | Write disable   | Write disable error  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Description                | <ul> <li>You attempted to make parameter setting when <i>Pr. 77 Parameter write selection</i> has been set to disable parameter writing.</li> <li>Frequency jump setting range overlapped.</li> <li>Adjustable 5 points V/F settings overlapped.</li> <li>The PU and inverter cannot make normal communication.</li> <li>Appears if IPM parameter initialization is attempted in the parameter setting mode while <i>Pr.72</i> = "25."</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Check point                | (Applied).) Check the s (Applied).) Check the s Manual (Applied) Check the c  | etting of <i>Pr. 77 Parameter write selection</i> (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual ettings of <i>Pr. 31 to 36 (frequency jump)</i> . (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual ettings of <i>Pr. 100 to Pr. 109 (Adjustable 5 points V/F)</i> . (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction lied).) onnection of the PU and inverter. <i>Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection</i> setting. A sine wave filter cannot be used under IPM motor |  |  |  |  |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | Er2  | Er2   |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Name                       | Write error du   | Vrite error during operation  |  |  |  |  |
| Description                |  | When parameter writing was performed during operation with a value other than "2" (writing is enabled independently of operating status in any operation mode) is set in <i>Pr. 77</i> and the STF (STR) is ON. |  |  |  |  |
| Check point                | <ul> <li>Check the Pr. 77 setting. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)</li> <li>Check that the inverter is not operating.</li> </ul> |   |  |  |  |  |
| Corrective action          | <ul><li>Set "2" in P</li><li>After stoppi</li></ul>  | r. <i>77.</i><br>ng the operation, make parameter setting.  |  |  |  |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | Er3   | Er 3   |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Name                       | Calibration err   | Calibration error  |  |  |  |  |
| Description                | Analog input b  | Analog input bias and gain calibration values are too close. |  |  |  |  |
| Check point                | Check point Check the settings of C3, C4, C6 and C7 (calibration functions). (Refer to Chapter 4 of the In Manual (Applied).) |  |  |  |  |  |

| Operation Panel<br>Indication | Er4  | E-4                    |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------|--|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Name                          | Mode design  | Mode designation error |  |  |  |
| Description                   | You attempted to make parameter setting in the NET operation mode when <i>Pr. 77</i> is not "2".  If a parameter write was performed when the command source is not at the operation panel (FR-DU07).  |                        |  |  |  |
| Check point                   | <ul> <li>Check that operation mode is "PU operation mode".</li> <li>Check the Pr. 77 setting. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)</li> <li>Check the Pr. 551 setting.</li> </ul> |                        |  |  |  |
| Corrective action             | · After setting the operation mode to the "PU operation mode", make parameter setting. (Refer to po  |                        |  |  |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | rE1            | rE I   |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Name                       | Parameter rea  | ameter read error  |  |  |  |  |
| Description                | An error occur | An error occurred in the EEPROM on the operation panel side during parameter copy reading.                           |  |  |  |  |
| Check point                |                | _  |  |  |  |  |
| Corrective action          |                | neter copy again. (Refer to page 80.) n operation panel (FR-DU07) failure. Please contact your sales representative. |  |  |  |  |

| Operation Panel<br>Indication | rE2   | r E 2   |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Name                          | Parameter wr  | ite error   |  |  |  |  |
| Description                   | <ul> <li>You attempted to perform parameter copy write during operation.</li> <li>An error occurred in the EEPROM on the operation panel side during parameter copy writing.</li> </ul> |   |  |  |  |  |
| Check point                   | Is the FWD or REV LED of the operation panel (FR-DU07) lit or flickering?   |   |  |  |  |  |
| Corrective action             |   | ng the operation, make parameter copy again. (Refer to page 80.) n operation panel (FR-DU07) failure. Please contact your sales representative. |  |  |  |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | rE3           | r E 3  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Name                       | Parameter ve  | rification error   |  |  |  |  |
| Description                |               | on the operation panel side and inverter side are different. For occurred in the EEPROM on the operation panel side during parameter verification. |  |  |  |  |
| Check point                | Check for the | parameter setting of the source inverter and inverter to be verified.  |  |  |  |  |
| Corrective action          | Make parar    |  |  |  |  |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | rE4          | r E 4   |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|--------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Name                       | Model error  |   |  |  |  |  |
| Description                |              | A different model was used for parameter writing and verification during parameter copy.      When parameter copy write is stopped after parameter copy read is stopped.                            |  |  |  |  |
| Check point                | · Check that | <ul> <li>Check that the verified inverter is the same model.</li> <li>Check that the power is not turned OFF or an operation panel is not disconnected, etc. during parameter copy read.</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |
| Corrective action          |              | me model (FR-F700(P) series) for parameter copy and verification. rameter copy read again.  |  |  |  |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | Err.  | Err.  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Description                | <ul><li>The PU and</li><li>When the v</li><li>While the c</li></ul> | signal is ON.  Ind inverter cannot make normal communication (contact fault of the connector).  Voltage drops in the inverter's input side.  control circuit power (R1/L11, S1/L21) and the main circuit power (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3) are  Into the separate power sources, the error may appear when turning ON the main circuit. This |  |  |  |  |
| Corrective action          | · Check the   | the RES signal. e connection of PU and the inverter. e voltage on the inverter's input side.  |  |  |  |  |



## (2) Warning

When the protective function is activated, the output is not shut off.

| Operation Panel Indication | OL   | 0L   | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07                                     | OL   |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Name                       | Stall prevention   | ntion (overcurrent)  |  |  |  |  |
|                            | During acceleration  | When the output current of the inverter exceeds the stall prevention operation level ( <i>Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level</i> , etc.), this function stops the increase in frequency until the overload current decreases to prevent the inverter from resulting in overcurrent trip. When the overload current has decreased below stall prevention operation level, this function increases the frequency again. |  |  |  |  |
| Description                | During<br>constant<br>speed<br>operation   | 22 Stall prevention operation overload current decreased decreased below stall pup to the set value.   | tion level, etc.), to ases to prevent orevention opera | exceeds the stall prevention operation level ( <i>Pr.</i> his function lowers the frequency until the overcurrent trip. When the overload current has ation level, this function increases the frequency |  |  |
|                            | During<br>deceleration   | When the output current of the inverter exceeds the stall prevention operation level ( <i>Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level</i> , etc.), this function stops the decrease in frequency until the overload current decreases to prevent the inverter from resulting in overcurrent trip. When the overload current has decreased below stall prevention operation level, this function decreases the frequency again. |  |  |  |  |
| Check point                | <ul> <li>Check that the <i>Pr. 0 Torque boost</i> setting is not too large.(V/F control)</li> <li>Check that the <i>Pr. 7 Acceleration time</i> and <i>Pr. 8 Deceleration time</i> settings are not too small.</li> <li>Check that the load is not too heavy.</li> <li>Are there any failure in peripheral devices?</li> <li>Check that the <i>Pr. 13 Starting frequency</i> is not too large.(V/F control, Simple magnetic flux vector control)</li> <li>Check that the <i>Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level</i> is appropriate.</li> <li>Check if the operation was performed without connecting a motor under IPM motor control.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corrective action          | <ul> <li>Increase or decrease the <i>Pr. 0 Torque boost</i> value by 1% and check the motor status. (V/F control) (<i>Refer to page 73.</i>)</li> <li>Set a larger value in <i>Pr. 7 Acceleration time</i> and <i>Pr. 8 Deceleration time</i>. (<i>Refer to page 75.</i>)</li> <li>Reduce the load weight. Try Simple magnetic flux vector control (<i>Pr. 80</i>).</li> <li>Check the peripheral devices</li> <li>Adjust the <i>Pr.13</i> setting. Change the <i>Pr. 14 Load pattern selection</i> setting. (V/F control)</li> <li>Set stall prevention operation current in <i>Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level</i>. (The initial value is 120%.) The acceleration/deceleration time may change. Increase the stall prevention operation level with <i>Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level</i>, or disable stall prevention with <i>Pr. 156 Stall prevention operation selection</i>. (Use <i>Pr. 156</i> to set either operation continued or not at OL operation.)</li> <li>Check the connection of the IPM motor.</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | oL  | οL   | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | oL |  |  |
|----------------------------|---|--|--------------------|----|--|--|
| Name                       | Stall prevention  | n (overcurrent)  |                    |    |  |  |
| Description                | During<br>deceleration  | <ul> <li>If the regenerative energy of the motor becomes excessive and exceeds the regenerative energy consumption capability, this function stops the decrease in frequency to prevent overvoltage trip. As soon as the regenerative energy has decreased, deceleration resumes.</li> <li>If the regenerative energy of the motor becomes excessive when regeneration avoidance function is selected (<i>Pr. 882</i> = 1), this function increases the speed to prevent overvoltage trip. ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)</li> </ul> |                    |    |  |  |
| Check point                | <ul> <li>Check for sudden speed reduction.</li> <li>Regeneration avoidance function (Pr. 882 to Pr. 886) is being used? ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)</li> </ul> |  |                    |    |  |  |
| Corrective action          |   | The deceleration time may change. Increase the deceleration time using <i>Pr. 8 Deceleration time</i> .  |                    |    |  |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | PS   | PS PS                  | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07                   | PS |  |
|----------------------------|--|------------------------|--------------------------------------|----|--|
| Name                       | PU stop  |                        |                                      |    |  |
| Description                | Stop with RESET of PU is set in Pr. 75 Reset selection/disconnected PU detection/PU stop selection. ( For Pr. 75, refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).) |                        |                                      |    |  |
| Check point                | Check for a stop made by pressing STOP of the operation panel.   |                        |                                      |    |  |
| Corrective action          | Turn the start   | signal OFF and release | with $\underbrace{\frac{PU}{EXT}}$ . |    |  |



| Operation Panel Indication | RB  | r b            | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | RB |  |
|----------------------------|---|----------------|--------------------|----|--|
| Name                       | Regenerative  | brake prealarm |                    |    |  |
| Description                | Appears if the regenerative brake duty reaches or exceeds 85% of the <i>Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty</i> value. When the setting of <i>Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty</i> is the initial value ( <i>Pr. 70</i> ="0"), this warning does not occur. If the regenerative brake duty reaches 100%, a regenerative overvoltage (E. OV_) occurs.  The RBP signal can be simultaneously output with the [RB] display. For the terminal used for the RBP signal output, assign the function by setting "7" (positive logic) or "107" (negative logic) in any of <i>Pr. 190 to Pr. 196 (output terminal function selection).</i> ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied))  Appears only for the 75K or higher. |                |                    |    |  |
| Check point                | <ul> <li>Check that the brake resistor duty is not high.</li> <li>Check that the <i>Pr. 30 Regenerative function selection</i> and <i>Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty</i> values are correct.</li> </ul>   |                |                    |    |  |
| Corrective action          | <ul> <li>Increase the deceleration time.</li> <li>Check the Pr. 30 Regenerative function selection and Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty values.</li> </ul>  |                |                    |    |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | тн  | ſΗ   | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | тн                                       |  |
|----------------------------|---|--|--------------------|--|--|
| Name                       |   | rmal relay function prea                                     |                    |  |  |
| Description                | Appears if the cumulative value of the <i>Pr. 9 Electronic thermal O/L relay</i> reaches or exceeds 85% of the preset level. If it reaches 100% of the <i>Pr. 9 Electronic thermal O/L relay</i> setting, a motor overload trip (E. THM) occurs.  The THP signal can be simultaneously output with the [TH] display. For the terminal used for the THP signal output, assign the function by setting "8" (positive logic) or "108" (negative logic) in any of <i>Pr. 190 to Pr. 196 (output terminal function selection).</i> |  |                    |  |  |
| Check point                | <ul> <li>Check for large load or sudden acceleration.</li> <li>Is the Pr. 9 Electronic thermal O/L relay setting is appropriate? (Refer to page 52.)</li> </ul>   |  |                    |  |  |
| Corrective action          |   | load weight or the num<br>ropriate value in <i>Pr. 9 Ele</i> |                    | times.<br>D/L relay. (Refer to page 52.) |  |

| Operation Panel   | MT   | בו                        | FR-PU04         |     |  |
|-------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------|-----|--|
| Indication        |  |                           | FR-PU07         | MT  |  |
| Name              | Maintenance  | signal output             |                 |     |  |
| Description       | Indicates that the cumulative energization time of the inverter has reached a given time.  When the setting of <i>Pr. 504 Maintenance timer alarm output set time</i> is the initial value ( <i>Pr. 504</i> = "9999"), this protective function does not function. |                           |                 |     |  |
| Check point       | The Pr. 503 Maintenance timer setting is larger than the Pr. 504 Maintenance timer alarm output set time setting. ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)   |                           |                 |     |  |
| Corrective action | Setting "0" in   | Pr. 503 Maintenance timer | erases the sign | al. |  |

| Operation Panel   | СР  | 59   | FR-PU04            |       |  |  |
|-------------------|---|--|--------------------|-------|--|--|
| Indication        | •   | <u>_</u> '   | FR-PU07            | CP    |  |  |
| Name              | Parameter co  | Parameter copy   |                    |       |  |  |
| Description       | Appears wher higher.  | Appears when parameters are copied between models with capacities of 55K or lower and 75K or higher. |                    |       |  |  |
| Check point       | Resetting of <i>Pr.9</i> , <i>Pr.30</i> , <i>Pr.51</i> , <i>Pr.52</i> , <i>Pr.54</i> , <i>Pr.56</i> , <i>Pr.57</i> , <i>Pr.70</i> , <i>Pr.72</i> , <i>Pr.80</i> , <i>Pr.90</i> , <i>Pr.158</i> , <i>Pr.190</i> to <i>Pr.196</i> , <i>Pr.557</i> and <i>Pr.893</i> is necessary. |  |                    |       |  |  |
| Corrective action | Set the initial   | value in <i>Pr. 989 Paramet</i>  | er copy alarm rele | ease. |  |  |

When an alarm occurs, the output is not shut off. You can also output an alarm signal by making parameter setting. (Set "98" in any of Pr. 190 to Pr. 196 (output terminal function selection). (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

| Operation Panel Indication | FN                                  | Fn  | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | FN         |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------|------------|--|--|--|
| Name                       | Fan alarm                           | Fan alarm   |                    |            |  |  |  |
| Description                |                                     | For the inverter that contains a cooling fan, $\digamma_{n}$ appears on the operation panel when the cooling fan stops due to a fault or different operation from the setting of $Pr. 244$ Cooling fan operation selection. |                    |            |  |  |  |
| Check point                | Check the cooling fan for an alarm. |   |                    |            |  |  |  |
| Corrective action          | Check for fan                       | failure. Please contac  | your sales repre   | sentative. |  |  |  |



# (4) Fault

When a fault occurs, the inverter trips and a fault signal is output.

| Operation Panel Indication | E.OC1   | E.00 I                |     | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | OC During Acc |  |
|----------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----|--------------------|---------------|--|
| Name                       | Overcurrent to  | rip during accelerati | ion |                    |               |  |
| Description                | When the inverter output current reaches or exceeds approximately 170% of the rated current during acceleration, the protective circuit is activated to stop the inverter output.   |                       |     |                    |               |  |
| Check point                | <ul> <li>Check for sudden acceleration.</li> <li>Check that the downward acceleration time is not long in vertical lift application.</li> <li>Check for output short circuit.</li> <li>Check that the <i>Pr. 3 Base frequency</i> setting is not 60Hz when the motor rated frequency is 50Hz.(V/F control, Simple magnetic flux vector control)</li> <li>Check if the stall prevention operation level is set too high.</li> <li>Check if the fast-response current limit operation is disabled. (V/F control, Simple magnetic flux vector control)</li> <li>Check that the regeneration is not performed frequently. (Check that the output voltage becomes larger than the V/F reference voltage at regeneration and overcurrent occurs due to the high voltage.) (V/F control, Simple magnetic flux vector control)</li> <li>Check that the inverter capacity matches with the motor capacity. (IPM motor control)</li> <li>Check if a start command is given to the inverter while the motor is coasting</li> </ul>   |                       |     |                    |               |  |
| Corrective action          | <ul> <li>Check if a start command is given to the inverter while the motor is coasting.</li> <li>Increase the acceleration time. (Shorten the downward acceleration time in vertical lift application.)</li> <li>When "E.OC1" is always lit at starting, disconnect the motor once and start the inverter. If "E.OC1" is still lit, contact your sales representative.</li> <li>Check the wiring to make sure that output short circuit does not occur.</li> <li>Set the <i>Pr. 3 Base frequency</i> to 50Hz. (V/F control, Simple magnetic flux vector control) (<i>Refer to page 53.</i>)</li> <li>Lower the setting of stall prevention operation level. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)</li> <li>Activate the fast-response current limit operation. (V/F control, Simple magnetic flux vector control)</li> <li>Set base voltage (rated voltage of the motor, etc.) in <i>Pr. 19 Base frequency voltage</i>.(V/F control, Simple magnetic flux vector control) (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)</li> <li>Choose inverter and motor capacities that match. (IPM motor control)</li> <li>Input a start command after the motor stops. Alternatively, set the automatic restart after instantaneous</li> </ul> |                       |     |                    |               |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | E.OC2   | 6.002   | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | Stedy Spd OC |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|---|---|--------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| Name                       | Overcurrent tr  | ip during constant speed  | i                  |              |  |  |  |  |
| Description                |   | When the inverter output current reaches or exceeds approximately 170% of the rated current during constant speed operation, the protective circuit is activated to stop the inverter output. |                    |              |  |  |  |  |
| Check point                | <ul> <li>Check for sudden load change.</li> <li>Check for output short circuit.</li> <li>Check if the stall prevention operation level is set too high</li> <li>Check if the fast-response current limit operation is disabled. (V/F control, Simple magnetic flux vector control)</li> <li>Check that the inverter capacity matches with the motor capacity. (IPM motor control)</li> <li>Check if a start command is given to the inverter while the motor is coasting.</li> </ul>  |   |                    |              |  |  |  |  |
| Corrective action          | <ul> <li>Keep load stable.</li> <li>Check the wiring to avoid output short circuit.</li> <li>Lower the setting of stall prevention operation level ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)</li> <li>Activate the fast-response current limit operation. (V/F control, Simple magnetic flux vector control)</li> <li>Choose inverter and motor capacities that match. (IPM motor control)</li> <li>Input a start command after the motor stops. Alternatively, set the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure/flying start function. ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)</li> </ul> |   |                    |              |  |  |  |  |

| <br>7 |
|-------|
| <br>, |
|       |
|       |
|       |

| Operation Panel Indication | E.OC3  | E.D.C.3                   | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | OC During Dec |  |
|----------------------------|--|---------------------------|--------------------|---------------|--|
| Name                       | Overcurrent tr   | ip during deceleration or | stop               |               |  |
| Description                | When the inverter output current reaches or exceeds approximately 170% of the rated inverter current during deceleration (other than acceleration or constant speed), the protective circuit is activated to stop the inverter output.   |                           |                    |               |  |
| Check point                | <ul> <li>Check for sudden speed reduction.</li> <li>Check for output short circuit.</li> <li>Check for too fast operation of the motor's mechanical brake.</li> <li>Check if the stall prevention operation level is set too high</li> <li>Check if the fast-response current limit operation is disabled. (V/F control, Simple magnetic flux vector control)</li> <li>Check that the inverter capacity matches with the motor capacity. (IPM motor control)</li> <li>Check if a start command is given to the inverter while the motor is coasting.</li> </ul>  |                           |                    |               |  |
| Corrective action          | <ul> <li>Increase the deceleration time.</li> <li>Check the wiring to avoid output short circuit.</li> <li>Check the mechanical brake operation.</li> <li>Lower the setting of stall prevention operation level (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)</li> <li>Activate the fast-response current limit operation. (V/F control, Simple magnetic flux vector control)</li> <li>Choose inverter and motor capacities that match. (IPM motor control)</li> <li>Input a start command after the motor stops. Alternatively, set the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure/flying start function. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)</li> </ul> |                           |                    |               |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | E.OV1  | E.Ou 1   | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | OV During Acc |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|--|--------------------|---------------|--|--|
| Name                       | Regenerative   | overvoltage trip during a  | cceleration        |               |  |  |
| Description                | specified valu activated by a  | If regenerative energy causes the inverter's internal main circuit DC voltage to reach or exceed the specified value, the protective circuit is activated to stop the inverter output. The circuit may also be activated by a surge voltage produced in the power supply system. |                    |               |  |  |
| Check point                | <ul> <li>Check for too slow acceleration. (e.g. during descending acceleration with lifting load)</li> <li>Check if Pr.22 Stall prevention operation level is set too low like the no-load current.</li> </ul>   |  |                    |               |  |  |
| Corrective action          | <ul> <li>Decrease the acceleration time.</li> <li>Use regeneration avoidance function (<i>Pr. 882 to Pr. 886</i>). ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)</li> <li>Set a value larger than the no load current in <i>Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level</i>.</li> </ul> |  |                    |               |  |  |

| Operation Panel<br>Indication | E.OV2                                    | E.O u 2   | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | Stedy Spd OV |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------|--|---|--------------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| Name                          | Regenerative                             | overvoltage trip during   | constant speed     |              |  |  |  |
| Description                   | specified valu                           | If regenerative energy causes the inverter's internal main circuit DC voltage to reach or exceed the specified value, the protective circuit is activated to stop the inverter output. The circuit may also be activated by a surge voltage produced in the power supply system.  |                    |              |  |  |  |
| Check point                   |  | Check for sudden load change.     Check if <i>Pr.22 Stall prevention operation level</i> is set too low like the no-load current.   |                    |              |  |  |  |
| Corrective action             | · Use regene  Manual (App  · Use the bra | <ul> <li>Keep load stable.</li> <li>Use regeneration avoidance function (Pr. 882 to Pr. 886). (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)</li> <li>Use the brake unit or power regeneration common converter (FR-CV) as required.</li> <li>Set a value larger than the no load current in Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level.</li> </ul> |                    |              |  |  |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | E.OV3  | 8.0 u 3                    | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | OV During Dec |  |
|----------------------------|--|----------------------------|--------------------|---------------|--|
| Name                       | Regenerative   | overvoltage trip during of | leceleration or s  | top           |  |
| Description                | If regenerative energy causes the inverter's internal main circuit DC voltage to reach or exceed the specified value, the protective circuit is activated to stop the inverter output. The circuit may also be activated by a surge voltage produced in the power supply system. |                            |                    |               |  |
| Check point                |  | den speed reduction.       |                    |               |  |
|                            | <ul> <li>Increase the deceleration time. (Set the deceleration time which matches the moment of inertia of the load)</li> <li>Longer the brake cycle.</li> </ul>   |                            |                    |               |  |
| Corrective action          | <ul> <li>Use regeneration avoidance function (Pr. 882 to Pr. 886). (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)</li> <li>Use the brake unit or power regeneration common converter (FR-CV) as required.</li> </ul>  |                            |                    |               |  |



| Operation Panel Indication | E.THT  | E.F.H.F   | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | Inv. Overload |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|---|--------------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| Name                       | Inverter overlo  | oad trip (electronic therm  | al relay function  | ) *1          |  |  |  |
| Description                | (170% or less  | If a current not less than 120% of the rated output current flows and overcurrent trip does not occur (170% or less), the electronic thermal relay activates to stop the inverter output in order to protect the output transistors. (Overload capacity 120% 60s inverse-time characteristic) |                    |               |  |  |  |
| Check point                | Check that acceleration/deceleration time is not too short.     Check that <i>Pr. 0 Torque boost</i> setting is not too large (small). (V/F control)     Check that <i>Pr. 14 Load pattern selection</i> setting is appropriate for the load pattern of the using machine. (V/F control)     Check the motor for use under overload. |   |                    |               |  |  |  |
| Corrective action          | <ul> <li>Increase acceleration/deceleration time.</li> <li>Adjust the Pr. 0 Torque boost setting. (V/F control)</li> <li>Set the Pr. 14 Load pattern selection setting according to the load pattern of the using machine. (V/F control)</li> <li>Reduce the load weight.</li> </ul>   |   |                    |               |  |  |  |

<sup>\*1</sup> Resetting the inverter initializes the internal thermal integrated data of the electronic thermal relay function.

| Operation Panel Indication | E.THM   | E.C.H.O                    | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | Motor Ovrload |  |  |
|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|--------------------|---------------|--|--|
| Name                       | Motor overloa   | d trip (electronic thermal | relay function)    | *1            |  |  |
| Description                | The electronic thermal relay function in the inverter detects motor overheat due to overload or reduced cooling capability during constant-speed operation and pre-alarm (TH display) is output when the integrated value reaches 85% of the <i>Pr. 9 Electronic thermal O/L relay</i> setting and the protection circuit is activated to stop the inverter output when the integrated value reaches the specified value. When running a special motor such as a multi-pole motor or multiple motors, provide a thermal relay on the inverter output side since such motor(s) cannot be protected by the electronic thermal relay function. |                            |                    |               |  |  |
| Check point                | <ul> <li>Check the motor for use under overload.</li> <li>Check that the setting of <i>Pr. 71 Applied motor</i> for motor selection is correct. (V/F control, Simple magnetic flux vector control) ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)</li> <li>Check that stall prevention operation setting is correct.</li> </ul>   |                            |                    |               |  |  |
| Corrective action          | <ul> <li>Reduce the load weight.</li> <li>For a constant-torque motor, set the constant-torque motor in <i>Pr. 71 Applied motor</i>. (V/F control, Simple magnetic flux vector control)</li> <li>Check that stall prevention operation setting is correct. ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)</li> </ul>  |                            |                    |               |  |  |

<sup>\*1</sup> Resetting the inverter initializes the internal thermal integrated data of the electronic thermal relay function.

| Operation Panel Indication | E.FIN  | E.F.I. n          | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | H/Sink O/Temp |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| Name                       | Heatsink over  | Heatsink overheat |                    |               |  |  |  |  |
| Description                | If the heatsink overheats, the temperature sensor is actuated to stop the inverter output. The FIN signal can be output when the temperature becomes approximately 85% of the heatsink overheat protection operation temperature.  For the terminal used for the FIN signal output, assign the function by setting "26" (positive logic) or "126" (negative logic) in any of <i>Pr. 190 to Pr. 196 (output terminal function selection).</i> ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)) |                   |                    |               |  |  |  |  |
| Check point                | Check for too high surrounding air temperature. Check for heatsink clogging. Check that the cooling for is standard (Check that To is displayed on the checking panel).  |                   |                    |               |  |  |  |  |
| Corrective action          | <ul> <li>Check that the cooling fan is stopped. (Check that Fn is displayed on the operation panel.)</li> <li>Set the surrounding air temperature to within the specifications.</li> <li>Clean the heatsink.</li> <li>Replace the cooling fan.</li> </ul>  |                   |                    |               |  |  |  |  |



| Operation Panel Indication | E.IPF  | <i>E.</i> / | PF  | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | Inst. Pwr. Loss |
|----------------------------|--|-------------|-----|--------------------|-----------------|
| Name                       | Instantaneous  | power fail  | ure |                    |                 |
| Description                | If a power failure occurs for longer than 15ms (this also applies to inverter input shut-off), the instantaneous power failure protective function is activated to trip the inverter in order to prevent the control circuit from malfunctioning. If a power failure persists for longer than 100ms, the fault output is not provided, and the inverter restarts if the start signal is ON upon power restoration. (The inverter continues operating if an instantaneous power failure is within 15ms.) In some operating status (load magnitude, acceleration/ deceleration time setting, etc.), overcurrent or other protection may be activated upon power restoration. When instantaneous power failure protection is activated, the IPF signal is output. ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)) |             |     |                    |                 |
| Check point                | Find the cause of instantaneous power failure occurrence.  |             |     |                    |                 |
| Corrective action          | <ul> <li>Remedy the instantaneous power failure.</li> <li>Prepare a backup power supply for instantaneous power failure.</li> <li>Set the function of automatic restart after instantaneous power failure (<i>Pr. 57</i>). ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)</li> </ul>   |             |     |                    |                 |

| Operation Panel Indication | E.BE  | Ε.         | <i>68</i>     |     | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | Br. Cct. Fault |
|----------------------------|---|------------|---------------|-----|--------------------|----------------|
| Name                       | Brake transist  | or alarm d | etection/inte | rna | al circuit fault   |                |
| Description                | This function stops the inverter output if a fault occurs in the brake circuit, e.g. damaged brake transistors when using functions of the 75K or higher.  In this case, the inverter must be powered OFF immediately.  For the 55K or lower, it appears when an internal circuit error occurred. |            |               |     |                    |                |
| Check point                | Reduce the load inertia.     Check that the frequency of using the brake is proper.     Check that the brake resistor selected is correct.  |            |               |     |                    |                |
| Corrective action          | For the 75K or higher, when the protective function is activated even if the above measures are taken, replace the brake unit with a new one.  For the 55K or lower, replace the inverter.  |            |               |     |                    |                |

| Operation Panel Indication | E.UVT  | E.UuT | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | Under Voltage |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|-------|--------------------|---------------|--|--|
| Name                       | Undervoltage   |       |                    |               |  |  |
| Description                | If the power supply voltage of the inverter decreases, the control circuit will not perform normal functions. In addition, the motor torque will be insufficient and/or heat generation will increase. To prevent this, if the power supply voltage decreases below about 150V (300VAC for the 400V class), this function stops the inverter output.  When a jumper is not connected across P/+ and P1, the undervoltage protective function is activated. When undervoltage protection is activated, the IPF signal is output. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)) |       |                    |               |  |  |
| Check point                | Check for start of large-capacity motor.     Check that a jumper or DC reactor is connected across terminals P/+ and P1.   |       |                    |               |  |  |
| Corrective action          | <ul> <li>Check the power supply system equipment such as the power supply.</li> <li>Connect a jumper or DC reactor across terminals P/+ and P1.</li> <li>If the problem still persists after taking the above measure, please contact your sales representative.</li> </ul>  |       |                    |               |  |  |

| Operation Panel   | E.ILF  | FIIF             | FR-PU04 | Fault 14         |  |  |
|-------------------|--|------------------|---------|------------------|--|--|
| Indication        | L.ILI  | C./ L /          | FR-PU07 | Input phase loss |  |  |
| Name              | Input phase lo   | Input phase loss |         |                  |  |  |
| Description       | This fault is output when function valid setting (=1) is set in <i>Pr. 872 Input phase loss protection selection</i> and one phase of the three phase power input is lost.  When the setting of <i>Pr. 872 Input phase loss protection selection</i> is the initial value ( <i>Pr. 872</i> = "0"), this fault does not occur. ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).) |                  |         |                  |  |  |
| Check point       | Check for a break in the cable for the three-phase power supply input.   |                  |         |                  |  |  |
| Corrective action | <ul> <li>Wire the cables properly.</li> <li>Repair a break portion in the cable.</li> <li>Check the <i>Pr. 872 Input phase loss protection selection</i> setting.</li> </ul>   |                  |         |                  |  |  |



| Operation Panel Indication | E.OLT            | E.OL (  | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | Stil Prev STP |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| Name                       | Stall prevention | Stall prevention stop   |                    |               |  |  |  |
| Description                |                  | If the frequency has fallen to 0.5Hz(1.5Hz under IPM motor control) by stall prevention operation and remains for 3s, a fault (E.OLT) appears and trips the inverter. OL appears while stall prevention is being activated. |                    |               |  |  |  |
| Check point                |                  | <ul> <li>Check the motor for use under overload. ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)</li> <li>Check that a motor is connected during IPM motor control. (IPM motor control)</li> </ul>               |                    |               |  |  |  |
| Corrective action          | · Check the c    | <ul> <li>Reduce the load weight.</li> <li>Check the connection of the IPM motor. (IPM motor control)</li> <li>Set the IPM motor test operation. ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied))</li> </ul>        |                    |               |  |  |  |

| Operation Panel   | E.SOT   | ccoc         | FR-PU04 | Fault 14       |  |  |
|-------------------|---|--------------|---------|----------------|--|--|
| Indication        | IPM   | E.5 <i>0</i> | FR-PU07 | Motor step out |  |  |
| Name              | Loss of synchroni   | sm detection |         |                |  |  |
| Description       | Stops the output when the operation is not synchronized. (This function is only available under IPM motor control.)   |              |         |                |  |  |
| Check point       | Check that the IPM motor is not driven overloaded. Check if a start command is given to the inverter while the IPM motor is coasting. Check if a motor other than the IPM motor (MM-EFS series or MM-EF series) is driven.  |              |         |                |  |  |
| Corrective action | <ul> <li>Set the acceleration time longer.</li> <li>Reduce the load.</li> <li>If the inverter restarts during coasting, set <i>Pr.57 Restart coasting time</i> ≠ "9999," and select the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure.</li> <li>Drive the IPM motor (MM-EFS series or MM-EF series).</li> </ul> |              |         |                |  |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | E.GF   | ε.  | GF                | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | Ground Fault |  |
|----------------------------|--|---|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|--|
| Name                       | Output side ea   | Output side earth (ground) fault overcurrent  |                   |                    |              |  |
| Description                | This function (ground) fault   | This function stops the inverter output if an earth (ground) fault overcurrent flows due to an earth (ground) fault that occurred on the inverter's output (load) side. |                   |                    |              |  |
| Check point                | Check for an earth (ground) fault in the motor and connection cable. |   |                   |                    |              |  |
| Corrective action          | Remedy the e   | arth (grou  | nd) fault portion | on.                |              |  |

| Operation Panel<br>Indication | E.LF         | E. LF  | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | E. LF |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--|--------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| Name                          | Output phase | Output phase loss  |                    |       |  |  |  |
| Description                   |              | This function stops the inverter output if one of the three phases (U, V, W) on the inverter's output side (load side) is lost.  |                    |       |  |  |  |
| Check point                   | · Check that | <ul> <li>Check the wiring (Check that the motor is normal.)</li> <li>Check that the capacity of the motor used is not smaller than that of the inverter.</li> <li>Check if a start command is given to the inverter while the motor is coasting.</li> </ul>  |                    |       |  |  |  |
| Corrective action             | · Choose inv | <ul> <li>Wire the cables properly.</li> <li>Choose inverter and motor capacities that match.</li> <li>Input a start command after the motor stops. Alternatively, use automatic restart after instantaneous power failure/flying start function. ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)</li> </ul> |                    |       |  |  |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | E.OHT  | E.0HF               | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | OH Fault |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--------------------|----------|--|--|
| Name                       | External thern   | nal relay operation |                    |          |  |  |
| Description                | If the external thermal relay provided for motor overheat protection, or the internally mounted temperature relay in the motor, etc. switches ON (contacts open), the inverter output is stopped. This function is available when "7" (OH signal) is set to any of <i>Pr. 178 to Pr. 189 (input terminal function selection)</i> .  When the initial value (without OH signal assigned) is set, this protective function is not available. |                     |                    |          |  |  |
| Check point                | <ul> <li>Check for motor overheating.</li> <li>Check that the value of 7 (OH signal) is set correctly in any of <i>Pr. 178 to Pr. 189 (input terminal function selection)</i>.</li> </ul>  |                     |                    |          |  |  |
| Corrective action          | Reduce the load and operating duty.     Even if the relay contacts are reset automatically, the inverter will not restart unless it is reset.  |                     |                    |          |  |  |

| Operation Panel   | E.PTC  | FPFF  | FR-PU04 | Fault 14      |  |  |
|-------------------|--|---|---------|---------------|--|--|
| Indication        | 2 10   |   | FR-PU07 | PTC activated |  |  |
| Name              | PTC thermisto  | or operation  |         | ·             |  |  |
| Description       | connected to<br>This fault is av   | Trips when the motor overheat status is detected for 10s or more by the external PTC thermistor input connected to the terminal AU.  This fault is available when "63" is set in <i>Pr. 184 AU terminal function selection</i> and AU/PTC switchover switch is set in PTC side. When the initial value ( <i>Pr. 184</i> = "4") is set, this protective function is not available. |         |               |  |  |
| Check point       | <ul> <li>Check the connection between the PTC thermistor switch and thermal relay protector.</li> <li>Check the motor for operation under overload.</li> <li>Is valid setting (= 63) selected in Pr. 184 AU terminal function selection? ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)</li> </ul> |   |         |               |  |  |
| Corrective action | Reduce the lo  | ad weight.  |         |               |  |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | E.OPT   | E.0PF | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | Option Fault |  |  |
|----------------------------|---|-------|--------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Name                       | Option fault  |       |                    |              |  |  |
| Description                | <ul> <li>Appears when the AC power supply is connected to the terminal R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 accidentally when a high power factor converter is connected.</li> <li>Appears when the switch for the manufacturer setting of the plug-in option is changed.</li> <li>Appears when a communication option is connected while <i>Pr. 296 Password lock level</i> = "0 or 100."</li> </ul>   |       |                    |              |  |  |
| Check point                | Check that the AC power supply is not connected to the terminal R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 when a high power factor converter (FR-HC, MT-HC) or power regeneration common converter (FR-CV) is connected.      Check if password lock is activated by setting <i>Pr. 296</i> = "0, 100"   |       |                    |              |  |  |
| Corrective action          | <ul> <li>Check if password lock is activated by setting <i>Pr. 296</i> = "0, 100"</li> <li>Check the parameter (<i>Pr. 30</i>) setting and wiring.</li> <li>The inverter may be damaged if the AC power supply is connected to the terminal R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 when a high power factor converter is connected. Please contact your sales representative.</li> <li>Return the switch for the manufacturer setting of the plug-in option to the initial status. ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)</li> <li>To apply the password lock when installing a communication option, set Pr.296 ≠ "0,100". (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)</li> <li>If the problem still persists after taking the above measure, please contact your sales representative.</li> </ul> |       |                    |              |  |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | E.OP1  | E.DP 1  | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | Option 1 Fault |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|---|--------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Name                       | Communication  | on option fault   |                    |                |  |  |
| Description                | Stops the inve   | Stops the inverter output when a communication line fault occurs in the communication option. |                    |                |  |  |
| Check point                | Check for a wrong option function setting and operation.     Check that the plug-in option is plugged into the connector securely.     Check for a break in the communication cable.     Check that the terminating resistor is fitted properly. |   |                    |                |  |  |
| Corrective action          | Check the option function setting, etc.     Connect the plug-in option securely.     Check the connection of communication cable.  |   |                    |                |  |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | E. 1  | ε. | <i>;</i> | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | Fault 1 |  |
|----------------------------|---|----|----------|--------------------|---------|--|
| Name                       | Option fault  |    |          |                    |         |  |
| Description                | Stops the inverter output if a contact fault or the like of the connector between the inverter and communication option occurs.  Appears when the switch for the manufacturer setting of the plug-in option is changed.   |    |          |                    |         |  |
| Check point                | Check that the plug-in option is plugged into the connector securely.     Check for excess electrical noises around the inverter.   |    |          |                    |         |  |
| Corrective action          | <ul> <li>Connect the plug-in option securely.</li> <li>Take measures against noises if there are devices producing excess electrical noises around the inverter.</li> <li>If the problem still persists after taking the above measure, please contact your sales representative or distributor.</li> <li>Return the switch position for the manufacturer setting of the plug-in option to the initial status. ( Refer to instruction manual of each option)</li> </ul> |    |          |                    |         |  |



| Operation Panel Indication | E.PE   | ε. | 25 | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | Corrupt Memry |
|----------------------------|--|----|----|--------------------|---------------|
| Name                       | Parameter storage device fault (control circuit board)   |    |    |                    |               |
| Description                | Trips when a fault occurred in the parameter stored. (EEPROM failure)  |    |    |                    |               |
| Check point                | Check for too many number of parameter write times.  |    |    |                    |               |
| Corrective action          | Please contact your sales representative.  When performing parameter write frequently for communication purposes, set "1" in <i>Pr. 342</i> to enable RAM write. Note that powering OFF returns the inverter to the status before RAM write. |    |    |                    |               |

| Operation Panel   | E.PE2   | 6.28.3  | FR-PU04 | Fault 14         |  |  |  |
|-------------------|---|---|---------|------------------|--|--|--|
| Indication        | L.FLZ   | C.  | FR-PU07 | PR storage alarm |  |  |  |
| Name              | Parameter sto   | Parameter storage device fault (main circuit board) |         |                  |  |  |  |
| Description       | Trips when a fault occurred in the parameter stored. (EEPROM failure) |   |         |                  |  |  |  |
| Check point       |   |   |         |                  |  |  |  |
| Corrective action | Please contact your sales representative.                             |   |         |                  |  |  |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | E.PUE   | E.PUE                   | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | PU Leave Out  |  |  |
|----------------------------|---|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------|--|--|
| Name                       | PU disconnec  | tion                    |                    |               |  |  |
| Description                | <ul> <li>This function stops the inverter output if communication between the inverter and PU is suspended, e.g. the operation panel and parameter unit is disconnected, when "2", "3", "16" or "17" was set in <i>Pr. 75 Reset selection/disconnected PU detection/PU stop selection</i>. This protective function is not available in the initial setting (<i>Pr. 75</i> = "14").</li> <li>This function stops the inverter output when communication errors occurred consecutively for more than permissible number of retries when a value other than "9999" is set in <i>Pr. 121 Number of PU communication retries</i> during the RS-485 communication with the PU connector.</li> <li>This function stops the inverter output if communication is broken for the period of time set in <i>Pr. 122 PU communication check time interval</i> during the RS-485 communication with the PU connector.</li> </ul> |                         |                    |               |  |  |
| Check point                | <ul> <li>Check that the FR-DU07 or parameter unit (FR-PU04/FR-PU07) is fitted tightly.</li> <li>Check the <i>Pr. 75</i> setting.</li> </ul>   |                         |                    |               |  |  |
| Corrective action          | Fit the FR-DU   | 07 or parameter unit (F | R-PU04/FR-PU0      | 07) securely. |  |  |

| Operation Panel<br>Indication | E.RET  | E E. [                    | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | Retry No Over |  |  |
|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------|--------------------|---------------|--|--|
| Name                          | Retry count ex   | Retry count excess        |                    |               |  |  |
| Description                   | If operation cannot be resumed properly within the number of retries set, this function trips the inverter. This function is available only when $Pr. 67$ Number of retries at fault occurrence is set. When the initial value ( $Pr. 67 = "0"$ ) is set, this protective function is not available. |                           |                    |               |  |  |
| Check point                   | Find the cause of fault occurrence.  |                           |                    |               |  |  |
| Corrective action             | Eliminate the  | cause of the fault preced | ding this error in | dication.     |  |  |

| Operation Panel<br>Indication | E. 5  | Ε.  | 5  |         | Fault 5   |  |  |
|-------------------------------|---|---|----|---------|-----------|--|--|
|                               | E. 6  | Ε.  | 8  | FR-PU04 | Fault 6   |  |  |
|                               | E. 7  | Ε.  | 7  | FR-PU07 | Fault 7   |  |  |
|                               | E.CPU   | <i>E.C</i>  | PU |         | CPU Fault |  |  |
| Name                          | CPU fault   |   |    |         |           |  |  |
| Description                   | Stops the inve  | Stops the inverter output if the communication fault of the built-in CPU occurs.                |    |         |           |  |  |
| Check point                   | Check for devices producing excess electrical noises around the inverter. |   |    |         |           |  |  |
| Corrective action             | inverter.   | Take measures against noises if there are devices producing excess electrical noises around the |    |         |           |  |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | E.CTE   | 8.278                                    | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | E.CTE                             |  |
|----------------------------|---|--|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Name                       | Operation par   | nel power supply short c                 | ircuit, RS-485 te  | rminal power supply short circuit |  |
| Description                | When the operation panel power supply (PU connector) is shorted, this function shuts off the power output and stops the inverter output. At this time, the operation panel (parameter unit) cannot be used and RS-485 communication from the PU connector cannot be made. When the internal power supply for RS-485 terminals are shorted, this function shuts off the power output. At this time, communication from the RS-485 terminals cannot be made. To reset, enter the RES signal or switch power OFF, then ON again. |  |                    |                                   |  |
| Check point                | Check for a short circuit in the PU connector cable.     Check that the RS-485 terminals are connected correctly.   |  |                    |                                   |  |
| Corrective action          |   | PU and cable.<br>connection of the RS-48 | 5 terminals        |                                   |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | E.P24  | 8.224                      | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | E.P24 |  |
|----------------------------|--|----------------------------|--------------------|-------|--|
| Name                       | 24VDC power output short circuit   |                            |                    |       |  |
| Description                | When the 24VDC power output from the PC terminal is shorted, this function shuts off the power output. At this time, all external contact inputs switch OFF. The inverter cannot be reset by entering the RES signal. To reset it, use the operation panel or switch power OFF, then ON again. |                            |                    |       |  |
| Check point                | · Check for a short circuit in the PC terminal output.   |                            |                    |       |  |
| Corrective action          | · Remedy the   | e earth (ground) fault por | tion.              |       |  |

| Operation Panel | E.CDO   | 8.C dO                   | FR-PU04 | Fault 14        |
|-----------------|---|--------------------------|---------|-----------------|
| Indication      | L.ODO   |                          | FR-PU07 | OC detect level |
| Name            | Output curren   | t detection value exceed | ed      |                 |
| Description     | This function stops the inverter output when the output current exceeds the setting of <i>Pr.150 Output current detection level</i> , or the output current falls below the setting of <i>Pr.152 Zero current detection level</i> . This function is active when <i>Pr. 167 Output current detection operation selection</i> is set to "1, 10, 11". When the initial value ( <i>Pr. 167</i> = "0") is set, this fault does not occur. |                          |         |                 |
| Check point     | Check the settings of Pr. 150 Output current detection level, Pr. 151 Output current detection signal delay time, Pr. 152 Zero current detection level, Pr. 153 Zero current detection time, Pr. 166 Output current detection signal retention time, Pr. 167 Output current detection operation selection. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)  |                          |         |                 |

| Operation Panel   | E.IOH  | EL OH  | FR-PU04             | Fault 14  |
|-------------------|--|--|---------------------|---|
| Indication        | 2.1011   |  | FR-PU07             | Inrush overheat   |
| Name              | Inrush current   | limit circuit fault                                  | •                   |   |
| Description       | Trips when the   | e resistor of the inrush co                          | ırrent limit circui | t overheats. The inrush current limit circuit fault             |
| Check point       | Check that frequent power ON/OFF is not repeated.     Check that no meltdown is found in the input side fuse (5A) in the power supply circuit of the inrush current suppression circuit contactor (FR-F740P-132K or higher) or no fault is found in the power supply circuit of the contactor.     Check that the power supply circuit of inrush current limit circuit contactor is not damaged. |  |                     |   |
| Corrective action |  | rcuit where frequent pov still persists after taking |                     | ot repeated.<br>sure, please contact your sales representative. |

| Operation Panel Indication | E.SER   | 8.58 -                   | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | Fault 14 VFD Comm error |
|----------------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| Name                       | Communication   | on fault (inverter)      | 111                |                         |
| Description                | This function stops the inverter output when communication error occurs consecutively for more than permissible retry count when a value other than "9999" is set in <i>Pr. 335 RS-485 communication retry count</i> during RS-485 communication from the RS-485 terminals. This function also stops the inverter output if communication is broken for the period of time set in <i>Pr. 336 RS-485 communication check time interval</i> . |                          |                    |                         |
| Check point                | Check the RS-485 terminal wiring.   |                          |                    |                         |
| Corrective action          | Perform wiring  | g of the RS-485 terminal | s properly.        |                         |



| Operation Panel   | E.AIE  | EBL E                                     | FR-PU04          | Fault 14  |  |
|-------------------|--|---|------------------|---|--|
| Indication        | E.AIE  | C.O. C                                    | FR-PU07          | Analog in error                                       |  |
| Name              | Analog input f   | ault                                      |                  |   |  |
| Description       | Stops the inverter output when a 30mA or higher current or a 7.5V or higher voltage is input to terminal 2 while the current input is selected by <i>Pr.73 Analog input selection</i> , or to terminal 4 while the current input is selected by <i>Pr.267 Terminal 4 input selection</i> . |   |                  |   |  |
| Check point       | Check the setting of Pr. 73 Analog input selection and Pr. 267 Terminal 4 input selection. ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)  |   |                  |   |  |
| Corrective action | _  | requency command by $n$ to voltage input. | current input or | set Pr. 73 Analog input selection or Pr. 267 Terminal |  |

| Operation Panel   |  |  | FR-PU04 | Fault 14  |
|-------------------|--|--|---------|---|
| Indication        | E.PID  | E.P1 d   | FR-PU07 | Fault<br>PID Signal Error                           |
| Name              | PID signal fault   |  |         |   |
| Description       | If any of PID upper limit (FUP), PID lower limit (FDN), and PID deviation limit (Y48) turns ON during PID control, inverter shuts off the output. This function is active under the following parameter settings: $Pr.554$ PID signal operation selection $\neq$ "0,10", $Pr.131$ PID upper limit $\neq$ "9999", $Pr.132$ PID lower limit $\neq$ "9999", and $Pr.553$ PID deviation limit $\neq$ "9999". This protective function is not active in the initial setting ( $Pr.554$ = "0", $Pr.131$ = "9999", $Pr.132$ = "9999", $Pr.553$ = "9999"). |  |         |   |
| Check Point       | <ul> <li>Check if the measured PID value is greater than the upper limit (<i>Pr.131</i>) or smaller than the lower limit (<i>Pr.132</i>).</li> <li>Check if the absolute PID deviation value is greater than the limit value (<i>Pr.553</i>).</li> </ul>   |  |         |   |
| Corrective Action |  | ettings for Pr.131 PID upper<br>e Instruction Manual (Appl |         | Dower limit, Pr.553 PID deviation limit. ( Refer to |

| Operation Panel Indication | E.13             | Ε.   | 13          | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | Fault 13 |  |
|----------------------------|------------------|--|-------------|--------------------|----------|--|
| Name                       | Internal circuit | nternal circuit fault                          |             |                    |          |  |
| Description                | Trips when an    | Trips when an internal circuit error occurred. |             |                    |          |  |
| Corrective action          | Please contac    | t your sale                                    | s represent | tative.            |          |  |

#### = CAUTION =

- If protective functions of E.ILF, E.SOT, E.PTC, E.PE2, E.CDO, E.IOH, E.SER, E.AIE, E.PID are activated when using the FR-PU04, "Fault 14" appears.
  Also when the faults history is checked on the FR-PU04, the display is "E.14".
  If faults other than the above appear, contact your sales representative.

# 6.4 Correspondences between digital and actual characters

There are the following correspondences between the actual alphanumeric characters and the digital characters displayed on the operation panel.

| Actual | Digital           |
|--------|-------------------|
| 0      | $ar{\mathcal{D}}$ |
| 1      |                   |
| 2      | <u>-</u>          |
| 3      | 3                 |
| 4      | <b>-</b>          |
| 5      | 5                 |
| 6      | 5                 |
| 7      | 7                 |
| 8      | $ \mathcal{B} $   |
| 9      | 9                 |
|        |                   |
|        |                   |

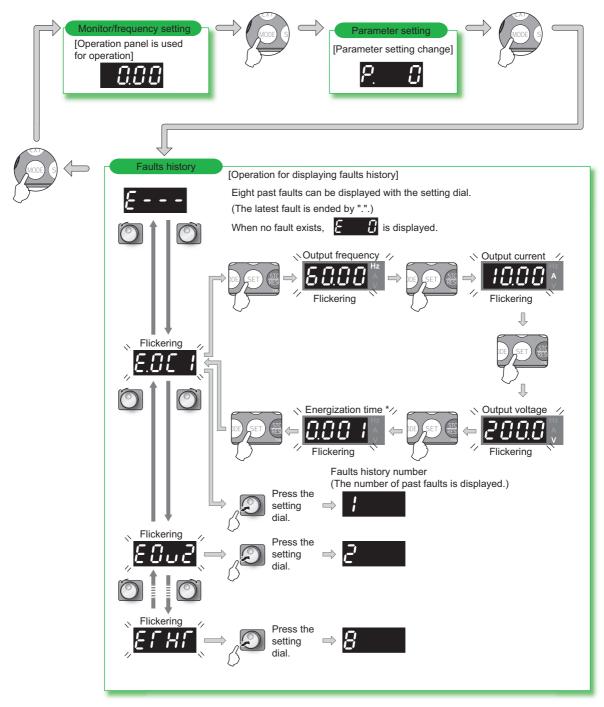
| Actual      | Digital  |
|-------------|----------|
| A<br>B<br>C |          |
| D           | <u></u>  |
| E           | E        |
| F           | F        |
| G           |          |
| H           | <b>H</b> |
|             |          |
| J           |          |
| L           |          |

| Actual | Digital |
|--------|---------|
|        | _       |
| M      |         |
| N      | <b></b> |
| 0      |         |
| 0      | Ø       |
| P      |         |
| S      | 5       |
| T      |         |
| U      |         |
| V      |         |
| r      |         |
| -      | -       |
|        |         |



# 6.5 Check and clear of the faults history

## (1) Check for the faults history

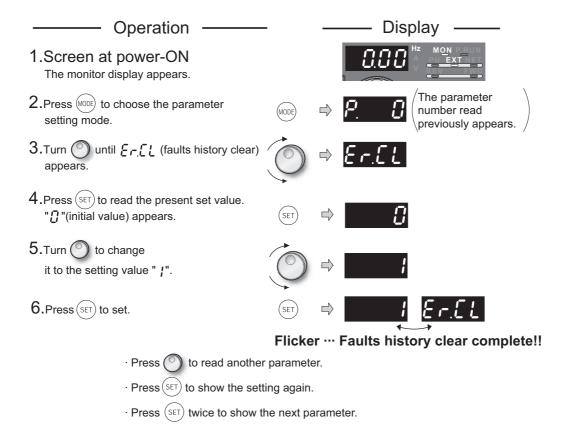


<sup>\*</sup> The cumulative energization time and actual operation time are accumulated from 0 to 65535 hours, then cleared, and accumulated again from 0. When the operation panel (FR-DU07) is used, the time is displayed up to 65.53 (65530h) in the indication of 1h = 0.001, and thereafter, it is added up from 0.

# (2) Clearing procedure

#### **POINT**

· The faults history can be cleared by setting "1" in Er.CL Faults history clear.





# 6.6 Check first when you have a trouble

## POINT

- · If the cause of malfunction is still unknown after performing applicable checks, initialization of parameter settings is recommended. Reset the parameter settings and set the required parameters again, then perform the checks again.
- $\cdot \ \ \, \text{Where } \, \underline{\mathbb{R}} \, \text{ is indicated in the "Refer to page" column, refer to the } \, \textit{Instruction Manual (Applied)}.$

## 6.6.1 Motor does not start

| Check points    | Possible Cause   | Countermeasures  | Refer<br>to<br>page |
|-----------------|--|--|---------------------|
|                 |  | Power ON a moulded case circuit breaker (MCCB), an earth leakage circuit breaker (ELB), or a magnetic contactor (MC).  | _                   |
|                 | Appropriate power supply voltage is not applied.  (Operation panel display is not provided.)   | Check for the decreased input voltage, input phase loss, and wiring.   |                     |
| Main            |  | If only the control power is ON when using a separate power source for the control circuit, turn ON the main circuit power.  | 18                  |
| Circuit         | Motor is not connected properly.   | Check the wiring between the inverter and the motor.  If commercial power supply-inverter switchover function is active, check the wiring of the magnetic contactor connected between the inverter and the motor. (V/F control, Simple magnetic flux vector control) | 11                  |
|                 | The jumper across P/+ and P1 is disconnected. (55K or lower)   | Securely fit a jumper across P/+ and P1.  When using a DC reactor (FR-HEL), remove the jumper across P/+ and P1, and then connect the DC reactor.  | 11                  |
|                 | Start signal is not input.   | Check the start command source, and input a start signal.  PU operation mode: FWD / REV  External operation mode: STF/STR signal   | 2                   |
|                 | Both the forward and reverse rotation start signals (STF, STR) are input simultaneously.   | Turn ON only one of the forward and reverse rotation start signals (STF or STR).  If STF and STR signals are turned ON simultaneously in the initial setting, a stop command is given.   | 20                  |
|                 | Frequency command is zero. (FWD or REV LED on the operation panel is flickering.)  | Check the frequency command source and enter a frequency command.  | 2                   |
|                 | AU signal is not ON when terminal 4 is used for frequency setting.  (FWD or REV LED on the operation panel is flickering.)   | Turn ON the AU signal. Turning ON the AU signal activates terminal 4 input.  | 20                  |
| Input<br>Signal | Output stop signal (MRS) or reset signal (RES) is ON. (FWD or REV LED on the operation panel is flickering.)   | Turn MRS or RES signal OFF. Inverter starts the operation with a given start command and a frequency command after turning OFF MRS or RES signal. Before turning OFF, ensure the safety.   |                     |
|                 | CS signal is OFF when automatic restart after instantaneous power failure function is selected ( $Pr. 57 \neq "9999"$ ). (FWD or REV LED on the operation panel is flickering. ) | Turn ON the CS signal. Restart operation is enabled when restart after instantaneous power signal (CS) is ON.  |                     |
|                 | Jumper connector of sink - source is wrongly selected. (FWD or REV LED on the operation panel is flickering.)  | Check that the control logic switchover jumper connector is correctly installed.  If it is not installed correctly, input signal is not recognized.  | 23                  |
|                 | Voltage/current input switch is not correctly set for analog input signal (0 to 5V/0 to 10V, 4 to 20mA).  (FWD or REV LED on the operation panel is flickering.)                 | Set <i>Pr. 73, Pr. 267</i> , and a voltage/current input switch correctly, then input an analog signal in accordance with the setting.   | 20                  |



| Check points      | Possible Cause  | Countermeasures  | Refer<br>to<br>page |
|-------------------|---|--|---------------------|
| Input<br>Signal   | was pressed.  (Operation panel indication is \$\beta 5\$ (PS).)   | During the External operation mode, check the method of restarting from a STOP input stop from PU.   | 120                 |
| Signal            | Two-wire or three-wire type connection is wrong.  | Check the connection.  Connect STOP signal when three-wire type is used.   | 106                 |
|                   | Pr. 0 Torque boost setting is improper when V/F control is used.  | Increase <i>Pr. 0</i> setting by 0.5% increments while observing the rotation of a motor.  If that makes no difference, decrease the setting.  | 73                  |
|                   | Pr. 78 Reverse rotation prevention selection is set.  | Check the <i>Pr. 78</i> setting. Set <i>Pr. 78</i> when you want to limit the motor rotation to only one direction.  | 97                  |
|                   | Pr. 79 Operation mode selection setting is wrong.   | Select the operation mode which corresponds with input methods of start command and frequency command.   | 2                   |
|                   | Bias and gain <i>(calibration parameter C2 to C7)</i> settings are improper.  | Check the bias and gain <i>(calibration parameter C2 to C7)</i> settings.  | 100                 |
|                   | Pr. 13 Starting frequency setting is greater than the running frequency.  | Set running frequency higher than <i>Pr. 13</i> .  The inverter does not start if the frequency setting signal is less than the value set in <i>Pr. 13</i> .   | 89                  |
|                   | Frequency settings of various running frequency (such as multi-speed operation) are zero.  Especially, <i>Pr. 1 Maximum frequency</i> is zero.  | Set the frequency command according to the application. Set <i>Pr. 1</i> higher than the actual frequency used.  | 74                  |
|                   | Pr. 15 Jog frequency setting is lower than Pr. 13 Starting frequency.   | Set Pr. 15 Jog frequency higher than Pr. 13 Starting frequency.  | 89                  |
| Parameter Setting | Operation mode and a writing device do not match.   | Check <i>Pr. 79, Pr. 338, Pr. 339, Pr. 550, Pr. 551,</i> and select an operation mode suitable for the purpose.  | 78, 109             |
|                   | Start signal operation selection is set by the <i>Pr. 250 Stop selection</i>  | Check <i>Pr. 250</i> setting and connection of STF and STR signals.  | 106                 |
|                   | Inverter decelerated to a stop when power failure deceleration stop function is selected.   | When power is restored, ensure the safety, and turn OFF the start signal once, then turn ON again to restart. Inverter restarts when <i>Pr. 261</i> ="2, 22".  | 107                 |
|                   | Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure function or power failure stop function is activated. (Performing overload operation during input phase loss may cause voltage insufficiency, and that may result in detection of power failure.) | <ul> <li>Set Pr. 872 Input phase loss protection selection = "1" (input phase failure protection active).</li> <li>Disable the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure function and power failure stop function.</li> <li>Reduce the load.</li> <li>Increase the acceleration time if the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure function or power failure stop function occurred during acceleration.</li> </ul> | 94, 107             |
|                   | DC feeding mode 1 or mode 2 is not selected in $Pr.30$<br>Regenerative function selection even though the DC is fed<br>through terminal P and N.  | Set the DC feeding mode in <i>Pr.30 Regenerative function</i> selection.   | 89                  |
|                   | IPM motor test operation is selected under IPM motor control.   | Set "20" in Pr.800 Control method selection.   | 111                 |
| Load              | Load is too heavy.  | Reduce the load.   | _                   |
|                   | Shaft is locked.  | Inspect the machine (motor).   |                     |



# 6.6.2 Motor or machine is making abnormal acoustic noise

When operating the inverter with the carrier frequency of 3kHz (6kHz during IPM motor control) or more set in *Pr. 72*, the carrier frequency will automatically decrease if the output current of the inverter exceeds the value in parenthesis of the rated output current on *page 150*. This may cause the motor noise to increase. But it is not a fault.

| Check points      | Possible Cause  | Countermeasures  | Refer<br>to<br>page |
|-------------------|---|--|---------------------|
| Input<br>signal   | Disturbance due to EMI when frequency command is                  | Take countermeasures against EMI.  |                     |
| Parameter Setting | given from analog input (terminal 1, 2, 4).                       | Increase the <i>Pr. 74 Input filter time constant</i> if steady operation cannot be performed due to EMI.  | 97                  |
|                   | No carrier frequency noises (metallic noises) are generated.      | In the initial setting, <i>Pr. 240 Soft-PWM operation selection</i> is enabled to change motor noise to an unoffending complex tone. Therefore, no carrier frequency noises (metallic noises) are generated.  Set <i>Pr. 240</i> = "0" to disable this function.                                     | 96                  |
| Parameter         | Resonance occurs. (output frequency)                              | Set <i>Pr. 31 to Pr. 36 (Frequency jump)</i> .  When it is desired to avoid resonance attributable to the natural frequency of a mechanical system, these parameters allow resonant frequencies to be jumped.  | 92                  |
| Setting           | Resonance occurs. (carrier frequency)                             | Change <i>Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection</i> setting. Changing the PWM carrier frequency produces an effect on avoiding the resonance frequency of a mechanical system or a motor.   | 96                  |
|                   | Gain adjustment during PID control is insufficient.               | To stabilize the measured value, change the proportional band ( <i>Pr. 129</i> ) to a larger value, the integral time ( <i>Pr. 130</i> ) to a slightly longer time, and the differential time ( <i>Pr. 134</i> ) to a slightly shorter time.  Check the calibration of set point and measured value. | 100                 |
| Others            | Mechanical looseness  | Adjust machine/equipment so that there is no mechanical looseness.   | _                   |
| Motor             | Contact the motor manufacturer.  Operating with output phase loss | Check the motor wiring.  | _                   |

# 6.6.3 Inverter generates abnormal noise

| Check<br>points | Possible Cause   | Countermeasures                | Refer<br>to<br>page |
|-----------------|--|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| Fan             | Fan cover was not correctly installed when a cooling fan was replaced. | Install a fan cover correctly. | 146                 |

# 6.6.4 Motor generates heat abnormally

| Check points | Possible Cause   | Countermeasures                                       | Refer<br>to<br>page |
|--------------|--|---|---------------------|
|              | Motor fan is not working                                 | Clean the motor fan.                                  |                     |
| Motor        | (Dust is accumulated.)                                   | Improve the environment.                              | _                   |
|              | Phase to phase insulation of the motor is insufficient.  | Check the insulation of the motor.                    | _                   |
| Main         | The inverter output voltage (LL V/ W) are unhalanced     | Check the output voltage of the inverter.             | 1.12                |
| Circuit      | The inverter output voltage (U, V, W) are unbalanced.    | Check the insulation of the motor.                    | 142                 |
| Parameter    | The Pr. 71 Applied motor setting is wrong. (V/F control, | Check the Pr. 71 Applied motor setting. (V/F control, | 0.5                 |
| Setting      | Simple magnetic flux vector control)                     | Simple magnetic flux vector control)                  | 95                  |
| _            | Motor current is large.                                  | Refer to "6.6.11 Motor current is too large"          | 139                 |

#### Motor rotates in the opposite direction 6.6.5

| Check points | Possible Cause   | Countermeasures   | Refer<br>to<br>page |
|--------------|--|---|---------------------|
| Main         | Phase sequence of output terminals U, V and W is           | Connect phase sequence of the output cables (terminal   | 11                  |
| Circuit      | incorrect.   | U, V, W) to the motor correctly                         | 11                  |
|              | The start signals (forward rotation, reverse rotation) are | Check the wiring. (STF: forward rotation , STR: reverse | 20                  |
| Input        | connected improperly.                                      | rotation)   | 20                  |
| -            | The polarity of the frequency command is negative          |   |                     |
| signal       | during the polarity reversible operation set by Pr. 73     | Check the polarity of the frequency command.            |                     |
|              | Analog input selection.                                    |   |                     |

#### Speed greatly differs from the setting 6.6.6

| Check points | Possible Cause  | Countermeasures  | Refer<br>to<br>page |
|--------------|---|--|---------------------|
| Input        | Frequency setting signal is incorrectly input.                              | Measure the input signal level.  | _                   |
| signal       | The input signal lines are affected by external EMI.                        | Take countermeasures against EMI such as using shielded wires for input signal lines.                        |                     |
|              |   | Check the settings of Pr. 1 Maximum frequency, Pr. 2 Minimum frequency, Pr. 18 High speed maximum frequency. | 87                  |
| Parameter    | Pr. 1, Pr. 2, Pr. 18, calibration parameter C2 to C7 settings are improper. | Check the calibration parameter C2 to C7 settings.   | 100                 |
| Setting      |   | During IPM motor control, maximum frequency is limited   |                     |
| Setting      |   | to the maximum motor speed (frequency) of the IPM motor.   | 164                 |
|              | Pr. 31 to Pr. 36 (frequency jump) settings are improper.                    | Narrow down the range of frequency jump.   | 92                  |
| Load         |   | Reduce the load weight.  | _                   |
| Parameter    | Stall prevention function is activated due to a heavy load.                 | Set Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level higher according   |                     |
| Setting      |   | to the load. (Setting Pr. 22 too large may result in   | 90                  |
|              |   | frequent overcurrent trip (E.OC□).)  |                     |
| Motor        |   | Check the capacities of the inverter and the motor.  |                     |

#### 6.6.7 Acceleration/deceleration is not smooth

| Check points         | Possible Cause  | Countermeasures   | Refer<br>to<br>page |
|----------------------|---|---|---------------------|
|                      | Acceleration/deceleration time is too short.  | Increase acceleration/deceleration time.  | 75                  |
|                      | Torque boost ( <i>Pr. 0, Pr. 46</i> ) setting is improper under V/F control, so the stall prevention function is activated. | Increase/decrease <i>Pr. 0 Torque boost</i> setting value by 0.5% increments to the setting.  | 73                  |
| Parameter<br>Setting | The base frequency does not match the motor characteristics under V/F control or Simple magnetic flux vector control.       | Set Pr. 3 Base frequency and Pr. 47 Second V/F (base frequency).  | 87                  |
|                      | Regeneration avoidance operation is performed   | If the frequency becomes unstable during regeneration avoidance operation, decrease the setting of <i>Pr. 886 Regeneration avoidance voltage gain.</i>              | 112                 |
| Load                 |   | Reduce the load weight.   | _                   |
| Parameter<br>Setting | Stall prevention function is activated due to a heavy load.   | Set $Pr. 22$ Stall prevention operation level higher according to the load. (Setting $Pr. 22$ too large may result in frequent overcurrent trip (E.OC $\square$ ).) | 90                  |
| Motor                |   | Check the capacities of the inverter and the motor.   | _                   |



# 6.6.8 Speed varies during operation

| Check points | Possible Cause  | Countermeasures   | Refer<br>to<br>page |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|---|---|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Load         | Load varies during an operation. (V/F control)  | Select Simple magnetic flux vector control  | 98                  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Frequency setting signal is varying.  | Check the frequency setting signal.   | _                   |  |  |  |  |
|              | The frequency setting signal is affected by EMI.  | Set filter to the analog input terminal using <i>Pr. 74 Input filter time constant</i> .  | 97                  |  |  |  |  |
| Input        | The frequency setting signal is affected by EMI.  | Take countermeasures against EMI, such as using shielded wires for input signal lines.  |                     |  |  |  |  |
| signal       | Malfunction is occurring due to the undesirable current generated when the transistor output unit is connected.   | Use terminal PC (terminal SD when source logic) as a common terminal to prevent a malfunction caused by undesirable current.  | 24                  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Multi-speed command signal is chattering.   | Take countermeasures to suppress chattering.  |                     |  |  |  |  |
|              | Fluctuation of power supply voltage is too large.   | Change the <i>Pr. 19 Base frequency voltage</i> setting (about 3%) under V/F control.   |                     |  |  |  |  |
|              | The <i>Pr.80 Motor capacity</i> setting is inappropriate for the inverter and motor capacities under Simple magnetic flux vector control and IPM motor control. | Check the Pr. 80 Motor capacity setting.  | 98                  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Wiring length is too long for V/F control, and a voltage drop occurs.   | Adjust <i>Pr. 0 Torque boost</i> by increasing with 0.5% increments for low-speed operation.  |                     |  |  |  |  |
| Parameter    | Grop occurs.  | Change to Simple magnetic flux vector control.  |                     |  |  |  |  |
| Setting      | Hunting occurs by the generated vibration, for example, when structural rigidity at load side is insufficient.  | Disable automatic control functions, such as energy saving operation, fast-response current limit function, regeneration avoidance function, Simple magnetic flux vector control and stall prevention.  For PID control, set smaller values to <i>Pr:129 PID proportional band</i> and <i>Pr.130 PID integral time</i> .  Lower the control gain, and adjust to increase the stability. | _                   |  |  |  |  |
|              |   | Change <i>Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection</i> setting.   | 96                  |  |  |  |  |

# 6.6.9 Operation mode is not changed properly

| Check points         | Possible Cause   | Countermeasures   | Refer<br>to<br>page |
|----------------------|--|---|---------------------|
| Input<br>signal      | Start signal (STF or STR) is ON.                       | Check that the STF and STR signals are OFF. When either is ON, the operation mode cannot be changed.  | 78                  |
| Parameter<br>Setting | <i>Pr. 79</i> setting is improper.                     | When <i>Pr. 79 Operation mode selection</i> setting is "0" (initial value), the inverter is placed in the External operation mode at input power ON. To switch to the PU operation mode, press PU on the operation panel (press PU when the parameter unit (FR-PU04/FR-PU07) is used). At other settings (1 to 4, 6, 7), the operation mode is limited accordingly. | 78                  |
|                      | Operation mode and a writing device do not correspond. | Check <i>Pr.</i> 79, <i>Pr.</i> 338, <i>Pr.</i> 339, <i>Pr.</i> 550, <i>Pr.</i> 551, and select an operation mode suitable for the purpose.   | 78, 109             |

# 6.6.10 Operation panel (FR-DU07) display is not operating

| Check points                           | Possible Cause   | Countermeasures  | Refer<br>to<br>page |
|--|--|--|---------------------|
| Main<br>Circuit,<br>Control<br>Circuit | Power is not input.  | Input the power.   | 9                   |
| Front<br>cover                         | Operation panel is not properly connected to the inverter. | Check if the inverter front cover is installed securely. The inverter cover may not fit properly when using wires whose size are 1.25mm <sup>2</sup> or larger, or when using many wires, and this could cause a contact fault of the operation panel. | 6                   |

# 6.6.11 Motor current is too large

| Check points | Possible Cause  | Countermeasures  | Refer<br>to<br>page |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|---|--|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
|              | Torque boost (Pr. 0, Pr. 46) setting is improper under V/F  | Increase/decrease Pr. 0 Torque boost setting value by        | 73                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | control, so the stall prevention function is activated.     | 0.5% increments to the setting.                              | 1 -                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |   | Set rated frequency of the motor to Pr. 3 Base frequency.    |                     |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |   | (V/F control, Simple magnetic flux vector control)           |                     |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | V/F pattern is improper when V/F control or Simple          | Use Pr. 19 Base frequency voltage to set the base voltage    | 87                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | magnetic flux vector control is performed.                  | (e.g. rated motor voltage). (V/F control, Simple magnetic    |                     |  |  |  |  |  |
| Parameter    | (Pr. 3, Pr. 14, Pr. 19)                                     | flux vector control)   |                     |  |  |  |  |  |
| Setting      |   | Change Pr. 14 Load pattern selection according to the load   |                     |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |   | characteristic. (V/F control)                                | 89                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |   | Reduce the load weight.                                      |                     |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Stall provention function is estimated due to a begun       | Set Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level higher according |                     |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Stall prevention function is activated due to a heavy load. | to the load. (Setting Pr. 22 too large may result in         | 90                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | ioau.   | frequent overcurrent trip (E.OC□).)                          |                     |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |   | Check the capacities of the inverter and the motor.          |                     |  |  |  |  |  |



# 6.6.12 Speed does not accelerate

| Check points    | Possible Cause   | Countermeasures  | Refer<br>to<br>page |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------|--|--|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
|                 | Start command and frequency command are chattering.  | Check if the start command and the frequency command are correct.  |                     |  |  |  |  |
| Input<br>signal | The wiring length used for analog frequency command is too long, and it is causing a voltage (current) drop.                   | Perform analog input bias/gain calibration.  |                     |  |  |  |  |
|                 | Input signal lines are affected by external EMI.   | Take countermeasures against EMI, such as using shielded wires for input signal lines.   |                     |  |  |  |  |
|                 | Pr. 1, Pr. 2, Pr. 18, calibration parameter C2 to C7 settings  | Check the settings of <i>Pr. 1 Maximum frequency and Pr. 2 Minimum frequency</i> . If you want to run the motor at 120Hz or higher, set <i>Pr. 18 High speed maximum frequency</i> .   | 87                  |  |  |  |  |
|                 | are improper.  | Check the <i>calibration parameter C2 to C7</i> settings.  During IPM motor control, maximum frequency is limited to the maximum motor speed (frequency) of the IPM motor.   | 100                 |  |  |  |  |
|                 | The maximum voltage (current) input value is not set during the external operation. (Pr.125, Pr.126, Pr.18)                    | Check the <i>Pr.125 Terminal 2 frequency setting gain</i> frequency and <i>Pr.126 Terminal 4 frequency setting gain</i> frequency settings. To operate at 120Hz or higher, set <i>Pr.18 High speed maximum frequency</i> .   |                     |  |  |  |  |
| Parameter       | Torque boost ( <i>Pr. 0, Pr. 46</i> ) setting is improper under V/F control, so the stall prevention function is activated.    | Increase/decrease <i>Pr. 0 Torque boost</i> setting value by 0.5% increments so that stall prevention does not occur.  |                     |  |  |  |  |
| Setting         | V/F pattern is improper when V/F control or Simple magnetic flux vector control is performed. ( <i>Pr. 3, Pr. 14, Pr. 19</i> ) | Set rated frequency of the motor to <i>Pr. 3 Base frequency</i> . (V/F control, Simple magnetic flux vector control) Use <i>Pr. 19 Base frequency voltage</i> to set the base voltage (e.g. rated motor voltage). (V/F control, Simple magnetic flux vector control) | 87                  |  |  |  |  |
|                 |  | Change <i>Pr. 14 Load pattern selection</i> according to the load characteristic. (V/F control)  | 89                  |  |  |  |  |
|                 | Stall prevention function is activated due to a heavy load.  | Reduce the load weight.  Set <i>Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level</i> higher according to the load. (Setting <i>Pr. 22</i> too large may result in frequent overcurrent trip (E.OC□).)  Check the capacities of the inverter and the motor.                    | 90                  |  |  |  |  |
|                 | During PID control, output frequency is automatically cor  | •  |                     |  |  |  |  |

# 6.6.13 Unable to write parameter setting

| Check points      | Possible Cause  | Countermeasures   | Refer<br>to<br>page |  |  |  |
|-------------------|---|---|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Input<br>signal   | Operation is being performed (signal STF or STR is ON).   | Stop the operation.  When <i>Pr.</i> 77 = "0" (initial value), write is enabled only during a stop.                                   | 97                  |  |  |  |
|                   | You are attempting to set the parameter in the External operation mode.   | Choose the PU operation mode. Or, set <i>Pr.</i> 77 = "2" to enable parameter write regardless of the operation mode.                 |                     |  |  |  |
|                   | Parameter is disabled by the <i>Pr. 77 Parameter write</i> selection setting.   | Check Pr. 77 Parameter write selection setting.   |                     |  |  |  |
| Parameter Setting | Key lock is activated by the <i>Pr. 161 Frequency setting/key lock operation selection</i> setting.   | Check Pr. 161 Frequency setting/key lock operation selection setting.   |                     |  |  |  |
|                   | Operation mode and a writing device do not correspond.  | Check <i>Pr. 79, Pr. 338, Pr. 339, Pr. 550, Pr. 551,</i> and select an operation mode suitable for the purpose.                       |                     |  |  |  |
|                   | Attempted to set "25" in <i>Pr.72 PWM frequency selection</i> under IPM motor control. Attempted to perform IPM motor control while <i>Pr.72</i> ="25." | Pr.72 cannot be set to "25" during the IPM motor control. (The sine wave filter (MT-BSL/BSC) cannot be used under IPM motor control.) | 96                  |  |  |  |

# 6.6.14 Power lamp is not lit

| Check points                           | Possible Cause                      | Countermeasures   |    |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|----|--|--|--|--|--|
| Main<br>Circuit,<br>Control<br>Circuit | Wiring or installation is improper. | Check for the wiring and the installation.  Power lamp is lit when power supply is input to the control circuit (R1/L11, S1/L21). | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |

#### 7/

# 7 PRECAUTIONS FOR MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

The inverter is a static unit mainly consisting of semiconductor devices. Daily inspection must be performed to prevent any fault from occurring due to the adverse effects of the operating environment, such as temperature, humidity, dust, dirt and vibration, changes in the parts with time, service life, and other factors.

#### • Precautions for maintenance and inspection

For some short time after the power is switched OFF, a high voltage remains in the smoothing capacitor. When accessing the inverter for inspection, wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched OFF, and then make sure that the voltage across the main circuit terminals P/+ and N/- of the inverter is not more than 30VDC using a tester, etc.

## 7.1 Inspection item

## 7.1.1 Daily inspection

Basically, check for the following faults during operation.

- (1) Motor operation fault
- (2) Improper installation environment
- (3) Cooling system fault
- (4) Unusual vibration and noise
- (5) Unusual overheat and discoloration

## 7.1.2 Periodic inspection

Check the areas inaccessible during operation and requiring periodic inspection.

Consult us for periodic inspection.

- 1) Check for cooling system fault ...... Clean the air filter, etc.
- 2) Tightening check and retightening ....... The screws and bolts may become loose due to vibration, temperature changes, etc.

Tighten them according to the specified tightening torque.

(Refer to page 15, 16.)

- 3) Check the conductors and insulating materials for corrosion and damage.
- 4) Measure insulation resistance.
- 5) Check and change the cooling fan and relay.



# 7.1.3 Daily and periodic inspection

| . 5                   |  |                       |   | Inte  | erval    |   | ູ້ທ                 |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------------|---|-------|----------|---|---------------------|
| Area of<br>Inspection | Ins  | spection Item         | Inspection Item   | Daily | Periodic | Corrective Action at Alarm Occurrence         | Customer's<br>Check |
|                       |  | rounding<br>ironment  | Check the surrounding air temperature, humidity, dirt, corrosive gas, oil mist, etc                         | 0     |          | Improve environment                           |                     |
| General               | Ove  | erall unit            | Check for unusual vibration and noise   | 0     |          | Check alarm location and retighten            |                     |
|                       | Pov<br>volta                                       | ver supply<br>age     | Check that the main circuit voltages and control voltages are normal *1                                     | 0     |          | Inspect the power supply                      |                     |
|                       |  |                       | (1)Check with megger (across main circuit terminals and earth (ground) terminal).                           |       | 0        | Contact the manufacturer                      |                     |
|                       | Ger  | neral                 | (2)Check for loose screws and bolts.  |       | 0        | Retighten                                     |                     |
|                       |  |                       | (3)Check for overheat traces on the parts.  |       | 0        | Contact the manufacturer                      |                     |
|                       |  |                       | (4)Check for stain  |       | 0        | Clean   |                     |
|                       |  |                       | (1)Check conductors for distortion.   |       | 0        | Contact the manufacturer                      |                     |
|                       | Cor  | nductors, cables      | (2)Check cable sheaths for breakage and deterioration (crack, discoloration, etc.)                          |       | 0        | Contact the manufacturer                      |                     |
| Main<br>circuit       | Trai   | nsformer/reactor      | Check for unusual odor and abnormal increase in whining sound.  | 0     |          | Stop the device and contact the manufacturer. |                     |
|                       | Terr   | minal block           | Check for damage.   |       | 0        | Stop the device and contact the manufacturer. |                     |
|                       | Smoothing<br>aluminum<br>electrolytic<br>capacitor |                       | (1)Check for liquid leakage.  |       | 0        | Contact the manufacturer                      |                     |
|                       |  |                       | (2)Check for safety valve projection and bulge.   |       | 0        | Contact the manufacturer                      |                     |
|                       |  |                       | (3)Visual check and judge by the life check of the main circuit capacitor (Refer to page 143)               |       | 0        |   |                     |
|                       | Relay/contactor                                    |                       | Check that the operation is normal and no chatter is heard.   |       | 0        | Contact the manufacturer                      |                     |
|                       | Operation check                                    |                       | (1)Check that the output voltages across phases with the inverter operated alone is balanced                |       | 0        | Contact the manufacturer                      |                     |
| Control               |  |                       | (2)Check that no fault is found in protective and display circuits in a sequence protective operation test. |       | 0        | Contact the manufacturer                      |                     |
| circuit<br>protective | ×  | Overall               | (1)Check for unusual odor and discoloration.  |       | 0        | Stop the device and contact the manufacturer. |                     |
| circuit               | check  |                       | (2)Check for serious rust development   |       | 0        | Contact the manufacturer                      |                     |
|                       | Parts c  | Aluminum electrolytic | (1)Check for liquid leakage in a capacitor and deformation trace  |       | 0        | Contact the manufacturer                      |                     |
|                       | <u> </u>   | capacitor             | (2)Visual check and judge by the life check of the control circuit capacitor. (Refer to page 143.)          |       | 0        |   |                     |
|                       |  |                       | (1)Check for unusual vibration and noise.   | 0     |          | Replace the fan                               |                     |
|                       | Coc  | oling fan             | (2)Check for loose screws and bolts   |       | 0        | Fix with the fan cover fixing screws          |                     |
| Cooling               | L  |                       | (3)Check for stain  | L     | 0        | Clean   |                     |
| system                | Нас  | atsink                | (1)Check for clogging   |       | 0        | Clean   |                     |
|                       | 1100   | MOIIIN                | (2)Check for stain  |       | 0        | Clean   |                     |
|                       | Δir 4  | filter, etc.          | (1)Check for clogging   |       | 0        | Clean or replace                              |                     |
|                       |  |                       | (2)Check for stain  | L     | 0        | Clean or replace                              |                     |
|                       | Ind:   | cation                | (1)Check that display is normal.  | 0     |          | Contact the manufacturer                      |                     |
| Display               | iiiul  | CallOII               | (2)Check for stain  |       | 0        | Clean   |                     |
| Display               | Met  | er                    | Check that reading is normal  | 0     |          | Stop the device and contact the manufacturer. |                     |
| Load<br>motor         | Оре  | eration check         | Check for vibration and abnormal increase in operation noise  | 0     |          | Stop the device and contact the manufacturer. |                     |
|                       | •  |                       |   | •     | •        |   |                     |

<sup>\*1</sup> It is recommended to install a device to monitor voltage for checking the power supply voltage to the inverter.

<sup>\*2</sup> One to two years of periodic inspection cycle is recommended. However, it differs according to the installation environment. Consult us for periodic inspection.

## 7.1.4 Display of the life of the inverter parts

The self-diagnostic alarm is output when the life span of the control circuit capacitor, cooling fan, each parts of the inrush current limit circuit is near its end. It gives an indication of replacement time.

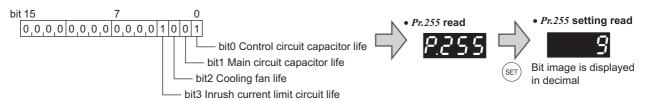
#### The life alarm output can be used as a guideline for life judgement.

| Parts                        | Judgement level   |
|------------------------------|---|
| Main circuit capacitor       | 85% of the initial capacity                                 |
| Control circuit capacitor    | Estimated 10% life remaining                                |
| Inrush current limit circuit | Estimated 10% life remaining (Power ON: 100,000 times left) |
| Cooling fan                  | Less than 50% of the predetermined speed                    |

For the life check of the main circuit capacitor, the alarm signal (Y90) will not be output if a measuring method of (2) is not performed. (Refer to page 144.)

#### (1) Display of the life alarm

· Pr. 255 Life alarm status display can be used to confirm that the control circuit capacitor, main circuit capacitor, cooling fan, and each parts of the inrush current limit circuit has reached the life alarm output level.



| Pr. 255 (decimal) | Bit<br>(binary) | Inrush Current<br>Limit Circuit Life | Cooling<br>Fan Life | Main Circuit Capacitor Life | Control Circuit Capacitor Life |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 15                | 1111            | 0                                    | 0                   | 0                           | 0                              |
| 14                | 1110            | 0                                    | 0                   | 0                           | ×                              |
| 13                | 1101            | 0                                    | 0                   | ×                           | 0                              |
| 12                | 1100            | 0                                    | 0                   | ×                           | ×                              |
| 11                | 1011            | 0                                    | ×                   | 0                           | 0                              |
| 10                | 1010            | 0                                    | ×                   | 0                           | ×                              |
| 9                 | 1001            | 0                                    | ×                   | ×                           | 0                              |
| 8                 | 1000            | 0                                    | ×                   | ×                           | ×                              |
| 7                 | 0111            | ×                                    | 0                   | 0                           | 0                              |
| 6                 | 0110            | ×                                    | 0                   | 0                           | ×                              |
| 5                 | 0101            | ×                                    | 0                   | ×                           | 0                              |
| 4                 | 0100            | ×                                    | 0                   | ×                           | ×                              |
| 3                 | 0011            | ×                                    | ×                   | 0                           | 0                              |
| 2                 | 0010            | ×                                    | ×                   | 0                           | ×                              |
| 1                 | 0001            | ×                                    | ×                   | ×                           | 0                              |
| 0                 | 0000            | ×                                    | X                   | ×                           | ×                              |

 $\bigcirc$ : with alarm,  $\times$ : without alarm

POINT

Life check of the main circuit capacitor needs to be done by Pr. 259. (Refer to page 144.)



#### (2) Measuring method of life of the main circuit capacitor

- If the value of capacitor capacity measured before shipment is considered as 100%, Pr. 255 bit1 is turned ON when the measured value falls below 85%.
- Measure the capacitor capacity according to the following procedure and check the deterioration level of the capacitor capacity.
- 1) Check that the motor is connected and at a stop.
- 2) Set "1" (measuring start) in Pr. 259
- 3) Switch power OFF. The inverter applies DC voltage to the motor to measure the capacitor capacity while the inverter is OFF.
- 4) After confirming that the LED of the operation panel is OFF, power ON again.
- 5) Check that "3" (measuring completion) is set in *Pr. 259*, then read *Pr. 258* and check the life of the main circuit capacitor.

#### REMARKS

• When the main circuit capacitor life is measured under the following conditions, "forced end" (*Pr. 259* = "8") or "measuring error" (*Pr. 259* = "9") occurs or it remains in "measuring start" (*Pr. 259* = "1").

When measuring, avoid the following conditions to perform. In addition, even when "measurement completion" (*Pr. 259* = "3") is confirmed under the following conditions, normal measurement cannot be done.

(a)FR-HC, MT-HC, FR-CV, MT-RC or sine wave filter is connected.

(b)Terminal R1/L11, S1/L21 or DC power supply is connected to the terminals P/+ and N/-.

(c)Switch power ON during measuring.

(d)The motor is not connected to the inverter.

(e)The motor is running.(The motor is coasting.)

(f)The motor capacity is two rank smaller as compared to the inverter capacity.

(g)The inverter is at an alarm stop or an alarm occurred while power is OFF.

(h)The inverter output is shut off with the MRS signal.

(i)The start command is given while measuring.

 Óperating environment:Surrounding air temperature (annual average 40°C (free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt))

Output current (80% of the inverter rated current)

#### **POINT**

For the accurate life measuring of the main circuit capacitor, perform after more than 3h passed since the turn OFF of the power as it is affected by the capacitor temperature.

# **MARNING**

When measuring the main circuit capacitor capacity (*Pr. 259 Main circuit capacitor life measuring* = "1"), the DC voltage is applied to the motor for 1s at powering OFF. Never touch the motor terminal, etc. right after powering OFF to prevent an electric shock.

## 7.1.5 Cleaning

Always run the inverter in a clean status.

When cleaning the inverter, gently wipe dirty areas with a soft cloth immersed in neutral detergent or ethanol.

CAUTION =

Do not use solvent, such as acetone, benzene, toluene and alcohol, as they will cause the inverter surface paint to peel off. The display, etc. of the operation panel (FR-DU07) and parameter unit (FR-PU04/FR-PU07) are vulnerable to detergent and alcohol. Therefore, avoid using them for cleaning.

## 7.1.6 Replacement of parts

The inverter consists of many electronic parts such as semiconductor devices.

The following parts may deteriorate with age because of their structures or physical characteristics, leading to reduced performance or fault of the inverter. For preventive maintenance, the parts must be replaced periodically. Use the life check function as a guidance of parts replacement.

| Part Name                        | Estimated lifespan *1 | Description                     |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Cooling fan                      | 10 years              | Replace (as required)           |  |  |  |  |  |
| Main circuit smoothing capacitor | 10 years *2           | Replace (as required)           |  |  |  |  |  |
| On-board smoothing capacitor     | 10 years              | Replace the board (as required) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Relays                           | -                     | as required                     |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fuse (185K or higher)            | 10 years              | Replace the fuse (as required)  |  |  |  |  |  |

<sup>1</sup> Estimated lifespan for when the yearly average surrounding air temperature is 40°C (without corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt etc)

CAUTION

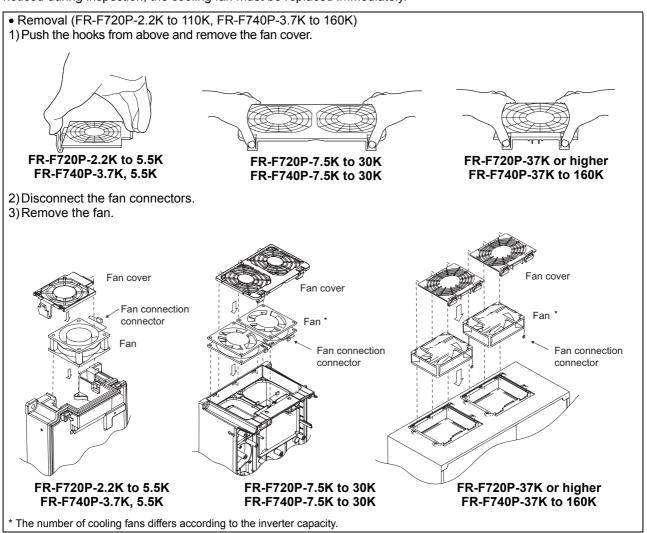
For parts replacement, consult the nearest Mitsubishi FA Center.

<sup>2</sup> Output current: 80% of the inverter rated current



## (1) Cooling fan

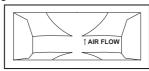
The replacement interval of the cooling fan used for cooling the parts generating heat such as the main circuit semiconductor is greatly affected by the surrounding air temperature. When unusual noise and/or vibration is noticed during inspection, the cooling fan must be replaced immediately.





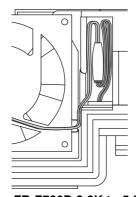
• Reinstallation (FR-F720P-2.2K to 110K, FR-F740P-3.7K to 160K)

1)After confirming the orientation of the fan, reinstall the fan so that the arrow on the left of "AIR FLOW" faces up.

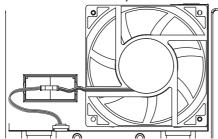


<Fan side face>

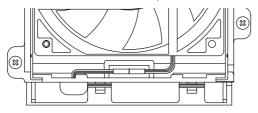
2)Reconnect the fan connectors.



FR-F720P-2.2K to 5.5K FR-F740P-3.7K, 5.5K



FR-F720P-18.5K, 22K FR-F740P-22K, 30K



FR-F720P-37K to 110K FR-F740P-37K to 160K

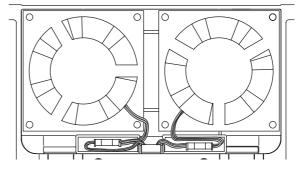
#### 3) Reinstall the fan cover.



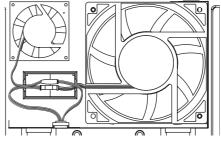
FR-F720P-2.2K to 5.5K FR-F740P-3.7K, 5.5K



FR-F720P-7.5K to 30K FR-F740P-7.5K to 30K



FR-F720P-7.5K to 15K FR-F740P-7.5K to 18.5K



FR-F720P-30K



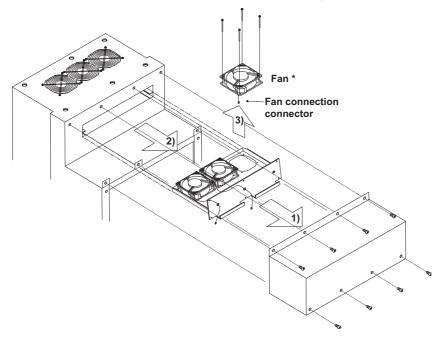
FR-F720P-37K to 110K FR-F740P-37K to 160K

#### **CAUTION**

- Installing the fan in the opposite of air flow direction can cause the inverter life to be shorter.
- When installing the fan, use care to prevent wires from being caught between the inverter and fan.
- Switch the power OFF before replacing fans. Since the inverter circuits are charged with voltage even after power OFF, replace fans only when the inverter cover is on the inverter to prevent an electric shock accident.

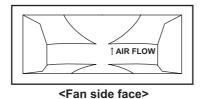


- Removal (FR-F740P-185K or higher)
  - 1) Remove a fan cover.
  - 2) After removing a fan connector, remove a fan block.
  - 3) Remove a fan. (Make sure to remove the fan cable from the clamp of the fan block beforehand.)



\* The number of cooling fans differs according to the inverter capacity.

- Reinstallation (FR-F740P-185K or higher)
  - 1) After confirming the orientation of the fan, reinstall the fan so that the arrow on the left of "AIR FLOW" faces up.



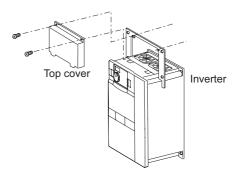
2) Install fans referring to the above figure.

#### CAUTION =

- Installing the fan in the opposite of air flow direction can cause the inverter life to be shorter.
- When installing the fan, use care to prevent wires from being caught between the inverter and fan.
- Switch the power OFF before replacing fans. Since the inverter circuits are charged with voltage even after power OFF, replace fans only when the inverter cover is on the inverter to prevent an electric shock accident.

# (2) Replacement procedure of the cooling fan when using a heatsink protrusion attachment (FR-A7CN)

When replacing a cooling fan, remove a top cover of the heatsink protrusion attachment and perform replacement. After replacing the cooling fan, replace the top cover in the original position.



#### (3) Smoothing capacitors

A large-capacity aluminum electrolytic capacitor is used for smoothing in the main circuit DC section, and an aluminum electrolytic capacitor is used for stabilizing the control power in the control circuit. Their characteristics are deteriorated by the adverse effects of ripple currents, etc.

The replacement intervals greatly vary with the surrounding air temperature and operating conditions. When the inverter is operated in air-conditioned, normal environment conditions, replace the capacitors about every 10 years. The appearance criteria for inspection are as follows:

- 1) Case: Check the side and bottom faces for expansion
- 2) Sealing plate: Check for remarkable warp and extreme crack.
- 3) Check for external crack, discoloration, fluid leakage, etc. Judge that the capacitor has reached its life when the measured capacitance of the capacitor reduced below 80% of the rating.



Refer to page 145 to perform the life check of the main circuit capacitor.

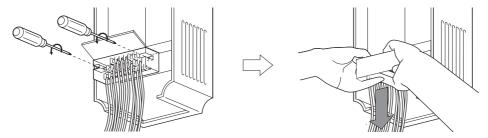
#### (4) Relays

To prevent a contact fault, etc., relays must be replaced according to the cumulative number of switching times (switching life).

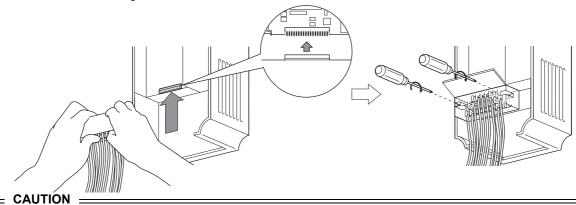
## 7.1.7 Inverter replacement

The inverter can be replaced with the control circuit wiring kept connected. Before replacement, remove the wiring cover of the inverter.

1) Loosen the two installation screws in both ends of the control circuit terminal block. (These screws cannot be removed.) Pull down the terminal block from behind the control circuit terminals.



2) Using care not to bend the pins of the inverter's control circuit connector, reinstall the control circuit terminal block and fix it with the mounting screws.



Before starting inverter replacement, switch power OFF, wait for at least 10 minutes, and then check the voltage with a tester and such to ensure safety.

# 8 SPECIFICATIONS

## 8.1 Rating

#### •200V class

| Type FR-F720P-□□K |                                      |                    | 0.75   | 1.5  | 2.2          | 3.7          | 5.5        | 7.5        | 11         | 15         | 18.5         | 22         | 30          | 37           | 45           | 55           | 75           | 90           | 110          |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|                   | Applicable motor capacity (kW)*1     |                    |  | 1.5  | 2.2          | 3.7          | 5.5        | 7.5        | 11         | 15         | 18.5         | 22         | 30          | 37           | 45           | 55           | 75           | 90           | 110          |
|                   | Rated capa (kVA)*2                   | city               | 1.6  | 2.7  | 3.7          | 5.8          | 8.8        | 11.8       | 17.1       | 22.1       | 27           | 32         | 43          | 53           | 65           | 81           | 110          | 132          | 165          |
| Output            | Rated curre                          | ent (A)∗₃          | 4.2<br>(3.6)   | 7.0<br>(6.0)                                   | 9.6<br>(8.2) | 15.2<br>(13) | 23<br>(20) | 31<br>(26) | 45<br>(38) | 58<br>(49) | 70.5<br>(60) | 85<br>(72) | 114<br>(97) | 140<br>(119) | 170<br>(145) | 212<br>(180) | 288<br>(244) | 346<br>(294) | 432<br>(367) |
| ō                 | Overload current rating-4            |                    | 120% for 60s, 150% for 3s (inverse-time characteristics) |  |              |              |            |            |            |            |              |            |             |              |              |              |              |              |              |
|                   | Rated volta                          | g <b>e</b> ∗₅      |  |  |              |              |            |            | Thre       | ee-pha     | ase 20       | 0 to 2     | 40V         |              |              |              |              |              |              |
|                   | Rated input AC voltage/frequency     |                    |  | Three-phase 200 to 220V 50Hz, 200 to 240V 60Hz |              |              |            |            |            |            |              |            |             |              |              |              |              |              |              |
| >                 | Permissible voltage fluc             |                    | 170 to 242V 50Hz, 170 to 264V 60Hz                       |  |              |              |            |            |            |            |              |            |             |              |              |              |              |              |              |
| ver supply        | Permissible frequency fluctuation    |                    | ±5%  |  |              |              |            |            |            |            |              |            |             |              |              |              |              |              |              |
| Power             | Power supply system                  | Without DC reactor | 2.1  | 4.0  | 4.8          | 8.0          | 11.5       | 16         | 20         | 27         | 32           | 41         | 52          | 65           | 79           | 99           | 1            | 1            | -            |
|                   | capacity<br>(kVA)*6                  | With DC reactor    | 1.2  | 2.6  | 3.3          | 5.0          | 8.1        | 10         | 16         | 19         | 24           | 31         | 41          | 50           | 61           | 74           | 110          | 132          | 165          |
| _                 | Protective structure<br>(JEM 1030)*8 |                    |  |  |              | Enclo        | sed ty     | /pe (IF    | P20)*7     |            |              |            |             |              | Open         | type (       | (IP00)       |              |              |
| Cod               | Cooling system                       |                    |  | Self- cooling Forced air cooling               |              |              |            |            |            |            |              |            |             |              |              |              |              |              |              |
| App               | orox. mass (k                        | g)                 | 1.8  | 2.2  | 3.5          | 3.5          | 3.5        | 6.5        | 6.5        | 7.8        | 13           | 13         | 14          | 23           | 35           | 35           | 67           | 70           | 70           |

<sup>\*1</sup> The applicable motor capacity indicated is the maximum capacity applicable for use of the Mitsubishi 4-pole standard motor. To use a dedicated IPM motor, refer to page 163 and 164.

<sup>\*2</sup> The rated output capacity indicated assumes that the output voltage is 220V.

<sup>\*3</sup> When operating the inverter with the carrier frequency set to 3kHz or more, the carrier frequency automatically decreases if the inverter output current exceeds the value in parenthesis of the rated current. This may cause the motor noise to increase.

<sup>\*4</sup> The % value of the overload current rating indicated is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter's rated output current. For repeated duty, allow time for the inverter and motor to return to or below the temperatures under 100% load.

<sup>\*5</sup> The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply voltage. The maximum output voltage can be changed within the setting range. However, the pulse voltage value of the inverter output side voltage remains unchanged at about  $\sqrt{2}$  that of the power supply.

<sup>\*6</sup> The power supply capacity varies with the value of the power supply side inverter impedance (including those of the input reactor and cables).

<sup>\*7</sup> When the hook of the inverter front cover is cut off for installation of the plug-in option, the inverter changes to an open type (IP00).

<sup>\*8</sup> FR-DU07: IP40 (except for the PU connector)

## •400V class

|              | Type FR-F740P-□□K                   |                                   |                                 | 1.5                                     | 2.2          | 3.7          | 5.5           | 7.           | .5                      | 11              | 15        | 5 1          | 8.5               | 22           | 30           | 37           | 45           | 55            |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Appl         | icable motor capa                   | 0.75                              | 1.5                             | 2.2                                     | 3.7          | 5.5          |               |              | 11                      | 15              | 5 1       | 8.5          | 22                | 30           | 37           | 45           | 55           |               |
|              | Rated capacity                      | (kVA)*2                           | 1.6                             | 2.7                                     | 3.7          | 5.8          | 8.8           | 12           | 2.2                     | 17.5            | 22.       |              | -                 | 32.8         | 43.4         | 53.3         | 64.8         | 80.8          |
| Output       | Rated current (                     | <b>A)</b> *3                      | 2.1 (1.8)                       | 3.5<br>(3.0)                            | 4.8<br>(4.1) | 7.6<br>(6.4) | 11.5<br>(9.8) | (1           | 6<br>3)                 | 23<br>(19)      | 29<br>(24 | 1) (         | 3 <b>5</b><br>30) | 43<br>(36)   | 57<br>(48)   | 70<br>(60)   | 85<br>(72)   | 106<br>(90)   |
| õ            | Overload curre                      | nt rating*4                       |                                 |   |              | 12           | 0% 60         |              |                         | •               |           |              |                   | cterist      | ics)         |              |              |               |
|              | Rated voltage*5                     |                                   |                                 | Three-phase 380 to 480V                 |              |              |               |              |                         |                 |           |              |                   |              |              |              |              |               |
|              | Rated input AC vo                   | Three-phase 380 to 480V 50Hz/60Hz |                                 |   |              |              |               |              |                         |                 |           |              |                   |              |              |              |              |               |
| pply         | Permissible AC vo                   | oltage                            | 323 to 528V 50Hz/60Hz           |   |              |              |               |              |                         |                 |           |              |                   |              |              |              |              |               |
| Power supply | Permissible frequent fluctuation    | iency                             | ±5%                             |   |              |              |               |              |                         |                 |           |              |                   |              |              |              |              |               |
| Pov          | Power supply system capacity        | Without DC reactor                | 2.1                             | 4.0                                     | 4.8          | 8.0          | 11.5          | 5 1          | 6                       | 20              | 27        | 7 :          | 32                | 41           | 52           | 65           | 79           | 99            |
|              | (kVA)∗6                             | With DC reactor                   | 1.2                             | 2.6                                     | 3.3          | 5.0          | 8.1           | 1            | 0                       | 16              | 19        | 9 2          | 24                | 31           | 41           | 50           | 61           | 74            |
|              | ective structure<br>// 1030)*8      |                                   |                                 | Enclosed type (IP20)·7 Open type (IP00) |              |              |               |              |                         |                 |           |              |                   |              |              |              |              |               |
| Cool         | ing system                          |                                   | Self-cooling Forced air cooling |   |              |              |               |              |                         |                 |           |              |                   |              |              |              |              |               |
| Appı         | rox. mass (kg)                      |                                   | 3.5                             | 3.5                                     | 3.5          | 3.5          | 3.5           | 6            | .5                      | 6.5             | 7.5       | 5 7          | 7.5               | 13           | 13           | 23           | 35           | 35            |
|              | Type FR-F740P-                      | □□К                               | 75                              | 90                                      | 110          | 132          | 160           | 185          | 22                      | 20 2            | 50        | 280          | 315               | 355          | 400          | 450          | 500          | 560           |
| Appl<br>(kW) | icable motor capa<br>)*1            | city                              | 75                              | 90                                      | 110          | 132          | 160           | 185          | 22                      | 20 2            | 50        | 280          | 315               | 355          | 400          | 450          | 500          | 560           |
|              | Rated capacity (k\                  | /A)*2                             | 110                             | 137                                     | 165          | 198          | 247           | 275          | 32                      | 9 3             | 66        | 416          | 464               | 520          | 586          | 659          | 733          | 833           |
| ont          | Rated current (A)*                  | 3                                 | 144<br>(122)                    | 180<br>(153)                            | 216<br>(183) | 260<br>(221) | 325<br>(276)  | 361<br>(306) | 43<br>(36               | - 1 .           |           | 547<br>(464) | 610<br>(518)      | 683<br>(580) | 770<br>(654) | 866<br>(736) | 962<br>(817) | 1094<br>(929) |
| Output       | Overload current r                  | ating <sub>*4</sub>               | •                               |   | •            |              |               |              |                         | % 60s<br>time ( | •         |              |                   | •            | •            | •            | •            | •             |
|              | Rated voltage*5                     |                                   |                                 |   |              |              |               | Th           | Three-phase 380 to 480V |                 |           |              |                   |              |              |              |              |               |
|              | Rated input AC voltag               | je/                               |                                 |   |              |              | Thr           |              |                         | 380 t           |           |              |                   | )Hz          |              |              |              |               |
| pply         | Permissible AC voltage fluctuation  | je                                |                                 |   |              |              |               | 32           | 23 to                   | 528\            | / 50H     | Iz/60l       | Ηz                |              |              |              |              |               |
| -            | Permissible frequent<br>fluctuation | су                                |                                 |   |              |              |               |              |                         | ±5              | 5%        |              |                   |              |              |              |              |               |
|              | Power supply system capacity        | Without DC reactor                | -                               | -                                       |              |              | -             | -            | -                       | -               | -         | -            | -                 | -            |              |              |              |               |
|              | (kVA)*6                             | With DC reactor                   | 110                             | 137                                     | 165          | 198          | 247           | 275          | 32                      | 29 3            | 66        | 416          | 464               | 520          | 586          | 659          | 733          | 833           |
|              | ective structure<br>// 1030)*8      |                                   |                                 |   |              |              |               |              | Ор                      | en ty           | pe (IF    | P00)         |                   | _            |              |              |              | _             |
| Cool         | ing system                          |                                   |                                 |   |              |              |               |              | For                     | rced a          | ir co     | oling        |                   |              |              |              |              |               |
| Appı         | rox. mass (kg)                      |                                   | 37                              | 50                                      | 57           | 72           | 72            | 110          | 11                      | 0 1             | 75        | 175          | 175               | 260          | 260          | 370          | 370          | 370           |

The applicable motor capacity indicated is the maximum capacity applicable for use of the Mitsubishi 4-pole standard motor. To use a

The power supply capacity varies with the value of the power supply side inverter impedance (including those of the input reactor and cables).

dedicated IPM motor, *refer to page 163 and 164*.

The rated output capacity indicated assumes that the output voltage is 440V.

When operating the inverter with the carrier frequency set to 3kHz or more, the carrier frequency automatically decreases if the inverter output current exceeds the value in parenthesis of the rated current. This may cause the motor noise to increase.

The % value of the overload current rating indicated is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter's rated output current. For repeated duty, allow time for the inverter and motor to return to or below the temperatures under 100% load.

<sup>\*5</sup> The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply voltage. The maximum output voltage can be changed within the setting range. However, the pulse voltage value of the inverter output side voltage remains unchanged at about  $\sqrt{2}$  that of the power supply.

When the hook of the inverter front cover is cut off for installation of the plug-in option, protective structure of the inverter changes to an open type (IP00). FR-DU07: IP40 (except for the PU connector)



# 8.2 Common specifications

|                          |            |   |  | High coming frequency DMM control (///E control)/Onlineum excitation control/Circula magnetic flux years  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------|------------|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|                          | Со         | ntrol metho   | od   | High carrier frequency PWM control (V/F control)/Optimum excitation control/Simple magnetic flux vector control/IPM motor control   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          | 011        | tput freque   | ncy range  | 0.5 to 400Hz  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          | Ou         | itput ireque  | noy range  | 0.015Hz/60Hz (terminal 2 and 4: 0 to 10V/12-bit)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          | set        | equency<br>tting  | Analog input   | 0.03Hz/60Hz (terminal 2 and 4: 0 to 5V/11bit, 0 to 20mA/approx.11-bit, terminal 1: 0 to ±10V/12-bit) 0.06Hz/60Hz (terminal 1: 0 to ±5V/11-bit)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (0                       | res        | solution  | Digital input  | 0.01Hz  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ous                      | Fre        | equency   | Analog input   | Within ±0.2% of the maximum output frequency (25°C ±10°C)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| äţi                      |            | curacy  | Digital input  | Within 0.01% of the set output frequency  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| l ijj                    |            | eed control   | •  | 1:10 under V/F control, 1:15 under Simple magnetic flux vector control, 1:10 under IPM motor control  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| l specifications         | Vo         | Itage/freque  | ency   | Base frequency can be set from 0 to 400Hz. Constant-torque/variable-torque pattern or adjustable 5 points V/ F can be selected.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Control                  | Sta        | arting  | General-purpose motor control  | Under Simple magnetic flux vector control and slip compensation: 120% (at 3Hz)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          | tor        | que   | IPM motor control  | 50%   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          | Ac         | celeration/o  | deceleration time  | 0 to 3600s (acceleration and deceleration can be set individually), linear or S-pattern acceleration/   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          | set        | tting   |  | deceleration modes are available.  General-purpose motor control: Operation frequency (0 to 120Hz), operation time (0 to 10s), operation  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            | injection b   |  | voltage (0 to 30%) can be changed.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          | Sia        | ııı preventic   | n operation level  | Operation current level can be set (0 to 150% variable). Whether to use the function or not can be set.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          | Fre        | equency   | Analog input   | Terminal 2 and 4: 0 to 10V, 0 to 5V, and 4 to 20mA are available.  Terminal 1: -10 to +10V and -5 to 5V are available.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            | ting signal   | D: 11 11 1   | 4-digit BCD or 16-bit binary using the setting dial of the operation panel or parameter unit (when used with  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            |   | Digital input  | the option FR-A7AX)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          | Sta        | art signal  |  | Forward and reverse rotation or start signal automatic self-holding input (3-wire input) can be selected.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            |   |  | The following signals can be assigned to Pr. 178 to Pr.189 (input terminal function selection): multi-speed   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            |   |  | selection, remote setting, second function selection, terminal 4 input selection, JOG operation selection,  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            |   |  | automatic restart after instantaneous power failure/flying start, external thermal relay input, inverter run  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          | Inn        | ut cianale i  | (twelve terminals)   | enable signal (FR-HC/FR-CV connection), FR-HC connection (instantaneous power failure detection), PU operation external interlock signal, PID control enable terminal, PU-External operation switchover, output               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          | шр         | ut signais i  | (weive terrimais)  | stop, start self-holding selection, forward rotation command, reverse rotation command, inverter reset, PTC   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            |   |  | thermistor input, PID forward/reverse action switchover, PU/NET operation switchover, External/NET  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            |   |  | operation switchover, command source switchover, DC feeding operation permission, DC feeding cancel,  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            |   | and PID integral value reset.  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Suc                      |            |   | Maximum and minimum frequency settings, frequency jump operation, external thermal rel   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| atic                     | On         | erational fi  | polarity reversible operation, automatic restart after instantaneous power failure operation, original continuation at an instantaneous power failure, electronic bypass operation, forward/reverse rotation prevention, remote setting, second and third function, multi-speed setting, regenerative avoidance, |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| iji                      | Op         | cialional it  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sec                      |            | compensation, operation mode selection, PID control, and computer link operation (RS-485) |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ds c                     |            | tput signal   |  | The following signals can be assigned to Pr.190 to Pr.196 (output terminal function selection): inverter running,   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| tior                     |            |   | or output (five  | up to frequency, instantaneous power failure/undervoltage, overload warning, output frequency detection,  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operation specifications |            | rminals)  | (hara hamaira ala)   | second output frequency detection, regenerative brake prealarm*1, electronic thermal relay function pre-  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| de                       | R          | elay output   | (two terminals)  | alarm, PU operation mode, inverter operation ready, output current detection, zero current detection, PID lower limit, PID upper limit, PID forward/reverse rotation output, electronic bypass MC1*2, electronic bypass       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            |   |  | MC2*2, electronic bypass MC3*2, fan fault output, heatsink overheat pre-alarm, inverter running start   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            |   |  | command is ON, during deceleration at occurrence of power failure, during PID control activated, PID  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            | Operating   | status   | deviation limit, IPM motor control 6, during retry, PID output interruption, pulse train output of output power,  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            |   |  | DC feeding, life alarm, fault output 3 (power-off signal), energy saving average value updated timing, current average value monitor, fault output 2, maintenance timer alarm, remote output, alarm output, and fault output. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            |   |  | Fault code of the inverter can be output (4-bit) from the open collector.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            |   | When used with   | In addition to above, the following signals can be assigned to <i>Pr.319 (extension output terminal function</i>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            |   | the FR-A7AY, FR-   | selection): control circuit capacitor life, main circuit capacitor life, cooling fan life, and inrush current limit circuit   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            |   | A7AR (option)  | life. (Only positive logic can be set to the extension terminals of FR-A7AR.)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            | For meter   |  | The following signals can be assigned to Pr.54 FM terminal function selection(pulse train output) and Pr. 158 AM  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            | Pulse tra   | II   | terminal function selection (analog output): output frequency, motor current (steady or peak value), output   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            |   | kHz: one terminal)   | voltage, frequency setting value, running speed, converter output voltage (steady or peak value), electronic  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            | Analog o  |  | thermal relay load factor, input power, output power, load meter, reference voltage output, motor load factor, energy saving effect, regenerative brake duty-1, PID set point, and PID measured value.                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            | (IVIAX. 10  | VDO. One terminal)   | Output frequency, motor current (steady or peak value), output voltage, fault display, frequency setting value,   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            |   |  | running speed, converter output voltage (steady or peak value), electronic thermal relay load factor, input   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            | eration   | Operating status   | power, output power, load meter, cumulative energization time, actual operation time, motor load factor,  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| C                        | pai<br>(EE | nei<br>R-DU07)  | Operating Status   | cumulative power, energy saving effect, cumulative energy savings, regenerative brake duty*1, PID set point,  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| atic                     | ורר        | (-0007)   |  | PID measured value, PID deviation, inverter I/O terminal monitor, input terminal option monitor <sup>3</sup> , output   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ndication                | Pa         | rameter   |  | terminal option monitor*3, option fitting status monitor*4, and terminal assignment status*4.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| =                        | uni        | it  | Fault record   | Fault record is displayed when a fault occurs. Past 8 fault records (output voltage/current/frequency/cumulative energization time right before the fault occurs) are stored.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          | (FF        | R-PU07)   | Interactive  | ,   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            |   | guidance   | Function (help) for operation guide and troubleshooting <sub>*4</sub>   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                          |            |   | -  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

|       |                 | Protective function | Overcurrent during acceleration, overcurrent during constant speed, overcurrent during deceleration/stop, overvoltage during acceleration, overvoltage during constant speed, overvoltage during deceleration/stop, inverter protection thermal operation, motor protection thermal operation, heatsink overheat, instantaneous power failure occurrence, undervoltage, input phase loss*s, stall prevention stop, output side earth (ground) fault overcurrent, output phase loss, external thermal relay operation*s, PTC thermistor operation*s, option fault, parameter error, PU disconnection*s, retry count excess*s, CPU fault, operation panel power supply short circuit, 24VDC power output short circuit, output current detection value excess*s, inrush current limit circuit fault, communication fault (inverter), analog input fault, PID signal fault*s, internal circuit fault (15V power supply), brake transistor alarm detection*1, loss of synchronism detection*6. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|-----------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|       |                 | Warning function    | Fan alarm, overcurrent stall prevention, overvoltage stall prevention, regenerative brake prealarm*5, electronic thermal relay function prealarm, PU stop, maintenance timer alarm*3*5, parameter write error, copy operation error, operation panel lock, parameter copy warning, password locked *5  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| nt    | Surrounding a   | air temperature     | -10×C to +50×C (non-freezing)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | Ambient humi    | idity               | 90% RH or less (non-condensing)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ronme | Storage temp    | erature*7           | -20°C to 65°C  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | Atmosphere      |                     | Indoors (without corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt etc.)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ē     | Altitude/vibrat | ion                 | Maximum 1000m above sea level, 5.9m/s <sup>2</sup> or less *8 at 10 to 55Hz (directions of X, Y, Z axes)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

- This function is only available for 75K or higher.
- \*1 \*2 \*3 \*4 \*5 \*6 \*7 This function is only available in 75k of higher.

  This function is only available under general-purpose motor control. This can be displayed only on the operation panel (FR-DU07). This can be displayed only on the option parameter unit (FR-PU07). This protective function is not available in the initial status. This function is available only when an IPM motor is connected. Temperature applicable for a short time, e.g. in transit.

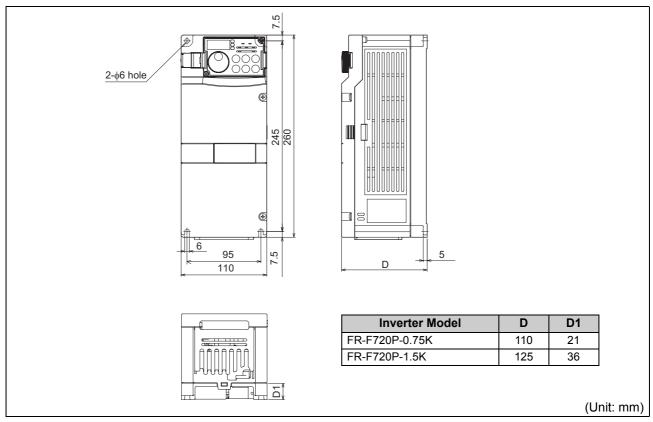
- 2.9m/s<sup>2</sup> or less for 185K or higher.



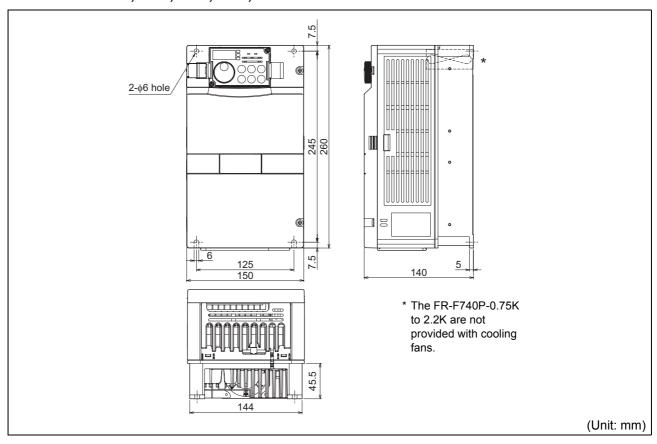
# 8.3 Outline dimension drawings

# 8.3.1 Inverter outline dimension drawings

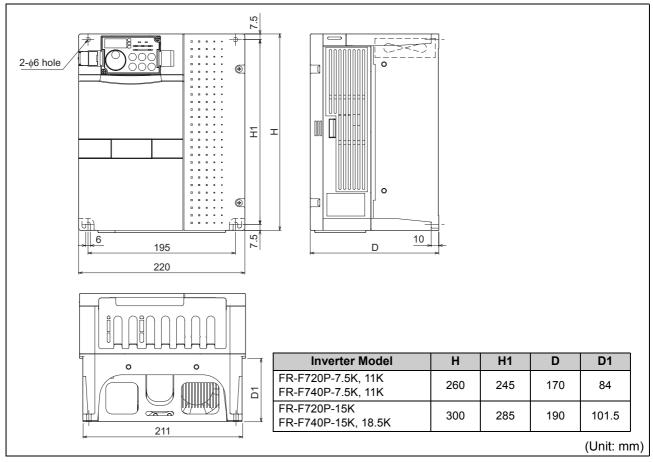
• FR-F720P-0.75K, 1.5K



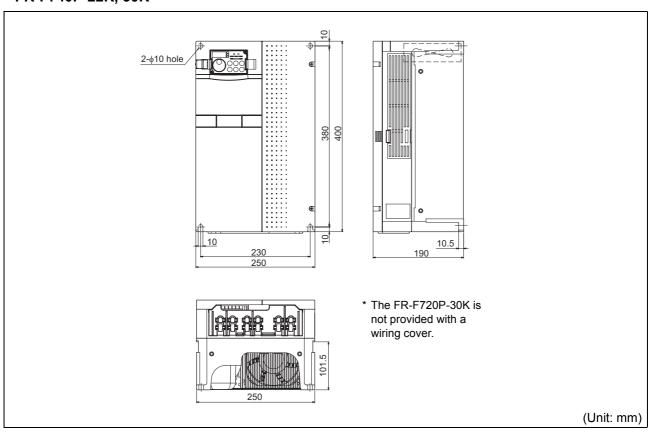
- FR-F720P-2.2K, 3.7K, 5.5K
- FR-F740P-0.75K, 1.5K, 2.2K, 3.7K, 5.5K



- FR-F720P-7.5K, 11K, 15K
- FR-F740P-7.5K, 11K, 15K, 18.5K

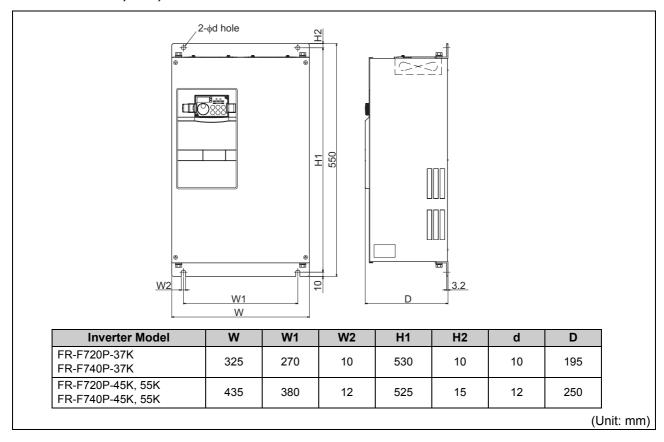


- FR-F720P-18.5K, 22K, 30K
- FR-F740P-22K, 30K

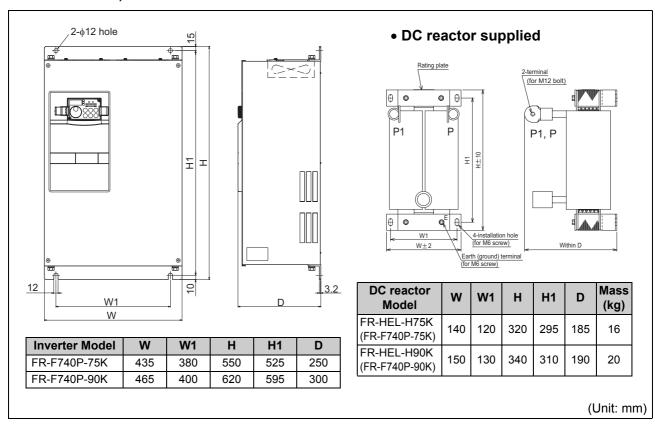




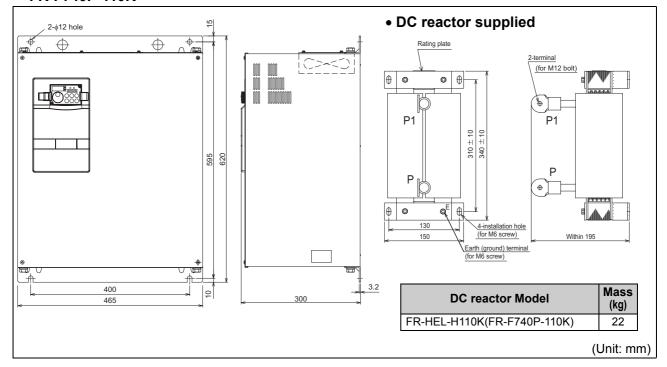
- FR-F720P-37K, 45K, 55K
- FR-F740P-37K, 45K, 55K



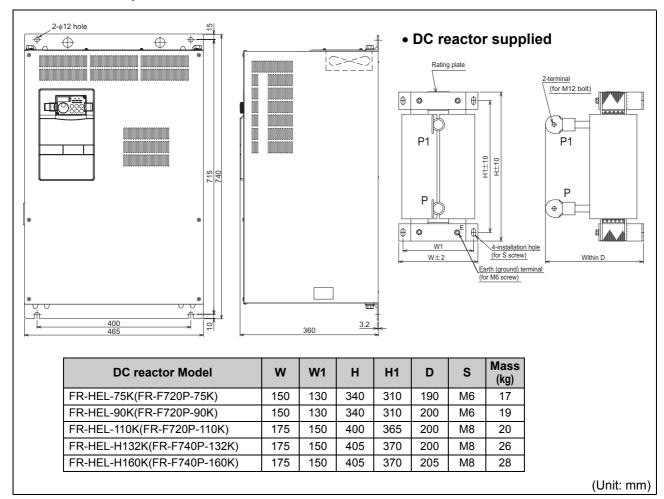
## • FR-F740P-75K, 90K



#### • FR-F740P-110K

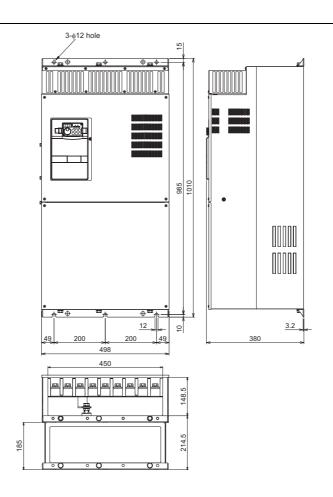


- FR-F720P-75K, 90K, 110K
- FR-F740P-132K, 160K

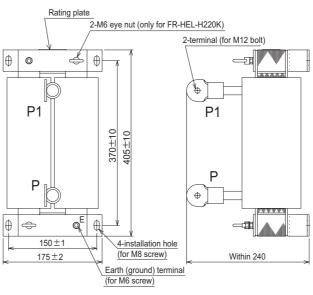




## • FR-F740P-185K, 220K



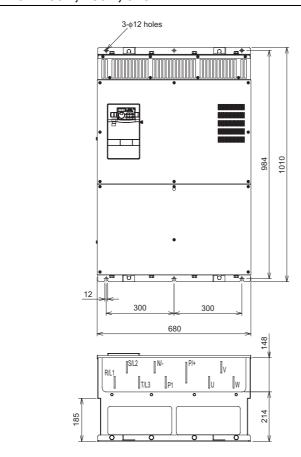
# • DC reactor supplied

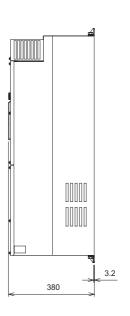


\* Remove the eye nut after installation of the product.

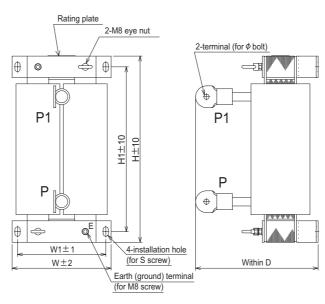
| DC reactor Model             | Mass<br>(kg) |
|------------------------------|--------------|
| FR-HEL-H185K (FR-F740P-185K) | 29           |
| FR-HEL-H220K (FR-F740P-220K) | 30           |

## • FR-F740P-250K, 280K, 315K





## • DC reactor supplied

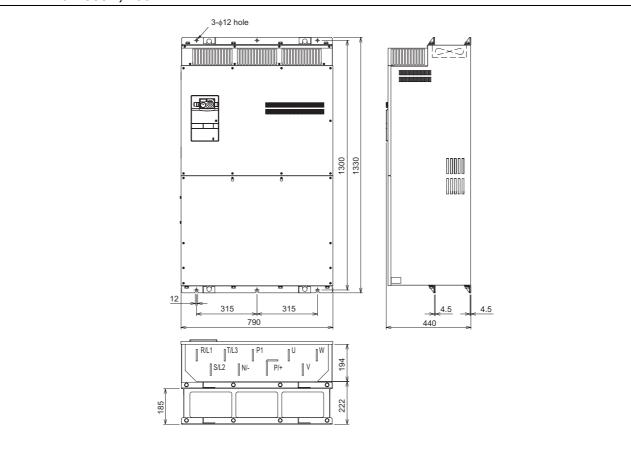


\* Remove the eye nut after installation of the product.

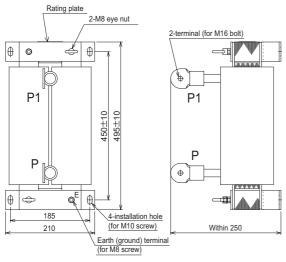
| DC reactor Model             | W   | W1  | Н   | H1  | D   | s   | ф   | Mass<br>(kg) |
|------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------|
| FR-HEL-H250K (FR-F740P-250K) | 190 | 165 | 440 | 400 | 250 | M8  | M12 | 35           |
| FR-HEL-H280K (FR-F740P-280K) | 190 | 165 | 440 | 400 | 255 | M8  | M16 | 38           |
| FR-HEL-H315K (FR-F740P-315K) | 210 | 185 | 495 | 450 | 250 | M10 | M16 | 42           |



## • FR-F740P-355K, 400K



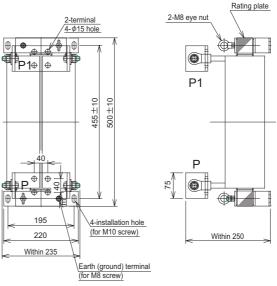
## • DC reactor supplied



#### \* Remove the eye nut after installation of the product.

| DC reactor Model             | Mass<br>(kg) |
|------------------------------|--------------|
| FR-HEL-H355K (FR-F740P-355K) | 46           |

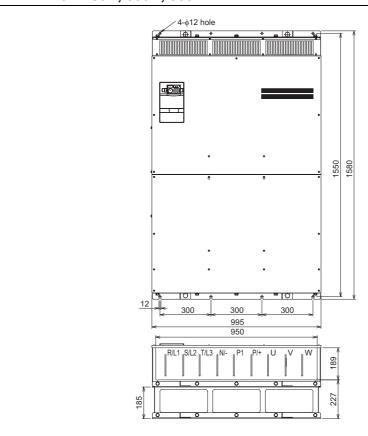
## • DC reactor supplied

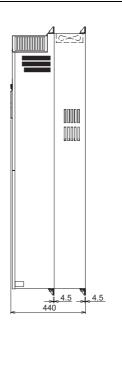


\* Remove the eye nut after installation of the product.

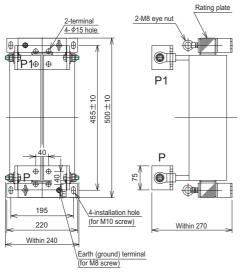
| DC reactor Model             | Mass<br>(kg) |
|------------------------------|--------------|
| FR-HEL-H400K (FR-F740P-400K) | 50           |

## • FR-F740P-450K, 500K, 560K





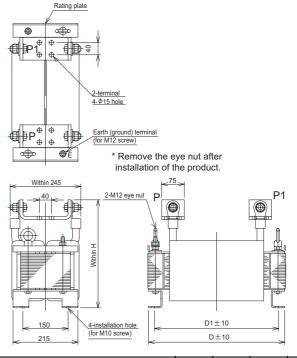
## • DC reactor supplied



\* Remove the eye nut after installation of the product.

| DC reactor Model             | Mass<br>(kg) |
|------------------------------|--------------|
| FR-HEL-H450K (FR-F740P-450K) | 57           |

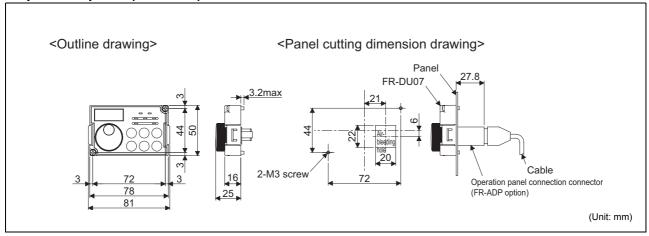
## • DC reactor supplied



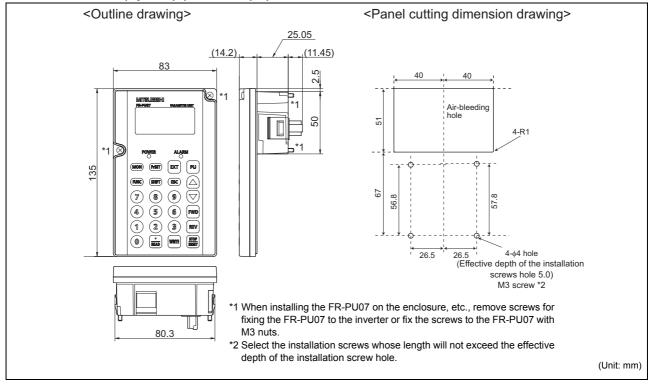
| DC reactor Model             | Н   | D   | D1  | Mass<br>(kg) |
|------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|--------------|
| FR-HEL-H500K (FR-F740P-500K) | 345 | 455 | 405 | 67           |
| FR-HEL-H560K (FR-F740P-560K) | 360 | 460 | 410 | 85           |



## • Operation panel (FR-DU07)



## Parameter unit (option) (FR-PU07(-L)



# 8.4 Specification of premium high-efficiency IPM motor [MM-EFS (1500r/min) series]

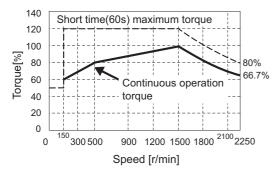
## Motor specification

| MM-EFS□1M4          |  | 7   | 15        | 22       | 37       | 55         | 75       | 11K       | 15K              | 18K      | 22K     | 30K       | 37K       | 45K     | 55K      |  |
|---------------------|--|---|-----------|----------|----------|------------|----------|-----------|------------------|----------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|----------|--|
| Compatible inverter | FR-F740P-□K                              | 0.75  | 1.5       | 2.2      | 3.7      | 5.5        | 7.5      | 11        | 15               | 18.5     | 22      | 30        | 37        | 45      | 55       |  |
| Continuous          | Rated output (kW)                        | 0.75  | 1.5       | 2.2      | 3.7      | 5.5        | 7.5      | 11        | 15               | 18.5     | 22      | 30        | 37        | 45      | 55       |  |
| characteristic *1   | Rated torque (N·m)                       | 4.77  | 9.55      | 14       | 23.6     | 35         | 47.7     | 70        | 95.5             | 118      | 140     | 191       | 236       | 286     | 350      |  |
| Rated speed (r/r    | nin)                                     | 1500  |           |          |          |            |          |           |                  |          |         |           |           |         |          |  |
| Maximum speed       | (r/min)                                  | 2250  |           |          |          |            |          |           |                  |          |         |           |           |         |          |  |
| Number of poles     |  | 6 8   |           |          |          |            |          |           |                  |          |         |           |           |         |          |  |
| Maximum torque      | 9  | 120% 60s  |           |          |          |            |          |           |                  |          |         |           |           |         |          |  |
| Frame number        |  | 80M   | 90L       | 100L     | 112M     | 132S       | 132M     | 160M      | 160L             | 18       | 0M      | 180L      | 20        | 0L      | 225S     |  |
| Moment of inerti    | a (×10 <sup>-4</sup> kg⋅m²)              | 20  | 40        | 55       | 110      | 275        | 280      | 760       | 770              | 1700     | 1700    | 1900      | 3400      | 3850    | 6500     |  |
| Rated current (A)   | 400V class                               | 1.5   | 2.8       | 4        | 6.5      | 10         | 13.5     | 20        | 27               | 33       | 39.5    | 55        | 64        | 78.5    | 97       |  |
| Structure           |  | Totally-enclosed fan-cooled motor. With steel framed legs. (protective structure IP44 +2) |           |          |          |            |          |           |                  |          |         |           |           |         |          |  |
| Insulation class    |  | F class   |           |          |          |            |          |           |                  |          |         |           |           |         |          |  |
| Vibration class     |  | V-15  |           |          |          |            |          |           |                  |          |         |           |           |         |          |  |
|                     | Surrounding air temperature and humidity | -10°C to +40°C (non-freezing) · 90%RH or less (non-condensing)                            |           |          |          |            |          |           |                  |          |         |           |           |         |          |  |
| Environment         | Storage<br>temperature<br>and humidity   |   |           | -20°C    | to +70   | °C (no     | n-freez  | zing) · 9 | 90%RH            | l or les | s (non- | -condei   | nsing)    |         |          |  |
|                     | Atmosphere                               | Indooi  | rs (not u | ınder di | rect sur | nlight), a | and free | from c    | orrosive         | gas, fla | ammab   | le gas, o | oil mist, | dust ar | nd dirt. |  |
|                     | Altitude                                 |   |           |          |          | Max        | kimum    | 1,000n    | n abov           | e sea le | evel    |           |           |         |          |  |
|                     | Vibration                                |   |           |          |          |            |          | 4.9r      | n/s <sup>2</sup> |          |         |           |           |         |          |  |
| Mass(kg)            |  | 11  | 15        | 22       | 31       | 50         | 53       | 95        | 100              | 13       | 35      | 155       | 215       | 230     | 285      |  |

<sup>\*1</sup> The above characteristics apply when the rated AC voltage is input from the inverter. (*Refer to page 150*.) Output and rated motor speed are not guaranteed when the power supply voltage drops.

# Motor torque characteristic

The following figure shows the torque characteristic of the premium high-efficiency IPM motor [MM-EFS (1500r/min) series] when used with an inverter.



#### **REMARKS**

The motor can also be used for applications which require the rated speed of 1800r/min.

#### CAUTION

- The torque characteristic is when the armature winding temperature is 20°C, and the input voltage to the inverter is 400VAC.
- Constant-speed operation cannot be performed for the speed of 150r/min or less.

<sup>\*2</sup> This excludes the part where the axis passes through.



# 8.5 Specification of high-efficiency IPM motor [MM-EF (1800r/min) series]

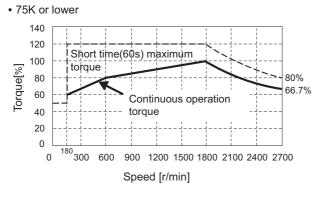
## Motor specification

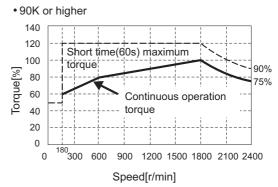
| Motor  | 200V class<br>MM-EF□2                    | 4   | 7      | 15     | 22      | 37     | 55   | 75    | 11K    | 15K     | 18K              | 22K            | 30K    | 37K    | 45K   | 55K         | 75K    | -      | -       |
|--|--|---|--------|--------|---------|--------|------|-------|--------|---------|------------------|----------------|--------|--------|-------|-------------|--------|--------|---------|
| model  | 400V class<br>MM-EF□24                   | 7   | ,      | 13     |         | 0.     | 33   | 75    | IIK    | ISK     | IOK              | 221            | JUK    | 371    | 451   | 33K         | 751    | 90K    | 110K    |
| Compatible   | 200V class<br>FR-F720P-□K                | 0.75  | 0.75   | 1.5    | 2.2     | 3.7    | 5.5  | 7.5   | 11     | 15      | 18.5             | 22             | 30     | 37     | 45    | 55          | 75     | -      | -       |
| inverter   | 400V class<br>FR-F740P-□K                | 0.75  | 0.75   | 1.5    | 2.2     | 3.7    | 5.5  | 7.5   | ''     | 15      | 10.5             | 22             | 30     | 31     | 45    | 33          | 75     | 90     | 110     |
| Continuous characteristic                            | Rated output (kW)                        | 0.4   | 0.75   | 1.5    | 2.2     | 3.7    | 5.5  | 7.5   | 11     | 15      | 18.5             | 22             | 30     | 37     | 45    | 55          | 75     | 90     | 110     |
| *1   | Rated torque (N·m)                       | 2.12  | 3.98   | 7.96   | 11.7    | 19.6   | 29.2 | 39.8  | 58.4   | 79.6    | 98.1             | 117            | 159    | 196    | 239   | 292         | 398    | 477    | 584     |
| Rated speed  | (r/min)                                  | 1800 (90Hz) 1800 (120Hz)  |        |        |         |        |      |       |        |         |                  |                |        |        |       |             |        |        |         |
| Maximum spe  | ed (r/min)                               | 2700 (135Hz)   2700 (180Hz)                                     |        |        |         |        |      |       |        |         |                  |                |        |        |       | 100<br>0Hz) |        |        |         |
| Number of po   | les                                      | 6 8   |        |        |         |        |      |       |        |         |                  |                |        |        |       |             |        |        |         |
| Maximum tord   | que                                      | 120% 60s  |        |        |         |        |      |       |        |         |                  |                |        |        |       |             |        |        |         |
| Frame number   | er                                       | 80M 90L 100L 112M 132S 160M 160L                                |        |        |         |        |      |       |        |         |                  | 180L 200L 225S |        |        |       |             | 25S    |        |         |
| Moment of ine (×10 <sup>-4</sup> kg·m <sup>2</sup> ) |  | 10.4  | 10.4   | 18.4   | 36.9    | 51.2   | 125  | 153   | 274    | 354     | 815              | 815            | 1050   | 2215   | 2400  | 4300        | 5200   | 8700   | 9500    |
| Rated current  | 200V class                               | 1.6   | 3.0    | 5.9    | 8.7     | 14.4   | 22   | 29    | 43     | 55      | 70.5             | 83.5           | 109    | 136    | 162   | 195         | 272    | -      | -       |
| (A)  | 400V class                               | 8.0   | 1.5    | 3.0    | 4.4     | 7.2    | 11   | 14.5  | 21.5   | 27.5    | 35               | 42             | 57     | 68     | 81    | 96.5        | 136    | 160    | 197     |
| Structure  |  | Totally-enclosed fan-cooled motor (protective structure IP44·2) |        |        |         |        |      |       |        |         |                  |                |        |        |       |             |        |        |         |
| Insulation class                                     | ss                                       |   |        |        | E       | 3 clas | S    |       |        |         |                  |                |        | F      | clas  | S           |        |        |         |
|  | Surrounding air temperature and humidity |   |        |        | -10°0   | C to + | 40°C | (non- | freezi | ng) · 9 | 90%R             | H or I         | ess (r | non-co | onden | ısing)      |        |        |         |
| Environment  | Storage<br>temperature<br>and humidity   |   |        |        | -20°0   | C to + | 70°C | (non- | freezi | ng) · 9 | 90%R             | H or I         | ess (r | non-co | onden | ising)      |        |        |         |
|  | Atmosphere                               | Indo  | ors (n | ot und | der dir | ect su |      | ,     |        |         |                  |                |        |        | gas,  | oil mi      | st, du | st and | l dirt. |
|  | Altitude                                 |   |        |        |         |        |      | Maxin | านm 1  | ,000n   | n abo            | ve sea         | a leve | ıl     |       |             |        |        |         |
|  | Vibration                                |   |        |        |         |        |      |       |        | 4.9r    | n/s <sup>2</sup> |                |        |        |       |             |        |        |         |
| Mass(kg)   |  | 8.5   | 9.0    | 11     | 15      | 23     | 33   | 38    | 52     | 60      | 105              | 105            | 119    | 167    | 178   | 240         | 290    | 360    | 390     |

<sup>\*1</sup> The above characteristics apply when the rated AC voltage is input from the inverter. (*Refer to page 150.*) Output and rated motor speed are not guaranteed when the power supply voltage drops.

## Motor torque characteristic

The following figures show the torque characteristics of high-efficiency IPM motors [MM-EF (1800r/min) series] when used with inverters.





#### = CAUTION =

- The torque characteristic is when the armature winding temperature is 20°C, and the input voltage to the inverter is 200VAC or 400VAC.
- Constant-speed operation cannot be performed for the speed of 180r/min or less

<sup>\*2</sup> This excludes the part where the axis passes through.

# 8.6 Heatsink protrusion attachment procedure

When encasing the inverter in an enclosure, the generated heat amount in an enclosure can be greatly reduced by installing the heatsink portion of the inverter outside the enclosure. When installing the inverter in a compact enclosure, etc., this installation method is recommended.

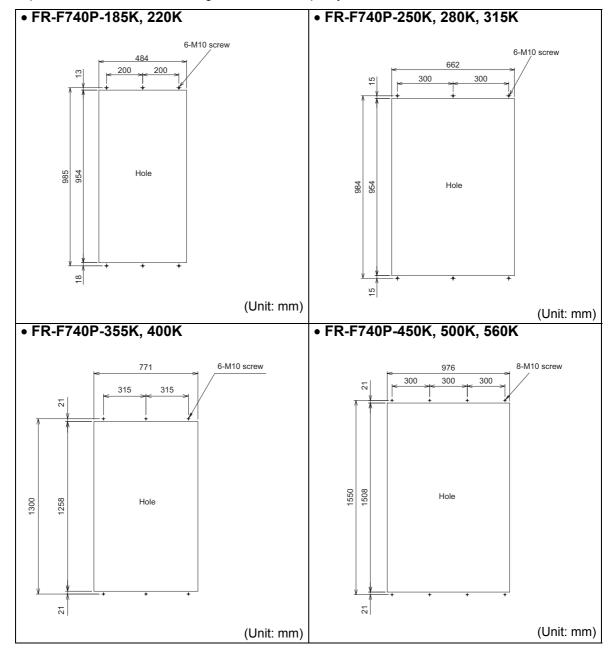
## 8.6.1 When using a heatsink protrusion attachment (FR-A7CN)

For the FR-F720P-2.2K to 110K, FR-F740P-0.75K to 160K, a heatsink can be protruded outside the enclosure using a heatsink protrusion attachment (FR-A7CN). (Attachment is not required when protruding the heatsink for 185K or higher.) For a panel cut dimension drawing and an installation procedure of the heatsink protrusion attachment (FR-A7CN) to the inverter, refer to a manual of "heatsink protrusion attachment (FR-A7CN)".

## 8.6.2 Protrusion of heatsink of the FR-F740P-185K or higher

#### (1) Panel cutting

Cut the panel of the enclosure according to the inverter capacity.

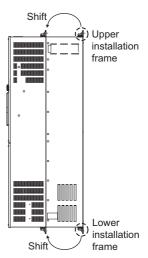




#### (2) Shift and removal of a rear side installation frame

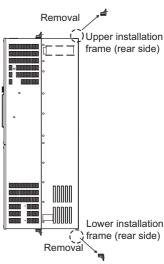
#### • FR-F740P-250K to 315K

One installation frame is attached to each of the upper and lower part of the inverter. Change the position of the rear side installation frame on the upper and lower side of the inverter to the front side as shown on the right. When changing the installation frames, make sure that the installation orientation is correct.



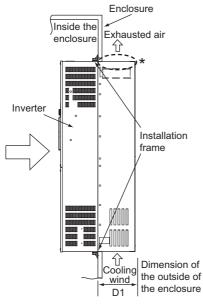
#### • FR-F740P-185K/220K, 355K or higher

Two installation frames each are attached to the upper and lower parts of the inverter. Remove the rear side installation frame on the upper and lower side of the inverter as shown on the right.

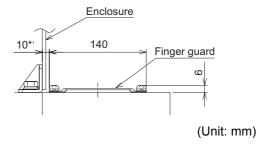


#### (3) Installation of the inverter

Push the inverter heatsink portion outside the enclosure and fix the enclosure and inverter with upper and lower installation frame.



\* For the FR-F740P-250K or higher, there are finger guards behind the enclosure. Therefore, the thickness of the panel should be less than 10mm(\*1) and also do not place anything around finger guards to avoid contact with the finger guards.



| Inverter Model        | D1(mm) |
|-----------------------|--------|
| FR-F740P-185K, 220K   | 185    |
| FR-F740P-250K to 560K | 184    |

#### = CAUTION

- · Having a cooling fan, the cooling section which comes out of the enclosure cannot be used in the environment of water drops, oil, mist, dust, etc.
- · Be careful not to drop screws, dust etc. into the inverter and cooling fan section.

## **APPENDICES**

# Appendix 1 For customers who are replacing the conventional model with this inverter

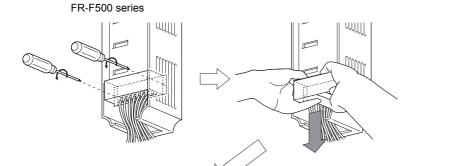
## Appendix 1-1 Replacement of the FR-F500 series

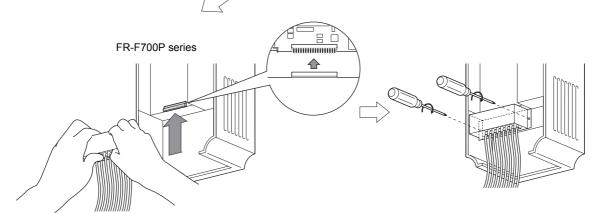
#### (1) Instructions for installation

- 1)Removal procedure of the front cover was changed. (with screws) Please note. (Refer to page 6.)
- 2)Removal procedure of the operation panel was changed. (with screws) Please note. (Refer to page 6.)
- 3)Plug-in options of the F500 series are not compatible
- 4)Operation panel (FR-DU04) cannot be used.
- 5)Setup software (FR-SW0-SETUP) cannot be used.

#### (2) Wiring instructions

1)The control circuit terminal block can be used for the FR-F700P series without removing wiring. Note that the wiring cover (0.75K to 22K) is not compatible.





(Note that the relay output 2 (A2, B2, C2) specific for the FR-F700P series cannot be used with the FR-F500 series terminals.)

#### (3) Instructions for continuous use of the FR-PU04 (parameter unit)

- 1)For the FR-F700P series, many functions (parameters) have been added. When setting these parameters, the parameter name and setting range are not displayed. Parameter list, change list, initial value list, initial value list 2 and parameter clear of the HELP function cannot be used.
- 2)For the FR-F700P series, many protective functions have been added. These functions activate, but all faults are displayed as "Fault 14". When the faults history has been checked, "E.14" appears. Added faults display will not appear on the parameter unit.
- 3) User initial value setting cannot be used.
- 4) User registration/clear (user group 2) cannot be used.
- 5) Parameter copy/verification function cannot be used.

## (4) Main differences and compatibilities with the FR-F500(L) series

|                       | ltem  | FR-F500(L)  | FR-F700P  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|                       | Simple mode parameter                                   | 61 parameters   | 17 parameters   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Changed function      | User group  | User group 1 (16 parameters), User group 2 (16 parameters) ( <i>Pr.160</i> , <i>Pr.173 to Pr.175</i> )  | User group (16 parameters) only Setting methods were partially changed (Pr.160, Pr.172 to Pr.173)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ch                    | Communication option                                    | Performing the parameter clear or all parameter clear (H5A96 or HAA99) from the DeviceNet communication option (FR-A5ND) clears the <i>Pr. 345</i> and <i>Pr. 346</i> settings.   | Performing the parameter clear or all parameter clear (H5A96 or HAA99) from the DeviceNet communication option (FR-A7ND) does not clear the <i>Pr. 345</i> and <i>Pr. 346</i> settings.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Changed initial value | Pr:0 Torque boost                                       | 2% for 11K to 55K   | 2% for 11K to 37K, 1.5% for 45K and 55K (If the torque boost setting was being used in the initial setting in the FR-F500 series, the setting does not need to be changed from the initial setting after the inverter is replaced with the FR-F700P series. ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                       | User initial value setting ( <i>Pr</i> :199)            | Available   | Not available Substitutable with the copy function of the operation panel (FR-DU07)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| pe                    | DC injunction function with terminal                    | With a terminal (X13 signal) (Setting value "8888" for $Pr.11$ , setting value "13" for $Pr.180$ to $Pr.186$ )  | Not available Start in the reverse rotation is possible with the flying start function (frequency search of the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure function)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deleted function      | Long wire mode  | Setting values "10 and 11" for Pr.240   | Setting is not necessary (Setting values "10 and 11" for <i>Pr.240</i> are deleted.)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                       | Intelligent<br>optimum<br>acceleration/<br>deceleration | Available (Pr.60 setting "3" and Pr.61 to Pr.63)  | Not available For deceleration time, overvoltage fault can be avoided with the regeneration avoidance function ( <i>Pr.882 to Pr.885</i> ).   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                       | Automatic torque boost                                  | Pr.38, Pr.39  | The automatic torque boost is deleted because the Simple magnetic flux vector $(Pr.80)$ has been added.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Te                    | erminal block   | Removable terminal block  | Removable terminal block Upward compatibility (Terminal block of the F500 can be mounted)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                       | PU  | FR-PU04, DU04   | FR-PU07<br>FR-DU07<br>FR-DU04 unavailable (Partly restricted when the FR-PU04 is used. <i>Refer to page 167</i> .)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                       |   |   | otion (not compatible)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| P                     | lug-in option   | Computer link, relay output option FR-A5NR  | Built into the inverter (RS-485 terminal, relay output 2 points)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                       |   | Three boards can be mounted   | One board can be mounted  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| In                    | stallation size   | FR-F720P-0.75K, 2.2K, 3.7K, 7.5K, 18.5K, 22K, 37K, 45K, FR-F740P-0.75K to 3.7K, 7.5K, 11K, 22K, 37K to 55K are compatible in mounting dimensions For other capacities, an optional intercompatibility attachment (FR-AAT) is necessary. |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

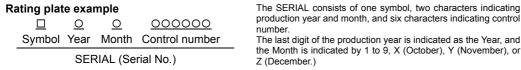
## Appendix 1-2 Replacement of the FR-A100 < EXCELENT> series

#### Instructions for installation

• When using the installation holes of the FR-A100(E) series, FR-A5AT (intercompatibility attachment) is necessary.

# Appendix 2 SERIAL number check

For the location of the rating plate, refer to page 1.



# Appendix 3 Instructions for UL and cUL compliance

(Conforming standard UL 508C, CSA C22.2 No.14)

#### (1) Installation

This inverter is a UL / cUL Listed, enclosed type device with a suitably rated enclosure.

Design an enclosure so that the inverter surrounding air temperature, humidity and atmosphere satisfy the specifications.

(Refer to page 152.)

#### Precaution

The bus capacitor discharge time is 10 minutes. Before starting wiring or inspection, switch power OFF, wait for more than 10 minutes, and check for residual voltage between terminal P/+ and N/- with a meter etc., to avoid a hazard of electrical shock.

#### Wiring protection

For installation in the United States, Class RK5, Class J, Class CC, Class L, Class T or any faster acting fuses or UL 489 Molded Case Circuit Breaker (MCCB) must be provided, in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any applicable local codes.

For installation in Canada, Class RK5, Class J, Class CC, Class L, Class T or any faster acting fuses or UL 489 Molded Case Circuit Breaker (MCCB) must be provided, in accordance with the Canada Electrical Code and any applicable provincial codes.

| FR-F720P-□□K   |  | 0.75 | 1.5          | 2.2 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 11  | 15  | 18.5 | 22  | 30  | 37  | 45  | 55  |
|--|--|------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Rated fuse   | voltage(V)                             |      | 240V or more |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |     |     |     |     |     |
| Fuse<br>maximum<br>allowable<br>rating (A)*                      | Without power factor improving reactor | 15   | 20           | 30  | 40  | 60  | 80  | 150 | 175 | 200  | 225 | 300 | 350 | 400 | 500 |
|  | With power factor improving reactor    | 15   | 20           | 20  | 30  | 50  | 70  | 125 | 150 | 200  | 200 | 250 | 300 | 350 | 400 |
| Molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) Maximum allowable rating (A)* |  | 15   | 15           | 20  | 35  | 50  | 70  | 100 | 125 | 175  | 200 | 250 | 350 | 400 | 500 |

| FR-                   | F720P-□□K                                | 75           | 90  | 110  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------|--|--------------|-----|------|--|--|--|--|
| Rated fuse            | voltage(V)                               | 240V or more |     |      |  |  |  |  |
| Fuse<br>maximum       | Without power factor improving reactor   |              |     |      |  |  |  |  |
| allowable rating (A)* | With power factor improving reactor      | 500          | 600 | 700  |  |  |  |  |
| (MCCB)                | se circuit breaker allowable rating (A)* | 700          | 800 | 1000 |  |  |  |  |

| FR-F740P-□□K   |  | 0.75         | 1.5 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 11 | 15 | 18.5 | 22  | 30  | 37  | 45  | 55  |
|--|--|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Rated fuse   |  | 480V or more |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |      |     |     |     |     |     |
| Fuse<br>maximum  | Without power factor improving reactor | 6            | 10  | 15  | 20  | 30  | 40  | 70 | 80 | 90   | 110 | 150 | 175 | 200 | 250 |
| allowable rating (A)*  | With power factor improving reactor    | 6            | 10  | 10  | 15  | 25  | 35  | 60 | 70 | 90   | 100 | 125 | 150 | 175 | 200 |
| Molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) Maximum allowable rating (A)* |  | 15           | 15  | 15  | 15  | 25  | 40  | 50 | 70 | 80   | 100 | 125 | 175 | 200 | 250 |

| FR-F740P-□□K   |  | 75  | 90  | 110 | 132 | 160 | 185 | 220  | 250  | 280  | 315  | 355  | 400  | 450  | 500  | 560  |
|--|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Rated fuse   | 500V or more                           |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
| Fuse<br>maximum  | Without power factor improving reactor |     | _   |     | _   | _   | _   | _    |      | _    |      |      | _    |      | _    | _    |
| allowable rating (A)*  | With power factor improving reactor    | 250 | 300 | 350 | 400 | 500 | 600 | 700  | 800  | 900  | 1000 | 1100 | 1200 | 1350 | 1500 | 1800 |
| Molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) Maximum allowable rating (A)* |  | 350 | 450 | 500 | 650 | 800 | 800 | 1000 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1600 | 1600 | 2000 | 2000 | 2500 |

<sup>\*</sup> Maximum allowable rating by US National Electrical Code. Exact size must be chosen for each installation.

#### (2) Wiring of the power supply and motor

For wiring the input (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3) and output (U, V, W) terminals of the inverter, use the UL Listed copper, stranded wires (rated at 75°C) and round crimping terminals. Crimp the crimping terminals with the crimping tool recommended by the terminal maker.

## (3) Short circuit ratings

200V class

Suitable For Use in A Circuit Capable Of Delivering Not More Than 100kA rms Symmetrical Amperes, 264V Maximum.

400V class

55K or lower

Suitable For Use in A Circuit Capable Of Delivering Not More Than 100kA rms Symmetrical Amperes, 528V Maximum. 75K or higher

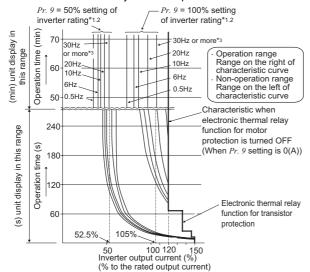
Suitable For Use in A Circuit Capable Of Delivering Not More Than 100kA rms Symmetrical Amperes, 550V Maximum.

#### (4) Motor overload protection

This inverter is certified as a motor overload protection device by UL.

When using the electronic thermal relay function as motor overload protection, set the rated motor current to Pr. 9 Electronic thermal O/L relay.

Electronic thermal relay function operation characteristic



This function detects the overload (overheat) of the motor, stops the operation of the inverter's output transistor, and stops the output. (The operation characteristic is shown on the left)

- When using the Mitsubishi constant-torque motor
- 1) Set "1" in Pr. 71. (This provides a 100% continuous torque characteristic in the low-speed range.)
- 2) Set the rated current of the motor in Pr. 9.
- When 50% of the inverter rated output current (current value) is set in Pr. 9
- The % value denotes the percentage to the inverter rated output current. It is not the percentage to the motor rated current.
- When you set the electronic thermal relay function dedicated to the Mitsubishi constant-torque motor, this characteristic curve applies to operation at 6Hz or higher.

#### = CAUTION

- Protective function by electronic thermal relay function is reset by inverter power reset and reset signal input. Avoid
- unnecessary reset and power-OFF.

  When multiple motors are operated by a single inverter, protection cannot be provided by the electronic thermal relay function. Install an external thermal relay to each motor.
- When the difference between the inverter and motor capacities is large and the setting is small, the protective characteristics of the electronic thermal relay function will be deteriorated. In this case, use an external thermal relay
- A special motor cannot be protected by the electronic thermal relay function. Use the external thermal relay.
- •The use of FR-F700P with an IPM motor is not certified by the UL nor cUL.

# Appendix 4 Instructions for compliance with the EU Directives

The EU Directives are issued to standardize different national regulations of the EU Member States and to facilitate free movement of the equipment, whose safety is ensured, in the EU territory.

Since 1996, compliance with the EMC Directive that is one of the EU Directives has been legally required. Since 1997, compliance with the Low Voltage Directive, another EU Directive, has been also legally required. When a manufacturer confirms its equipment to be compliant with the EMC Directive and the Low Voltage Directive, the manufacturer must declare the conformity and affix the CE marking.

#### • The authorized representative in the EU

The authorized representative in the EU is shown below.

Name: Mitsubishi Electric Europe B.V.

Address: Gothaer Strasse 8, 40880 Ratingen, Germany

Note

We declare that this inverter conforms with the EMC Directive in industrial environments and affix the CE marking on the inverter. When using the inverter in a residential area, take appropriate measures and ensure the conformity of the inverter used in the residential area.

#### (1) EMC Directive

We declare that this inverter conforms with the EMC Directive and affix the CE marking on the inverter.

- EMC Directive: 2004/108/EC
- Standard(s): EN61800-3:2004 (Second environment / PDS Category "C3")

Note: First environment

Environment including residential buildings. Includes buildings directly connected without a transformer to the low voltage power supply network which supplies power to residential buildings.

Second environment

Environment including all buildings except buildings directly connected without a transformer to the low voltage power supply network which supplies power to residential buildings.

#### Note

Set the EMC filter valid and install the inverter and perform wiring according to the following instructions.

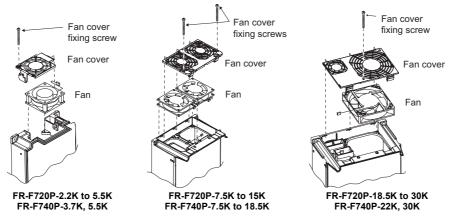
- \* The inverter is equipped with a built-in EMC filter. Set the EMC filter valid. (The EMC filter is invalid when shipped from the factory. (The FR-F720P-0.75K and 1.5K are always valid.) For details, refer to page 10.)
- \* Connect the inverter to an earthed power supply.
- \* Install a motor and a control cable according to the instructions written in the EMC Installation Guidelines (BCN-A21041-204 (For the manual, please contact your sales representative.) ).
- \* The cable length between the inverter and the motor is 5 m maximum.
- \* Confirm that the final integrated system with the inverter conforms with the EMC Directive.
- \* This inverter does not conform with the EU Directives when used with an IPM motor.

#### (2) Low Voltage Directive

We have self-confirmed our inverters as products compliant to the Low Voltage Directive (Conforming standard EN 50178) and affix the CE mark on the inverters

#### Outline of instructions

- \* Do not use an earth leakage current breaker as an electric shock protector without connecting the equipment to the earth. Connect the equipment to the earth securely.
- \* Wire the earth terminal independently. (Do not connect two or more cables to one terminal.)
- \* Use the cable sizes on page 15 under the following conditions.
  - · Surrounding air temperature: 40°C maximum
  - If conditions are different from above, select appropriate wire according to EN60204 Appendix C TABLE 5.
- \* Use a tinned (plating should not include zinc) crimping terminal to connect the earth (ground) cable. When tightening the screw, be careful not to damage the threads.
  - For use as a product compliant with the Low Voltage Directive, use PVC cable whose size is indicated on page 15.
- \* Use the moulded case circuit breaker and magnetic contactor which conform to the EN or IEC Standard.
- \* When using an earth leakage current breaker, use a residual current operated protective device (RCD) of type B (breaker which can detect both AC and DC). If not, provide double or reinforced insulation between the inverter and other equipment, or put a transformer between the main power supply and inverter.
- \* Use the inverter under the conditions of overvoltage category II (usable regardless of the earth (ground) condition of the power supply), overvoltage category III (usable with the earthed-neutral system power supply, 400V class only) and pollution degree 2 or lower specified in IEC664.
  - · To use the inverter of 37K or higher (IP00) under the conditions of pollution degree 2, install it in the enclosure of IP 2X or higher.
  - · To use the inverter under the conditions of pollution degree 3, install it in the enclosure of IP54 or higher.
  - · To use the inverter of 30K or lower (IP20) outside of an enclosure in the environment of pollution degree 2, fix a fan cover with fan cover fixing screws enclosed.



- \* On the input and output of the inverter, use cables of the type and size set forth in EN60204 Appendix C.
- \* The operating capacity of the relay outputs (terminal symbols A1, B1, C1, A2, B2, C2) should be 30VDC, 0.3A. (Relay output has basic isolation from the inverter internal circuit.)
- \* Control circuit terminals on page 9 are safely isolated from the main circuit.
- \* Environment

|                  | During Operation | In Storage     | During Transportation |
|------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| Surrounding air  | -10°C to +50°C   | -20°C to +65°C | -20°C to +65°C        |
| temperature      | -10 0 10 130 0   | -20 0 to 100 0 | -20 0 10 103 0        |
| Ambient humidity | 90% RH or less   | 90% RH or less | 90% RH or less        |
| Maximum altitude | 1000m            | 1000m          | 10000m                |

<sup>\*</sup> This inverter does not conform with the EU Directives when used with an IPM motor.

Details are given in the technical information "Low Voltage Directive Conformance Guide" (BCN-A21041-203). Please contact your sales representative.

# Appendix 5 Compliance with the Radio Waves Act (South Korea)

This product complies with the Radio Waves Act (South Korea).

Note the following when using the product in South Korea.

이 기기는 업무용(A급) 전자파적합기기로서 판매자 또는 사용자는 이 점을

주의하시기 바라며,가정외의 지역에서 사용하는 것을 목적으로 합니다.

(The product is for business use (Class A) and meets the electromagnetic compatibility requirements. The seller and the user must note the above point, and use the product in a place except for home.)

\*The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.

| Print Date | *Manual Number      | Revision      |
|------------|---------------------|---------------|
| Sep. 2010  | IB(NA)-0600411ENG-A | First edition |
| May 2011   | IB(NA)-0600411ENG-B | Addition      |
|            |                     |               |
|            |                     |               |
|            |                     |               |
|            |                     |               |
|            |                     |               |
|            |                     |               |
|            |                     |               |

# **A** For Maximum Safety

- Mitsubishi inverters are not designed or manufactured to be used in equipment or systems in situations that can affect or endanger human life.
- When considering this product for operation in special applications such as machinery or systems used in passenger transportation, medical, aerospace, atomic power, electric power, or submarine repeating applications, please contact your nearest Mitsubishi sales representative.
- Although this product was manufactured under conditions of strict quality control, you are strongly advised
  to install safety devices to prevent serious accidents when it is used in facilities where breakdowns of the
  product are likely to cause a serious accident.
- Please do not use this product for loads other than three-phase induction motors.

# **Instruction Manual Supplement**

For the FR-F700P series manufactured in December 2011 or later, the following specifications are added. Check the serial number printed on the rating plate or on package of the inverter. (For how to find the SERIAL number, refer to *the Instruction Manual*.)

# 1 Compatibility with the premium high-efficiency IPM motor [MM-EFS (1500r/min) series] 200V class

FR-F720P-0.75K to FR-F720P-55K are compatible with the premium high-efficiency IPM motor (MM-EFS series). To use a premium high-efficiency IPM motor, parameter settings need to be changed. (MM-EFS 1500r/min specification) For the details of parameter settings, refer to *the Instruction Manual*.

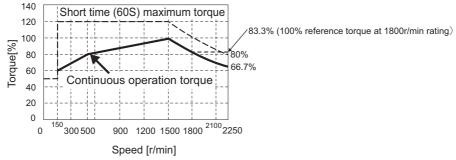
## Motor specification

| MM                  | I-EFS□1M                                     | 7        | 15     | 22   | 37     | 55     | 75      | 11K      | 15K     | 18K    | 22K     | 30K     | 37K    | 45K           | 55K    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------|--|----------|--------|------|--------|--------|---------|----------|---------|--------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Compatible inverter | FR-F720P-□K                                  | 0.75     | 1.5    | 2.2  | 3.7    | 5.5    | 7.5     | 11       | 15      | 18.5   | 22      | 30      | 37     | 45            | 55     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                     | Rated output (kW)                            | 0.75     | 1.5    | 2.2  | 3.7    | 5.5    | 7.5     | 11       | 15      | 18.5   | 22      | 30      | 37     | 45            | 55     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| characteristic *1   | Rated torque (N·m)                           | 4.77     | 9.55   | 14   | 23.6   | 35     | 47.7    | 70       | 95.5    | 118    | 140     | 191     | 236    | 286           | 350    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rated speed         | (r/min)                                      | 1500     |        |      |        |        |         |          |         |        |         |         |        |               |        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum spe         | eed (r/min)                                  |          |        |      |        |        |         | 22       | 50      |        |         |         |        |               |        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of po        | oles   |          |        |      |        | 6      |         |          |         |        |         | 8       | 3      |               |        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum tord        | que  | 120% 60s |        |      |        |        |         |          |         |        |         |         |        |               |        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Frame number        | er   | 80M      | 90L    | 100L | 112M   | 132S   | 132M    | 160M     | 160L    | 18     | 0M      | 180L    | 20     | 0L            | 225S   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of ine       | ertia (×10 <sup>-4</sup> kg·m <sup>2</sup> ) | 20       | 40     | 55   | 110    | 275    | 280     | 760      | 770     | 1700   | 1700    | 1900    | 3400   | 3850          | 6500   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rated current (A)   | 200V class                                   | 3        | 5.6    | 8    | 13     | 20     | 27      | 40       | 54      | 66     | 79      | 110     | 128    | 157           | 194    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Structure           |  | Totall   | y-encl | osed | fan-co | oled m | otor. V | /ith ste | el frar | ned le | gs. (pr | otectiv | e stru | cture II      | P44*2) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation class    | class F class                                |          |        |      |        |        |         |          |         |        |         |         |        |               |        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vibration class     |  |          |        |      |        |        |         | V-       | 15      |        |         |         |        | 400 3850 6500 |        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mass(kg)            |  | 11       | 15     | 22   | 31     | 50     | 53      | 95       | 100     | 13     | 35      | 155     | 215    | 230           | 285    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

<sup>\*1</sup> Output and rated motor speed are not guaranteed when the power supply voltage drops.

# Motor torque characteristic

The following figure shows the torque characteristic of a premium high-efficiency IPM motor [MM-EFS (1500r/min) series] when used with an inverter.



#### **REMARKS**

• The motor can also be used for applications where the rated speed is 1800r/min.

#### **CAUTION**

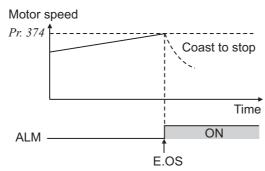
- The torque characteristic is when the armature winding temperature is 20°C, and the input voltage to the inverter is 200V AC.
- · Constant-speed operation cannot be performed for the speed of 150r/min or less.

<sup>\*2</sup> This excludes the part where the axis passes through.

## 2 Overspeed detection function (Pr. 374)

Inverter outputs are stopped when the motor speed exceeds the *Pr. 374 Overspeed detection level* under IPM motor control.

| Parameter<br>Number | Name                      | Initial<br>Value | Setting<br>Range | Description   |
|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|---|
| 374                 | Overspeed detection level | 9999             | 0 to 400Hz       | When the motor speed exceeds the speed set in <i>Pr. 374</i> , overspeed (E.OS) occurs, and the inverter outputs are stopped. |
|                     |                           | -                | 9999             | No function   |



Selecting the IPM motor control by the parameter setting mode or  $Pr. 998 \ IPM \ parameter initialization$  changes the Pr. 374 setting to "maximum motor frequency (motor speed)  $\times$  105%". (For the details of parameter setting mode and  $Pr. 998 \ IPM \ parameter initialization$ , refer to the Instruction Manual.)

When the overspeed fault occurs, the display on the operation panel or parameter unit automatically changes to the display shown below. (Via communication, the fault code HD0 is output.)

| Operation Panel Indication | E.OS   | ε.                   | 05              | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07 | E.OS  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Name                       | Overspeed or   | Overspeed occurrence |                 |                    |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Description                |  |                      |                 |                    | ceeds the <i>Pr. 374 Overspeed detection level</i> available while the IPM motor control is |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Check point                | · Check that the Pr. 374 Overspeed detection level value is correct. |                      |                 |                    |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corrective action          | · Set the Pr.  | 374 Oversp           | eed detection l | level value corre  | ectly.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### = CAUTION =

 $\cdot$  An E.OS activation at a high frequency setting (a frequency higher than "maximum motor speed  $\times$  105%") may damage the inverter.

#### REMARKS

• Set *Pr. 65 Retry selection* = "0" or "4" to perform retry at E.OS occurrence.

# 3 Compatibility with the plug-in option FR-A7NCE

Compatibility with the FR-A7NCE plug-in option is added. FR-A7NCE enables communication via CC-Link IE Field Network. (For the details , refer to *the Instruction Manual of FR-A7NCE*.)

# **Instruction Manual Supplement**

For the FR-F700P series manufactured in July 2012 or later, the following specifications are added or modified. Check the serial number printed on the rating plate or on package of the inverter. (For how to find the SERIAL number, refer to *the Instruction Manual*.)

## 1 Voltage reduction selection during stall prevention operation (Pr.154)

The setting values "10 and 11" are added for Pr.154 Voltage reduction selection during stall prevention operation.

| Parameter<br>Number | Name                              | Initial<br>Value | Setting<br>Range | Description                            |   |  |  |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|---|--|--|
| 154                 |                                   | 1                | 0                | With voltage reduction Without voltage | You can select whether to use output voltage reduction during   |  |  |
|                     | Voltage reduction selection       |                  | 1                | reduction                              | stall prevention operation or not.  |  |  |
| SMFVC               | during stall prevention operation |                  | 10               | With voltage reduction                 | Use these settings when the overvoltage protective function   |  |  |
|                     |                                   |                  | 11               | Without voltage reduction              | (E.OV <b>D</b> ) activates during stall prevention operation in an application with large load inertia. |  |  |

### (1) To further prevent a trip (Pr. 154) SMEVG

- · When *Pr. 154* is set to "0, **10**", the output voltage reduces during stall prevention operation. By making this setting to reduce the output voltage, an overcurrent trip can be less likely to occur. Use this function where a torque decrease will not pose a problem.
- Set *Pr.154* = "10, 11" when the overvoltage protective function (E.OV□) activates during stall prevention operation in an application with large load inertia. Note that turning OFF the start signal (STF/STR) or varying the frequency signal during stall prevention operation may delay the acceleration/deceleration start.

#### (2) Causes and corrective actions

| Operation Panel Indication | E.OV1  | E.O 1   | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07                              | OV During Acc   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Name                       | Regenerative overvoltage trip during acceleration  |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Description                | If regenerative energy causes the inverter's internal main circuit DC voltage to reach or exceed the specified value, the protective circuit is activated to stop the inverter output. The circuit may also be activated by a surge voltage produced in the power supply system. |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Check point                | · Check if Pr.22 St  | <ul> <li>Check for too slow acceleration. (e.g. during descending acceleration with lifting load)</li> <li>Check if <i>Pr.22 Stall prevention operation level</i> is set too low like the no-load current.</li> <li>Check if the stall prevention operation is frequently activated in an application with a large load inertia.</li> </ul> |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corrective action          | Manual (Applied) Set a value larg Set Pr.154 Volta   | ration avoidance function.) er than the no load cur   | rent in <i>Pr. 22 Sta</i><br>uring stall preven | 886). ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction ll prevention operation level.  tion operation = "10 or 11". ( Refer to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | E.OV2  | E.Du2  | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07   | Stedy Spd OV  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Name                       | Regenerative over  | Regenerative overvoltage trip during constant speed                              |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Description                | If regenerative energy causes the inverter's internal main circuit DC voltage to reach or exceed the specified value, the protective circuit is activated to stop the inverter output. The circuit may also be activated by a surge voltage produced in the power supply system. |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Check point                | <ul> <li>Check for sudden load change.</li> <li>Check if <i>Pr.22 Stall prevention operation level</i> is set too low like the no-load current.</li> <li>Check if the stall prevention operation is frequently activated in an application with a large load inertia.</li> </ul> |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corrective action          | Manual (Applied, Use the brake use set a value larg Set Pr.154 Voltage   | ration avoidance function.)  nit or power regeneration than the no load current. | on common cor<br>rent in <i>Pr. 22 Sta</i><br>rring stall preven | 886). (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction nverter (FR-CV) as required.  Ill prevention operation level.  Ition operation = "10 or 11". (Refer to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Operation Panel Indication | E.OV3  | E.O u 3   | FR-PU04<br>FR-PU07                                       | OV During Dec  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Name                       | Regenerative over  | Regenerative overvoltage trip during deceleration or stop     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Description                | If regenerative energy causes the inverter's internal main circuit DC voltage to reach or exceed the specified value, the protective circuit is activated to stop the inverter output. The circuit may also be activated by a surge voltage produced in the power supply system. |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Check point                | <ul> <li>Check for sudden speed reduction.</li> <li>Check if the stall prevention operation is frequently activated in an application with a large load inertia.</li> </ul>  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corrective action          | load) Longer the brak Use the regener Manual (Applied) Use the brake u Set Pr.154 Voltage  | e cycle. ration avoidance function. in or power regeneration. | on (Pr. 882 to Pr.<br>on common cor<br>ring stall preven | which matches the moment of inertia of the 886). ( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction enverter (FR-CV) as required. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

# 2 MM-EFS rated current change

The rated motor current has been changed for the MM-EFS 1.5kW to 3.7kW (200V/400V) premium high-efficiency IPM motors. As a result, the rated motor current automatically set in *Pr.998 IPM parameter initialization* is changed as shown below.

#### <Before>

| Motor model   | MM-EFS□1M<br>MM-EFS□1M4 | 7    | 15  | 22  | 37  | 55  | 75   | 11K | 15K | 18K  | 22K  | 30K | 37K | 45K  | 55K |
|---------------|-------------------------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|------|------|-----|-----|------|-----|
| Compatible    | FR-F720P-□K             | 0.75 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 7.5  | 11  | 15  | 18.5 | 22   | 30  | 37  | 45   | 55  |
| inverter      | FR-F740P-□K             | 0.73 | 2   | 2.2 | 5.  | 5   | 7.5  |     | 2   | 10.0 | 22   | 3   | 5   | 7    | 3   |
| Rated current | 200V class              | 3    | 5.6 | 8   | 13  | 20  | 27   | 40  | 54  | 66   | 79   | 110 | 128 | 157  | 194 |
| (A)           | 400V class              | 1.5  | 2.8 | 4   | 6.5 | 10  | 13.5 | 20  | 27  | 33   | 39.5 | 55  | 64  | 78.5 | 97  |



#### <After>

| Motor model   | MM-EFS□1M   | 7    | 15  | 22  | 37   | 55  | 75   | 11K  | 15K  | 18K  | 22K  | 30K | 37K  | 45K  | 55K |
|---------------|-------------|------|-----|-----|------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|------|-----|
| Wotor moder   | MM-EFS□1M4  |      | 13  |     | 0.   | 55  | 75   | 1111 | 1010 |      |      | 301 | 3710 | .310 | JUL |
| Compatible    | FR-F720P-□K | 0.75 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 3.7  | 5.5 | 7.5  | 11   | 15   | 18.5 | 22   | 30  | 37   | 45   | 55  |
| inverter      | FR-F740P-□K | 0.75 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 3.7  | 5.5 | 7.5  | "    | 15   | 10.5 | 22   | 30  | 31   | 45   | 55  |
| Rated current | 200V class  | 3    | 6.0 | 8.2 | 13.4 | 20  | 27   | 40   | 54   | 66   | 79   | 110 | 128  | 157  | 194 |
| (A)           | 400V class  | 1.5  | 3.0 | 4.1 | 6.7  | 10  | 13.5 | 20   | 27   | 33   | 39.5 | 55  | 64   | 78.5 | 97  |

# **Instruction Manual Supplement**

For the FR-F700P series manufactured in December 2012 or later, the following specifications are added. Check the serial number printed on the rating plate or on package of the inverter. (For how to find the SERIAL number, refer to page 8.)

# 1 Compatibility with the premium high-efficiency IPM motor [MM-THE4 (1500r/min) series] 200V class 75K, and 400V class 75K and 90K

FR-F720P-75K, FR-F740P-75K, and -90K are compatible with the premium high-efficiency IPM motor (MM-THE4 series). Change the following parameter settings to use a premium high-efficiency IPM motor (MM-THE4 1500r/min specification). For the details of the parameter settings, refer to *the Instruction Manual*.

# 1.1 Setting procedure of the premium high-efficiency IPM motor control (MM-THE4 1500r/min specification)

· This inverter is set for a general-purpose motor in the initial setting. Follow the following procedure to change the setting for the IPM motor control.

Perform IPM parameter initialization by selecting the parameter setting mode (IPM) on the operation panel.\* (Refer to page 2)

Set "1" or "12" in ! PII (IPM parameter initialization) to select IPM motor control. For other settings, refer to page 2.

Setting value "12": MM-EFS, MM-THE4
P.RUN on the operation panel (FR-DU07) is lit when IPM motor control is set.

Set parameters such as the acceleration/deceleration time and multi-speed setting.

Set parameters such as the acceleration/deceleration time and multi-speed setting as required.

Set the operation command. (Refer to the Instruction Manual)

Select the start command and speed command.

Test run

To change to the IPM motor control, perform IPM parameter initialization at first. If parameter initialization is performed after setting other parameters, some of those parameters will be initialized too. (Refer to page 4 for the parameters that are initialized.)

#### **REMARKS**

· IPM motor control can also be selected with Pr. 80 Motor capacity and Pr. 998 IPM parameter initialization. (Refer to page 3)

#### CAUTION

- Refer to the IPM motor specification list on page 5 for the output frequency range of a premium high-efficiency IPM motor MM-THE4 (1500r/min specification).
- The selectable carrier frequencies under IPM motor control are 2k, 6k, 10k, and 14kHz. (Only 2k and 6kHz are selectable for 75K or higher.)
- Constant-speed operation cannot be performed in the low-speed range of 150r/min (MM-THE4 1500r/min specification) or less. Generally, speed control can be performed in the range that satisfies the ratio, 1:10.
- During IPM motor control, the RUN signal is output about 100ms after turning ON the start command (STF, STR). The delay is due to the magnetic pole detection.
- The following operations and controls are disabled during IPM motor control: adjustable 5 points V/F, electronic bypass sequence, energy saving operation, Optimum excitation control, and speed smoothing.
- The optional surge voltage suppression filter (FR-ASF-H/FR-BMF-H) and sine wave filter (MT-BSL/BSC) cannot be used under IPM motor control. Do not connect them.
- When parameter copy is performed from an FR-F700P series inverter, which is set to use MM-THE4 under IPM motor control, check that IPM motor control is selected on the operation panel (P.RUN is lit) after the copy.
   When parameters are copied to an FR-F700P series inverter, which is not compatible with MM-THE4, simple magnetic flux vector control is selected instead of IPM motor control.

<sup>\*</sup> IPM parameter initialization is performed by setting *Pr. 998 IPM parameter initialization* or by selecting ! P\(\Pi\) (IPM parameter initialization) on the operation panel.

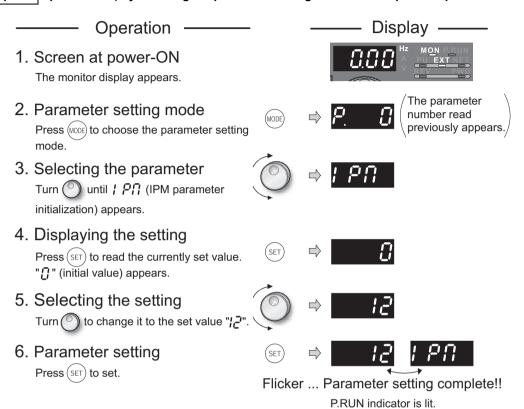
# 1.2 IPM motor control setting by selecting the parameter setting mode on the operation panel (+ PA)

POINT

• The parameters required to drive an IPM motor are automatically changed as a batch. (Refer to page 3.)

Operation example

Initialize the parameter setting for a premium high-efficiency IPM motor (MM-THE4 (1500r/min) specification) by selecting the parameter setting mode on the operation panel.



Turn () to read another parameter.

· Press (SET) to show the setting again.

· Press (SET) twice to show the automatic parameter setting (AUTO).

| Setting | Description   |
|---------|---|
| 0       | Parameter settings for a general-purpose motor  |
| 1       | Parameter settings for a high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EF(rotations per minute)                        |
| 12      | Parameter settings for a premium high-efficiency IPM motors MM-EFS and MM-THE4 (rotations per minute) |
| 22, 32  | For manufacturer setting. (Do not set.)   |

ON P.RUN

#### **REMARKS**

- · Performing IPM parameter initialization by selecting the parameter setting mode on the operation panel automatically changes the *Pr. 998 IPM parameter initialization* setting.
- The IPM parameter setting is displayed as "1 or 12" in the parameter setting mode even if *Pr. 998 IPM parameter initialization* = "101 or 112."

#### 1.3 Initializing the parameters required to drive an IPM motor (Pr.998)

- By performing IPM parameter initialization, IPM motor control is selected and the parameters, which
  are required to drive an IPM motor, are changed. Initial settings and setting ranges of the parameters
  are adjusted automatically to drive an IPM motor.
- · Initialization is performed by setting *Pr. 998 IPM parameter initialization* or by choosing the mode on the operation panel.

| Parameter<br>Number | Name                         | Initial value | Setting range       | Description   | n   |   |   |
|---------------------|------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|---|---|---|---|
|                     |                              |               | 0                   | Parameter settings for a general-<br>purpose motor (frequency)  | Initial parameter settings required to drive a general-purpose motor are set. |   |   |
|                     |                              |               | 1                   | Parameter settings for a high-<br>efficiency IPM motor MM-EF<br>(rotations per minute)                |   |   |   |
| 998                 | IPM parameter initialization | 0             | 12                  | Parameter settings for a premium high-efficiency IPM motors MM-EFS and MM-THE4 (rotations per minute) | Initial parameter settings  |   |   |
|                     |                              |               |                     |   | 101   | Parameter settings for a high-<br>efficiency IPM motor MM-EF<br>(frequency) | required to drive an IPM motor are set. |
|                     |                              |               | 112                 | Parameter settings for a premium high-efficiency IPM motors MM-EFS and MM-THE4 (frequency)            |   |   |   |
|                     |                              | '             | 22, 32,<br>122, 132 | For manufacturer setting. (Do not set.  | )   |   |   |

#### (1) IPM parameter initialization (Pr. 998)

· When *Pr. 998* = "1 or 12," the monitor is displayed and the frequency is set using the motor rotations per minute.

To use frequency to display or set, set Pr. 998 = "101 or 112."

• Set *Pr. 998* = "0" to change the parameter settings from the settings required to drive an IPM motor to the settings required to drive a general-purpose motor.

| Pr.998 Setting    | Description   | Setting by the operation panel |
|-------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| 0 (initial value) | Parameter settings for a general-purpose motor (frequency)  | !₽₽ (IPM)⇒Write "0"            |
| 1                 | Parameter settings for a high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EF (rotations per minute)                       | / P∏ (IPM) ⇒ Write "1"         |
| 12                | Parameter settings for a premium high-efficiency IPM motors MM-EFS and MM-THE4 (rotations per minute) | / ₽П (IPM) ⇒ Write "12"        |
| 101               | Parameter settings for a high-efficiency IPM motor MM-EF (frequency)                                  | Invalid                        |
| 112               | Parameter settings for a premium high-efficiency IPM motors MM-EFS and MM-THE4 (frequency)            | Invalid                        |

#### **REMARKS**

- · Make sure to set *Pr. 998* before setting other parameters. If the *Pr.998* setting is changed after setting other parameters, some of those parameters will be initialized too. (Refer to "(2) IPM parameter initialization list" for the parameters that are initialized.)
- · To change back to the parameter settings required to drive a general-purpose motor, perform parameter clear or all parameter clear.
- · If the setting of *Pr. 998 IPM parameter initialization* is changed from "1 or 12 (rotations per minute)" to "101 or 112 (frequency)," or from "101 or 102" to "1 or 12," all the target parameters are initialized.
  - The purpose of *Pr. 998* is not to change the display units. Use *Pr. 144 Speed setting switchover* to change the display units between rotations per minute and frequency. *Pr. 144* enables switching of display units between rotations per minute and frequency without initializing the parameter settings.

Example) Changing the Pr. 144 setting between "6" and "106" switches the display units between frequency and rotations per minute.

#### (2) IPM parameter initialization list

By selecting IPM motor control from the parameter setting mode or with *Pr. 998 IPM parameter initialization*, the parameter settings in the following table change to the settings required to drive an IPM motor. The changed settings differ according to the IPM motor specification (capacity). Refer to the IPM motor specification list shown later in this section.

Performing parameter clear or all parameter clear sets back the parameter settings to the settings required to drive a general-purpose motor.

|               |  |          | Setting                      |   |  |                 |                |  |
|---------------|--|----------|------------------------------|---|--|-----------------|----------------|--|
| Parameter     | Name   |          | General-<br>purpose<br>motor | IPM motor (rotations per minute)  | IPM motor<br>(frequency)                 |                 | ting<br>ments  |  |
|               |  | Pr. 998  | 0 (Initial<br>setting)       | 1 (MM-EF),<br>12 (MM-EFS,<br>MM-THE4)   | 101 (MM-EF),<br>112 (MM-EFS,<br>MM-THE4) | 1, 12           | 0, 101,<br>112 |  |
| 1             | Maximum frequency                                      | •        | 120/60Hz *3                  | Maximum motor rotations per minute  | Maximum motor frequency                  | 1r/min          | 0.01Hz         |  |
| 4             | Multi-speed setting (high                              | speed)   | 60Hz                         | Rated motor rotations per minute  | Rated motor frequency                    | 1r/min          | 0.01Hz         |  |
| 9             | Electronic thermal O/L rel                             | ay       | Rated inverter<br>current    | Rated mo  | tor current                              | 0.01A/          | 0.1A *3        |  |
| 13            | Starting frequency                                     |          | 0.5Hz                        | Minimum rotations per minute  | Minimum frequency                        | 1r/min          | 0.01Hz         |  |
| 15            | Jog frequency  |          | 5Hz                          | Minimum rotations per minute  | Minimum frequency                        | 1r/min          | 0.01Hz         |  |
| 18            | High speed maximum free                                | quency   | 120/60Hz *3                  | Maximum motor rotations per minute  | Maximum motor frequency                  | 1r/min          | 0.01Hz         |  |
| 20            | Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency          |          | 60Hz                         | Rated motor rotations per minute  | Rated motor frequency                    | 1r/min          | 0.01Hz         |  |
| 22            | Stall prevention operation                             | level    | 120%                         | Short-time r  | notor torque                             | 0.              | 1%             |  |
| 37            | Speed display  |          | 0                            |   | )  |                 | 1              |  |
| 55            | Frequency monitoring refe                              | erence   | 60Hz                         | Rated motor rotations per minute  | Rated motor frequency                    | 1r/min          | 0.01Hz         |  |
| 56            | Current monitoring referen                             | nce      | Rated inverter<br>current    | Rated motor current   |  | 0.01A/0.1A *3   |                |  |
| 71            | Applied motor  |          | 0                            | 120 (when <i>Pr.998</i> = "1 or 101")<br>210 (when <i>Pr.998</i> = "12 or 112") |  |                 | 1              |  |
| 80            | Motor capacity   |          | 9999                         | Inverter o  | apacity *2                               | 0.01kW/0.1kW *3 |                |  |
| 125 (903)     | Terminal 2 frequency setti frequency                   | ing gain | 60Hz                         | Rated motor rotations per minute  | Rated motor frequency                    | 1r/min          | 0.01Hz         |  |
| 126 (905)     | Terminal 4 frequency setti frequency                   | ing gain | 60Hz                         | Rated motor rotations per minute  | Rated motor frequency                    | 1r/min          | 0.01Hz         |  |
| 144           | Speed setting switchover                               |          | 4                            | Number of motor poles + 100   | Number of motor poles                    | 1               |                |  |
| 240           | Soft-PWM operation select                              | ction    | 1                            |   | 0  |                 | 1              |  |
| 260           | PWM frequency automati<br>switchover                   | С        | 1                            |   | 1  |                 | 1              |  |
| 263           | Subtraction starting freque                            | •        | 60Hz                         | Rated motor rotations per minute  | Rated motor frequency                    | 1r/min          | 0.01Hz         |  |
| 266           | Power failure deceleration<br>switchover frequency     | n time   | 60Hz                         | Rated motor rotations per minute  | Rated motor frequency                    | 1r/min          | 0.01Hz         |  |
| 374           | Overspeed detection leve                               |          | 9999                         | Maximum motor rotations per minute × 105%                                       | Maximum motor frequency × 105%           | 1r/min          | 0.01Hz         |  |
| <b>390</b> *1 | % setting reference frequency                          | ency     | 60Hz                         | Rated motor frequency   |  | 0.0             | 1Hz            |  |
| 505           | Speed setting reference                                |          | 60Hz                         | Rated motor frequency   |  | 0.0             | 1Hz            |  |
| 557           | Current average value mo<br>signal output reference cu |          | Rated inverter current       | Rated motor current   |  | 0.01A/          | 0.1A *3        |  |
| 870           | Speed detection hysteres                               | is       | 0Hz                          | Speed detection hysteresis rotations per minute                                 | Speed detection hysteresis frequency     | 1r/min          | 0.01Hz         |  |
| 885           | Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency value    | limit    | 6Hz                          | Minimum rotations per minute  | Minimum frequency                        | 1r/min          | 0.01Hz         |  |
| 893           | Energy saving monitor ref (motor capacity)             | ference  | Rated inverter capacity      | Motor capa  | icity (Pr. 80)                           | 0.01kW/         | 0.1kW *3       |  |

<sup>\*1</sup> This parameter can be set when FR-A7NL is mounted.

<sup>\*2</sup> When Pr. 80 Motor capacity ≠ "9999," the Pr. 80 Motor capacity setting is not changed by IPM parameter initialization, which is performed by setting Pr. 998 IPM parameter initialization or the parameter setting mode on the operation panel.

<sup>\*3</sup> Initial values differ according to the inverter capacity. (55K or lower/75K or higher)

#### **REMARKS**

If IPM parameter initialization is performed in rotations per minute (Pr.998 = "1" or "12"), the parameters not listed in the IPM parameter initialization list and the monitored items are also set and displayed in rotations per minute.

#### [IPM motor specification list]

|   | MM-EF<br>(30kW or lower) | MM-EF<br>(37kW to 75kW) | MM-EF<br>(90kW or higher) | MM-EFS<br>(15kW or lower) | MM-EFS<br>(18.5kW to 55kW) | MM-THE4<br>(75kW, 90kW) |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Rated motor frequency (rotations per minute)                | 90Hz(1800r/min)          | 120Hz(1800r/min)        | 120Hz(1800r/min)          | 75Hz(1500r/min)           | 100Hz(1500r/min)           | 75Hz(1500r/min)         |
| Maximum motor frequency (rotations per minute)              | 135Hz(2700r/min)         | 180Hz(2700r/min)        | 160Hz(2400r/min)          | 112.5Hz(2250r/min)        | 150Hz(2250r/min)           | 90Hz(1800r/min)         |
| Number of motor poles                                       | 6                        | 8                       | 8                         | 6                         | 8                          | 6                       |
| Short-time motor torque                                     | 120%                     | 120%                    | 120%                      | 120%                      | 120%                       | 120%                    |
| Minimum frequency (rotations per minute)                    | 9Hz(180r/min)            | 12Hz(180r/min)          | 12Hz(180r/min)            | 7.5Hz(150r/min)           | 10Hz(150r/min)             | 7.5Hz(150r/min)         |
| Speed detection hysteresis frequency (rotations per minute) | 0.5Hz(10r/min)           | 0.5Hz(8r/min)           | 0.5Hz(8r/min)             | 0.5Hz(10r/min)            | 0.5Hz(8r/min)              | 0.5Hz(10r/min)          |

### 1.4 Applied motor (Pr. 71)

Setting of the used motor selects the thermal characteristic appropriate for the motor. Setting is necessary when using a constant-torque motor or IPM motor. Thermal characteristic of the electronic thermal relay function suitable for the motor is set.

| Parameter<br>Number | Name          | Initial<br>Value | Setting Range                        | Description  |
|---------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 71                  | Applied motor | 0*               | 0, 1, 2, 20, 120,<br>210, 2010, 2110 | Selecting the standard motor, constant-torque motor, or IPM motor sets the corresponding motor thermal characteristic. |

The above parameters can be set when Pr. 160 User group read selection = "0". (Refer to the Instruction Manual)

Refer to the following list and set this parameter according to the motor used.

| Pr. 71               | Motor  | Electronic thermal relay function operation characteristic |                     |     |  |
|----------------------|--|--|---------------------|-----|--|
| Setting              | INOLOI   | Standard   | Constant-<br>torque | IPM |  |
| 0<br>(initial value) | Standard motor (such as SF-JR)   | 0  |                     |     |  |
| 1                    | Mitsubishi constant-torque motor (such as SF-JRCA)                                       |  | 0                   |     |  |
| 2                    | Standard motor (such as SF-JR) Adjustable 5 points V/F (Refer to the Instruction Manual) | 0  |                     |     |  |
| 20                   | Mitsubishi standard motor SF-JR 4P (1.5kW or less)                                       |  | 0                   |     |  |
| 120*                 | High-efficiency IPM motor (MM-EFS) (Refer to page 3)                                     |  |                     | 0   |  |
| 210*                 | Premium high-efficiency IPM motors MM-EFS and MM-THE4 (Refer to page 3)                  |  |                     | 0   |  |
| 2010, 2110           | For manufacturer setting. (Do not set.)  |  |                     |     |  |

<sup>\*</sup> The setting automatically changes to "120 or 210" when IPM parameter initialization is performed. (Refer to page 3)

#### REMARKS

· For the 5.5K and 7.5K, the *Pr. 0 Torque boost* and *Pr. 12 DC injection brake operation voltage* settings are automatically changed according to the *Pr. 71* setting as follows.

| Pr. 71 | Standard Motor Setting<br>0, 2, 20, 120, 210 | Constant-torque Motor Setting<br>1 |
|--------|--|------------------------------------|
| Pr. 0  | 3%   | 2%                                 |
| Pr. 12 | 4%   | 2%                                 |

· When Pr. 71 = "210", Pr. 80 Motor capacity can be set only in the range of 0.75K to 75K (200V)/0.75K to 90K (400V).



Make sure to set this parameter correctly according to the motor used. Incorrect setting may cause the motor to overheat and burn out.

<sup>\*</sup> Performing IPM parameter initialization changes the settings. (Refer to page 3)

# 1.5 Specification of the premium high-efficiency IPM motor [MM-THE4 (1500r/min) series]

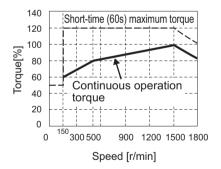
## Motor specification

|   | Motor type                               | MM-THE4   |   |                     |  |
|---|--|---|---|---------------------|--|
| Δn  | plicable inverter                        | FR-F720P-□K   | FR-F74  | I0P-□K              |  |
| Ap  | plicable lilverter                       | 75  | 75  | 90                  |  |
| Continuous                                  | Rated output (kW)                        | 75  | 75  | 90                  |  |
| characteristic *1                           | Rated torque (N·m)                       | 477   | 477   | 573                 |  |
| Rat   | ed speed (r/min)                         |   | 1500  |                     |  |
|   | num speed (r/min)                        |   | 1800  |                     |  |
|   | umber of poles                           |   | 6   |                     |  |
| M   | aximum torque                            | 120% 60s  |   |                     |  |
| Frame number                                |  | 250MA   | 250MA   | 250MD               |  |
| Moment of inertia (×10 <sup>-4</sup> kg⋅m²) |  | 6000  | 6000  | 10000               |  |
| Rated current (A)                           |  | 270   | 135   | 170                 |  |
|   | Structure                                | _   | fan-cooled motor. With mo (protective structure IP44) | ŭ .                 |  |
| In  | sulation class                           | F class   |   |                     |  |
| V   | ibration class                           |   | V-25  |                     |  |
|   | Surrounding air temperature and humidity | -10°C to +40°C (nor   | n-freezing) · 90%RH or les                            | ss (non-condensing) |  |
| Storage temperature and humidity            |  | -20°C to +70°C (non-freezing) · 90%RH or less (non-condensing)  |   |                     |  |
| Livii Jiiiileiit                            | Atmosphere                               | Indoors (not under direct sunlight), and free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt. |   |                     |  |
|   | Altitude                                 | Max   | imum 1,000m above sea                                 | level               |  |
|   | Vibration                                | 4.9m/s <sup>2</sup>   |   |                     |  |
|   | Mass (kg)                                | 470   | 470   | 610                 |  |

<sup>\*1</sup> Output and rated motor speed are not guaranteed when the power supply voltage drops.

## Motor torque characteristic

The following figure shows the torque characteristic of a premium high-efficiency IPM motor [MM-THE4 (1500r/min) series] when used with an inverter.



#### **REMARKS**

· The motor can also be used for applications where the rated speed is 1800r/min.

#### CAUTION

- The torque characteristic is when the armature winding temperature is 20°C, and the input voltage to the inverter is 200V AC or 400V AC.
- · Constant-speed operation cannot be performed for the speed of 150r/min or less

### **2** Frequency jump (6-point jump) (Pr.552)

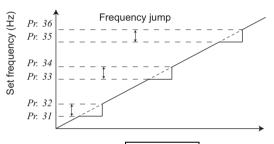
When it is desired to avoid resonance attributable to the natural frequency of a mechanical system, these parameters allow resonant frequencies to be jumped.

| Pr. | Name                 | Initial value | Setting range    | Description   |
|-----|----------------------|---------------|------------------|---|
| 31  | Frequency jump 1A    | 9999          | 0 to 400Hz, 9999 |   |
| 32  | Frequency jump 1B    | 9999          | 0 to 400Hz, 9999 | 444 45 044 05 044 05 6  |
| 33  | Frequency jump 2A    | 9999          | 0 to 400Hz, 9999 | 1A to 1B, 2A to 2B, 3A to 3B are frequency jumps (3-point jump)         |
| 34  | Frequency jump 2B    | 9999          | 0 to 400Hz, 9999 | 9999: Function invalid  |
| 35  | Frequency jump 3A    | 9999          | 0 to 400Hz, 9999 | and an an and an                    |
| 36  | Frequency jump 3B    | 9999          | 0 to 400Hz, 9999 |   |
| 552 | Frequency jump range | 9999          | 0 to 30Hz, 9999  | Jump range for the frequency jump (6-point jump).<br>9999: 3-point jump |

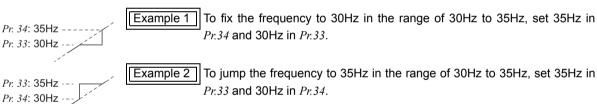
The above parameters can be set when Pr.160 User group read selection = "0".

( Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied) )

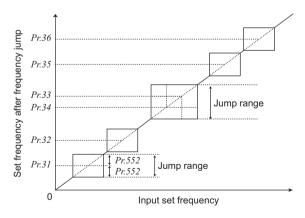
#### (1) Frequency jump (3-point jump) (Pr.31 to Pr.36)



- Up to three areas may be set, with the jump frequencies set to either the top or bottom point of each area.
- The value set to 1A, 2A or 3A is a jump point, and operation in the jump zone is performed at these frequencies.



### (2) Frequency jump (6-point jump) (Pr.552)



- The total of six jump areas can be set by setting the common jump range for the frequencies set in *Pr.31* to *Pr.36*.
- When frequency jump ranges overlap, the lower limit of the lower jump range and the upper limit of the upper jump range are used.
- When a frequency is set to a point within a jump range, the set frequency is lowered or increased to the jump range limits, according to the following frequency input condition.

| Frequency input condition | frequency jump   |
|---------------------------|--|
|                           | The setting frequency is decreased to the lower limit of the jump range. |
| When decelerating         | The setting frequency is increased to the upper limit of the jump range. |

#### **REMARKS**

- During acceleration/deceleration, the running frequency within the set area is valid.
- If the setting ranges of individual groups (1A and 1B, 2A and 2B, 3A and 3B) overlap, Er1 (write disable error) will occur.
- Setting Pr.552 = "0" disables frequency jumps.

#### 3 SERIAL number

Check the SERIAL number indicated on the inverter rating plate or package.

SERIAL number check

Refer to the inverter manual for the location of the rating plate.

#### Rating plate example

The SERIAL consists of one symbol, two characters indicating production year and month, and six characters indicating control number. The last digit of the production year is indicated as the Year, and the Month is indicated by 1 to 9, X (October), Y (November), or Z (December).

# **Instruction Manual Supplement**

The FR-F740P-110K to 160K manufactured in April 2013 or later are compatible with the premium high-efficiency IPM motor (MM-THE4 series).

Check the serial number printed on the rating plate or on package of the inverter. (For how to find the SERIAL number, refer to page 2.)

Change the following parameter settings to use a premium high-efficiency IPM motor (MM-THE4 1500r/min specification).

For the setting procedure, refer to the Instruction Manual Supplement (BCN-C22005-639).

#### [IPM motor specification list]

|   | MM-EF<br>(30kW or lower) | MM-EF<br>(37kW to 75kW) | MM-EF<br>(90kW or higher) | MM-EFS<br>(15kW or lower) | MM-EFS<br>(18.5kW to 55kW) | MM-THE4<br>(75kW to 160kW) |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Rated motor frequency (rotations per minute)                | 90Hz(1800r/min)          | 120Hz(1800r/min)        | 120Hz(1800r/min)          | 75Hz(1500r/min)           | 100Hz(1500r/min)           | 75Hz(1500r/min)            |
| Maximum motor frequency (rotations per minute)              | 135Hz(2700r/min)         | 180Hz(2700r/min)        | 160Hz(2400r/min)          | 112.5Hz(2250r/min)        | 150Hz(2250r/min)           | 90Hz(1800r/min)            |
| Number of motor poles                                       | 6                        | 8                       | 8                         | 6                         | 8                          | 6                          |
| Short-time motor torque                                     | 120%                     | 120%                    | 120%                      | 120%                      | 120%                       | 120%                       |
| Minimum frequency (rotations per minute)                    | 9Hz(180r/min)            | 12Hz(180r/min)          | 12Hz(180r/min)            | 7.5Hz(150r/min)           | 10Hz(150r/min)             | 7.5Hz(150r/min)            |
| Speed detection hysteresis frequency (rotations per minute) | 0.5Hz(10r/min)           | 0.5Hz(8r/min)           | 0.5Hz(8r/min)             | 0.5Hz(10r/min)            | 0.5Hz(8r/min)              | 0.5Hz(10r/min)             |

For the details of the parameter settings, refer to the Instruction Manual.

## Motor specification

|   | Motor type  |   | MM-THE4  |                     |  |
|---|---|---|--|---------------------|--|
| Δn  | nlicable inverter                                 |   | FR-F740P-□K  |                     |  |
| 70  | Applicable inverter  Continuous Rated output (kW) |   | 132  | 160                 |  |
| Continuous                                  | Rated output (kW)                                 | 110   | 132  | 160                 |  |
| characteristic *                            | Rated torque (N·m)                                | 700   | 840  | 1018                |  |
| Rat   | ed speed (r/min)                                  |   | 1500   |                     |  |
| Maxir                                       | num speed (r/min)                                 |   | 1800   |                     |  |
| Ni  | umber of poles                                    |   | 6  |                     |  |
|   | aximum torque                                     | 120% 60s  |  |                     |  |
| F   | rame number                                       | 280MD   |  |                     |  |
| Moment of inertia (×10 <sup>-4</sup> kg⋅m²) |   | 17500   | 20500  | 23250               |  |
| Rated current (A)                           |   | 195   | 230  | 280                 |  |
|   | Structure   | Totally-enclosed fan-cooled motor. With molded frame legs.  (protective structure IP44)                   |  |                     |  |
| In  | sulation class                                    | F class   |  |                     |  |
| V   | ibration class                                    |   | V-25   |                     |  |
|   | Surrounding air temperature and humidity          | -10°C to +40°C (nor   | n-freezing) · 90%RH or les                                     | ss (non-condensing) |  |
| Environment                                 | Storage temperature and humidity                  |   | -20°C to +70°C (non-freezing) · 90%RH or less (non-condensing) |                     |  |
| Livilonniont                                | Atmosphere  | Indoors (not under direct sunlight), and free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt. |  |                     |  |
|   | Altitude  | Max   | imum 1,000m above sea  | level               |  |
|   | Vibration   | 4.9m/s <sup>2</sup>   |  |                     |  |
|   | Mass (kg)   | 780   | 810  | 860                 |  |

<sup>\*</sup> Output and rated motor speed are not guaranteed when the power supply voltage drops.

#### • SERIAL number check

Check the SERIAL number indicated on the inverter rating plate or package.

Refer to the inverter manual for the location of the rating plate.

#### Rating plate example

|        | 3    | 4      | 000000         |
|--------|------|--------|----------------|
| Symbol | Year | Month  | Control number |
|        |      | SERIAL |                |

The SERIAL consists of one symbol, two characters indicating production year and month, and six characters indicating control number. The last digit of the production year is indicated as the Year, and the Month is indicated by 1 to 9, X (October), Y (November), or Z (December).



| MODEL         | FR-F700P<br>INSTRUCTION MANUAL (BASIC) |
|---------------|--|
| MODEL<br>CODE | 1A2-P39                                |